

# ANNUAL REPORT 2023

Vedan International (Holdings) Limited 味丹國際(控股)有限公司 Stock code 股份代號: 2317



# CONTENT

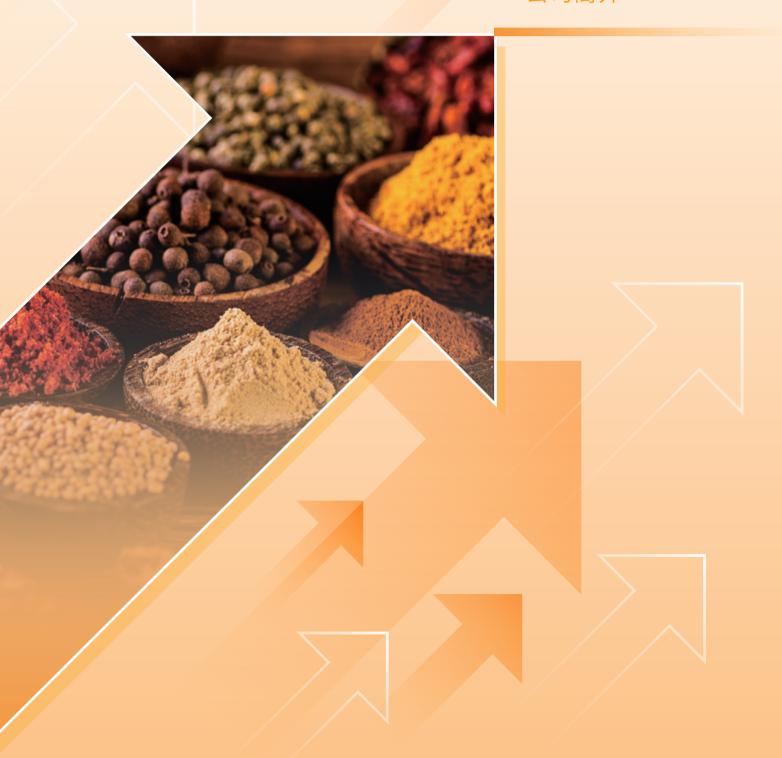
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# CORPORATE PROFILE 公司簡介







Vedan International (Holdings) Limited has been listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong since 2003.

The Group is the leading producer of fermentation-based amino acids, food additive products and cassava starch-based industrial products in Asia. Our products are sold to food distributors, international trading companies, and manufacturers of food, paper, textile, and chemical products in Vietnam and other ASEAN countries, the PRC, Japan, Taiwan and several European countries. Most of our products are marketed under the VEDAN brand name.

味丹國際(控股)有限公司於二零零三年在香港聯交所主板上市。本集團是亞洲區域內以醱酵技術生產氨基酸產品、食品添加劑及 澱粉工業產品的領先生產製造商。味丹國際的產品銷售予越南、 其他東盟國家、中國、日本、台灣以及一些歐洲國家的食品分銷商、 國際貿易公司,以及食品、紙類加工、紡織和化學產品生產商, 本集團大部份產品均以「味丹」品牌銷售。



Since the 1970s, our products have been marketed in Vietnam, the PRC, and other ASEAN countries. To accelerate market expansion, the Group established Vietnam Vedan in 1991 as our major production base. Since then, the Group's production has been undergoing continuous expansion due to strong growing demand. The Group is currently the largest MSG producer in the Southeast Asian region, and the largest supplier of lysine and cassava starch-based industrial products in Vietnam. In 1995, Vedan acquired a factory in Xiamen to focus on developing the PRC market. In 2004, the Group further acquired the assets and MSG business of Shanghai Vedan Foods Company Limited, which will be developed into its business operations center in the PRC, signifying its determination and commitment to become a major player in the PRC market. To ensure the Group has a stable supply of starch and a strong production platform for starch related products, Vedan Vietnam acquired Ve-Thai Tapioca-Starch Co. Ltd. in November 2005.

Leveraging on our production facilities located in Vietnam and the PRC, steady upstream supply of raw materials, our possessing of advanced fermentation production technology and other biochemical processing technology, coupled with the experienced management team, the Group boasts strong competitiveness over its peers.

憑藉我們位於越南和中國的生產設施、上游原 材料的穩定供給,所擁有高級醱酵工藝技術以 及其他高級生化加工技術,加上管理層團隊所 擁有的豐富經驗和知識,本集團對所從事的行 業享有優勢競爭力。

# **Corporate Information**

# 公司資料

#### BOARD OF DIRECTORS 董事會

#### Executive Directors 執行董事

YANG, Tou-Hsiung *(Chairman)* 楊頭雄 *(主席)* YANG, Cheng 楊正 YANG, Kun-Hsiang 楊坤祥 *(Chief Executive Officer) (行政總裁)* YANG, Chen-Wen 楊辰文 YANG, Kun-Chou 楊坤洲

#### Non-executive Directors 非執行董事

#### Independent Non-executive Directors 獨立非執行董事

CHAO, Pei-Hong 超培宏 KO, Jim-Chen 柯俊禎 CHEN, Joen-Ray 陳忠瑞 HUANG, Chung-Fong 黃鐘鋒

#### AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES 法定代表

YANG, Tou-Hsiung 楊頭雄 YANG, Kun-Hsiang 楊坤祥

#### COMPANY SECRETARY 公司秘書

WONG, Wai Yee, Ella 黄慧兒

#### AUDITOR 核數師

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Certified Public Accountants
Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor
22nd Floor, Prince's Building, Central, Hong Kong
羅兵咸永道會計師事務所
執業會計師
註冊公眾利益實體核數師
香港中環太子大廈22樓

#### LEGAL ADVISORS 法律顧問

Deacons
5th Floor, Alexandra House, 18 Chater Road,
Central, Hong Kong
的近律師行
香港中環遮打道18號歷山大廈5樓

#### REGISTERED OFFICE 註冊辦事處

Third Floor, Century Yard, Cricket Square, P.O. Box 902, Grand Cayman, KY1-1103, Cayman Islands

#### CAYMAN ISLANDS SHARE REGISTRAR 開曼群島股份過戶登記處

Tricor Services (Cayman Islands) Limited Third Floor, Century Yard, Cricket Square, P.O. Box 902, Grand Cayman, KY1-1103, Cayman Islands

#### BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR 股份過戶登記分處

Tricor Tengis Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong 卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港夏慤道16號遠東金融中心17樓

#### INTERNET ADDRESS 互聯網網址

Website 網址:www.vedaninternational.com Email address 電郵地址:vdi@vedaninternational.com

#### STOCK CODE 股份代號

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited 香港聯合交易所:02317 Bloomberg 彭博:2317 HK Reuters 路透:2317.HK

#### PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS 主要營業地點

#### Vietnam Office 越南辦事處

National Road 51, Hamlet 1A, Phuoc Thai, Long Thanh District, Dong Nai Province, Vietnam Tel: (84) 251-3825 111 Fax: (84) 251-3543 160 越南同奈全隆城縣福泰社51國道旁第1A邑

電話:(84) 251-3825 111 傳真:(84) 251-3543 160

#### Shanghai, China Office 中國上海辦事處

No. 518 Lianying Road, Chedun Town, Songjiang District, Shanghai, PRC Tel: (86) 21-5760 2525 Fax: (86) 21-5760 2030

中國上海市松江區車墩鎮聯營路518號

電話:(86) 21-5760 2525 傳真:(86) 21-5760 2030

#### Xiamen, China Office 中國廈門辦事處

568, North Tong Ji Road, Tong-An District, Xiamen City, Fujian Province, PRC Tel: (86) 592-712 8111 Fax: (86) 592-702 9274 中國福建省廈門市同安區同集北路568號 電話:(86) 592-712 8111 傳真:(86) 592-702 9274

#### Taiwan Office 台灣辦事處

18 Jinhua Street, Shalu, Taichung, Taiwan, ROC Tel: (886) 4-2665-2178 Fax: (886) 4-2665-6463 台灣台中市沙鹿區錦華街18號 電話:(886) 4-2665-2178 傳真:(886) 4-2665-6463

#### Cambodia Office 柬埔寨辦事處

KY iCenter, level 22, Room 2206, No.41, Street 360, Sangkat Toul Svay Prey 1, Khan Boeung Keng Kang, Phnom Penh, Cambodia Tel: (855) 23 885 688 柬埔寨金邊萬景康區 托爾斯威1號社區360街41號22樓2206室 電話:(855) 23 885 688

#### Hong Kong Office 香港辦事處

5/F, Manulife Place, 348 Kwun Tong Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2980-1888 Fax: (852) 2861-0285

香港九龍觀塘道348號宏利廣場5樓

電話:(852) 2980-1888 傳真:(852) 2861-0285



截至十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December

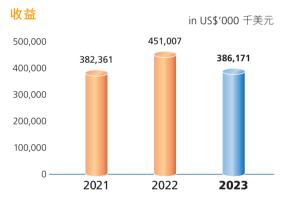
		2023 US\$'000	2022 US\$'000	Difference
		千美元	千美元	差異
Revenue	收益	386,171	451,007	-14.4%
Gross profit	毛利	55,430	43,349	27.9%
Profit/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)	7,001	(4,384)	N/A
Profit/(loss) attributable to owners	擁有人應佔溢利/(虧損)	6,986	(4,386)	N/A
Basic earnings/(loss) per share	每股基本盈利/(虧損)	0.46 US cents 美仙	(0.29) US cents 美仙	
Diluted earnings/(loss) per share	每股攤薄盈利/(虧損)	0.46 US cents 美仙	(0.29) US cents 美仙	
Final dividend proposed per share	擬派每股末期股息	0.2298 US cents 美仙	-	
Total dividends paid and	已付及擬派			
proposed per share	每股股息總額	0.4588 US cents 美仙	-	

#### PROFIT/(LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS

# 擁有人應佔溢利/(虧損) in US\$'000 千美元 15,000 11,014 10,000 6,986 5,000 2022 0 -2023 2021

(4,386)

#### **REVENUE**



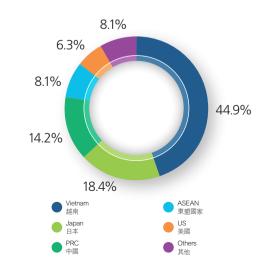
#### **REVENUE BY PRODUCTS** 按產品分類之收益

12 months ended 31 Dec 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止十二個月



#### **REVENUE BY GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION** 按地區分類之收益

12 months ended 31 Dec 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止十二個月







Yang, Tou-Hsiung 楊頭雄 Chairman 主席

Armed with modern technology and sound management, we have successfully created a number of quality products to cater to the consumers' tastes and demands. 憑著現代科技設備與管理,我們開創多種優質產品,以迎合消費者的口味和要求。

# 主席報告書

Looking at the global economy in 2023, at the impact of international geopolitics and inflation, it was sluggish with demand on the weak side. Economic growth of major economies, including the US, the EU, the PRC and Asia overall, was affected and the Group's revenue also felt the blow. At the same time, although the rise in price of various raw materials had eased, prices were still at a high level. Thus, the Group's profit though recovered slightly, was restrained. In addition, the interest rate hike in the US has affected financial markets worldwide as well as the interest rates and exchange rates of various countries, hitting the already fragile economic recovery and consumption sentiment turned conservative. Vietnam is the Group's largest market and her economy relies mainly on exports. As markets worldwide weakened, the country's export sales was harmed and consumption weakened, resulting in a slowdown of overall economic growth. Vietnam's GDP grew only 5.05% last year, lower than the 6.5% originally forecasted for the year.

貨膨脹之影響,環球經濟仍低迷、需求偏弱。美國、歐盟、中國、亞洲各國等全球主要經濟體的經濟增長都受到影響,此等衝擊亦波及本集團營收。同時,各項原材料價格漲勢雖已較緩和仍處高位,故本集團利潤雖稍有恢復,但仍受限。另外,美元加息也影響全球金融市場與區等之科率與匯率,衝擊原本仍脆弱保守。各國貨幣之利率與匯率,衝擊原本仍脆弱保守。本集團最大的市場越南經濟原本即相當倚響,經濟人幅下滑、外銷受阻,當地經濟將連帶受外衝擊,消費轉趨疲弱,整體增長表現趨緩。去年全年,越南的GDP增長率僅為5.05%,低於原預期的6.5%之年度增長率。

綜觀2023年全球經濟形勢,受到地緣政治與通

The Group's revenue from operation for the year reached approximately US\$386 million, down by approximately US\$64.84 million, or 14.4%, against the previous year. Due to the economic downturn and decline in market demand, the revenue of several major products of the Group, including MSG, starch sugar, hydrochloric acid, soda, and fertilizer and feed, all dropped. Gross profit for the year was approximately US\$55.43 million, with a gross profit margin of 14.4%, representing an increase gross profit margin of 4.8% over the previous year. The gross profit improvement was mainly from the lower costs of the Group with raw materials prices dropping because of the sluggish global economy and shrink in product demands. In addition, interest rates of borrowings rose markedly this year, so financing cost increased. With the increase in gross profit, net profit for the year was approximately US\$7 million, a significant improvement from net loss of US\$4.38 million in the previous year, and net profit margin was 1.8%.

本集團年內營業額約為3億8仟6佰萬美元,較前期下滑約6,484萬美元,下降約14.4%。因各市場景氣與需求下滑,本集團幾項主要產品,包含味精、澱粉糖、鹽酸、蘇打、肥飼料等營收表現均下滑。年內毛利額約5,543萬美元,毛利物恢復主要由於全球經濟景氣不振、各種產品需求下跌使原材料價格趨緩,成本因此下降。此外,本集團今年借款利率大幅上揚,融約700萬美元,較前期438萬美元之淨虧損有較大幅之提升,淨利率為1.8%。

# 主席報告書



Sales of the Group's products in major markets mostly declined due to the lack-luster economic situation. In the Vietnamese market, due to lower market demand and keen competition, it was hard to raise the prices of MSG, starch, soda and fertilizers, as a result, revenue from the market decreased by around 11%. The Group's operations in the PRC were still under the weather due to the weak economy affecting sales of different products, as a result, revenue from the PRC market saw a 12.3% drop year-on-year. In Japan, apart from her prevailingly weak economy, there was severe market competition that stifled demand for MSG and modified starch, hence revenue from the market fell by approximately 14.5% compared with the previous year. In the ASEAN market, the sales of major products, namely MSG and modified starch, decreased due to cut-throat price competition, resulting in a 13.4% year-on-year decline in revenue from the market. In addition, in the U.S., the drastic rise in interest rate to curb inflation has dealt a blow to economic recovery, leaving consumption sentiment and demand hanging in the balance and the sales of starch sugar products felt the bigger impact. As a result, revenue from the market slid by approximately 32.5%. As for subsequent sales momentum in the market, it remains to be seen.

受市場低迷影響,本集團在各主要市場所經營 之各項產品之營收大多有所下滑。在越南市 場,味精、澱粉、蘇打與肥料等產品年內市場需 求降低,加上售價因市場競爭影響難以提升, 營收減少約11%。至於本集團在中國區的營 運,因當地整體經濟疲弱、景氣仍未恢復,各項 產品之銷售受到影響,以致中國整體營收較前 期有約12.3%的下滑。另外,日本市場景氣持續 低迷,加上嚴峻的市場競爭,使當地的味精與 變性澱粉需求降低,本集團於區內的營收因此 較前期下滑約14.5%。東盟市場則受到競品低 價競爭影響,主要銷售產品味精與變性澱粉銷 量減少,使年內本集團於此區域之業績較前期 下滑13.4%。除此之外,美國市場大幅加息以 壓制通脹,卻亦衝擊經濟復甦,景氣與需求仍 充滿變數,其中澱粉糖產品銷售受影響較大, 使本集團於區內的業績下降約32.5%,整體市 場後續之銷售表現仍需再觀察。

# 主席報告書

By product category, it was hard for the Group to raise prices of its main MSG and seasonings products due to the weak economy in Vietnam, Japan, the PRC and major export markets, and declining demand and competition, which resulted in a 16.7% decrease in revenue against the previous year. As for modified starch, which is another major starch product of the Group, with the Company continuing to promote new product specifications and high valueadded products, sales of modified starch grew steadily in such markets as the United States, Europe and Vietnam. However, starch sugar product of the Company recorded a relatively sharp decline in revenue due to decreasing demand and major customers digesting their inventories. All factors taken into account, revenue of starch products and starch sugar products for the year decreased by approximately 10.8% compared with the previous year. However, seeing great market potential in and the development prospect of the product category, the Group has kept developing relevant products as well as their extensions, with the aim of developing diversified products and new products with higher added value. As for hydrochloric acid and soda products in the specialty chemicals category, they saw a decline in market demand in Vietnam and competition sparked by their international prices dropping during the year, and that affected the overall revenue from specialty chemicals, dragging it down by a significant 25.3%. Sales of fertilizer and feed products of the Group were affected by the continuing decline in international prices of chemical fertilizers and urea, and the market tended to think the drop would continue hence it should wait-and-see. As for feed business, sales declined due to spread of diseases in farms, high breeding costs and weak demand in some markets. Overall sales of fertilizer and feed products fell by about 3.9% compared with the previous year. For trade products, with consumer goods industry in Vietnam growing rapidly, the Group is cooperating with a number of internationally renowned brands in product distribution so as to increase the number of product items it operates. In addition, trade products distributed by the Group in the PRC, including bulk food ingredients and coffee beans, with demand varying from region to region and sales correspondingly, overall revenue only decreased slightly by approximately 5.7% against the previous year.

以產品類別分析,因越南、日本、中國與各主 要外銷市場的景氣轉弱、本集團主要的味精 與調味料產品需求下滑,加競爭因素,本集團 在各市場難以提升售價,營收較前期降低約 16.7%。因本集團持續致力推展新規格與高附 加價值產品,使本集團另一項重要產品變性澱 粉在美國、歐洲與越南等市場都有穩定的增 長,但澱粉糖卻因需求下降加之主要客戶仍在 消化庫存,業績錄得較大幅的下跌,年內澱粉 與澱粉糖之營業額較上期合計減少約10.8%。 本集團相當重視此類產品的市場潛力與發展, 將持續致力於此類產品與其延伸產品之開發, 以期發展更多元化產品、開創更高的產品附加 價值。另外,特化產品中的鹽酸與蘇打產品, 年內受越南市場需求減弱、國際價格下滑造成 競爭的影響,整體特化產品營業額相較前期錄 得較大幅減少25.3%。而肥飼料產品方面,受 到國際化肥及尿素價格一直下跌的影響,市場 普遍有看跌不看漲的心理,觀望氣氛濃厚,影 響銷售表現。飼料方面,因部份銷售區域發生 疫病、養殖成本偏高,同時市場需求偏弱,相關 銷售表現錄得下滑。肥飼料整體銷售額仍較前 期下跌約3.9%。此外,基於越南消費品產業增 長快速,本集團與多家國際知名品牌合作產品 相關代理,以增加營運品項,擴大營運規模。由 於各地區域需求不同,本集團於中國區的大宗 食材與咖啡豆等貿易代理商品銷售表現漲跌互 現,使營業額較前期僅微幅減少約5.7%。

# 主席報告書



Looking ahead at 2024, the economic and business environment will remain rather complex impacted by such factors as the ongoing Russia-Ukraine War and other geopolitical risks, high energy and raw material prices, unstable supply, global inflation, and volatile exchange and interest rates, affecting the Group's operating risks as well as opportunities during the year. Although the prices of raw materials, energy and freight came down a bit last year, which helped stabilize production costs and profit to some extent, the Group expects the supply of various international and local raw materials to be uncertain this year. It sees inflation risks prevailing, consumption demand still needing to catch up and keener market competition for various products. These factors will pose challenges to the Company's operations in the near term and the Company will keep a close watch on situations and respond accordingly. In view of this business environment, on top of more flexibly strengthening daily operations, the Group is accelerating development of new products and honing its technical capabilities. At the same time, it is hastening forging strategic alliances and has begun cooperating with several internationally renowned and excellent enterprises, embarking on production and sales related cooperation and joint ventures in the field of food and fertilizers, so as to speed up introducing new products and new businesses. In the future, the Group will continue to increase the pace and effort of building strategic alliances that it may benefit from the leverage its allies provide and realize higher efficiency, plus explore more diverse business areas.

能源與原材料價格仍處高位,且供應仍存在不 穩定性,而全球通貨膨脹、匯率與利率的波動 等因素,仍將對經濟與經營環境帶來相當之 複雜度,影響本集團今年的經營風險與契機。 雖然原材料、能源價格與運費在去年有稍趨緩 和,對穩定生產成本與盈利將有一定程度的助 益,但本集團預期今年各項國際與本地原料之 供應仍充滿變數,通脹風險持續存在,消費需 求尚未恢復、維持保守,而各項產品於市場上 之競爭強度卻有增無減,此等因素對短期的經 營構成挑戰,本集團將將密切觀察情況並及時 應對。有鑒於此經營環境,本集團除將更靈活 強化日常營運之外,亦會加快新產品開發與強 化技術實力。同時,本集團也將加快策略聯盟 的腳步,並已開始與數家國際知名優良企業合 作,在食品與肥料領域展開產銷合作與合資 的經營,以加快拓展新產品與新事業之步伐。 本集團在未來將持續加快、加深策略聯盟的力 道,發揮經營槓桿與效率,開拓更多元之經營 領域。

展望2024年,烏俄戰爭等地緣政治風險持續、

Although at the impact of various short-term factors in the economic environment, economic activities in Vietnam have slowed down slightly, the market has an outstanding business environment and the brace of such trade agreements as EVFTA, UKVFTA and RCEP signed with countries and regions including ASEAN member countries, the EU and the UK. Thus, after the short-term uncertainty is over, it can expect to see great development potential. Therefore, while remaining cautiously optimistic about its business, the Group will, on top of stabilizing the foundation of its operations and enhancing their flexibility and agility, also actively embark on new operations via forming strategic alliances with a focus on new products and new business areas. The Group believes its operations, resting on solid strategies, will continue to advance and develop on the right track. Well aware of the opportunities and also their responsibilities in the changing business environment, all members of the Group will strive to seize those opportunities, with a pioneering vision and a positive attitude, to achieve greater breakthroughs and development in its results and operations.

雖然越南短年內受到各經濟環境因素的影響, 整體經濟活動稍微放緩,但憑藉越南優越的總 體經營環境以及其與多國,包含東協、歐盟、 英國與、區域各國簽訂EVFTA、UKVFTA與RCEP 等貿易協定,預期在短期經濟波動趨穩定後, 仍將有龐大的發展潛力。本集團將繼續抱持審 慎樂觀的態度,除穩定既定營運基礎,提升經 營的彈性與機動性之外,將更進一步,針對新 產品與新事業,以策略聯盟的方式積極開創嶄 新之營運範疇。同時,本集團相信在穩固的策 略下,經營將持續朝向正面的方向發展。集團 的所有成員,亦深切體認處於多變的經營環境 中,本集團的契機與所肩負之責任,將會以開 創的眼光與積極的心態,把握機會,並務實謹 慎地來執行集團擬具之各項營運策略,以期對 讓本集團的業績與經營有取得更大的突破與發 展。

By Order of the Board

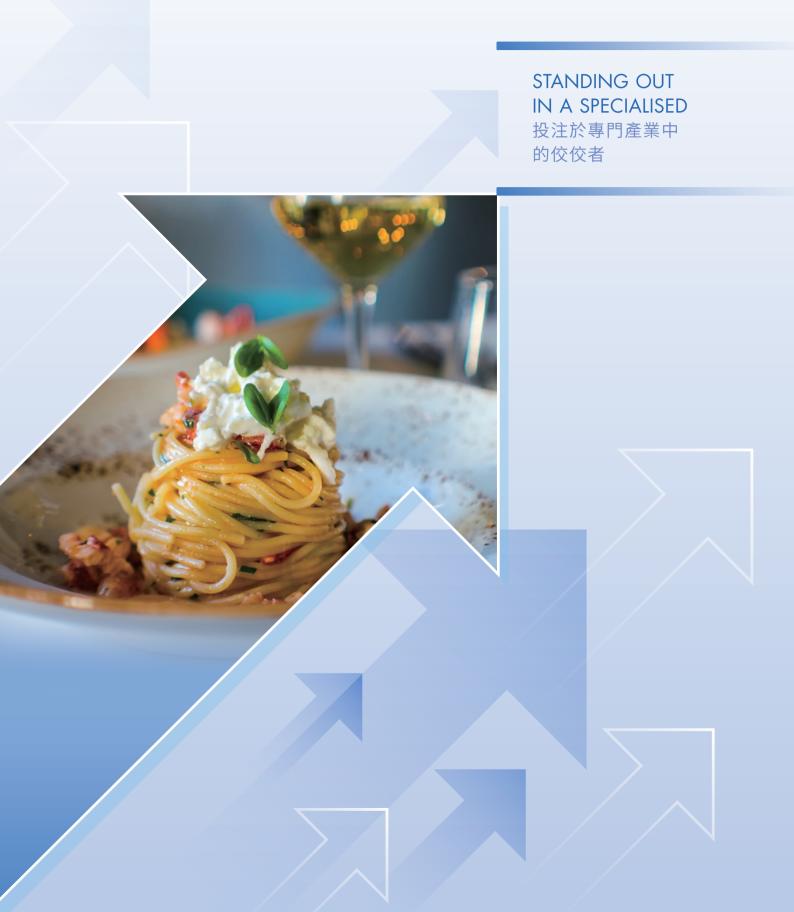
承董事會命

Yang Tou-Hsiung Chairman

19 March 2024

*主席* 楊頭雄

2024年3月19日





As a successful long-term player in a market with significant entry barriers, Vedan International has distinct competitive advantages that add real value to its products. With advanced expertise in large-scale fermentation technology, starch processing conversion technology and chemical and electro-chemical technology, Vedan International is developing new products which represent the latest breakthroughs in industrial science and look set to be major profit drivers in the future.

味丹國際所從事的產業入行屏障高,而集團能長期屹立其中,是因為本身獨特的競爭優勢能附加真正的價值於產品中。擁有大規模之醱酵、澱粉加工轉換、化學和電解化學等先進技術,味丹國際不斷發展突破產業科學的新產品,為未來盈利創造強勁的動力。



# 管理層討論及分析

#### I. BUSINESS OVERVIEW

The year 2023 was full of challenges. Global economic growth continued to slow due to the ongoing impact of international geopolitics, tightening of monetary policies and the weakening of global trade and investment. The major risks included the continuation of the Russia-Ukraine war, the instability in the political and economic situation in the Middle East, increased variability in related commodity markets, higher borrowing costs due to US dollar interest rate hikes, continued inflation, weaker than expected economic activity in China, the impact of geopolitics on global finance, trade, investment, food and energy mobility, and the impact of climate change.

Vietnam's annual economic growth rate fell from 8.02% in 2022 to 5.05% in 2023, lower than the Vietnamese government's target of 6.5% at the beginning of the year. Cumulative exports and imports for the 12 months of 2023 were lower than in 2022, falling by 4.4% and 9.2% respectively. The total import and export trade volume decreased by 6.77% compared with the same period in 2022, maintaining a surplus of US\$28 billion. The economic downturn in major export markets and the decline in external demand led to a slowdown in exports, making Vietnam less prosperous than in 2022. Rising energy and food costs in Vietnam pushed up consumer prices. The average annual growth rate of the consumer price index in 2023 was 3.25%, but was well below the target inflation rate of 4.5%.

With the easing of the pandemic-related factors in China in 2023, the industrial chain and supply chain gradually recovered. The actual economic growth target for 2023 was 5.0%, an increase of 2.0% over 2022. However, the recovery of services and consumption in China was relatively slow, with demand not returning to pre-pandemic levels and inflation relatively modest. The average annual growth rate of China's consumer price index in 2023 was 0.2%, indicating a limited increase in consumer market demand.

#### 一、業務總覽

2023年是深具挑戰的一年,受國際地緣政治、緊縮的貨幣政策、全球貿易和投資疲軟持續影響,全球經濟增長進一步放緩。主要的風險包括俄烏戰爭持續、中東政經局勢的不穩定、相關的大宗商品市場變化幅度增加、美元加息影響借貸成本上升、持續通脹、中國經濟活動弱於預期、地緣政治影響全球金融、貿易、投資、糧食和能源的流動性,以及氣候變遷的影響等。

2023年越南全年經濟增長率從2022年的8.02%下滑至5.05%,低於年初越南政府預期目標的6.5%。2023年12個月的累計出口和進口低於2022年,分別下降4.4%和9.2%,進出口貿易總額較2022年同期下降6.77%,維持順差280億美元。主要出口市場經濟降溫及外部需求下降,導致出口放緩,致使越南景氣未如2022年暢旺。越南內部能源及食品成本上漲,驅動消費者價格上升,2023年平均消費者物價指數年上升3.25%,唯遠低於4.5%的目標通脹。

中國2023年隨著疫情因素的緩和,產業 鏈及供應鏈得以逐漸恢復,2023年實際 經濟增長目標5.0%,增長相較2022年上 升2.0%;但中國的服務及消費復甦步調 相對緩慢,需求未回復疫情前水平,通脹 相對緩和,2023年中國平均消費者物價 指數年增率為0.2%,顯示消費市場需求 增加幅度有限。

# 管理層討論及分析



#### I. BUSINESS OVERVIEW (continued)

The Group's revenue reached approximately US\$386,171,000 in 2023, a decrease of 14.4%, or US\$64,836,000, over the same period last year. The main reason for the decline in revenue was the slowdown in market sentiment and demand, with the Group's main product, MSG, being affected and suffering a decline in revenue. However, benefiting from the slowdown in the prices of raw materials and energy, the Group took advantage of the opportunity of the falling prices of bulk raw materials this year and improved its gross profit margin over last year. The overall revenue of modified starch, natural starch and maltose declined due to conservative orders from major customers, weak European and American markets, declining industrial demand, and insufficient consumption motivation amid the US Federal Reserve's interest rate hike and exchange rate fluctuations. Specialty chemicals saw a decline in both revenue and profit compared with last year as a result of weak sentiment in Vietnam and lower demand. The average selling price of hydrochloric acid was reduced due to a sharp drop in demand and price competition among industry peers, resulting in a significant decrease in revenue and gross profit compared with last year. Regarding fertilizers and feed products, the Group focused on consolidating its sales channels and adjusting the product mix, and sought to develop higher-margin products. In addition, among the Group's other products, product distribution in partnership with internationally renowned brands in, aimed at diversifying the Group's operations, showed small-scale growth in 2023. As for the trade products distributed by the Group in the PRC, including bulk food ingredients and coffee beans, the sales volume increased slightly due to varied demands in different regions.

The Group recorded a decrease in revenue in 2023, but its gross profit was US\$55,430,000, an increase of US\$12,081,000 from 2022, benefiting from proper cost control. Gross profit margin was 14.4% in 2023, up 4.8 percentage points compared with 2022. Net profit margin increased from -1.0% in the same period in 2022 to 1.8%, with a profit of US\$7,001,000, an increase of US\$11,385,000 over the same period last year.

#### 一、 業務總覽(續)

集團2023年營收達約386,171,000 美元,較去年同期下降14.4%或減少 64,836,000美元。營收下降的主要原因為 各市場景氣及市場需求減緩降溫,集團主 要產品味精的營收受到影響而下降,但受 惠原材料、能源價格趨緩,集團掌握大宗 原材料價格下降的契機, 使年內毛利率較 去年提升;變性澱粉/天然澱粉/麥芽 糖於2023年疫情後,在美國聯準會利率 調升與匯率變化影響下,主要客戶下單趨 向保守,歐美市場經濟疲軟,產業需求下 降,消費動力不足,使整體營收下降;特 化產品在越南景氣低迷的影響下,需求下 降,營收及盈利顯著較去年下降,其中, 鹽酸因需求大幅降低及同業價格競爭影 響,平均售價調整降低,致營收與毛利較 去年大幅減少; 肥飼料產品則著重在整合 通路及調整產品結構,致力發展高毛利產 品。此外,集團其他產品中,屬於與國際 知名品牌合作的產品代理,用以增加集團 營運品項的項目,在2023年有小規模的 增長,而中國區的大宗食材與咖啡豆等貿 易代理品項,因各地區域需求不同,銷售 微幅增長。

集團於2023年營收下降,受惠於成本控制得宜,2023年毛利為55,430,000美元,較2022年毛利增加12,081,000美元,2023年毛利率為14.4%,較2022年增長4.8個百分點;淨利率則由2022年同期-1.0%上升至1.8%,獲利7,001,000美元,較去年同期增加11,385,000美元。

# 管理層討論及分析

#### **II. BUSINESS ANALYSIS**

#### (1) Sales Analysis by Market

Unit: US\$'000

#### 二、營業分析

#### (一) 市場銷售分析

單位:千美元

		January-December 2023 Cumulative 2023年		January-Decer Cumula 2022	tive	Difference	
		1-12月累計		1-12月	累計	差異	
		Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Country	國家	金額	%	金額	%	金額	%
Vietnam	越南	173,560	44.9%	194,999	43.2%	-21,439	-11.0%
Japan	日本	71,045	18.4%	83,083	18.4%	-12,038	-14.5%
The PRC	中國	54,965	14.2%	62,663	13.9%	-7,698	-12.3%
ASEAN (excluding	東盟成員國						
Vietnam)	(不包含越南)	31,185	8.1%	35,991	8.0%	-4,806	-13.4%
The US	美國	24,456	6.3%	36,256	8.0%	-11,800	-32.5%
Other regions	其他地區	30,960	8.1%	38,015	8.5%	-7,055	-18.6%
						,	
Total	合計	386,171	100.0%	451,007	100.0%	-64,836	-14.4%

#### 1. Vietnam

Revenue from the Vietnamese market in 2023 was approximately US\$173,560,000, a decrease of approximately US\$21,439,000, or 11%, over the same period in 2022, though its share of revenue increased from 43.2% to 44.9%. The slowdown in overseas demand indirectly affected the domestic market and consumption in export-oriented Vietnam, causing problems such as lower factory utilization rate and higher unemployment rate. The decline in sales volume and revenue from Vietnam in 2023 was mainly because it was difficult for the Company to raise the prices of MSG, seasonings, and specialty chemicals due to poor market sentiment, lower demand and fierce competition. This year, the Group is committed to consolidating sales channels, introducing new products to enhance the product mix, and flexibly adjusting its pricing strategy, hoping to drive subsequent sales and revenue growth.

#### 1. 越南

2023年越南市場營收約為 173,560,000美元,較2022年 同期減少約21,439,000美元 或11%,營收佔比由43.2%上 升至44.9%。由於海外需求放 緩,而越南為出口為主國家, 間接影響國內市場需求及消 費,導致工廠開工率降低、失 業率增加等問題。2023年越 南市場銷售量及營收減少, 主要因味精、調味料與特殊化 學類產品,受市場景氣不佳影 響,需求降低,同時因競爭的 關係,售價不容易提升。今年 度集團致力於整合銷售通路、 引入新產品調整產品結構以 及彈性調整價格策略,期望帶 動後續銷售量與營收增長。

#### 管理層討論及分析



#### II. BUSINESS ANALYSIS (continued)

#### (1) Sales Analysis by Market (continued)

#### 2. Japan

Revenue from the Japanese market in 2023 was approximately US\$71,045,000, a decrease of approximately US\$12,038,000, or 14.5%, when compared with 2022, and its share of the Group's revenue was 18.4% in 2023, the same as in 2022. Japan is the Group's second largest market. Although the pandemic situation improved in 2023, Japan's long-term deflation continued. While the U.S. dollar interest rates increased, the Bank of Japan maintained a low interest rate policy, leading to a sharp depreciation of the yen and rising prices, affecting domestic consumer sentiment. Affected by the global economy and sluggish domestic consumption, the gross domestic product (GDP) growth rate was -0.4% in the fourth guarter of 2023, a further decline from the third quarter. The slow economic recovery affected all of the Group's products, resulting in a decline in sales volume and revenue. The Group will continue to explore the new customer base and cross-border applications in this market for various products, and actively develop high value-added products.

#### 3. The PRC

In 2023, revenue from the PRC market was approximately US\$54,965,000, a decrease of approximately US\$7,698,000, or 12.3%, from 2022, and its share of revenue increased from 13.9% to 14.2%. After the pandemic, China's economic growth was hindered by sluggish real estate market transactions and the global economic slowdown. The withdrawal of a number of foreigninvested industries and supply chains from China resulted in an increase in the unemployment rate and also impacted economic growth. The sales volume and revenue of the products declined due to the economic downturn and low consumer demand in the market. In addition to stabilizing its seasoning market, the Group continued to expand its new distributed products, with the aim of driving revenue growth.

#### 二、營業分析(續)

#### (一) 市場銷售分析(續)

#### 2. 日本

2023年日本市場營收約為 71,045,000美元,較2022年 減少約12.038.000美元或 14.5%, 營收佔比為18.4%, 較2022年佔比持平。日本市 場為集團第二大市場,2023 年雖然疫情趨緩,但日本長期 通貨緊縮,在美元加息之際, 日本央行仍維持低利率政策, 使日元大幅贬值,物價上漲, 影響國內消費意願。受環球景 氣之影響,及國內消費不振, 2023年第四季國內生產總值 (GDP)增長率為-0.4%,較第三 季再下滑,經濟復甦緩慢,集 團各項產品都受到影響,銷售 量與營收隨之下降。集團將持 續針對各項產品,再深化此市 場的新客群與跨界應用,並積 極開發高附加價值產品。

#### 3. 中國

2023年中國市場營收2022年減少約7,698,000美元,較2022年減少約7,698,000美元,較是2022年減少約7,698,000美元,較美2023年減少約7,698,000美元,對於2023年,12.3%,營收佔比由13.9%,對於2023年,12.3%,營收公經歷房,持續整備,在對於2023年,

# 管理層討論及分析

#### II. BUSINESS ANALYSIS (continued)

#### 1) Sales Analysis by Market (continued)

4. The ASEAN (excluding Vietnam)

In 2023, revenue from the ASEAN market (excluding Vietnam) was approximately US\$31,185,000, a decrease of approximately US\$4,806,000, or 13.4%, from 2022, and its share of revenue increased from 8.0% to 8.1%, mainly because the decline in sales volume and revenue of products such as MSG and modified starch was relatively small compared with other markets. The ASEAN market has been a key market for the Group to actively develop, and it is also a member of the emerging markets. The Group expects to leverage its industrial advantages to expand this market with core products, seek new customers and explore new markets, establish closer partnerships, and deepen its sales channels to achieve breakthrough sales.

#### 5. The US

Revenue from the US market in 2023 was approximately US\$24,456,000, a decrease of approximately US\$11,800,000, or 32.5%, from 2022, and its share of revenue decreased from 8.0% to 6.3%. After several interest rate hikes in the US dollar, although inflation has decreased and the economy did not experience a sharp decline due to high interest rates in the short term, the impact and changes brought about by the hikes are yet to be seen. The decrease in the Group's revenue in 2023 was mainly due to the decline in selling prices and sales volumes of starch sugar as a result of declining market demand and high inventory levels of US customers. The Group will maintain key channels and customers, consolidate the production and sales value chain, and continue to develop products that are in demand in the market to meet customer needs and improve the quality and competitiveness of its products.

# 二、營業分析(續)

#### (一) 市場銷售分析(續)

4. 東盟成員國(不包含越南)

2023年東盟國家市場(除越 南之外) 營收約為31,185,000 美元,較2022年減少約 4.806.000美元或13.4%,營 收佔比由8.0%上升至8.1%。 主要因為味精與變性澱粉類 產品之銷售量與營收對比其 他各區市場,下滑幅度較小。 東盟國家市場為本集團持續 積極開發之重點市場,亦是新 興市場的成員,期能發揮產業 優勢,以核心產品拓展此市 場,尋求新客戶與開拓新市 場,建立更緊密的合作夥伴關 係,深耕銷售通路,以創造突 破性的銷售成績。

#### 5. 美國

2023年美國市場營收約為 24,456,000美元,較2022年 減少約11,800,000美元或 32.5%,營收佔比由8.0%減 少至6.3%。美國聯邦利率經 過數次加息後,美國通脹雖然 回落,短期經濟未因高利率而 大幅衰退,但加息連帶之效應 與變數仍需再觀察。本集團 2023年業績下降主要因為美 國客戶庫存較高,澱粉糖產品 之市場需求下滑,以致售價與 銷售量表現下滑。本集團將維 持關鍵重要通路及客戶,整合 產銷價值鏈,持續開發市場需 求產品,以滿足客戶需求及提 高產品之品質與競爭力。

# 管理層討論及分析



#### **II. BUSINESS ANALYSIS (continued)**

#### (1) Sales Analysis by Market (continued)

#### 6. Other regions

Other regions consist primarily of Taiwan, Korea and the EU. Total revenue in 2023 was approximately US\$30,960,000, down by approximately US\$7,055,000, or 18.6%, from 2022. Its share of the Group's revenue decreased from 8.5% to 8.1%. In some markets, the continued monetary tightening policies of the world's major central banks affected the economy and consumption, resulting in a decline in market demand for MSG and CMS-related fertilizers and feed products, and the resulting turnover.

#### (2) Sales Analysis by Product

Unit: US\$'000

#### 二、營業分析(續)

#### (一) 市場銷售分析(續)

#### 6. 其他地區

#### (二) 產品銷售分析

單位:千美元

		January-December 2023 Cumulative 2023年 1-12月累計		January-December 2022 Cumulative 2022年 1-12月累計		Difference 差異	
		Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
Item	項目	千美元	%	千美元	%	千美元	%
MSG + seasonings Modified starch+ native starch+	味精+調味料 變性澱粉+ 天然澱粉+	230,820	59.8%	277,042	61.4%	-46,222	-16.7%
maltose	麥芽糖	66,880	17.3%	74,973	16.6%	-8,093	-10.8%
Specialty chemicals Fertilizers and feed	特化產品 肥料與飼料	21,154	5.5%	28,302	6.3%	-7,148	-25.3%
products		34,250	8.9%	35,634	7.9%	-1,384	-3.9%
Others	其他	33,067	8.5%	35,056	7.8%	-1,989	-5.7%
Total	合計	386,171	100.0%	451,007	100.0%	-64,836	-14.4%

管理層討論及分析

#### II. BUSINESS ANALYSIS (continued)

#### (2) Sales Analysis by Product (continued)

1. MSG and Seasonings

Revenue from MSG and seasoning products in 2023 was approximately US\$230,820,000, a decrease of approximately US\$46,222,000, or 16.7%, from 2022, and the segment's share of the Group's revenue decreased from 61.4% to 59.8%. Demand declined due to weakening economies in major export markets such as Vietnam, Japan and China, coupled with competition in various markets, which made it difficult to increase selling prices, the main reason for the decrease in revenue.

#### 2. Modified Starch/Native Starch/Starch Sugar

Revenue from modified starch, native starch and starch sugar products in 2023 was approximately US\$66,880,000, a decrease of approximately US\$8,093,000, or 10.8%, from 2022, while its share of the Group's revenue expanded from 16.6% to 17.3%. During 2022, customer demand increased significantly as they wanted to secure inventory given the pandemic and tight shipping logistics. However, in the post-pandemic era of 2023, major customers became more cautious when placing orders due to interest rate hikes by the Federal Reserve and fluctuating exchange rates. Moderate revenue growth was recorded for modified starch products, which benefited from new specifications and high value-added products launched by the Company, while starch sugar products recorded a decline in demand as major customers needed to digest inventory, resulting in the underperformance of this product compared with other products. The Group attaches great importance to the potential and development of these products in the market and will focus on product development and product extensions, with a view to developing more diversified products and creating products with added value.

#### 二、營業分析(續)

#### (二) 產品銷售分析(續)

1. 味精與調味料

2023年味精與調味料產品營收約為230,820,000美元,較2022年減少約46,222,000美元或16.7%,營收佔比由61.4%下降至59.8%。受越南、日本、中國與各主要外銷市場景氣轉弱,需求下滑,加上各地市場競爭因素,售價提升難度提高,為營收減少之主要因素。

# 2. 變性澱粉/天然澱粉/澱粉糖

2023年變性澱粉、天然澱 粉與澱粉糖產品營收約為 66,880,000美元,較2022 年減少約8,093,000美元或 10.8%,營收佔比由16.6%增 至17.3%。2022年因疫情關 係,加上海運物流緊張,客戶 為確保庫存量,需求大幅度提 升;2023年屬後疫情狀況, 受美國聯準會利率調升與匯 率變化,主要客戶下單趨向保 守。變性澱粉產品受惠於公司 推展新規格及高附加價值產 品,營收稍有成長;澱粉糖產 品受需求下降及主要客戶消 化庫存,業績跌幅相較其他品 項為大。集團重視此類產品於 市場的潛力跟發展,持續致力 產品及延伸產品的開發,以期 發展更多元化產品,開創更高 產品附加價值。

#### 管理層討論及分析



#### **II. BUSINESS ANALYSIS (continued)**

#### (2) Sales Analysis by Product (continued)

#### 3. Specialty Chemicals

Revenue from specialty chemicals in 2023 was approximately US\$21,154,000, a decrease of approximately US\$7,148,000, or 25.3%, from 2022, and its share of the Group's revenue fell from 6.3% to 5.5%.

In 2023, demand for soda products in the industry declined sharply due to the downturn in the Vietnamese market, and international prices declined, resulting in a decrease in both turnover and gross profit. The sales volume and selling prices of hydrochloric acid products declined, affected by weaker demand and price competition with peers, causing overall revenue and profitability to decline.

#### 4. Fertilizers and Feed Products

In 2023, revenue from fertilizers and feed products was approximately US\$34,250,000, a decrease of approximately US\$1,384,000, or 3.9%, compared with 2022, and the share of the Group's revenue increased from 7.9% to 8.9%.

For fertilizers and feed products, the sales volume of solid products decreased in 2023, as the continuous decline in international prices of chemical fertilizers and urea resulted in an overall bearish market that was largely adopting a waitand-see approach, which affected the sales performance of this segment. For feed products, sales were affected by weaker market demand as a result of the outbreak of livestock diseases in some markets and high breeding costs. The Group will actively invest in products with new specifications, develop new customers, improve product structure, and adopt flexible price adjustment strategies to boost revenue and profit. It will also continue to promote high-value-added specialty fertilizer products and actively develop new sales channels going forward.

#### 二、營業分析(續)

#### (二) 產品銷售分析(續)

#### 3. 特化產品

2023年特化產品營收約為 21,154,000美元,較2022 年減少約7,148,000美元或 25.3%,營收佔比由6.3%下 降至5.5%。

受越南市場景氣低迷影響, 2023年蘇打產品的行業需求 顯著下降,產品國際價格下 滑,使營業額及毛利均減少; 鹽酸產品受需求下降與同樣 低價競爭拖累,銷售量以及售 價均下降,致整體營收以及利 潤減少。

#### 4. 肥飼料產品

2023年肥飼料產品營收約為 34,250,000美元,較2022年減 少約1,384,000美元或3.9%, 營收佔比由7.9%增至8.9%。

肥飼育工程。 2023年內下。 2023年

### 管理層討論及分析

#### II. BUSINESS ANALYSIS (continued)

#### (2) Sales Analysis by Product (continued)

#### Other Products

Revenue from other products in 2023 was approximately US\$33,067,000, a decrease of approximately US\$1,989,000, or 5.7%, compared with 2022, and the share of the Group's revenue climbed from 7.8% to 8.5%. In view of the rapid growth of the consumer goods industry in Vietnam, the Group cooperated with internationally renowned brands in product distribution, with the aim of diversifying and expanding the Group's operations, enabling it to record the highest growth in this segment. Regarding the trade products distributed by the Group in China, including bulk food ingredients and coffee beans, the sales volume was affected by variations of demand from different regions.

#### III. MAJOR RAW MATERIALS/ENERGY OVERVIEW

#### (1) Cassava/Starch

In the 2023/24 production season, output in major plantation areas such as Thailand, Vietnam and Cambodia decreased, cassava was in short supply, and prices remained at relatively high levels throughout the season. Under the Group's annual strategy of centralized procurement and development of new sources of supply during the production season, the Group secured most of the required raw materials at a competitive price to control production costs and increase profitability in 2024.

#### (2) Molasses

In 2022/23, only 64,170,000 tons of molasses were produced worldwide after settlement, around 1,420,000 tons less than the previous year. This was the second consecutive year of declining production, keeping the price of molasses relatively high.

Total molasses production is expected to rebound in 2023/24, but the export trade volume is not very optimistic, especially as India has started to impose a 50% export tax, so the international price is expected to remain strong. The Group will continue to monitor changes in the international molasses market and actively develop additional supply sources to ensure a stable supply of the raw material.

#### 二、營業分析(續)

#### (二) 產品銷售分析(續)

#### 5. 其他產品

#### 三、主要原料/能源概況

#### (一) 木薯/澱粉

2023/24年產季泰國、越南、柬埔寨等主要產地產量下降,市場供不應求,整季價格維持在相對高位,集團依年度策略進行產季集中採購及開發新的供應源,在產季期間已經掌握2024年大部分需求數量的原料,取得的價格亦具有競爭力,以控制生產成本並提高利潤。

#### (二) 糖蜜

2022/23年全球糖蜜產量結算後低於前一年,2022/23年的產量為6,417萬噸,減少約142萬噸,乃連續兩年來的產量下降,因此糖蜜仍維持較高價位。

預估2023/24糖蜜的總產量將回升, 但可出口的貿易量不甚樂觀,其受 印度開始徵收50%出口稅影響最 大。集團預估糖蜜國際市場價格持 續堅挺。亦將持續觀察國際糖蜜市 場變化動態,積極開發更多新的供 應源,以確保原料來源穩定供應。

# 管理層討論及分析



# III. MAJOR RAW MATERIALS/ENERGY OVERVIEW (continued)

#### (3) Energy

Crude oil:

At the end of 2023, the international crude oil market was on a strong upward trajectory, as the Red Sea shipping crisis had caused congestion and made it difficult to transport oil smoothly. A large volume of oil can only be stored at sea, resulting in faster-than-expected consumption of crude oil on land. However, the geopolitical risk from the Russia-Ukraine War and the Middle East conflict has subsided. In the near term, the price of oil is expected to remain in the US\$70-US\$90 per barrel range. In addition, OPEC+ has sufficient spare capacity and can adjust the supply and demand in the crude oil market in a timely manner, preventing it from becoming too tight, and keeping the price stable.

#### Coal:

In 2023, the global supply of natural gas, crude oil, and coal was stabilized due to the lesser impact of the Russia-Ukraine war, and international coal prices declined. The Group will continue to monitor changes in the energy industry and plan flexibly accordingly.

#### Electricity:

In 2023, Vietnam had a shortage of electricity as extreme weather affected hydroelectric power generation. The Vietnamese government raised the electricity tariffs by 3% for the first time in May 2023 and then by around 4.5% on 9 November 2023, an increase of approximately 7.6% increase for the year. The Vietnam Electricity Corporation may continue to gradually increase tariffs. The Group has been using a cogeneration power system to ensure a stable supply of electricity, but it will also continue to seek fuel supply countermeasures to mitigate the impact of rising energy costs on the Group.

#### 三、主要原料/能源概況(續)

#### (三) 能源

原油:

2023年底,國際原油市場走勢強勁,紅海航運危機造成海運壅塞,大量石油只能儲存於海上,唯隨海上,唯隨縣爭與中東衝突帶來的短點,國際治風險溢價消退,國際油價至90人,可適時調節原油市場與大預期將保持在每桶70美元至90人,可適時調節原油市場與實產能,可適時調節原油市場內震不至於原油供應不至於原油供應不至於,也有助於油價維持穩定。

#### 煤炭:

2023年由於俄烏戰爭影響減輕,全球天然氣、原油、煤炭等供應穩定,國際煤價已有所下跌。集團持續關注掌握能源產業變動,彈性規劃因應對策。

#### 電力:

2023年,越南因極端天氣影響水力 發電,電力供應不足。此外,越南 政府在2023年5月第一次上調電價 3%,2023年11月9日第二次上調 電價約4.5%,全年電價漲幅約 7.6%,預期EVN (越南電力集團) 未 來仍有機會逐步調整電價。集團使 用汽電共生發電系統,有效確保電 力供應穩定,並持續尋求燃料供應 對策,以減緩能源成本上漲對集團 之影響。

#### 管理層討論及分析

#### IV. FINANCIAL REVIEW

#### (1) Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at the end of 2023, the Group had cash and cash equivalents, short-term bank deposits, and structured bank deposits amounting to US\$50,359,000, an increase of US\$2,549,000, or approximately 5.3%, from the end of 2022. Total bank borrowings amounted to US\$43,654,000, a decrease of US\$15,967,000, or approximately 27%, from the end of 2022.

The US interest rate hikes increased financing costs, and the central bank of Vietnam cut interest rates several times in 2023 to stimulate the economy. After considering interest rate risks, financing costs and exchange rate risks, the Group adjusted the total bank borrowings in a timely manner. In addition to converting a portion of bank borrowings to VND in 2023, part of the capital funds was transferred to fixed deposits without affecting working capital to generate additional finance income. At the end of 2023, VND-denominated loans accounted for approximately 72.6% of total borrowings. Although the total bank borrowings decreased by 27%, the total net finance costs in 2023 increased by US\$1,238,000 from 2022 to US\$1,791,000.

At the end of 2023, trade receivables amounted to US\$33,755,000, a decrease of US\$235,000, or approximately 1%, from the end of 2022. Total inventory was US\$137,680,000, a decrease of US\$2,847,000, or approximately 2%, compared with 2022.

Trade payables amounted to US\$18,391,000 at the end of 2023, a decrease of US\$9,200,000, or approximately 33%, from the end of 2022. The current ratio increased from 2.3 in 2022 to 2.8 in 2023. The Group's financial structure remained stable.

#### 四、財務回顧

#### (一) 流動資金與財政資源

集團2023年底現金及現金等價物、銀行短期存款及結構性銀行存款合計為50,359,000美元,較2022年底增加2,549,000美元,約增加5.3%。借款總額為43,654,000美元,較2022年底減少15,967,000美元或約減少27%。

受美元加息融資成本增加、越南央 行為刺激經濟於2023年多次降息影響,在考慮利率風險、融資成本 匯率風險後,集團適時調節銀行借款總額,除調整部分2023年集營 行借款改為越盾借款外,在營政 金無慮的情況下,部分資金轉入 金無慮的情況下,部分資金等 2023年底越盾借款比重佔借款 約72.6%。雖然銀行借款總陷 27%,2023年整體財務支出淨務 1,791,000美元,仍較2022年財務支 出淨額增加1,238,000美元。

2023年底應收貿易帳款為 33,755,000美元,較2022年底減少 235,000美元,約減少1%。存貨總額為137,680,000美元,較2022年減少2,847,000美元,約減少2%。

2023年底應付貿易帳款為 18,391,000美元,較2022年底減少 9,200,000美元,約減少33%。流動 比率2023年為2.8,較2022年2.3流 動比率上升,集團財務結構仍保持 穩定。

#### 管理層討論及分析



#### IV. FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

#### (2) Capital Expenditure

In 2023, the Group's capital expenditure amounted to US\$8,280,000, lower than the US\$13,165,000 recorded in 2022. The capital expenditure incurred in 2023 was mainly due to the continuation of last year's projects, including the organic maltose line added in the subsidiary in Vietnam and the pregelatinized starch project. As a result of the US interest rate hikes, the operating environment was uncertain in 2023, and the Group continued to take a prudent approach to planning its development and investment projects. As a result, the Group did not have any new projects requiring significant capital expenditure during the year, except for the abovementioned continuation of projects.

#### (3) Exchange Rate

The Federal Reserve has been raising interest rates since March 2022. By the end of December 2023, interest rates had been raised by 5.25%, and the US benchmark interest rate range remained unchanged at 5.25% to 5.5% in 2023. During the year, Vietnam's central bank cut interest rates four times to stimulate domestic demand and sentiment. The Vietnamese Dong (VND) came under depreciation pressure as the USD/VND exchange rate differential widened. Nevertheless, the inflow of strong foreign direct investment (FDI), foreign remittances, trade surplus of a large number of products and narrowing service trade deficit helped ease the pressure. The central exchange rate of VND announced by the State Bank of Vietnam depreciated by 1.07% in 2023, from VND23,612/USD at the end of 2022 to VND23,866/USD at the end of 2023.

#### 四、財務回顧(續)

#### (二) 資本支出

2023年資本支出共8,280,000美元,較2022年資本支出13,165,000美元減少,2023年主要支出主要為增設越南子公司之有機麥芽糖專線,以及預糊化澱粉項目等各年度項目的延續。受美元加息影響,2023年經營環境不確定因素較大,集團仍審慎規劃多項發展投資項目,故年內除上述延續執行之項目,並無較大資本支出新案。

#### (三) 匯率

美國聯儲局(FED)自2022年3月啟動加息,截至2023年12月底為止率區15.25%。2023年美國基準利率區間維持在5.25%至5.5%不變。2023年越南央行為刺激越南內與經濟,一連四次降息,美元與與大學,使得越南的外量對於緩解其壓力,越南國家銀行公,的中心匯率2023年貶值1.07%,由2022年底的23,612越幣/美元,貶值至2023年底的23,866越幣/美元。

管理層討論及分析

#### IV. FINANCIAL REVIEW (continued)

#### (3) Exchange Rate (continued)

The Group's subsidiaries in the PRC are mainly engaged in local sales with transactions denominated in RMB. Since 2023, the exchange rate of RMB against USD went through three stages: climbing at the beginning of the year, followed by depreciation in February and a further depreciation in May. This was mainly due to the tightening of the US monetary policy, which led to an increase in the country's long-term interest rate and a widening of the interest rate differential between China and the US. The increase in short-term capital outflows intensified the depreciation pressure of RMB against USD. Although the exchange rate has rebounded since November, in the face of increasing uncertainty in the external environment, the Central Economic Working Conference of the PRC called for keeping the RMB exchange rate generally stable at a reasonable balance level and sent a policy signal to the foreign exchange market. The RMB exchange rate remained basically stable at around 7.1 by the end of the year. The Group will continue to monitor the exchange rate movement between RMB and USD.

#### (4) Earnings per Share and Dividend

Basic earnings per share for the year were 0.460 US cents. The Board of Directors has resolved a final dividend of 0.2298 US cents per share. Together with the interim dividend of US\$0.229 cents per share already paid, total dividends for the year will amount to US\$0.4588 cents per share (2022: Nil), representing a payout ratio of 100% on the earnings for the financial year.

#### 四、財務回顧(續)

#### (三) 匯率(續)

集團中國區子公司主要以中國國 內銷售為主,交易以人民幣計算。 2023年以來,人民幣兌美元匯率經 歷三個階段,年初時上漲,2月開啟 貶值行情,5月又經歷另一波貶值行 情,主要由於美國收緊貨幣政策造 成美元長期利率上升,導致中美利 差拉大,影響短期資本外流,加劇 人民幣兌美元貶值壓力。自11月起 人民幣兌美元匯率反彈,在外部不 確定性增加的背景下,中國中央經 濟工作會議向外匯市場釋放政策信 號,要求保持人民幣匯率在合理水 平上的基本穩定。人民幣匯率在年 底保持基本穩定約在7.1上下。集團 將持續關注人民幣與美元之間的匯 率變動。

#### (四) 每股盈利及股息

年內每股基本盈利為0.460美仙。董事會決定派發末期股息每股0.2298美仙。連同已派付之中期股利每股0.229美仙,本年度之股息總額將為每股0.4588美仙(2022年:無),即本財政年度之盈利派息比率為100%。

#### 管理層討論及分析



#### V. PROSPECTS

Looking ahead to 2024, geopolitical risks such as the Russia-Ukraine war, persistently high energy and raw material prices and uncertain supply chains, as well as other factors such as global inflation risks, and exchange rate and interest rate fluctuations, will continue to add considerable complexity to the economic and operating environment. These factors will also influence the Group's operating risks and opportunities in the coming year.

Global economic growth is expected to stabilize or decline slightly in 2024. In terms of social and economic development in 2024, the Vietnamese government has formulated a series of measures to achieve its economic growth targets, among which, it emphasizes five key measures, including innovation, green growth and sustainable development; system optimization, especially in relation to green energy development, such as energy security and transformation; promoting the development of processing and manufacturing industries; strengthening employee training; and actively attracting foreign investment, especially FDI. The government is also committed to alleviating inflationary pressures and creating new room for business development for enterprises. It has set an inflation-control target of 4.5% and an economic growth target of 6.0% to 6.5% for 2024.

As for the PRC's economic growth forecast in 2024, the Chinese Academy of Sciences (CAS) compiled a report on the annual performance of the country's economic growth, investment, consumption, import and export, domestic prices, international bulk commodity prices, and food production. The PRC economy is expected to be stable in 2024, and its growth will experience a slow start but peak towards the end of the year. GDP growth is projected to be 5.3% in 2024. The CAS expects that the PRC's balance of payments will remain generally stable, its current account will achieve a favorable balance, and remains optimistic that its services trade landscape will continue to improve.

#### 五、 展望

展望2024年,俄烏戰爭等地緣政治風險 持續、能源與原物料價格仍處高位,而供 應鏈不穩定、全球通貨膨脹風險、匯率與 利率波動等因素疊加仍使環球經濟與集 團經營環境相對複雜,預期將影響來年經 營的風險與契機。

2024年的全球經濟增長可能趨於平穩或略有下降。越南政府針對當地社會經濟發展方向制定多項措施,以期達成經濟增長目標,其中強調4大措施,包括革新創新、綠色增長與永續發展;完善體制,尤其與金能源發展,包括能源安全與能源發展,包括能源安全與能強型;致力促進加工製造業發展;加強人直接投資(FDI)。越南政府同時致力緩解通膨壓力,為企業創造新的發展空間。越南將2024年通脹率控制目標在4.5%,經濟增長目標為6.0-6.5%。

中國2024年經濟增長預期方面,中國中科院就中國經濟增長、投資、消費、進出口、國內物價和國際大宗商品價格、糧食產量等方面的年度運作做出報告,預測2024年中國經濟將平穩運行,經濟增長將呈現前低後高的態勢,預計2024年GDP增長為5.3%。中科院同時預測中國國際收支將整體保持平穩,經常帳呈現順差格局,對服務貿易格局前景持續保持樂觀,預期其將持續優化。

管理層討論及分析

#### V. PROSPECTS (continued)

In the face of a highly uncertain economic environment and variables in the future, the Group will continue to improve the flexibility of its overall operations, adjust its business portfolios and models, strengthen its organizational operations to enhance management efficiency, actively develop new products, expand the scale of production, place greater focus on satisfying customer demand, optimize the flexible cost structure and industrial chain integration, and implement its action plan to ultimately create new growth drivers and improve its ability to generate profit. The key tasks and directions are outlined below:

- Expand product lines and optimize product mix, partially transform existing products, assess and launch extended products, and gradually develop high value-added products. The Group will also increase the proportion of highly functional and high value-added products to enlarge its market share and boost its profitability.
- Actively expand into new channels and new markets, adjust product positioning and sales tactics, look for cooperative partners to expand market scale, strengthen brand positioning and competitive advantages so as to improve the Group's results performance.
- Continue to advance production technologies and enhance production efficiency, improve operational and management techniques and utilize key technologies to enhance core competitiveness so as to achieve the dual objectives of raising quality and lowering costs.
- Capture the market trends of bulk raw materials, actively seek alternative raw material solutions, maintain stable cooperative relations with domestic and overseas suppliers and effectively execute procurement strategies to ensure a stable supply of raw materials.
- Adopt a "co-opetition" strategy to boost product and service value, leverage the Group's production base in Vietnam to actively develop the ASEAN market and the markets that are signatories of the Free Trade Agreement (FTA), Comprehensive and Progressive Agreement for Trans-Pacific Partnership (CPTPP) and Regional Comprehensive Economic Partnership (RCEP), and via mutual support within the Group to realize its core advantages and expand the Group's business presence.

#### 五、展望(續)

集團面對未來高度不確定的經濟環境與 變數,將持續提升整體營運的靈活度,調 整業務組合與商業模式,強化組織運作 以提高管理效率,積極開發新品並提升生 產規模,更加重視貼近客戶與消費者的需 求,改善成本結構與產業鏈整合,落實組 織既定的行動方案,創造新增長動能,以 期提高獲利能力。主要重點工作與方向, 略述如下:

- 擴展產品線與優化產品組合,將現 有產品進行局部改造,評估增加延 伸商品,逐步發展具附加價值產 品。同時增加開發功能性及高價值 產品的佔比,以增強市場佔有率與 產品銷售利潤。
- 積極拓展新通路與新市場,調整產品定位與銷售方式,尋求合作夥伴擴大市場規模,強化品牌定位與競爭優勢,以提升集團業績表現。
- 持續精進生產技術與提升生產效率,改善經營管理技術,掌握關鍵技術以提升核心競爭力,達到提高品質與降低成本的相乘效益。
- 掌握大宗原料市場行情變動趨勢, 積極尋求原料替代方案,致力與國 內外供應商維持穩定合作關係,彈 性執行採購策略,以確保原料供應 穩定。
- 以競合策略增強產品與服務價值, 透過越南生產基地,持續發展東盟 市場及與越南有簽訂自由貿易協定 (FTA),跨太平洋夥伴全面進步協定 (CPTPP),及區域全面經濟夥伴協定 (RCEP)的市場,並於集團內互相支 援,發揮核心優勢擴展集團事業版 圖。

#### 管理層討論及分析



#### V. PROSPECTS (continued)

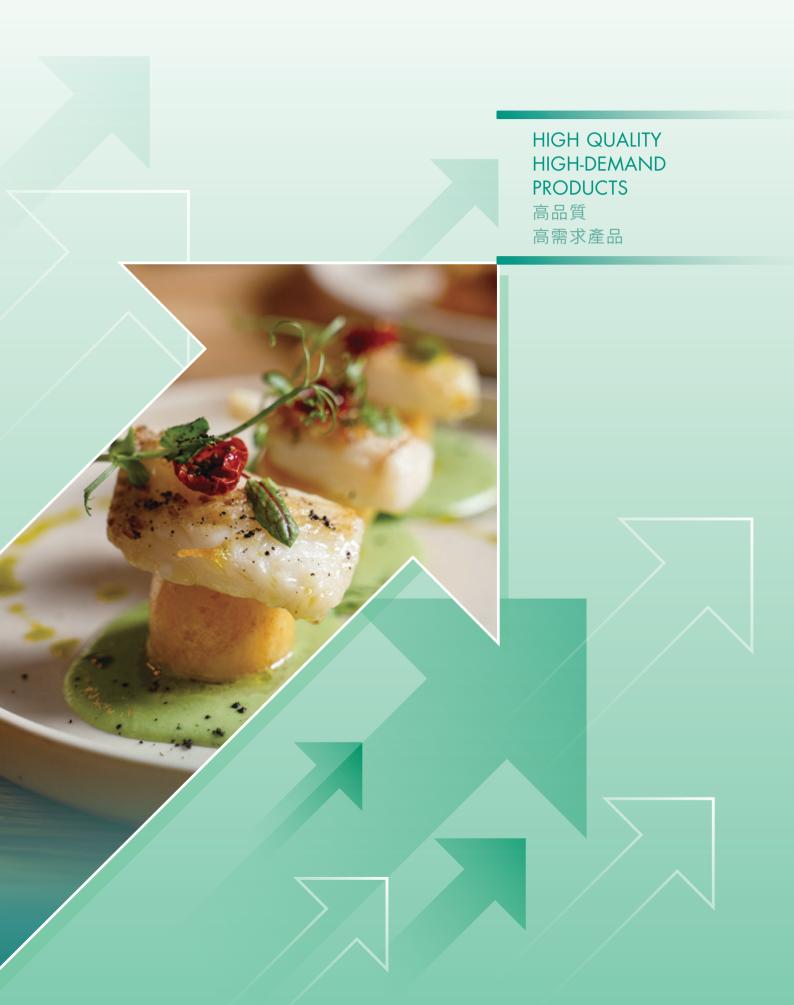
- Accelerate the formation of strategic alliances or crossindustry cooperation to jointly develop the markets through effective consolidation of resources, strengthen its research and development (R&D) functions to realize and seize technological breakthroughs, promote the Group's upgrade and transformation, introduce new products, expand its business scale and improve its business performance.
- Establish a strategic organizational structure and dedicated strategic teams to enhance the organizational efficiency of all units, coordinate the Company's operational action plans, integrate the Group's resources, seek strategic mergers and acquisition plans, and continue to expand the Group's operations to increase revenue, profit and scale.
- Expedite the introduction of an electronic process and information system for the management and application of big data, so as to obtain real-time feedback to optimize business processes and respond to customer needs in a timely manner.
- Continuously control capital deployment strategies, improve the operational efficiency of assets and reduce risks associated with financial market fluctuations amid global financial market volatility.

Since 2023, in addition to the ongoing Russia-Ukraine war, interest rate hikes by the world's major central banks have also raised fears of economic recession. However, with Vietnam's excellent operating environment and various trade agreements signed with a number of countries, the country is expected to possess huge development potential after the short-term economic volatility stabilizes. The Group remains cautiously optimistic and will strive to maintain the existing operating foundation and enhance the flexibility and agility of its operations. It will also actively explore new products, new businesses, and new areas of operation through strategic alliances. All members of the Group will adopt a pragmatic and cautious attitude in implementing the Group's operational strategies so as to achieve greater breakthroughs and development in its results and operations.

#### 五、展望(續)

- 加速策略聯盟或異業合作,有效整 合資源共同開發市場,強化研發功 能,跨越並掌握技術門檻,推動集 團升級轉型,拓展新產品之經營, 擴大經營規模與經營績效。
- 建置戰鬥型組織及專責策略小組, 提升各單位組織效率,統合公司 經營行動方案,整合集團資源,尋 求策盟併購方案,持續拓展集團經 營,以達到擴增營收、利潤與規模 之綜效。
- 加速導入電子化與資訊系統,進行 大數據的管理及應用,取得即時回 饋資訊,優化各項業務流程,及時 服務客戶需求。
- 持續管控資金調配策略,同時提高 資產營運效率,並在全球金融市場 動盪之際,降低金融市場變動的風 險。

雖然2023年以來,除俄烏戰爭尚未結束之外,全球主要央行加息亦引發市場對經濟衰退的擔憂,唯憑藉越南優越的經營環境及在其與多國已簽訂之各項貿易協定的助力下,預期在短期經濟波動趨於穩定後,將有龐大的發展潛力。集團抱持審對一經營彈性與機動性外,並將針對新產品與新事業,以策盟的方式,積極開創嶄新產品與新事業,以策盟的方所有成員,會以管運範疇。而集團的所有成員,會以管運範略,期望對集團的業績與經營有更大的突破與發展。





At the heart of Vedan International's business success is a group of core products with widespread applications and strong brand recognition, one of the Group's most important and well-guarded assets. Its renowned "Vedan" brand MSG, for example, is considered essential throughout the food processing industries across Asia for its role in enhancing the flavours of a range of foodstuffs, and enjoys a huge and constantly growing market throughout Vietnam, the PRC, ASEAN countries, Japan and the United States.

味丹國際的成功有賴於一組應用廣泛和品牌知名度高的 產品,是集團高度重視的資產之一。例如馳名的「味丹」味精, 能夠加強食物的鮮味,普遍地用於各類食品調味,更在 亞洲各地,被食品加工業視為不可或缺的烹調材料,而在越南、 中國、東盟國家、日本以及美國等市場亦錄得強勁的銷售增長。

# **Profile of Directors, Senior Management and Company Secretary**

董事、高級管理層及公司秘書簡介

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. YANG, Tou-Hsiung, 81, the Chairman and an Executive Director of the Company, as well as the Chairman of the Nomination Committee, has been a director of the Company since 2002. Mr. YANG, Tou-Hsiung graduated from Taichung Min Der Commercial Vocational High School. Mr. YANG, Tou-Hsiung has approximately 61 years' working experience in the MSG industry and is one of the founders of the Taiwan Vedan Group. Mr. YANG, Tou-Hsiung is responsible for formulating our overall corporate strategy. Mr. YANG, Tou-Hsiung is also a director of Vedan Vietnam, Taiwan Vedan, Billion Power Limited and King International Limited. Mr. YANG, Tou-Hsiung is also an executive director of Taiwan Amino Acid Manufacturers Association.

Mr. YANG, Cheng, 69, an Executive Director of the Company, has been a director of the Company since 2002. Mr. YANG, Cheng had approximately 48 years' working experience in the MSG industry. Mr. YANG, Cheng is responsible for formulating our business development strategy. Mr. YANG, Cheng is also a director of Taiwan Vedan, Billion Power Limited and King International Limited. Mr. YANG, Cheng is presently the Chairman of Wanpao Asset Management Co., Ltd., the president of Fongle Real Estate Co., Ltd., the commissioner of Industrial Development and Investment Promotion Committee of Taichung City, the Executive director of New Taiyuan Urban Development Association and the supervisor of Taichung Culture & Education Foundation. Mr. YANG, Cheng obtained an EMBA Degree from Xiamen University in the PRC in 2004.

Mr. YANG, Kun-Hsiang, 66, the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, has been a director of the Company since 2002. Mr. YANG, Kun-Hsiang is responsible for overseeing the Group's operations and strategic management. Mr. YANG, Kun-Hsiang obtained a master degree in agricultural chemistry from Meiji University, Japan. Mr. YANG, Kun-Hsiang has been involved in the development of the business operations of Vedan Vietnam since 1991. Mr. YANG, Kun-Hsiang is currently a director and Vice Chairman of Vedan Vietnam and also a director of Taiwan Vedan, Billion Power Limited and Concord Worldwide Holdings Ltd. Mr. YANG, Kun-Hsiang is also an executive director of Taiwan Amino Acid Manufacturers Association and Mr. YANG, Kun-Hsiang has 37 years' working experience in the MSG industry

**Mr. YANG, Chen-Wen**, 60, an Executive Director, has been a director of the Company since 2002. He is also a director of Vedan Vietnam, Taiwan Vedan, High Capital Investments Limited and Chairman of Shanghai Vedan and Xiamen Vedan (formerly known as Xiamen Maotai). Mr. YANG, Chen-Wen has approximately 30 years' working experience in the MSG industry. Mr. YANG, Chen-Wen is responsible for coordinating our purchase activities. Mr. YANG, Chen-Wen obtained a bachelor degree in mechanics in 1993 from Waseda University, Japan.

**Mr. YANG**, **Kun-Chou**, 64, an Executive Director, has been a director of the Company since 2012. Mr. YANG, Kun-Chou had approximately 42 years' working experience in the food, beverage and consumer products industry. Mr. YANG, Kun-Chou is a director of Taiwan Vedan and is also a director of Vedan Vietnam, Shanghai Vedan, Xiamen Vedan (formerly known as Xiamen Maotai) and Concord Worldwide Holdings Ltd. Mr. YANG, Kun-Chou was the director of Ve Wong Corporation (a company listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation).

#### 執行董事

楊頭雄先生,81歲,本公司主席兼執行董事及提名委員會主席,自二零零二年起擔任本公司董事。楊頭雄先生畢業於台中明德高職,彼在味精行業積累約61年工作經驗,是台灣味丹集團創辦人之一。楊頭雄先生負責制訂集團之整體企業策略。楊頭雄先生亦是味丹越南、台灣味丹、Billion Power Limited及King International Limited之董事。楊頭雄先生現任台灣胺基酸工業同業公會常務理事。

楊正先生,69歲,本公司執行董事,自二零零二年起擔任本公司董事。楊正先生在味精行業積累約48年工作經驗。楊正先生負責制訂本集團之業務發展策略。楊正先生亦是台灣味丹、Billion Power Limited及King International Limited之董事。此外,楊正先生現任萬寶資產管理股份有限公司董事長、豐樂地產股份有限公司總經理、台中市工商發展投資策進會委員及台中市文教基金會監事。楊正先生於二零零四年取得中國廈門大學EMBA學位。

楊坤祥先生,66歲,本公司之行政總裁,自二零零二年起擔任本公司董事,彼負責監督本集團之業務運作及策略管理。楊坤祥先生畢業於日本明治大學,取得農業化學碩士學位。楊坤祥先生自一九九一年起參與味丹越南之發展及管理,現任味丹越南董事兼副董事長,亦是台灣味丹、Billion Power Limited及Concord Worldwide Holdings Ltd之董事。此外,楊坤祥先生目前也擔任台灣胺基酸工業同業公會常務理事。楊坤祥先生在味精行業積累逾37年工作經驗。

楊辰文先生,60歲,執行董事,自二零零二年起擔任本公司董事。彼亦為味丹越南、台灣味丹及High Capital Investments Limited之董事,亦是上海味丹與廈門味丹(前稱廈門茂泰)董事長。楊辰文先生在味精行業積累約30年工作經驗。楊辰文先生負責統籌本集團之採購活動。楊辰文先生於一九九三年在日本早稻田大學取得機械學士學位。

楊坤洲先生,64歲,執行董事,自二零一二年 起擔任本公司董事。楊坤洲先生在食品、飲料 及消費產品行業中擁有約42年工作經驗。楊坤 洲先生為台灣味丹之董事,亦為味丹越南、上 海味丹、廈門味丹(前稱廈門茂泰)及Concord Worldwide Holdings Ltd.之董事。楊坤洲先生曾 任味王股份有限公司(台灣證券交易所上市公 司)之董事。

# **Profile of Directors, Senior Management and Company Secretary**

董事、高級管理層及公司秘書簡介



#### **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. HUANG, Ching-Jung, 70, a Non-executive Director, a member of the Remuneration Committee, has been a director of the Company since 2002. Mr. Huang is also a director of Shanghai Vedan and Xiamen Vedan (formerly known as Xiamen Maotai). Mr. Huang is presently the Chairman of Champion Marketing Co., Ltd. (an affiliated company of Taiwan Vedan). Mr. HUANG graduated from the department of accounting and statistics of the National Taichung Commercial College, Taiwan in 1974. Mr. HUANG has approximately 46 years' experience in administration and finance.

Mr. CHOU, Szu-Cheng, 63, a Non-executive Director, has been a director of the Company since 2006. Mr. CHOU is the Supervisor of Taiwan Vedan and an Independent Non-executive Director of Shin-Kuen Plastics Co., Ltd. (a publicly-traded company on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation). Mr. CHOU was the founder member of Legalway Law Firm, the director and legal consultant of Wincome Incorporation and a supervisor of Shih-Kuen Plastics Co., Ltd. (a publicly-traded company on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation). He has over 24 years of experience in the legal industry. Mr. CHOU obtained his Bachelor of Law degree from Soochow University, Master of Law degree from East China University of Political Science and Law and Doctorate of Law degree from Peking University.

#### **INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. CHAO, Pei-Hong, 62, an Independent Non-executive Director and the Chairman of the Audit Committee, a member of each of the Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee, has been a director of the Company since 2002. Mr. CHAO obtained a bachelor degree in law in 1984 and a master degree in law from Soochow University, Taiwan in 1986 and a master degree in law from the University of Houston in 1992. Mr. CHAO is an executive partner of Jurist Law Offices, a law firm in Taiwan. Mr. CHAO is also a director of Hua Yu Lien Development Co., Ltd (a company listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation, formerly known as Fui Industrial Co., Ltd. and was renamed on 19 June 2013) and the Independent Non-executive Director of Force-MOS Technology Co., Ltd (an OTC company on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation). Mr. CHAO has approximately 34 years' experience in his practice.

Mr. KO, Jim-Chen, 63, an Independent Non-executive Director, a member of each of the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee, as well as the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee, has been a director of the Company since 2004. Mr. KO graduated with a Bachelor of Business Degree from Feng Chia University, Taiwan, and subsequently obtained a Master of Science Degree in Accounting from the University of Delaware, USA. Mr. KO has been the executive partner of Weyong International CPAs & Co., Certified Public Accountants in Taiwan since 2000. Mr. KO is also the Independent Non-executive Director and a member of the Remuneration Committee of Kunyue Development Co., Ltd. (a publicly-traded company on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation).

#### 非執行董事

黃景榮先生,70歲,非執行董事,薪酬委員會委員,自二零零二年起擔任本公司董事。彼亦為上海味丹、廈門味丹(前稱廈門茂泰)之董事。此外,黃先生亦擔任品冠行銷股份有限公司(台灣味丹之關連公司)之董事長。黃先生在一九七四年畢業於台灣國立台中商學院之會計及統計系。黃先生在行政及財務方面累積約46年經驗。

周賜程先生,63歲,非執行董事,自二零零六年 起擔任本公司董事。周先生為台灣味丹之監察 人,亦是世堃塑膠股份有限公司(台灣證券交易 所上櫃公司)之獨立董事。周先生曾為理維國際 法律事務所創辦人之一、懷康科技股份有限公司之董事及法律顧問及世堃塑膠股份有限公司 (台灣證券交易所上櫃公司)之監察人,於法律 界擁有逾24年經驗,周先生獲得東吳大學法學 學士學位、華東政法學院法學碩士學位及北京 大學法學博士學位。

#### 獨立非執行董事

柯俊禎先生,63歲,獨立非執行董事兼審計委員會、提名委員會成員及薪酬委員會主席,自二零零四年起擔任本公司董事。柯先生畢業於台灣逢甲大學並獲頒授商業學士學位,並於美國德拉瓦大學獲授會計學理學碩士學位。柯先生自二零零零年起為台灣註冊會計師維揚聯合會計師事務所之執行合夥人。柯先生亦是坤悅開發股份有限公司(台灣證券交易所上櫃公司)之獨立非執行董事及薪酬委員會委員。

# **Profile of Directors, Senior Management and Company Secretary**

董事、高級管理層及公司秘書簡介

# INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (continued)

Mr. CHEN, Joen-Ray, 64, an Independent Non-executive Director and a member of each of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee, has been a director of the Company since 2008. Mr. CHEN, holds a Master of Business Administration Degree from the Eastern Illinois State University, and a Bachelor Degree from the National Taiwan University. Mr. CHEN is presently the Chairman of Ray Wing Research and Investment Corporation and also a director of Forcecon Tech. Co., Ltd. and Tai-Saw Technology Co., Ltd., the Independent Non-executive Director of Longwell Company and Pili International Multimedia Co.,Ltd. (a publicly-traded Company on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation). Mr. CHEN has more than 36 years of experience in securities business in Taiwan and was the Vice Chairman and General Manager of Yuanta Securities Investment Consulting Co., Ltd,. the Chairman of Concord Capital Management Corp. and the Senior Vice President of Concord Securities Co., Ltd.

Mr. HUANG, Chung-Fong, 68, an Independent Non-executive Director and a member of the Audit Committee, has been a director of the Company since 2018. Mr. HUANG holds a bachelor's degree in electrophysics and a master's degree in management science from National Chiao Tung University in Taiwan. Mr. HUANG is currently a technical expert in the rank of adjunct associate professor at the department of transportation & logistics management of National Yang Ming Chiao Tung University in Taiwan. He is also the president of Citpo Technologies Inc. Mr. HUANG was the founder secretary general of Chinese Professional Management Association of Hsinchu, Taiwan and was the chairman of Provision International Inc. and Ecom Software Inc. Mr. HUANG was the president of Weblink International Inc., Taiwan Regional Operations of Acer Inc. and Lottery Technology Service Corporation. Mr. HUANG was the vice president of Quality Assurance, ITGO, Acer Inc. Mr. HUANG was also an adjunct assistant professor in the Department of Industrial Engineering and Management of National Yang Ming Chiao Tung University in Taiwan.

The relationships of the following directors are as follows:

- Mr. YANG, Tou-Hsiung and Mr. YANG, Cheng are brothers.
- Mr. YANG, Kun-Hsiang and Mr. YANG, Kun-Chou are brothers.
- Mr. YANG, Tou-Hsiung and Mr. YANG, Cheng are cousins of Mr. YANG, Kun-Hsiang, Mr. YANG, Kun-Chou, as well as Mr. YANG, Chen-Wen.

#### 獨立非執行董事(續)

#### 以下董事間的親屬關係如下:

- 一 楊頭雄先生與楊正先生為親兄弟。
- 楊坤祥先生與楊坤洲先生為親兄弟。
- 楊頭雄先生和楊正先生與楊坤祥先生和 楊坤洲先生及與楊辰文先生為堂兄弟。

### **Profile of Directors, Senior Management and Company Secretary**

#### 董事、高級管理層及公司秘書簡介



#### **SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

**Mr. NI, Chih-Hao**, 58, the Group's Chief Financial Officer and the President of Vedan Vietnam and Financial Vice President, is responsible for the finance functions of the Group. Mr. NI graduated from University of Oregon, major in finance and marketing, and holds a master degree in business administration from Tunghai University, Taiwan. Mr. NI joined Vedan Group in 1993, and has been the vice manager of business and foreign trade department of Vedan Vietnam, special assistant to the chairman, vice president of financial department, project manager of finance department of Taiwan Vedan as well as the manager of the Group's Taiwan branch. Mr. NI has full qualification in finance, marketing and executive administration, and has accumulated approximately 31 years of working experience.

**Mr. CHAO, Wen-Jui**, 60, general plant manager of the production management department of Vedan Vietnam, is responsible for managing and overseeing all production departments of the company. Mr. CHAO graduated from National Tsing Hua University with a master degree in chemistry. Mr. CHAO joined Taiwan Vedan in 1987, and was the vice plant manager of a recycle plant and the manager of a MSG plant. He joined Vedan Vietnam in 2009 as the vice general plant manager of the production management department. Mr. CHAO has over 34 years of working experience in the MSG and food additive industry.

**Mr. YANG, Tzu-Chang**, 62, Vice President of specialty chemicals business department of Vedan Vietnam, is responsible for the marketing planning and sales management of the company's specialty chemicals products. Mr. YANG, Tzu-Chang graduated from National Taiwan University, major in economics. Mr. YANG, Tzu-Chang joined Taiwan Vedan in 1991 as the assistant manager of international trading department. Mr. YANG, Tzu-Chang joined Vedan Vietnam in 1996, and was the manager of amino acid business division and marketing planning division. Mr. YANG, Tzu-Chang has over 33 years of sales management experience in the food production industry.

**Mr. KO, Chung-Chih**, 61, Vice President of Vedan Vietnam, is responsible for planning the overall management system and overseeing the administration of the company. Mr. KO holds a master degree in management from National University of Kaohsiung. Mr. KO joined Taiwan Vedan in 1988, and had served as the supervisor of the finance department. He joined Vedan Vietnam in 1991 as the assistant manager of the finance department, and was subsequently promoted to senior manager of the General Manager Office, Corporate Administration Management Division. Mr. KO has 35 years of working experience in finance and administration.

#### 高級管理層

倪志豪先生,58歲,本集團之財務總監及味丹 越南總經理,負責本集團之財務事宜。倪先生 畢業於美國俄勒岡大學,主修財務及行銷, 取得台灣東海大學企業管理碩士學位。倪先生 於一九九三年加入味丹企業集團,曾任味丹越 南業務部與外貿部副理、董事長特助、財務部 副總、台灣味丹財務部專案經理及本集團台灣 分公司經理。倪先生在財務、行銷及行政管理 各方面擁有完整資歷,累積近31年工作經驗。

趙文瑞先生,60歲,味丹越南生產管理部之總廠長,負責該公司各生產部門的管理與督導。趙先生畢業於國立清華大學,取得化工碩士學位。趙先生於一九八七年加入台灣味丹,曾任回收廠副廠長及味精廠經理。二零零九年加入味丹越南,擔任生產管理部副總廠長。趙先生在味精及食品添加劑行業累積逾34年工作經驗。

楊梓正先生,62歲,味丹越南企業特化事業部副總經理,負責該公司特化產品行銷企劃及銷售管理。楊梓正先生畢業於國立台灣大學,主修經濟。楊梓正先生於一九九一年加入台灣味丹,擔任國際貿易部副理。一九九六年加入味丹越南,曾任氨基酸事業處、行銷企劃處經理。楊梓正先生在食品製造業從事行銷管理工作逾33年。

柯宗志先生,61歲,味丹越南企業副總經理,負責該公司各項管理制度的規劃與行政工作的督導。柯先生畢業於國立高雄大學,取得管理碩士學位。柯先生於一九八八年加入台灣味丹,曾任財務部主任。一九九一年加入味丹越南,擔任財務部副理,期間逐步調升至總經理室與行政管理部協理。柯先生在財務及行政管理方面累積35年工作經驗。

### **Profile of Directors, Senior Management and Company Secretary**

董事、高級管理層及公司秘書簡介

#### **SENIOR MANAGEMENT (continued)**

**Mr. Yang, Tung**, 54, the Group's General Manager of Shanghai Vedan. Mr. Yang graduated from Ling Tung University. He joined Vedan Group in 1994 and has been the special assistant to the chairman of Taiwan Vedan. He is also a director of Taiwan Vedan, Vietnam Vedan, Shaghai Vedan, Xiamen Vedan (formerly known as Xiamen Maotai) and High Capital Investments Limited. Mr. YANG, Tung has comprehensive qualifications in international trade, marketing business and operation management, and has approximately 31 years of working experience.

Mr. YANG, Meng-Ta, 50, Vice President of the Group's Taiwan Branch, is responsible for overseeing various aspects of the finance, business and administrative function of the company. Mr. YANG, Meng-Ta graduated from National Taiwan University with a bachelor degree in civil engineering, and holds a master degree in civil engineering from Pennsylvania State University. Mr. YANG, MengTa is also the director of Vedan Vietnam, Shanghai Vedan and Xiamen Vedan. Mr. YANG, Meng-Ta joined Taiwan Vedan in 2001, and was the supervisor of consumer product business department, international trade department and finance department. He was subsequently promoted to the top management of Taiwan branch. Mr. YANG, Meng-Ta has accumulated extensive experience during his service in various departments in the food production industry, and has 23 years of management experience.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. WONG, Wai Yee, Ella, 48, is a Director, Corporate Services of Tricor Services Limited ("Tricor"), a global professional services provider specializing in integrated Business, Corporate and Investor Services. Ms. WONG has over 25 years of experience in the corporate secretarial field and has been providing professional corporate services to Hong Kong listed companies as well as multinational, private and offshore companies. Ms. WONG is a Chartered Governance Professional and a Fellow of both The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute (HKCGI) and The Chartered Governance Institute in the United Kingdom. Ms. WONG is a holder of the Practitioner's Endorsement from HKCGI. (Note: The Company has engaged Tricor as external service provider and appointed Ms. WONG as the Company's company secretary since 1 April 2012.)

#### 高級管理層(續)

楊統先生,54歲,本集團上海味丹總經理,畢業於嶺東科技大學,自一九九四年起加入味丹企業集團,曾經擔任董事長特別助理等職務。彼亦為台灣味丹、越南味丹、上海味丹、廈門味丹(前稱廈門茂泰)及High Capital Investments Limited之董事。楊統先生於國際貿易、行銷業務及經營管理方面擁有完整的資歷,累積約31年工作經驗。

楊孟達先生,50歲,本集團台灣分公司副總經理,負責該公司財務、業務及行政管理各方面之督導。楊孟達先生畢業於國立台灣大學,得土木工程系學士學位,並於美國賓州州立大學獲得土木工程碩士學位。楊孟達先生亦為味丹越南、上海味丹及廈門味丹之董事。楊孟達先生於二零零一年加入台灣味丹,曾任消費品事業部、國際貿易部及財務部主管,期間逐步調升為本集團台灣分公司高階管理者。楊孟達先生在食品製造業各部門歷練完整,擁有23年管理經驗。

#### 公司秘書

黃慧兒女士,48歲,現為卓佳專業商務有限公司(「卓佳」)企業服務部董事。卓佳是全球性的專業服務公司,為客戶提供商務、企業及投資者綜合服務。黃女士於企業服務範疇擁有逾25年經驗,一直為香港上市公司,以及跨國公司、私人公司及離岸公司提供專業的企業服務公司、黃女士為特許管治專業人員及香港公司治理公會發出的執業者認明。(註:本公司聘用卓佳為外聘服務機構及自二零一二年四月一日起委任黃女士為本公司的公司秘書。)

#### 企業管治報告



The Group always believes that high-level corporate governance standards and a sound and efficient board of directors are the crucial foundation for the assurance of the Company's effective operation and sustainable development. In addition to mitigating operational risks, pursuing performance excellence and enhancement of the shareholders' interests by making significant efforts through continuous improvement of the corporate governance and internal monitoring system, we also fulfill the environmental and social responsibility of the Group in the ordinary course of business, which has become a power for the advancement of society.

本集團一直相信高水平的企業管治標準及健全有效率的董事會,是確保公司有效營運、邁向持續發展的重要基礎。我們透過持續改善企業管治及內部監控系統,努力降低營運風險、追求集團最佳經營績效並提升股東權益之外,也承擔企業對環境與社會的責任,並落實於日常營運中,成為社會向上提升的助力。

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CULTURE AND PURPOSE/ VALUE/STRATEGY

# The Company is committed to ensuring that its affairs are conducted in accordance with high ethical standards. This reflects its belief that, in the achievement of its long-term objectives, it is imperative to act with probity, transparency and accountability. By so acting, the Company believes that shareholder wealth will be maximised in the long term and that its employees, those with whom it does business and the communities in which it operates will all benefit.

Corporate governance is the process by which the Board instructs management of the Group to conduct its affairs with a view to ensuring that its objectives are met. The Board is committed to maintaining and developing robust corporate governance practices that are intended to ensure:

- satisfactory and sustainable returns to shareholders;
- that the interests of those who deal with the Company are safeguarded;
- that overall business risk is understood and managed appropriately;
- the delivery of high-quality products and services to the satisfaction of customers; and
- that high standards of ethics are maintained.

#### 企業管治文化及宗旨/價值/戰略

本公司致力確保經營業務時恪守高尚的職業操守。這反映我們相信要實現長遠的業務目標,必須以誠實、透明和負責任的態度行事。本公司相信如此行事可為股東取得長遠及最大的回報,而僱員、業務夥伴及公司營運業務的社區亦可受惠。

企業管治是董事會指導本集團管理層如何營運業務以達到業務目標的過程。董事會致力維持及建立完善的企業管治常規,以確保:

- 為股東帶來滿意及可持續的回報;
- 保障與本公司有業務往來者的利益;
- 一 了解並適當地管理整體業務風險;
- 提供令顧客滿意的高質素產品與服務;及
- 維持崇高的商業道德標準。

#### 企業管治報告

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

The Company's corporate governance practices are disclosed based on the principles as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix C1 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange"). The Group commits to maintaining and ensuring a high level of corporate governance standards and continuously reviews and improves our corporate governance and internal controls practices, and the Board endeavors to take the necessary actions to ensure the compliance with the provisions of the CG Code introduced by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

Save and except for code provision F.2.2 as set out below, the Company has complied with the provisions of the CG Code as set out in Appendix C1 of the Listing Rules of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange during the reporting period:

In respect of code provision F.2.2 of the CG Code, the chairman of the board should attend the annual general meeting. Mr. YANG, Tou-Hsiung, the Chairman of the Board was not able to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 23 May 2023 due to business commitments.

## DISTINCTIVE ROLE OF CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER ("CEO")

The positions of Chairman of the Board and CEO are held by Mr. YANG, Tou-Hsiung and Mr. YANG, Kun-Hsiang respectively. The Chairman of the Board is responsible for leading the Board in establishing and monitoring the implementation of strategies and plans to create values for shareholders.

The CEO is responsible for managing the operation of the Group's businesses, proposing strategies to the Board and the effective implementation of the strategies and policies adopted by the Board.

#### **THE BOARD**

The Company is headed by an effective Board which assumes responsibility for its leadership and control and be collectively responsible for promoting the Company's success by directing and supervising the Company's affairs. Directors take decisions objectively in the best interests of the Company.

#### 企業管治常規

本公司企業管治常規乃依據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「香港聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄C1所載《企業管治守則》之原則進行披露。本集團一直致力確保企業管治標準維持於高水平,並持續檢討及改善企業管治及內部監控常規,而董事會將竭力採取所需措施,以確保遵守香港聯交所頒佈之《企業管治守則》條文。

除下文所述之守則條文F.2.2條外,於報告期間,本公司已遵守香港聯交所上市規則附錄C1 所載之《企業管治守則》的條文:

就《企業管治守則》之守則條文F.2.2條,董事會主席應出席股東週年大會。董事會主席楊頭雄先生因業務關係未克出席本公司於二零二三年五月二十三日舉行之股東週年大會。

#### 主席及行政總裁的分工

董事會主席及行政總裁分別由楊頭雄先生及楊坤祥先生擔任。董事會主席負責領導董事會制訂及監控業務策略與計劃的推行,務求為股東締造更高的企業價值。

行政總裁負責管理集團業務運作、向董事會提 呈策略方針,以及落實推行獲董事會採納的策 略及政策。

#### 董事會

本公司由一個具有效率的董事會領導,而董事 會負有領導及監控的責任,並集體負責指導並 監督其事務以促使本公司成功。董事應客觀行 事,所作決策須符合本公司最佳利益。

#### 企業管治報告



The Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business and regularly reviews the contribution required from a Director to perform his responsibilities to the Company and whether the Director is spending sufficient time performing them that are commensurate with their role and the Board responsibilities. The Board includes a balanced composition of Executive Directors and Non-executive Directors (including Independent Non-executive Directors) so that there is a strong independent element on the Board, which can effectively exercise independent judgement.

本公司已制定董事會多元化政策,以確保董事會實現技能、經驗和觀點多元化之間的平衡,滿足本公司的業務要求及定期檢討董事履行對本公司職責所需貢獻,以及董事是否投入足夠時間履行與其角色及董事會責任相稱的職責。董事會中執行董事與非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)的組合均衡,以使董事會有強大的獨立元素,能夠有效地作出獨立判斷。

The Directors during the year under review and up to the date of this report are:

於回顧年度及截至本報告日期在任的董事如 下:

#### **Executive Directors**

YANG, Tou-Hsiung (Chairman)
YANG, Cheng
YANG, Kun-Hsiang (Chief Executive Officer)
YANG, Chen-Wen
YANG, Kun-Chou

## Non-executive Directors

HUANG, Ching-Jung CHOU, Szu-Cheng

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

CHAO, Pei-Hong KO, Jim-Chen CHEN, Joen-Ray HUANG, Chung-Fong

The biographical information of the Directors is set out in the section headed "Profile of Directors, Senior Management and Company Secretary" on pages 32 to 36 of this Annual Report. The relationships between the Directors are disclosed in the respective Director's biography under the section "Profile of Directors, Senior Management and Company Secretary" on pages 32 to 36 of this Annual Report. Save as disclosed above, there is no relationships (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship(s)) between the Board members.

#### 執行董事

楊頭雄 *(主席)* 楊 正 楊坤祥 *(行政總裁)* 楊辰文 楊坤洲

#### 非執行董事

黄景榮 周賜程

#### 獨立非執行董事

趙培宏 柯俊忠 黃鐘鋒

各董事的履歷資料載於本年度報告第32至36頁之「董事、高級管理層及公司秘書簡介」一節。各董事之間關係披露於本年度報告第32至36頁之「董事、高級管理層及公司秘書簡介」一節項下各董事之履歷中。除上文所披露者外,董事會成員之間並無任何關係(包括財務、業務、家族或其他重大/相關關係)。

#### 企業管治報告

The INEDs are considered by the Board to be independent of the management and free of any relationship that could materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgments. The Board considered that each of the INEDs brings his own relevant expertise to the Board and its deliberations. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three INEDs with one of whom possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise and the requirement of having sufficient number of INEDs representing one-third of the Board. None of the INEDs has any business or financial interests with the Group nor has any relationship with other directors and confirmed their independence to the Group.

The Company has established a Board Independence Evaluation Mechanism during the year which sets out the processes and procedures to ensure a strong independent element on the Board, which allows the Board effectively exercises independent judgment to better safeguard Shareholders' interests.

The objectives of the evaluation are to improve Board effectiveness, maximise strengths, and identify the areas that need improvement or further development. The evaluation process also clarifies what actions of the Company need to be taken to maintain and improve the Board performance, for instance, addressing individual training and development needs of each Director.

Pursuant to the Board Independence Evaluation Mechanism, the Board will conduct annual review on its independence. The Board Independence Evaluation Report will be presented to the Board which will collectively discuss the results and the action plan for improvement, if appropriate.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, all Directors has completed the independence evaluation individually. The Board Independence Evaluation Report was presented to the Board and the evaluation results were satisfactory.

於年內,本公司已制定董事會獨立性評估機制,其中載列了過程及程序以確保董事會有強大的獨立元素,能夠讓董事會有效地作出獨立 判斷以保護股東權益。

評估的目標是提高董事會的效率,最大限度地 發揮優勢,並確定需改進或進一步發展的領 域。評估過程亦闡明本公司需要採取的行動以 維持及提高董事會表現,例如處理每位董事的 個人培訓及發展需求。

根據董事會獨立性評估機制,董事會將就其獨立性進行年度審閱。董事會獨立性評估機制提呈予董事會以集體討論實施情況的結果及改進之行動計劃(如適用)。

於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,全體董事已完成各自的獨立性評估。董事會獨立 性評估報告已提呈予董事會且評估結果令人滿意。

#### 企業管治報告



During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Board reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Board Independence Evaluation Mechanism and the results were satisfactory.

The Board met regularly during the year. The Board's primary function is to set and review the overall strategic development of the Group and to oversee the achievement of the plans to enhance shareholders' value. Daily operational decisions are delegated to the Executive Directors. The Board met four times during the year. The NED and INEDs may take independent professional advice at the Group's expense in carrying out their functions.

#### **RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD**

The Board should assume responsibility for leadership and control of the Company; and is collectively responsible for directing and supervising the Company's affairs.

The Board directly, and indirectly through its committees, leads and provides direction to management by laying down strategies and overseeing their implementation, monitors the Group's operational and financial performance, and ensures that sound internal control and risk management systems are in place.

All Directors, including non-executive Director and independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning.

The independent non-executive Directors are responsible for ensuring a high standard of regulatory reporting of the Company and providing a balance in the Board for bringing effective independent judgment on corporate actions and operations.

All Directors have full and timely access to all the information of the Company and may, upon request, seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances for discharging their duties to the Company.

於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,董 事會已審閱董事會獨立性評估機制的實施情況 及有效性且結果令人滿意。

年內,董事會定期舉行會議。董事會的主要功能為制訂及檢討本集團的整體策略發展,以及監督業務計劃成效以提升股東價值。日常營運決策乃授予執行董事。年內,董事會舉行了四次會議。非執行董事及獨立非執行董事在執行彼等的職務時,可諮詢獨立專業人士的意見,費用概由本集團承擔。

#### 董事會職責

董事會負責領導及控制本公司;及集體負責指 導及監管本公司的事務。

董事會直接及間接透過其委員會帶領及指導管理層(包括制定戰略及監察管理層推行戰略)、 監督本集團營運及財務表現,以及確保設有良好的內部監控和風險管理制度。

全體董事(包括非執行董事及獨立非執行董事) 均為董事會帶來多種領域的寶貴業務經驗、知 識及專長,使其高效及有效地運作。

獨立非執行董事負責確保本公司具有高標準的 合規報告,並起平衡作用,使董事會在企業行 動及運營方面能夠作出有效的獨立判斷。

全體董事均可全面並及時獲得本公司所有資料,並可於要求時在適當情況下尋求獨立專業 意見,以向本公司履行其職責。

#### 企業管治報告

The Directors shall disclose to the Company details of other offices held by them.

The Board reserves for its decision all major matters relating to policy matters, strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of Directors and other significant operational matters of the Company. Responsibilities relating to implementing decisions of the Board, directing and co-ordinating the daily operation and management of the Company are delegated to the management.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Group has established an Audit Committee with written terms of reference as suggested under the former Code on Corporate Governance Practices as set out in Appendix C1 to the then Listing Rules. The relevant terms of reference was revised on 25 December 2018 to comply with the existing Listing Rule. The Audit Committee comprises Mr. CHAO, Pei-Hong, Mr. KO, Jim-Chen, Mr. CHEN, Joen-Ray and Mr. HUANG, Chung-Fong, all Independent Non-executive Directors. The chairman of the Audit Committee is Mr. CHAO, Pei-Hong. Each member brings to the Committee his valuable experience in reviewing financial statements and evaluating significant control and financial issues of the Group who among themselves possess a wealth of management experience in the accounting profession, commercial and legal sectors.

The main duties of the Audit Committee are to assist the Board in reviewing the financial information and reporting process, internal control procedures and risk management system, audit plan and relationship with external auditors, and arrangements to enable employees of the Company to raise, in confidence, concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters of the Company.

The Audit Committee held two meetings to review interim and annual financial results and reports in respect of the year ended 31 December 2023 and significant issues on the financial reporting and compliance procedures, internal control and risk management systems, scope of work and appointment of external auditors, connected transactions and arrangements for employees to raise, in confidence, concerns about possible improprieties.

董事須向本公司披露彼等擔任的其他職務的詳 情。

董事會負責決定所有重要事宜,當中涉及政策事宜、策略及預算、內部監控及風險管理、重大交易(特別是或會涉及利益衝突者)、財務資料、委任董事及本公司其他重大營運事宜。有關執行董事會決策、指導及協調本公司日常營運及管理的職責轉授予管理層。

#### 審計委員會

本集團已成立審計委員會,並按照當時上市規則附錄C1所載的前企業管治常規守則的建議以書面釐定其職權。有關之職權已於2018年12月25日作出修改以符合現時之上市規則。審計委員會成員包括所有獨立非執行董事,包括趙培宏先生、柯俊禎先生、陳忠瑞先生及黃鐘生先生。審計委員會的主席為趙培宏先生。每位成員為委員會貢獻其寶貴的經驗,審核財務事宜。彼等均於會計專業、商界和法律界擁有豐富的管理經驗。

審計委員會的主要職責為協助董事會審閱財務 資料及申報程序、內部監控程序及風險管理制 度、審核計劃及與外聘核數師的關係,以及檢 討安排,使本公司僱員可以隱密方式關注本公 司財務申報、內部監控或其他方面的可能不當 行為。

審計委員會共舉行了兩次會議,以審閱中期及截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的年度財務業績及報告,以及有關財務申報及合規程序、內部監控及風險管理制度、外聘核數師的工作範圍及委聘、關連交易的重大事宜,以及可使僱員以隱密方式關注可能不當行為的安排。

#### 企業管治報告



#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Remuneration Committee comprises Mr. KO, Jim-Chen, Mr. CHAO Pei-Hong, Mr. CHEN, Joen-Ray, the Independent Non-executive Directors, and Mr. HUANG, Ching-Jung, the Non-executive Director. The Chairman of the Remuneration Committee is Mr. KO, Jim-Chen.

The primary functions of the Remuneration Committee include determining/reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual Executive Directors and senior management, the remuneration policy and structure for all directors and senior management; and establishing transparent procedures for developing such remuneration policy and structure to ensure that no director or any of his/her associates will participate in deciding his/her own remuneration.

The Remuneration Committee met once to review and make recommendation to the Board on the remuneration policy and structure of the Company, and the remuneration packages of the Executive Directors and senior management and other related matters.

The remuneration of the senior management (excluding Executive Directors) of the Company, whose biographical details are included in section headed "Profile of Directors, Senior Management and Company Secretary" on pages 32 to 36 of this Annual Report, during the year falls within the following band:

#### 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會成員包括獨立非執行董事柯俊禎先生、趙培宏先生、陳忠瑞先生及非執行董事黃景榮先生。薪酬委員會的主席為柯俊禎先生。

薪酬委員會的主要職責包括釐定/檢討個別執行董事及高級管理人員的薪酬待遇、全體董事及高級管理人員的薪酬政策及架構並就此向董事會提供推薦意見;及設立透明程序以制定薪酬政策及架構,從而確保概無董事或任何彼等的聯繫人士可參與釐定其本身的薪酬。

薪酬委員會已舉行一次會議,以審閱本公司薪酬政策及架構,以及執行董事及高級管理人員的薪酬待遇及其他相關事宜,並就此向董事會提供推薦意見。

本公司高級管理人員(執行董事除外)(其履歷詳情載於本年度報告第32至36頁之「董事、高級管理層及公司秘書簡介」一節)在本年度的薪酬按組別載列如下:

Number of

Remuneration (US\$)	薪酬(美元)	Individuals 人數
0 to 200,000	0至200,000	6
Total	總計	6

The Company's remuneration policy is to ensure that the remuneration offered to employees, including Directors and senior management, is based on skill, knowledge, responsibilities and involvement in the Company's affairs. The remuneration packages of Executive Directors are also determined with reference to the Company's performance and profitability, the prevailing market conditions and the performance or contribution of each Executive Director. The remuneration for the Executive Directors comprises Director's fees/salary, discretionary bonus and allowances. The remuneration policy for Non-Executive Directors and Independent Non-executive Directors is to ensure that Non-Executive Directors and Independent Non-executive Directors are adequately compensated for their efforts and time dedicated to the Company's affairs, including their participation in Board committees. The remuneration for the Non-Executive Directors and Independent Non-executive Directors mainly comprises Director's fee and allowances which is determined with reference to their duties and responsibilities by the Board. Individual Directors and senior management have not been involved in deciding their own remuneration.

本公司的薪酬政策確保提供給員工(包括董事及高級管理層)的薪酬乃基於技能、知識、責任及對公司事務的參與。執行董事的薪酬待遇功、當時的市況及各執行董事的表現或貢獻釐定。執行董事的薪酬包括董事袍金/薪金、酌情花紅及津貼。非執行董事及獨立非執行董事為本公司事會的新聞主要包括董事袍金及津貼,由董事的薪酬主要包括董事袍金及津貼,由董會參照其職責及責任釐定。個人董事及高級管理層不參與決定彼等自身的薪酬。

#### 企業管治報告

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

The Nomination Committee comprises Mr. YANG, Tou-Hsiung, the Executive Director, Mr. CHAO, Pei-Hong, Mr. KO, Jim-Chen and Mr. CHEN, Joen-Ray, the Independent Non-executive Directors. The Chairman of the Nomination Committee is Mr. YANG, Tou-Hsiung.

The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the Board composition, developing and formulating relevant procedures for the nomination and appointment of directors, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and succession planning of directors, reviewing the board diversity policy ("Board Diversity Policy") and the Director Nomination Policy and assessing the independence of the Independent Non-executive Directors.

The Board adopted the Board Diversity Policy in accordance with the requirement set out in the CG Code. Such policy aims to set out the approach towards achieving diversity on the Board.

In assessing the Board composition and recommending candidates of directors to the Board, the Nomination Committee would consider a number of perspectives as set out in the Board Diversity Policy, including but not limited to skills, regional and professional experience, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, gender and other characteristics.

In identifying and selecting suitable candidates for directorships, the Nomination Committee would consider the candidate's relevant criteria as set out in the Director Nomination Policy that are necessary to complement the corporate strategy and achieve Board diversity, where appropriate, before making recommendation to the Board.

The Nomination Committee met once to review the structure, size and composition of the Board and the independence of the Independent Non-executive Directors, to consider the qualifications of the retiring directors standing for re-election at the Annual General Meeting and to review the Board Diversity Policy and Director Nomination Policy.

#### 提名委員會

提名委員會成員包括執行董事楊頭雄先生、獨 立非執行董事趙培宏先生、柯俊禎先生及陳忠 瑞先生。提名委員會的主席為楊頭雄先生。

提名委員會的主要職責包括檢討董事會的組成、制定及擬定提名及委任董事的相關程序、就董事委任及繼任計劃向董事會提供推薦意見,檢討董事會成員多元化政策及董事提名政策,以及評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性。

董事會已按《企業管治守則》之要求採納董事會 成員多元化政策。有關政策旨在列明達致董事 會多元化的方法。

於檢討董事會的組成及就董事候選人提供建議予董事會的時候,提名委員會將考慮多個列明於董事會成員多元化政策的因素,包括(但不限於)技能、地區、專業經驗、文化與教育背景、族裔、性別及其他特質。

於物色及挑選合適董事人選時,提名委員會於 向董事會作出推薦建議前,將考慮董事提名 政策所載的配合企業策略及達致董事會多元化 (倘合適)所需的候選人相關標準。

提名委員會已舉行一次會議,以檢討董事會的 架構、規模及組成以及獨立非執行董事的獨立 性、考慮於股東周年大會上重選的退任董事的 資格以及檢討董事會成員多元化政策及董事提 名政策。

#### 企業管治報告



Pursuant to the Board Diversity Policy, the Nomination Committee reviews regularly the structure, size and composition of the Board and where appropriate, make recommendations on changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy and to ensure that the Board maintains a balanced diverse profile.

根據董事會成員多元化政策,提名委員會定期檢討董事會架構、人數及組成及就董事會變動提出推薦建議(如適用),以補充本公司的企業策略及確保董事會維持平衡及多元化的組合。

The Company aims to maintain an appropriate balance of diversity perspectives that are relevant to the Company's business growth and is also committed to ensuring that recruitment and selection practices at all levels (from the Board downwards) are appropriately structured so that a diverse range of candidates are considered.

本公司旨在就本公司的業務增長維持適當平衡 的多元化觀點,同時亦致力確保由董事會及其 他各級員工的招聘及甄選常規具備適當架構, 以便能招徠多元背景的人選供本公司考慮。

The Board will consider setting measurable objectives to implement the Board Diversity Policy and review such objectives from time to time to ensure their appropriateness and ascertain the progress made towards achieving those objectives. 董事會將考慮制定可計量目標以實行董事會多元化政策,並不時檢討該等目標,以確保其合適性及確定達致該等目標的進度。

For the purpose of implementation of the Board Diversity Policy, the following measurable objectives were adopted:

為落實董事會多元化政策,以下可計量目標已 獲採納:

- (A) at least 1 of member of the Board shall be female;
- (A) 至少一名董事會成員須為女性;
- (B) at least 55% of the members of the Board shall be non-executive Directors or independent non-executive Directors;
- (B) 至少55%董事會成員為非執行董事或獨 立非執行董事;
- (C) at least one-third of the members of the Board shall be independent non-executive Directors;
- (C) 至少三分之一董事會成員為獨立非執行 董事;
- (D) at least one of the members of the Board shall have obtained accounting or other professional qualifications;
- (D) 至少一名董事會成員已取得會計或相關 財務管理專業知識;
- (E) at least 27% of the members of the Board shall have more than 23 years of experience in the industry he/she is specialised in; and
- (E) 至少有27%董事會成員擁有23年以上的 其所專攻的行業經驗;及
- (F) at least 36% of the members of the Board shall have Chinarelated work experience.
- (F) 至少有36%董事會成員擁有於中國的工作經驗。

The Board of Directors will continue improving the diversity goals of the Board. And The Board of Directors will progress of identifying suitable female professionals for appointment to the Board on merit against objective criteria by 31 December 2024. 董事會將持續致力於改善董事會多元化目標。 董事會並希望於二零二四年十二月三十一日前 根據客觀標準委任合適的女性專業人士為董事 會成員。

#### 企業管治報告

#### **Gender Diversity**

The Company values gender diversity across all levels of the Group. The following table sets out the gender ratio in the workforce of the Group, including the Board and senior management as at the date of this Annual Report:

#### 性別多元化

本公司重視本集團各個層級的性別多元化。下 表所載截至本年度報告日期本集團員工(包括 董事及高級管理層)的性別比率:

		Female 女性	Male 男性
Board	董事會	0% (0)	100% (11)
Senior management	高級管理層	27% (34)	73% (93)
Other employees	其他員工	20% (754)	80% (3064)

Up to the date of this Annual Report, the Nomination Committee is in progress of identifying suitable female candidate(s) for appointment to the Board on merit against objective criteria.

The Board of Directors plans to achieve at least 8% (1) female director members by end of 31 December 2024. The Board believes that the current gender diversity of female senior management and female employees of the Group is reasonable and appropriate. The Group will continue to create a workplace environment with equal employment opportunities for female.

Details on the gender ratio of the Group together with relevant data can be found in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report on page 71 of this Annual Report. 直至本年度報告日期<sup>,</sup>提名委員會正根據客觀標準物色合適的女性候選人以獲委任為董事會。

董事會計劃於二零二四年十二月三十一日前實現至少8%(1名)女性董事成員。董事會認為本集團目前女性高級管理層及女性員工的性別多元化是合理且適任的,集團也將持續營造女性就業平等之職場環境。

本集團性別比例及相關數據的詳情載於本年度報告第71頁的的環境、社會及管治報告。

#### 企業管治報告



The Board has delegated its responsibilities and authority for selection and appointment of Directors to the Nomination Committee of the Company.

董事會已轉授其職能及授權予本公司提名委員 會,以甄選及委任董事。

The Company has adopted a Director Nomination Policy which sets out the selection criteria and nomination process and the Board succession planning considerations in relation to nomination and appointment of Directors of the Company and aims to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the Company and the continuity of the Board and appropriate leadership at Board level.

本公司已採納董事提名政策,該政策載列有關 提名及委任本公司董事之甄選標準及提名程序 以及董事會的繼任規劃考慮因素,旨在確保董 事會就本公司而言在技巧、經驗及觀點多樣性 方面達致合適的平衡,及確保董事會的持續性 及維持合適的領導角色。

The nomination process set out in the Director Nomination Policy is as follows:

載於董事提名政策的提名程序如下:

#### **Appointment of New Director**

- The Nomination Committee and/or the Board may select candidates for directorship from various channels, including but not limited to internal promotion, re-designation, referral by other member of the management and external recruitment agents.
- The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should, upon receipt of the proposal on appointment of new Director and the biographical information (or relevant details) of the candidate, evaluate such candidate based on the criteria as set out above to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship.
- (iii) If the process yields one or more desirable candidates, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board should rank them by order of preference based on the needs of the Company and reference check of each candidate (where applicable).
- The Nomination Committee should then recommend to the Board to appoint the appropriate candidate for directorship, as applicable.
- For any person that is nominated by a Shareholder for election as a Director at the general meeting of the Company, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board should evaluate such candidate based on the criteria as set out above to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship.

Where appropriate, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board should make recommendation to Shareholders in respect of the proposed election of Director at the general meeting.

#### 委任新董事

- 提名委員會及/或董事會可經各種不同 途徑招攬董事人選,包括但不限於內部晉 升、調職、經管理層其他成員引薦及外部 招聘代理推薦。
- 提名委員會及/或董事會應在收到委任 (ii) 新董事的建議及候選人的履歷資料(或 相關詳情)後,依據上述準則評估該候選 人,以決定該候選人是否合資格擔任董 事。
- 如有關流程產生一名或多名理想候選 人,提名委員會及/或董事會應根據本 公司需要及每名候選人的背景調查(如適 用)按優先順序對其進行排名。
- 提名委員會隨後應建議董事會委任合適 的候選人擔任董事職務(如適用)。
- 對於任何由股東提名於本公司股東大會 (v) 參選董事之人士,提名委員會及/或董 事會應根據上述標準對該候選人進行評 估,以確定該候選人是否合資格擔任董事 職務。

在適當情況下,提名委員會及/或董事會應就 有關於股東大會上建議選舉董事向股東提出建 議。

#### 企業管治報告

#### Re-election of Director at General Meeting

- (i) The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should review the overall contribution and service to the Company of the retiring Director and the level of participation and performance on the Board.
- (ii) The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should also review and determine whether the retiring Director continues to meet the criteria as set out above.
- (iii) The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should then make recommendation to Shareholders in respect of the proposed reelection of Director at the general meeting.

Where the Board proposes a resolution to elect or re-elect a candidate as Director at the general meeting, the relevant information of the candidate will be disclosed in the circular to Shareholders and/or explanatory statement accompanying the notice of the relevant general meeting in accordance with the Listing Rules and/or applicable laws and regulations.

The Director Nomination Policy sets out the criteria for assessing the suitability and the potential contribution to the Board of a proposed candidate, including but not limited to the following:

- Character and integrity;
- Qualifications including professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy;
- Diversity in all aspects, including but not limited to gender, age (18 year-old or above), cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service;
- Requirements of Independent Non-executive Directors on the Board and independence of the proposed Independent Nonexecutive Directors in accordance with the Listing Rules; and
- Commitment in respect of available time and relevant interest to discharge duties as a member of the Board and/or Board committee(s) of the Company.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, there was no change in the composition of the Board.

The Nomination Committee will review the Director Nomination Policy, as appropriate, to ensure its effectiveness.

#### 於股東大會重選董事

- (i) 提名委員會及/或董事會應檢討退任董 事對本公司的整體貢獻及服務,以及彼於 董事會的參與程度和表現。
- (ii) 提名委員會及/或董事會亦應檢討並確 定退任董事是否持續符合上述標準。
- (iii) 提名委員會及/或董事會隨後應就有關 於股東大會上建議重選董事向股東提出 建議。

如董事會於股東大會上提呈選舉或重選候選人 為董事的決議案,該候選人的有關資料將根據 上市規則及/或適用法律及法規於隨附有關股 東大會通告的致股東通函及/或說明函件中披 露。

董事提名政策載列建議候選人是否適合董事會 及對董事會的潛在貢獻之標準,包括但不限於:

- 品格及誠信;
- 資格,包括與本公司業務和企業策略相關的專業資格、技能、知識和經驗;
- 在各方面的多元性,包括但不限於性別、 年齡(18歲或以上)、文化及教育背景、種 族、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務任期;
- 董事會對獨立非執行董事的要求及建議 獨立非執行董事遵守上市規則的獨立性; 及
- 作為本公司董事會及/或董事會轄下委員會成員履行職責能夠投入的時間及相關利益。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,董事 會組成並無變動。

提名委員會將檢討董事提名政策(如適用)以確保其有效性。

#### 企業管治報告



#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS**

The Board is responsible for performing the functions set out in the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code. During the year, the Board reviewed the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the compliance with the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") and Written Employee Guidelines, and the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS**

The principal businesses of the Group are manufacturing, R&D and sales, of which the Group has not engaged in any high-risk and highleveraged investment. The members of the Board and the senior management have not engaged in any conduct of business which is beyond the risk acceptance level of the Company.

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for the risk management and internal control systems and reviewing their effectiveness. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board of the Group oversees the Company to establish an appropriate and effective risk management mechanism and internal control system. The Audit Committee of the Board assists the Board to oversee the management of existing or potential risks in the Company. The management of the Company constantly supervises risks and the implementation of the internal control system to guarantee its effectiveness.

According to the characteristics of the industry in which the Group operates, a designated internal audit department and personnel are set up and appointed in each operating region with an operating cycle of control customised for the regions to carry out regular audit based on an annual plan and professional division of labour. Analysis on the seriousness and deficiency rate of each operational risk will be made, the results of which will be promptly reported to the management of the Company and subsequent improvements will be followed up. In addition to the monthly submission of audit reports to the Audit Committee for review, the audit department also presents major audit findings to the Board for examinations by the members of the Board in order to effectively mitigate the operational risks of the Group.

#### 企業管治職能

董事會負責履行《企業管治守則》的守則條文A.2.1條所載的職能。於年內董事會檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規、董事及高級管理人員的培訓及持續專業發展、本公司在遵守法律及監管規定、遵守《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「《標準守則》」)及《僱員明文指引》以及遵守《企業管治守則》及環境、社會及管治報告的披露規定方面的政策及常規。

#### 風險管理與內部監控

本集團以製造、研發及銷售為本業,並無從事 任何高風險、高槓桿之投資,董事會成員及高 階管理層也並未從事逾越公司風險接受程度之 商業行為。

董事會確認其負責風險管理及內部控制系統以 及審閱其有效性。該等系統旨在管理而非消除 未能達成業務目標的風險,而且僅能就不會有 重大的失實陳述或損失作出合理而非絕對的保 證。

本集團董事會監督公司建立合適且有效的風險 管理機制及內部監控系統;董事會下轄之審計 委員會協助董事會監督公司存在或潛在之風險 管理;公司管理層持續監察風險及內部監控系 統的落實,以確保其有效性。

依集團產業特性,各營運區域均設有專責之內部稽核部門與人員,並訂定適地之循環控制作業,按年度計劃及專業分工定期稽核,分析各項營運風險之嚴重性及缺失頻率,即時送交公司管理層並追蹤後續改善情況。稽核部門除按月將稽核報告呈交予審計委員審核之外,同時也針對稽核重大發現於董事會中提報董事會成員檢討,以有效降低集團營運風險。

#### 企業管治報告

The major scopes of work of the risk management and internal controls of the Group are summarised as follows:

- Financial and financing cycle management Alleviate risks through stringent internal controls and legitimate taxation planning applicable locally, credit risk management and control, evaluation and prediction of factors attributing to financial crisis; regularly assess capital position in markets, changes in exchange rates and bank interest rates, and prudently manage the fund allocation of the Company.
- Sales and payment collection cycle management Oversee the
  due execution of the procedures in the sales business, including
  orders, credit provision, delivery, payment collection or refund
  and customer complaints so as to minimise the risks in relation
  to operating revenue.
- Procurement and payment cycle management Perform internal controls on operating procedures in relation to supplier management, purchase requisition, price negotiation, contracting, quality check for purchased products or product returns, verification on payment or purchase discounts in order to ensure the openness, fairness and incorruptibility of the procurement system.
- Investment cycle management The Group has established the "Investment Review Board" to rigourously evaluate midto-long-term investment or the subject matters of strategic alliance and to timely deal with investment projects.
- Information risk management Maintain the soundness of the information management system of the Company, manage and safeguard the security of network information and swiftly provide the management with effective information on operational management.
- Legal affairs, intellectual property rights and R&D cycle management – The legal affairs department of the Group collaborates with professional legal counsels to achieve risk mitigation, transfer or aversion and to secure law compliance by offering education, training and consultation in relation to indentures, product liabilities, legal disputes and litigation, patents, trademarks, intellectual property rights and other relevant matters.

本集團風險管理與內部監控主要範疇, 概舉如 下:

- 財務及融資循環管理一透過嚴謹的內部 管控與適地適法的稅務規劃、信用風險管 控及財務危機因子評估預測,以降低風 險。定期評估市場資金狀況,匯率變動與 銀行利率,審慎管理公司資金調度。
- 銷售及收款循環管理一監督銷售業務自 訂單、授信、運送、收款或退回及客訴等 程序之妥善執行,確保營收風險降至最 低。
- 採購及付款循環管理一針對供應商管理、 請購、比議價、發包、進貨品質檢驗或退 貨處理、核准付款或進貨折讓等作業程序 進行內控管理,確保採購系統公開公平不 衍弊端。
- 投資循環管理-集團設有「投資審議委員會」,嚴謹評估中長期投資或策略聯盟標的,適時處理投資項目。
- 資訊風險管理一維持公司資訊管理系統 健全、管控與防護網路資訊安全、提供管 理階層快速且有效的營運管理資訊。
- 法務、智權及研發循環管理一集團法務專責部門與專業法律顧問合作,對於各項契約、產品責任、法律糾紛及訴訟,專利、商標及其他智慧財產權等相關事項,提供教育訓練及諮詢,以降低、轉移或避免風險,並確實遵守法令。

#### 企業管治報告



- Environmental protection management for production cycle: Implement all environmental protection stipulations and plans in accordance with the local regulatory requirements of the operating regions; and establish special units to plan, execute, supervise and track all environmental protection measures in order to assure the fulfillment of environmental protection responsibility.
- 生產循環之環境保護管理:依據營運區域 當地法規要求,落實各項環境保護規定與 方案,並設專責單位計劃、執行、監管與 追蹤各項環境保護措施,以確保對環境保 護的責任。
- Occupational safety and hygiene management for production cycle – Conduct review and risk analysis on the detrimental level of abnormal environmental safety and hygiene incidents; and require the relevant departments of the plants to formulate improvement measures.
- 生產循環之職業安全衛生管理-針對環 安衛異常事故之危害程度進行檢討分析 風險,並要求廠區相關部門訂定改善措 施。

The main courses of study taken by finance personnel of the Group stationed in the plant site in Vietnam in 2023 are as follows:

本集團越南廠區財務人員於2023年主要進修情 形如下:

Date of Course 進修時間	Name of Course 課程名稱	Hour of Study 進修時數
2023/02/28	Vietnam Labor Law 越南國家勞動法	2
2023/04/17	Analysis of Important Indicators of Financial Reports 財務報告重要指標分析	4
2023/05/17	Foreign Exchange Management and Foreign Currency Payments and Collection 國家外匯管理及一般國外貨幣收付款作業	4
2023/07/24	Payment Methods For International Trade 國際貿易支付指引	4
2023/08/26	IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment Overview IAS 16準則-固定資產章節	4
2023/09/28	Managements For Customers Credit Limits 客戶授信額度管理辦法	4
2023/10/14	Managing Cash Receipts and Payments 現金收支管理辦法	4
2023/11/22	Accounting and Cashier Operation Directions 會計及出納作業說明	6
2023/11/25	Managing and Processing Invoice documents 發票管理辦法	2

The main courses of study taken by finance personnel of the Group stationed in the plant site in the PRC in 2023 are as follows:

本集團中國廠區財務人員於2023年主要進修情 形如下:

Date of Course 進修時間	Name of Course 課程名稱	Hour of Study 進修時數
Annual 全年度	Continuing Education on Accounting in Songjiang 松江區會計繼續教育	192
Annual 全年度	Continuing Education on Accounting in Xiamen 廈門區會計繼續教育	192
Annual 全年度	Continuing Education for Tax Accountant 稅務師繼續教育	96
2023/11/11	Description of National Tax Policy 國家稅收政策說明	4

#### 企業管治報告

During the year under review, all Directors have reviewed the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system of the Group, including the resources on accounting and financial reporting functions of the Company, the qualification and experience of staff members and the training programmes participated by the staff members and the relevant budgets. The Board considered the risk management and internal control systems of the Group are adequate and effective. The Group reviews its risk management and internal control system on annual basis in order to optimise its effectiveness and in turn heighten the overall corporate governance standard of the Group.

於回顧年度內,全體董事已審閱本集團風險管理及內部控制系統的成效,包括本公司會計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗、以及員工所接受的培訓計劃及預算等。董事會認為本集團的風險管理及內部監控系统足夠及有效。集團按年度基準檢討風險管理及內部監控系統,使其有效性更為完備,以提升集團整體企業管治水平。

The Company has in place the Whistleblowing Policy and system for employees of the Company and those who deal with the Company to raise concerns, in confidence and anonymity, with the Audit Committee about possible improprieties in any matters related to the Company.

本公司已制定舉報政策及系統,讓本公司僱員 及其他與本公司有往來者可向審計委員會就本 公司任何可能處理不當之事宜提出保密及匿名 舉報。

The Company has also in place the Anti-Corruption Policy to safeguard against corruption and bribery within the Company. The Company has an internal reporting channel that is open and available for employees of the Company to report any suspected corruption and bribery. Employees can also make anonymous reports to the internal audit function, which is responsible for investigating the reported incidents and taking appropriate measures. The Company continues to carry out anti-corruption and anti-bribery activities to cultivate a culture of integrity, and actively organizes anti-corruption training and inspections to ensure the effectiveness of anti-corruption and anti-bribery.

本公司亦制定反腐敗政策,以防止本公司內部 出現腐敗及賄賂行為。本公司有內部舉報渠 道,本公司僱員可舉報任何可疑的腐敗及賄賂 行為。僱員亦可向內部審計部門提出匿名舉 報,該部門負責調查所舉報的事件並採取適當 措施。本公司繼續開展反腐倡廉活動,培育廉 潔文化,並積極組織反腐敗培訓及檢查,確保 反腐倡廉的有效性。

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company had no non-compliance cases in relation to bribery and corruption.

於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司並無發生與賄賂及腐敗有關的違規案例。

#### 企業管治報告



#### **MEETINGS ATTENDANCE**

The attendance record of each Director at the Board meetings, the Board Committee meetings and the general meetings of the Company held during the year ended 31 December 2023 is set out in the table below:

#### 會議出席記錄

各董事於本公司於截至二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度舉行之董事會會議、董事會委 員會會議及股東大會的出席情況如下:

#### Attendance/Number of Meeting

出席率/會議次數

				山师十/ 自贼入数		
			Audit	Remuneration	Nomination	Annual General
		Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	Meeting
		董事會	審計委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會	股東周年大會
Executive Directors	執行董事					
YANG, Tou-Hsiung (Chairman)	楊頭雄 <i>(主席)</i>	4/4	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	1/1	0/1
YANG, Cheng	楊正	4/4	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	0/1
YANG, Kun-Hsiang (CEO)	楊坤祥 <i>(行政總裁)</i>	4/4	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	1/1
YANG, Chen-Wen	楊辰文	3/4	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	0/1
YANG, Kun-Chou	楊坤洲	4/4	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	0/1
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事					
HUANG, Ching-Jung	黃景榮	4/4	N/A不適用	1/1	N/A不適用	1/1
CHOU, Szu-Cheng	周賜程	4/4	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	0/1
Independent Non-executive	獨立非執行董事					
Directors						
CHAO, Pei-Hong	趙培宏	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
KO, Jim-Chen	柯俊禎	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	0/1
CHEN, Joen-Ray	陳忠瑞	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	0/1
HUANG, Chung-Fong	黃鐘鋒	4/4	2/2	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	0/1

Mr. YANG, Chen-Wen authorized Mr. Huang, Ching-Jung to exercise the voting right on the first board meeting.

附註:

楊辰文先生授權黃景榮先生於第三次董事會會議行 使表決權。

#### **DIRECTORS' TRAINING**

In respect of code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code, all Directors of the Company have developed and refreshed their knowledge and skills by reading books and articles relating to legal and regulatory updates.

Directors shall keep abreast of regulatory developments and changes in order to effectively perform their responsibilities and to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

Every newly appointed Director has received a formal and comprehensive induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and full awareness of Director's responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements.

#### 董事培訓

就《企業管治守則》的守則條文C.1.4條,本公司 全體董事均有透過閱讀有關法律及監管方面的 更新資料的書籍及文章以發展並更新其知識及 技能。

董事應緊隨了解最新的監管發展和變化,以有 效履行其職責,以確保其繼續在具備全面資訊 及切合所需的情況下對董事會作出貢獻。

每名新任董事均於首次獲委任時獲提供正式及 全面入職培訓,確保新董事可適當掌握本公司 業務及營運,並充分明白上市規則及相關法規 下其須承擔之董事職責及責任。

#### 企業管治報告

Directors should participate in appropriate continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills.

The training records of the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2023 are summarized as follows:

董事應參與適當的持續專業發展,發展並更新 其知識及技能。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,董事 培訓記錄摘要如下:

Directors	Type of Training Note	董事	培訓類型 <sup>附註</sup>
Executive Directors		執行董事	
YANG, Tou-Hsiung	A&B	楊頭雄	A&B
YANG, Cheng	A&B	楊 正	A&B
YANG, Kun-Hsiang	A&B	楊坤祥	A&B
YANG, Chen-Wen	A&B	楊辰文	A&B
YANG, Kun-Chou	A&B	楊坤洲	A&B
Non-executive Directors		非執行董事	
HUANG, Ching-Jung	A&B	黃景榮	A&B
CHOU, Szu-Cheng	A&B	周賜程	A&B
Independent Non-executive Directors		獨立非執行董事	
CHAO, Pei-Hong	A&B	趙培宏	A&B
KO, Jim-Chen	A&B	柯俊禎	A&B
CHEN, Joen-Ray	A&B	陳忠瑞	A&B
HUANG, Chung-Fong	A&B	黃鐘鋒	A&B
Note:		附註:	

Types of Training

- Attending training sessions, including but not limited to briefings, seminars, conferences and workshops
- B: Reading relevant news alerts, newspapers, journals, magazines and relevant publications

培訓類型

議和工作坊

出席培訓課程,包括但不限於簡報、研討會、會

B: 閱讀相關新聞重點、報紙、期刊、雜誌及相關刊 物

#### INDEPENDENCE CONFIRMATION

The Company has received, from each of the Independent Nonexecutive Directors, a confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the Independent Non-executive Directors are independent.

## **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

The Non-executive Directors (including Independent Non-executive Directors) are appointed for a specific term of three years, subject to renewal after the expiry of the current term.

Code provision B.2.2 states that every director, including those appointed for a specific term, shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Each of the Non-Executive Directors of the Company is subject to retirement by rotation once every three years.

#### 獨立確認

根據上市規則第3.13條,本公司獲得各獨立非 執行董事確認其獨立性。本公司認為所有獨立 非執行董事均是獨立的。

#### 非執行董事

非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)之特定委任 年期約為3年,並須於現有期限屆滿後重續。

企業管治守則之守則條文B.2.2條訂明,每名董 事(包括以特定任期委任的董事)最少須每三年 輪值退任一次。本公司各非執行董事須每三年 輪值退任一次。

#### 企業管治報告



## COMPLIANCE WITH MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules on terms no less exacting than the Model Code as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules.

Specific enquiry has been made of all the Directors and the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2023.

#### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

The Audit Committee of the Company is responsible for considering the appointment of the external auditor and reviewing any non-audit functions performed by the external auditor. During the year under review, the Group is required to pay approximately US\$345,000 and US\$5,000 to the external auditor for their audit and non-audit services, respectively.

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ACCOUNTS**

The Directors of the Company acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the Company's accounts for the year ended 31 December 2023. The reporting responsibilities of the independent auditor of the Company on the financial statements are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 118 to 124.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. WONG, Wai Yee, Ella of Tricor Services Limited, external service provider, has been engaged by the Company as its company secretary. Its primary contact person at the Company is Mr. NI, Chih-Hao, Chief Financial Officer of the Company.

Ms. WONG has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training for the year ended 31 December 2023.

#### **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

During the year under review, the Company has amended its Articles of Association. Details of the amendments are set out in the circular dated 21 April 2023 to the Shareholders. An up to date version of the Company's Articles of Association is also available on the Company's website and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's website.

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHT TO CONVENE AND PUT FORWARD PROPOSALS AT EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

To safeguard shareholder interests and rights, a separate resolution is proposed for each substantially separate issue at shareholders' meetings, including the election of individual directors. All resolutions put forward at shareholders' meetings will be voted on by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange after each shareholders' meeting.

#### 遵守證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載的《標準守則》,其中之條款不比上市規則附錄C3所載的《標準守則》寬鬆。

本公司已向所有董事作具體查詢,所有董事亦已確認,彼等於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止整個年度一直遵守《標準守則》。

#### 核數師薪酬

本公司審計委員會負責考慮委任外聘核數師及審核外聘核數師所進行之任何非核數之職能。 於回顧年度內,本集團需就外聘核數師提供之 服務(包括核數及非核數服務)向其支付分別約 345,000美元及5,000美元。

#### 董事對賬目之責任

本公司各董事承認其有編製本公司截至二零 二三年十二月三十一日止年度賬目的責任。有 關本公司的獨立核數師於財務報表的報告責任 已載於第118至124頁的獨立核數師報告。

#### 公司秘書

本公司已委聘卓佳專業商務有限公司(外聘服務機構)的黃慧兒女士出任公司秘書。其於本公司的主要聯絡人為本公司財務總監倪志豪先生。

於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,黃 女士已完成不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

#### 憲章文件

於回顧年度內,本公司修訂組織章程細則。修 訂詳情載於日期為二零二三年四月二十一日致 股東之通函。本公司最新版本的組織章程細則 登載於本公司網站及香港聯交所網站。

#### 股東召開股東特別大會及於會上提出議案 的權利

為保障股東的利益及權利,於股東大會上,每項重大事宜(包括選舉個別董事)均會以一項獨立決議案提呈。根據上市規則,所有提呈股東大會的決議案將以按股數投票方式表決,而投票表決結果將於每次股東大會後刊載於本公司及香港聯交所網站。

#### 企業管治報告

Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association, shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

根據本公司組織章程細則,於遞呈要求日期時 持有不少於本公司繳足股本(賦有於本公司繳足股 東大會上之表決權)十分之一的股東於任何 候均有權透過向本公司董事會或秘書發出書面 要求,要求董事會召開股東特別大會,以處應 類要求中指明的任何事項;且有關大會,會 遞呈該要求後兩個月內舉行。倘董事會未就 遞呈要求後二十一日內召開有關大會,則,而 是要求的人士因董事會未有召開大會而合理是 生的所有開支應由本公司向遞呈要求的人士作 出補償。

For putting forward any enquiries to the Board of the Company, shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company.

The Company has adopted a Dividend Policy on payment of dividends. The Company do not have any pre-determined dividend payout ratio. Depending on the financial conditions of the Group and the conditions and factors as set out in the Dividend Policy, dividends may be proposed and/or declared by the Board during a financial year and any final dividend for a financial year will be subject to the shareholders' approval.

如要向本公司董事會提出任何查詢,股東可以 書面方式向本公司提出。

本公司已就派付股息採納股息政策。本公司並無預設派息率。根據本集團財政狀況及在股息政策中規定的其他條件和因素,董事會可在財政年度期間建議及/或宣派股息,惟年度末期股息須獲本公司股東批准。

#### **CONTACT DETAILS**

Fax:

Shareholders may send their enquiries or requests as mentioned above to the following:

Address: 5/F, Manulife Place, 348 Kwun Tong Road,

Kowloon, Hong Kong

(with attention to Ms. WONG, Wai Yee, Ella,

Company Secretary) (852) 2528 3158

Email: vdi@vedaninternational.com

For the avoidance of doubt, shareholder(s) must deposit and send the original duly signed written requisition, notice or statement, or enquiry (as the case may be) to the above address and provide their full name, contact details and identification in order to give effect thereto. Shareholders' information may be disclosed as required by law.

#### 聯絡資料

股東可將上述查詢或要求郵寄或發送至:

地址: 香港九龍觀塘道348號宏利廣場5樓 (註明公司秘書黃慧兒女士收)

傳真: (852) 2528 3158

電郵: vdi@vedaninternational.com

為免混淆,股東必須將已妥為簽署的書面要求、通知或聲明或查詢(視情況而定)的正本送達或發送至上述地址,並提供彼等的全名、聯絡資料及身份證明,上述各項方告有效。本公司可能會按照法律規定披露股東資料。

#### 企業管治報告



## COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

The Company considers that effective communication with Shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investor understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. The Company is endeavours to maintain an on-going dialogue with Shareholders and in particular, through annual general meetings and other general meetings. At the annual general meeting, Directors (or their delegates as appropriate) are available to meet Shareholders and answer their enquiries.

#### **SHAREHOLDERS' COMMUNICATION POLICY**

The Company has in place a Shareholders' Communication Policy. The policy aims at promoting effective communication with Shareholders and other stakeholders, encouraging Shareholders to engage actively with the Company and enabling Shareholders to exercise their rights as Shareholders effectively. The Board reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders' Communication Policy and the results were satisfactory.

The Company has established a number of channels for maintaining an on-going dialogue with its Shareholders as follows:

#### (a) Corporate Communication

"Corporate Communication" as defined under the Listing Rules refers to any document issued or to be issued by the Company for the information or action of holders of any of its securities, including but not limited to the following documents of the Company: (a) the Directors' report, annual accounts together with a copy of the auditor's report and, where applicable, its summary financial report; (b) the interim report and, where applicable, its summary interim report; (c) a notice of meeting; (d) a listing document; (e) a circular; and (f) a proxy form. The Corporate Communication of the Company will be published on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's website (www.hkex.com.hk) in a timely manner as required by the Listing Rules. Corporate Communication will be provided to Shareholders and non-registered holders of the Company's securities in both English and Chinese versions or where permitted, in a single language, in a timely manner as required by the Listing Rules using electronic means. Shareholders and non-registered holders of the Company's securities shall have the right to choose the language (either English or Chinese) or means of receipt of the Corporate Communication (in printed form or through electronic means).

## (b) Announcements and Other Documents pursuant to the Listing Rules

The Company shall publish announcements (on inside information, corporate actions and transactions etc.) and other documents (e.g. Memorandum and Articles of Association) on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's website in a timely manner in accordance with the Listing Rules.

#### 與股東及投資者溝通

本公司認為,與股東有效溝通對加強投資者關係及加深投資者對本集團業務表現及策略的了解至為重要。本公司致力維持與股東持續溝通,尤其是透過股東週年大會及其他股東大會。於股東週年大會上,董事(或彼等的代表(倘適用))將會見股東及回答彼等的詢問。

#### 股東溝通政策

本公司已制定股東溝通政策。該政策旨在促進 與股東及其他利益相關者的有效溝通,鼓勵股 東與本公司積極互動,並使股東能夠有效行使 其作為股東的權利。董事會已審查股東溝通政 策的實施及有效性,結果令人滿意。

本公司已建立下列多個渠道以維持與股東的持 續溝通:

#### (a) 公司通訊

根據上市規則所界定,「公司通訊」乃指本 公司發出或將予發出以供其任何證券持 有人參照或採取行動的任何文件,其中包 括但不限於本公司的下列文件:(a)董事會 報告、年度賬目連同核數師報告及(如適 用) 財務摘要報告;(b)中期報告及(如適 用) 中期摘要報告;(c)會議通告;(d)上市文 件;(e)通函;及(f)代表委任表格。本公司 的公司通訊將按照上市規則的規定適時 在香港聯交所網站(www.hkex.com.hk)登 載。公司通訊將以中、英文版本(或如獲 許可,以單一語言)按照上市規則的規定 適時向股東及非登記的本公司證券持有 人採用電子形式提供。股東及非登記的本 公司證券持有人有權選擇公司通訊的語 言版本(英文或中文)或收取方式(印刷本 或電子方式)。

#### (b) 根據上市規則規定的公告及其他文件

本公司應根據上市規則的規定於香港聯 交所網站適時登載公告(就內幕消息、企 業行動及交易等事宜)及其他文件(例如 組織章程大綱及細則)。

#### 企業管治報告

#### (c) Corporate Website

Any information or documents of the Company posted on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's website will also be published on the Company's website (www.vedaninternational.com). Other corporate information about the Company's business developments, goals and strategies, corporate governance and risk management will also be available on the Company's website.

#### (d) Shareholders' Meetings

The annual general meeting and other general meetings of the Company are primary forum for communication between the Company and its Shareholders. The Company shall provide Shareholders with relevant information on the resolution(s) proposed at a general meeting in a timely manner in accordance with the Listing Rules. The information provided shall be reasonably necessary to enable Shareholders to make an informed decision on the proposed resolution(s). Shareholders are encouraged to participate in general meetings or to appoint proxies to attend and vote at the meetings for and on their behalf if they are unable to attend the meetings. Where appropriate or required, the Chairman of the Board and other Board members, the chairmen of board committees or their delegates, and the external auditors should attend general meetings of the Company to answer Shareholders' questions (if any).

#### (e) Shareholders' Enquiries

Enquiries about Shareholdings

Shareholders should direct their enquiries about their shareholdings to the Company's branch share registrar, Tricor Tengis Limited, or call its hotline at (852) 2980-1333, or go in person to its public counter at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong.

Enquiries about Corporate Governance or Other Matters to be put to the Board and the Company

The Company will not normally deal with verbal or anonymous enquiries. Shareholders may send any enquiries to the Board by email: vdi@vedaninternational.com or by post to 5/F, Manulife Place, 348 Kwun Tong Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong (with attention to Ms. WONG, Wai Yee, Ella, Company Secretary).

#### (f) Webcast

Webcasts of the Company's interim and annual results briefings are available.

#### (g) Other Investor Relations Communication Platforms

Investor/analysts briefings, roadshows (both domestic and international), media interviews, marketing activities for investors and specialist industry forums etc. will be launched on a required basis.

#### (c) 公司網站

任何登載於香港聯交所網站的本公司資料或文件亦將登載於本公司網站(www. vedaninternational.com)。其他關於本公司業務發展、目標及策略、企業管治及風險管理的資料亦將登載於本公司網站。

#### (d) 股東大會

#### (e) 股東查詢

關於持股事項的查詢

股東可向本公司的股份過戶登記分處卓 佳登捷時有限公司作出有關持股事項的 查詢,或致電其熱線(852) 2980-1333或 親身前往其公眾櫃台,地址為香港夏慤道 16號遠東金融中心17樓。

向董事會及本公司查詢關於企業管治或 其他的事項

一般而言,本公司不會處理口頭或匿名的查詢。股東可透過發電郵至vdi@vedaninternational.com或郵寄至香港九龍觀塘道348號宏利廣場5樓(致公司秘書黃慧兒女士)將任何查詢發送至董事會。

#### (f) 網絡廣播

本公司的中期及年度業績簡佈會的網絡 廣播可供選擇。

#### (q) 其他投資者溝通平台

投資者/分析員簡佈會、本地及國際巡迴 推廣會、媒體訪問、為投資者而設的推廣 活動,以及業界專題研討會等將於需要時 舉行。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告



#### **INTRODUCTION**

2023 was the hottest year in human history, amplifying the urgency of the era of global boiling and climate breakdown as extreme weather brought extreme disasters. Many countries suffered extensive land damage and thousands of unforeseen fatalities caused by floods and wildfires. This issue made the first global decarbonization report of the Conference of the Parties (COP) for 2023 especially noteworthy. According to the report, since the Paris Agreement came into effect, global progress on carbon reduction has been slow. To meet the commitment to limit temperature rise to 1.5°C, countries have to reduce their emissions by at least 43% by 2030. As fossil fuels are the primary source of carbon emissions, the method of reduction of their use has always been a key issue of COP. Before the conclusion of COP28, a historic resolution was passed calling for a global "transitioning away" from fossil fuels. Although the resolution did not call for a "phase-out" of fossil fuels, a clear signal has been shown: the future belongs to renewable energy, not fossil fuels.

As an international corporate citizen, Vedan International Group pays constant attention to the issue relating to climate change and supports the civil notion of environmental protection, energy conservation and carbon reduction and earth preservation with practical actions. For many years, the Group has complied with the national standards and regulations applicable to all production bases and has formulated environmental policy which includes environmental protection in daily management with all-staff education in daily operation concerning energy conservation in respect of self-initiated carbon reduction and energy efficiency enhancement while participating in ecology-care activities and proactively developing green economy with significant importance attached to comprehensive development of corporate social responsibility in hope to maximise its local corporate influence and make valuable contribution to the local environmental protection.

Vedan International Group has established the "Corporate Social Responsibility Committee". The committee members practically promote environmental education with combination of regional production and sales strategy and the concept of environmental protection and earth preservation and implements sustainable environment plans with regular meetings to review the achievements under the respective indicators. In this report, the Group truthfully discloses the implementation of CSR. In 2023, the Group achieved outstanding performance in terms of emissions and waste management and energy usage management. In the future, the Group will implement the corporate governance policy in accordance with the laws and strive to achieve the most outstanding operating efficiency of the Group with an aim to realise mutual benefit with the environment.

#### 引言

2023年是人類史上最熱的一年,全球沸騰時代和氣候崩潰二個問題也更顯得迫切,因為極端氣候帶來極端災害,許多國家皆因洪災野的遊成土地大面積的損毀和數千人猝不及防的死亡,這一切也使2023年COP首份全球減碳超度尤為引人注目,據報告指出,自《巴黎城協定》生效以來,全球減碳進度緩慢,若要達成限溫1.5°C的承諾,各國必須在2030年減排至如何減量一直是COP的關鍵議題,在COP28落落的,最終通過歷史性決議:呼籲全球「轉型脫離」化石燃料;儘管決議並非「逐步淘汰」化石燃料,但仍發出一個明確的信號:未來是屬於再生能源的時代,而非化石燃料。

味丹國際集團作為國際企業公民的一員,長期 持續關注氣候變遷議題,且以實際行動支持環 境保護、節能減碳、愛護地球的公民理念。多 年來,集團遵守各生產基地適用的國家標準法 規,訂定環境政策將環境保護納入常規管理, 並於日常營運中推行自主減碳、提升能源效 的全員節能教育,同時也投入自然生態關懷活 動、積極開發綠色經濟,極力重視企業社會責 任的全面發展,期望以深耕在地的企業影響 力,對在地環境保護作出具體貢獻。

味丹國際集團設立「企業社會責任委員會」,委員以各區產銷策略結合環保節能愛地球的理念,具體推動環境教育,落實永續環境發展的計劃,並定期會議以檢討各項指標成效。在本報告中,集團也如實披露CSR推動現況,2023年集團於排放物、廢棄物管理及耗能使用管理均有顯著績效,未來集團將依循法令實踐公司治理政策,努力在與環境共榮的目標下,創造集團最卓越的營運成效。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告

#### **INTRODUCTION** (continued)

To uphold the mission of sustainable operation, corporate social responsibility of the Vedan International Group entails not only environmental protection and energy conservation education, but also maintenance of sound corporate governance and risk management, provision employees with a safe and healthy working environment where they can fully exploit their potentials, and balance of the interests of employees, customers, supply chain, investors and the overall development of the community. We undertake to make our best endeavour to constantly contribute to economic development, environmental protection for the earth and society through good and solid corporate governance.

#### 引言(續)

秉持永續經營的使命,企業社會責任對味丹國際集團而言,除了關注環境保護、重視節能教育之外,也涵蓋健全的公司治理與風險管控、提供員工一個安全健康且得以充份發揮潛力的工作環境,並兼顧員工、客戶、供應鏈、投資人及社區整體發展之均衡利益,我們承諾將持續透過良好嚴謹的企業管治,回饋社會的同時,發展經濟並為地球環境保護盡最大的力量。







The Vietnam Plant (Primary Production Base) Promoted Park-like Construction in Factory Areas with Colossal Tree Plantings to Conserve the Ecology 主要生產基地越南廠區推行工廠公園化,大量植樹保育自然生態

This report has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Reporting Guide under Appendix 27 and the principles of the CG Code under Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange for the purposes of general disclosure responsibilities. The period and areas covered by this report are as follows:

本報告係依據香港聯合交易所上市規則附錄二十七所載《環境、社會及管治報告指引》及附錄十四《企業管治守則》之原則履行一般披露責任。本報告涵蓋期間及範疇如下:

Period covered	From 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023
涵蓋期間	西元2023年1月1日至2023年12月31日
Areas covered 涵蓋範疇	The production bases in Vietnam and China and the business footholds of branches in Taiwan and Cambodia covered by Vedan International Group 味丹國際集團涵蓋越南、中國生產基地、台灣分公司及柬埔寨分公司營運據點

#### 環境、社會及管治報告



# **《ENVIRONMENT》 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION**

#### Policy: Care for Environment and Sustainable Operation

The Group upholds the concept of "care for environment and sustainable operation" and proactively carries out the efficiency management of water resources, carbon reduction management and waste management, while initiating energy management system and continuous management of power consumption, and adopting energy-saving electrical equipment to enhance the energy conservation performance in the offices, as well as promoting parklike construction in factory areas with colossal tree plantings to conserve the ecology.

In respect of environmental protection and energy conservation, the Group undertakes to carry out the following actions:

## (1) Emission management – Striving to reduce discharge of wastewater, exhaust gas and waste

- Employee safety, environmental protection and resource conservation are the prime principles of all operating activities of the Group. In the ordinary course of business, the Group shall, as long as technically practicable, provide treatment for, and secure the reduction of, emission of exhaust gas, wastewater and waste, and achieve or overachieve the provisions of the prevailing national laws of the places where its production bases are located and the requirements of internal standards.
- The Group regularly reviews the progress and effectiveness of each resources management plan every year and improves the deficiencies to ensure that there is no substantial impact on the surrounding environment in the factory areas.
- In 2023, the emission standard of each emission of the Group was in line with the requirement of environmental impact assessment for all production bases. The Vietnam plant (primary production base of the Group) has obtained the Environmental Protection Permit issued by the Vietnamese government in 2023, and strictly implemented the requirements as stipulated in the Environmental Protection Permit and relevant environmental protection laws and regulations.

#### 《ENVIRONMENT環境》

#### 環境保護

政策:愛護環境,永續經營

本集團秉持愛護環境、永續經營的理念,積極執行水資源使用效益管理、減碳管理及廢棄物管理,同時建立能源管理制度持續用電量管理,並且採用節能省電器材提升辦公室節能實績;另於廠區推行工廠公園化,大量植樹保育自然生態。

針對環保與節能,本集團承諾將力行以下具體 作為:

- (1) 排放物管理-努力減少廢水、廢氣與廢棄物之排放
  - 集團一切營運活動以確保人員安全,保護環境及保育資源為首要原則。於日常營運中,於技術可行的範圍內,儘可能處理與減少廢氣、廢水及廢棄物等之排放,並符合或超越生產基地之國家現行法令規定及內部標準之要求。
  - 集團每年定期稽核各項資源管理計畫之進度及效益,並就缺失進行改善,以確保廠區周遭環境負荷無顯著之影響。
  - 2023年,集團各類排放物的排放標準均符合各生產基地環評規定。主要生產基地越南廠區取得越南政府2023年頒發之環保許可證,並嚴格落實此環保許可證要求,以及有關之環保法律規定。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (continued)**

Policy: Care for Environment and Sustainable Operation (continued)

## (1) Emission management – Striving to reduce discharge of wastewater, exhaust gas and waste (continued)

- The concentration system in production plants were reformed for the purpose of reducing the consumption of steam energy. In addition, enhancing the connection of various wastewater treatment systems and the collection of various types of wastewater is also expected to achieve better water pollution prevention and pollution-free discharge.
- According to the statistics, the types of emissions produced in the production process of the primary plants in 2023 and the relevant data are set out below:

#### 環境保護(續)

政策:愛護環境,永續經營(續)

- (1) 排放物管理-努力減少廢水、廢氣與廢棄物之排放(續)
  - 針對生產廠濃縮系統進行改造, 其目的為減少蒸汽能源使用量,此 外,加強完善各廢水處理系統之連 結、健全各類廢水之收集,也能預 期使水污染防治達到更好的境界, 達到無污染排放。
  - 經統計,2023年主要廠區生產過程 之排放物種類及數據分列如下:

Type of emissions	排放物種類	2022 2022年	2023 2023年	Difference 差異	Unit 單位
Total volume of wastewater discharged (m³)/product output (ton)	廢水總排放量(立方米) /產品產量(公噸)	5.70	4.42	-22.40%	m³/ton 立方米/公噸
Wastewater – Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) (kg)/product output (ton)	廢水—化學需氧量(COD)(公斤) /產品產量(公噸)	9.09	9.82	7.99%	kg/ton 公斤/公噸
Air emission – Sulphur oxides (SOx) (kg)/product output (ton)	空氣排放—硫氧化物SOx(公斤) /產品產量(公噸)	4.93	6.35	28.80%	kg/ton 公斤/公噸
Air emission – Nitrogen oxides (NOx) (kg)/product output (ton)	空氣排放—氮氧化物NOx (公斤) /產品產量 (公噸)	5.39	4.56	-15.41%	kg/ton 公斤/公噸
Total greenhouse gas emission	溫室氣體總排放量	1,477,348.00	696,189	-52.88%	tonCO2e 公噸CO2e
Total emission intensity of greenhouse gas	溫室氣體總排放量密度	2.66	1.38	-48.07%	ton COze/ton 公噸COze/公噸
Total hazardous waste	有害廢棄物總量	70,315.66	64,769.29	-7.89%	kg 公斤
Total non-hazardous waste	無害廢棄物總量	70,818,192	44,963,550	-36.51%	kg 公斤
Hazardous waste intensity (kg/ton product output)	有害廢棄物密度 (公斤/公噸產品產量)	0.13	0.13	1.50%	kg/ton 公斤/公噸
Non-hazardous waste intensity (kg/ton product output)	無害廢棄物密度 (公斤/公噸產品產量)	127.38	89.12	-30.04%	kg/ton 公斤/公噸

環境、社會及管治報告



#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (continued)**

Policy: Care for Environment and Sustainable Operation (continued)

(1) Emission management – Striving to reduce discharge of wastewater, exhaust gas and waste (continued)

Explanations on major differences in 2023 as compared to 2022:

#### 環境保護(續)

政策:愛護環境,永續經營(續)

(1) 排放物管理-努力減少廢水、廢氣與廢棄物之排放(續)

2023年相較2022年之主要差異說明:

Type of emissions	排放物種類	Difference 差異	Explanation for difference	差異說明
Wastewater – Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) (kg)/product output (ton)	廢水—化學需氧量(COD) (公斤)/產品產量(公噸)	7.99%	Our chemical addition increased in 2023, which was mainly due to the commencement of production of multiple customised starch related products, resulting in an increase in the chemical oxygen demand (COD) concentration of wastewater.	主因2023年開始生產多項客製化澱粉類型相關產品,造成化學品添加量增加,造成廢水COD濃度上升。
Air emission – Sulphur oxides (SOx) (kg)/product output (ton)	空氣排放—硫氧化物SOx (公斤)/產品產量(公噸)	28.08%	Our use of coal with higher sulfur content in 2023, as compared to 2022, resulted in higher SOx density in the air emission even after treatment; however, we still managed to meet the local emission standards in Vietnam, and passed their tests during the year.	主因2023年煤炭使用含硫成分較2022 年高,雖造成處理後廢氣排出濃度之 SOx有上升趨勢,但排放結果仍符合越 南當地排放標準,全年度檢測結果達 標。
Total greenhouse gas emission	溫室氣體總排放量	-52.88%	The results of the ISO 14064-1:2018 Greenhouse Gas Emission Inventory Report were used as the basis for disclosure from	越南廠區於2022年12月取得溫室氣體 盤查認證,故2022年起改以ISO 14064- 1:2018溫室氣體盤查報告書結果為揭
Total emission intensity of greenhouse gas	溫室氣體總排放量密度	-48.07%	2022 onwards. Subject to the regulations of the Vietnamese government, the calculation is based on the scope of certification for Categories 1 and 2.	R2016 血 至

#### 環境、社會及管治報告

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (continued)**

Policy: Care for Environment and Sustainable Operation (continued)

# (2) Resources usage management – Promoting energy conservation, consumption reduction, recycle and reuse of resources

- The Group advocates and implements the 3R policy (Reduce, Reuse, Recycle) and recycles and reuses its resources to achieve the goal of reducing materials consumption and waste generation.
- The Group implements green procurement policy to procure suppliers to minimise their impacts on the environment.
- By implementing ISO 50001 Energy Management System, the Group has established an energy management system in the primary production bases and formed the Energy Management Committee which is responsible for the systematic management of all equipment in daily operation in order to enhance the equipment efficiency in a continuous manner. The Group has also implemented energy saving and carbon reduction plan to rationalize energy consumption and reduce energy cost.
- In 2019, the Vietnam plant (primary production base of the Group) improved the concentration system in the production process in production plants and reduced the use of steam energy while also reducing water consumption for cooling down.
- The Group proactively implements the resources recycle policy which recycles the condensation produced in the concentration process of production and reuse the same in the production process. The amount of condensation that can be recycled for every ton of products in 2023 was 2.62KL.
- In 2023, the packaging materials used by the primary production bases of the Group in the production process of main products can be classified into FIBC bags, paper bags, carton boxes, plastic cylinders, etc. Towards the goal of recycling and reusing the packaging materials used for the finished products, the Company has recycled and reused the plastic cylinders used for containing maltose. According to the statistics in 2023, the recycling rate reached 84.9%.

#### 環境保護(續)

政策:愛護環境,永續經營(續)

- (2) 資源使用管理一推動節能減耗,資源回收 再利用
  - 集團宣導與執行3R政策(Reduce, Reuse, Recycle),資源回收再利用, 以達成減少物質消耗減廢之目的。
  - 利用綠色採購政策實施,促使供應 商減低對環境造成之衝擊。
  - 集團執行ISO 50001能源管理系統, 在主要生產基地建立能源管理制度,並成立能源管理委員會,具體於日常營運有系統的管理各項設備,以持續提升設備效率,並實施節能減碳計劃,促使耗能合理化、降低能源成本等。
  - 集團主要生產基地越南廠於2019年 起針對生產廠的製程濃縮系統進行 改善,降低蒸汽能源使用,同時可 減少冷卻水使用量。
  - 集團積極進行資源回收再利用之政策,將生產濃縮過程中所產生之冷凝水,回收回製程再使用,2023年每噸的產品可回收再使用2.62KL之冷凝水。
  - 2023年集團主要廠區於生產主產 品過程所使用包裝材料可分為太空 包、紙袋、紙箱、塑膠桶等。公司朝 向製成品所用之包材回收再利用的 方向,目前已先進行將盛裝麥芽糖 漿之塑膠桶進行回收再利用,2023 年統計之回收率已達84.9%。

## 環境、社會及管治報告



#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (continued)**

Policy: Care for Environment and Sustainable Operation (continued)

- (2) Resources usage management Promoting energy conservation, consumption reduction, recycle and reuse of resources (continued)
  - The total consumption of energy used in the primary production bases in 2023 is as follows:

#### 環境保護(續)

政策:愛護環境,永續經營(續)

- (2) 資源使用管理-推動節能減耗,資源回收 再利用(續)
  - 2023年主要生產基地資源使用總耗 量統計如下:

Types of usage	使用種類	2022 2022年	2023 2023年	Difference 差異	Unit 單位
Indirect energy – Unit consumption of electricity (total electricity consumption (kWh)/production output (ton)	間接能源一電力單位用量 (電力總用量(千瓦小時) /產品產量(公噸)	797.50	807.74	1.28%	kWh/ton 千瓦小時/ 公噸
Indirect energy – Unit consumption of biofuel (total biofuel consumption (kg)/production output (ton)	間接能源-生質燃料單位用量 (生質燃料總用量(公斤) /產品產量(公噸)	57.61	53.25	-7.56%	kg/ton 公斤/公噸
Direct energy – Unit consumption of coal (total coal consumption (kg)/ production output (ton)	直接能源一煤炭單位用量 (煤炭總用量 (公斤) / 產品產量 (公噸)	472.93	478.01	1.08%	kg/ton 公斤/公噸
Total water consumption	總耗水量	6,756,946	6,672,701	-1.25%	m³ 立方米
Water consumption intensity (total water consumption (m³)/ production output (ton)	耗水密度(總耗水量(立方米)/ 產品產量(公噸)	12.15	13.23	8.82%	m³/ton 立方米/公噸
Total packaging materials used – FIBC bags	使用的包裝物料總量-太空包	73,389.60	39,511.10	-46.16%	kg 公斤
Total packaging materials used  – Paper bags	使用的包裝物料總量-紙袋	391,303.45	289,150.50	-26.11%	kg 公斤
Total packaging materials used  – Carton boxes	使用的包裝物料總量-紙箱	3,081,226.90	2,963,688.90	-3.81%	kg 公斤
Total packaging materials used – Plastic cylinders	使用的包裝物料總量-塑膠桶	245,337.00	278,641.00	13.57%	kg 公斤
Intensity of packaging materials used – FIBC bags	使用的包装物料密度-太空包	4.32	4.72	9.15%	kg/ton 公斤/公噸
Intensity of packaging materials used  – Paper bags	使用的包裝物料密度-紙袋	9.44	9.59	1.53%	kg/ton 公斤/公噸
Intensity of packaging materials used – Carton boxes	使用的包裝物料密度-紙箱	70.49	70.93	0.62%	kg/ton 公斤/公噸
Intensity of packaging materials used – Plastic cylinders	使用的包装物料密度-塑膠桶	41.00	40.75	-0.60%	kg/ton 公斤/公噸

## 環境、社會及管治報告

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (continued)**

Policy: Care for Environment and Sustainable Operation (continued)

(2) Resources usage management – Promoting energy conservation, consumption reduction, recycle and reuse of resources (continued)

Explanations on major differences in 2022 as compared to 2021:

#### 環境保護(續)

政策:愛護環境,永續經營(續)

(2) 資源使用管理-推動節能減耗,資源回收 再利用(續)

2023年相較2022年之主要差異說明:

Types of usage	使用種類	Difference 差異	Explanation for difference	差異說明
Water consumption intensity (total water consumption (m3)/production output (ton)	耗水密度 (總耗水量 (立方米) / 產品產量 (公噸)	8.82%	The primary reason for the increase in water usage was the production of high water-consuming products and the testing of new production lines. Although these lines have not yet officially commenced production, water consumption has already increased.	主因增產高耗水量之產品,並進行新產 線之試俥,儘管尚未正式投產,但用水 量已上升。
Total packaging materials used  – Plastic cylinders	使用的包裝物料總量 -塑膠桶	13.57%	The main reason for the rise in the usage of plastic barrels was the addition of a maltose production line and the continuous testing of this line.	主因增加麥芽糖漿生產線,且持續進行試伸測驗,以致成塑膠桶使用量上升。
Indirect energy – Unit consumption of biofuel (total biofuel consumption (kg)/production output (ton))	使用的包裝物料總量 一太空包	31.94%	As the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic subsided, the Group resumed its normal production mode for monosodium glutamate space-pack products in 2023, leading to a significant increase in the usage of this material.	COVID疫情影響趨緩,集團於2023年恢復正常味精太空包產品之生產模式,故此項物料用量大幅增加。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告



#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (continued)**

Policy: Care for Environment and Sustainable Operation (continued)

- (3) Environment and natural resources management –
  Enhancing efficiency of energy consumption, caring for
  environment and protecting natural ecosystem
  - In order to combat the global warming and devote our efforts against the climate change, the Vietnam plant (primary production base of the Group) obtained the ISO 50001: 2011 Energy Management System Certification in October 2016, the ISO 50001: 2018 Energy Management System Certification in July 2021 and the ISO 14064-1:2018 Greenhouse Gas Emission Inventory Certification in December 2022 and October 2023, successively. We established an impeccable equipment maintenance and examination system through a high standard certification inspection. The usage of energy consuming equipment has been gradually optimised, which facilitated reasonableness and efficiency of energy consuming equipment, reduced energy costs and effectively controlled greenhouse gas emissions.
  - Based on the differences of soil and changes in climate among different business footholds globally, the Group adopts environmentally friendly designs for its plants and grows a variety of appropriate and diversified plants and trees in the surroundings and at the same time promotes park-like construction in factory areas. Various animals are commonly seen in the landscaping wildlife ponds at certain business footholds. The Group aims to bring land greening, carbon reduction, biodiversity and ecosystem and environmental protection into its daily operation.
  - With reference to the international environmental education regulations, the Group merges the national environmental protection concept into the employee concept through daily trainings and enhances the knowledge, skills, attitude and values of the employees in respect of environmental protection while promoting environmental protection, safety and hygiene propaganda and continuously universalising civic environmental protection education.
  - Since 2017, the Vietnam plant (primary production base of the Group) has planned to use non-burnt bricks equipment which recycled coal ash in electrical boilers into non-burnt bricks and building backfill materials. Being in line with the national development policy, it reused and recycled waste and used such equipment and technical skills to enhance reuse of resources, which conserved energy and reduced consumption and brought significant meanings to earth preservation. In 2023, the plant has produced a total number of 710,000 pieces of non-burnt bricks and has reduced the coal ash by 846 tons.

#### 環境保護(續)

政策:愛護環境,永續經營(續)

- (3) 環境及天然資源管理-提升能源使用效率,愛護環境保護自然生態
  - 為減緩全球暖化、對改善氣候變 遷盡一份心力,集團主要生產基 地越南廠區已於2016年10月取得ISO 50001能源管理系統2011版本 之認證,並在2021年07月取得ISO 50001能源管理系統2018版本之認證,於2022年12月與2023年10月持續取得ISO 14064-1:2018溫室氣體盤查認證。透過高標準的認證 箱核,建立完善的設備保養與使用,促使設備耗能合理效率提升,降低能源成本,以有效管控溫室氣體排放。
  - 依全球營運據點土壤及氣候變化之不同,集團廠區採友善環境設計,於廠辦周遭栽植大量合適的、多樣的植物與樹木,推行工廠公園化,部份營運據點設置之造景生態池亦常見各種生物,集團朝增加綠地減碳、生物多樣性及生態環境保護於日常中。
  - 參考國際環境教育法規,集團將國民環境保護之概念融入員工觀念的日常培訓,增進員工對環境保護的知識技能、態度及價值觀,並推展各項環安衛宣導活動,持續普及公民環保教育。
  - 集團主要生產基地越南廠區於2017 年起規劃免燒磚設備,將煤炭鍋爐 之煤炭灰分再製為免燒磚及建築回 填物料。依照當地國家發展政策, 落實廢棄物再利用,該設備及工藝 技術於增加資源化再利用,節能降 耗,保護土地都具有重大的意義。 2023年總生產71萬塊免燒磚,減少 846噸的煤炭灰分量。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (continued)**

Policy: Care for Environment and Sustainable Operation (continued)

- (3) Environment and natural resources management –
  Enhancing efficiency of energy consumption, caring
  for environment and protecting natural ecosystem
  (continued)
  - In 2023, the primary production bases of the Group organised a total of 71 training courses in relation to environmental safety and hygiene with 5,132 participants and the average training hours were 26.2 hours per person every year. The contents of the courses are summarised as follows:

#### 環境保護(續)

政策:愛護環境,永續經營(續)

- (3) 環境及天然資源管理-提升能源使用效率,愛護環境保護自然生態(續)
  - 2023年集團主要廠區共舉辦環境安全衛生相關教育訓練課程總計71場次參加人次為5,132人,平均每人上課時數為26.2小時/年,其課程內容概列如下:

#### No. Course Name 項次 課程名稱

- 1 The national requirements for occupational safety training target groups 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 國家要求之勞安第1,2,3,4,6組訓練對象
  - Safety operation and maintenance training for lifting and pressure equipment (Occupational Safety Group 3)
  - 一起重及壓力設備安全操作和維修技術培訓(勞安第3組)
  - Safety training for metal welding and cutting, high-altitude operations and electricity use (Occupational Safety Group 3)
  - -金屬焊切、高空作業及用電安全訓練(勞安第3組)
  - Safety training for confined space operations and working in dusty areas (Occupational Safety Group 3)
  - 一侷限空間作業及灰塵區間工作安全訓練(勞安第3組)
  - Boiler operation and maintenance safety training (Occupational Safety Group 3)
  - 一鍋爐操作及維修安全技術訓練(勞安第3組)
  - Chemical safety training (Occupational Safety Group 3)
  - 一化學藥品安全訓練(勞安第3組)
  - Safety training for the use of portable electrical equipment, lawn mowers and automotive maintenance techniques (Occupational Safety Group 3)
  - -行動手提式電設備、割草機、汽車維修技術安全訓練(勞安第3組)
  - Industrial equipment operation and maintenance safety (Occupational Safety Group 3)
  - -工業設備操作及維修安全(勞安第3組)
  - Training for crane operators and lifting equipment license
  - 一吊卸設備,天車操作人員執照訓練
- 2 Waste management and recycling courses

廢棄物管理、資源回收課程

3 Firefighting training, promotion and drills

消防訓練、宣傳及演習

4 First aid and rescue operation training

救護,救難業務教育訓練

5 Educational training on road traffic safety awareness

道路交通安全知識宣導的教育訓練

6 ISO 45001 & 14001 environmental considerations, hazard identification and environmental impact risk assessment

ISO 45001 & 14001環境考量、危害因素鑑別及環境影響危險評估

7 Understanding of ISO 45001 & 14001 and internal audits ISO 45001& 14001認識和內部稽核

Total	Total training hours for the year	Total participation	Average training hours of employees
合計	全年總訓練時數	總參與人次	員工平均受訓時數
	90,337 (hours)	5,132 (persons)	26.2 (hours/year)
	90,337 (小時)	5,132 (人次)	26.2 (小時/年)

#### 環境、社會及管治報告



#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (continued)**

Policy: Care for Environment and Sustainable Operation (continued)

#### (4) Internal inspection enhancement and cycle improvement

- The Vietnam plant (primary production base of the Group) implements the Environmental Management System (ISO 14001), Occupation Health Safety Management System (OHSAS18001/ISO 45001), and Energy Management System (ISO 50001) and Inventory and Management System for Greenhouse Gas Emissions (ISO 14064-1) every year, and regularly reviews the progress and effectiveness of all plans and proactively improves the deficiencies in order to continuously improve and govern with high-standard international regulations and conduct self-reflection.
- In 2023, in respect of all laws related to environmental protection as well as the air monitoring, discharge of sewage and waste disposal, the Group met the national standard of all the places where its production bases are located.
- In 2023, the external inspection and environmental examination in respect of environmental safety and hygiene and energy in the primary production bases are as follows:

#### 環境保護(續)

政策:愛護環境,永續經營(續)

#### (4) 加強內部稽核與循環改善

- 集團主要生產基地越南廠區每年實施執行環境管理系統(ISO 14001),職業安全衛生管理系統(ISO 50001)與溫室氣體盤查管理系統(ISO 14064-1),定期稽核各項計畫進度及執行成效,並積極改善缺失,持續改進以高標準國際規章管治並自我檢視。
- 2023年集團所有環保相關法律及檢 測空氣、放流水、廢棄物等,皆符合 各生產基地之國家標準。
- 2023年主要生產基地環境安全衛生 及能源外部稽核與環境檢測統計如 下:

No.	Name	Result
項次	名稱	結果
1	First Quarter Environmental Examination 第一季環境檢測	Qualified 合格
2	Second Quarter Environmental Examination 第二季環境檢測	Qualified 合格
3	Annual External Inspection (ISO14001& ISO 45001) 年度外部稽核(ISO 14001 & ISO 45001)	Pass 通過
4	Third Quarter Environmental Examination 第三季環境檢測	Qualified 合格
5	Annual External Inspection (ISO 50001) 年度外部稽核(ISO 50001)	Pass 通過
6	Annual External Inspection (ISO 14064) 年度外部稽核(ISO 14064)	Pass 通過
7	Fourth Quarter Environmental Examination 第四季環境檢測	Qualified 合格

Note: The Group's production bases in China and business footholds in Taiwan and Cambodia are principally engaged in sales and light industry trade. The primary production base of the Group is the Vietnam plant and therefore the environmental emission and energy data disclosed in this report mainly concern the Vietnam plant.

備註:集團中國廠區、台灣及柬埔寨營 運據點之活動主要以銷售及貿易 為主,集團之主要生產基地為越 南廠,故本報告所披露之環境排 放與能源數據以越南廠區之統計 為主。

環境、社會及管治報告

#### **«SOCIETY»**

#### **EMPLOYEE PRACTICE AND BENEFIT**

Policy: Building Corporate Harmony and Enhancing Employees' Benefits

To gain trust from the employees, the Group maintains sincere communication, proactively cares for the employees and values employees' benefits and opinions. The Group supports the international labour and human right standards and achieves the goal of "building corporate harmony and enhancing employees' benefits" through three measures, namely "full compliance with the labour laws, continuous optimisation of the safety and healthiness of the working environment and proactive implementation of employees' training and communication", which help build a sound labour-employer interrelationship and maximise the benefits of the Group and society.

The Group undertakes to earnestly implement the following employee relations policies:

## (1) Employment principles – Fair employment conditions, compliant and reasonable remuneration

- The Group considers its employees to be its most important cooperative partners. The employment of an employee is based on the ability-oriented and fair employment principles. There is no discrimination in each division and department in terms of recruitment, employment, promotion, training and reward. Upon employment, the remuneration of an employee shall be based on an equal pay for equal work principle and there shall be no bias or discrimination against different identities such as race, religion, nationality, gender or disability in terms of appointment and promotion.
- The Group has long been complying the national labour laws of the places where its production bases are located to systematise the remuneration and report to the competent authorities of the places where the enterprises are located.

#### 《SOCIAL社會》

#### 員工常規與福利

政策:建立企業和諧、增進員工福利

本集團真誠溝通、主動關懷員工、重視員工權 益與意見回應等,以獲得員工信賴,本集團支 持國際勞工及人權標準,並從「確實遵守勞動法 令、持續提升安全健康的工作環境、積極落實 員工培訓與溝通」三方面來達成「企業和諧與增 進員工福利」之目標,建立良好的勞資互動關 係,為集團及社會整體創造最大的利益。

本集團承諾將力行以下員工關係政策:

#### (1) 僱傭原則一公平之聘雇條件與合規合理 之報酬

- 集團視員工為最重要的合作夥伴, 聘任員工以能力取向、平等任用為 原則,於招募、雇用、晉升、培訓及 獎勵等,各職類科別均無歧視。員 工聘任後,薪酬計以同工同酬,不 因其種族、宗教、國籍、性別或殘疾 等身分地位之不同,而在任用與升 遷上有所偏頗或歧視。
- 集團長期遵守各生產基地之國家勞動法令,確實履行薪酬制度化,並依法向企業所在地之主管機關進行申報。

### 環境、社會及管治報告



#### **EMPLOYEE PRACTICE AND BENEFIT (continued)**

Policy: Building Corporate Harmony and Enhancing Employees' Benefits (continued)

- (1) Employment principles Fair employment conditions, compliant and reasonable remuneration (continued)
  - In 2023, the Group had 3,945 employees in aggregate. The statistics of employee turnover rate by gender and geographic region is set out below:

#### 員工常規與福利(續)

- (1) 僱傭原則一公平之聘雇條件與合規合理 之報酬(續)
  - 2023年集團員工總數共3,945位, 以下按其性別、地區劃分人數,並 統計其僱員流失比率:

The Group's primary base 集團主要基地	Male in each region 各區男員工	Female in each region 各區女員工	Total number of employees in each region 各區員工總數
The Vietnam plant 越南廠區	3,026	714	3,740
The China plant 中國廠區	116	63	179
Foothold in Taiwan 台灣據點	9	8	17
Foothold in Cambodia 柬埔寨據點	6	3	9

The Group's primary base 集團主要基地	Total average resignation rate of male staff per month 男員工 月離職率 總平均	Total average resignation rate of female staff per month 女員工 月離職率 總平均	Total average resignation rate per month of each region 各區 月離職率 總平均
The Vietnam plant 越南廠區	1.08%	0.20%	1.28%
The China plant 中國廠區	1.12%	0.63%	0.95%
Foothold in Taiwan 台灣據點	2.09%	1.11%	1.63%
Foothold in Cambodia 柬埔寨據點	3.66%	2.38%	3.34%

#### 環境、社會及管治報告

#### **EMPLOYEE PRACTICE AND BENEFIT (continued)**

Policy: Building Corporate Harmony and Enhancing Employees' Benefits (continued)

# (2) Employees' benefits – Enhancing benefits and good working conditions

- The Group attaches importance to gender equality at work and has included such into the standards of the Company. It complies with the local governmental regulations. Provisions such as maternity system management measure, paternity leave and menstrual leave are clearly stipulated.
- The Group has formulated relevant regulations which provide the managements served at the primary production bases in Vietnam and China with benefits, such as meals and free transportation.
- Employees' benefits and working hour management systems have been established for all operating areas of the Group in compliance with the local labour laws, including minimum wage, annual leave and other statutory benefits. All are implemented in accordance with local laws and regulations of each operating location.
- In 2023, in addition to the fixed monthly salary, the Group's employees can receive appropriate year-end and performance bonuses based on the department or individual performance. The Vietnam plant, the primary production base, conducts promotion assessment twice a year in order to encourage the talents to excel themselves with a friendly management approach. In addition, the overall salaries of all staff were raised in 2023 as in line with the basic wage adjustments in Vietnam.

#### 員工常規與福利(續)

政策:建立企業和諧、增進員工福利(續)

#### (2) 員工福利-提升福利與良好的工作條件

- 集團重視兩性工作平等並納入公司 規範,遵守當地政府法規,明訂懷 孕制度管理辦法、男性陪產假、女 性生理假等規定。
- 集團制定相關規範,主要生產基地 越南及中國廠區,針對外派長駐幹 部提供免費食衣住行育樂及培訓的 福利。
- 集團所有營運區域均建立合乎當地 勞動法規的員工待遇及工時管理機 制,包括最低工資、特休假及法令 規定的福利,均依各營運據點之當 地法令執行。
- 2023年集團員工除固定月薪外,尚可按部門或個人績效獲得適當年終及績效獎金,主要生產基地越南廠區每年固定實施2次晉升評核,透過友善管理方式鼓勵人才表現,並且,於2023年度配合越南國家調動基本工資而全面調升全體員工薪資。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告



#### **EMPLOYEE PRACTICE AND BENEFIT (continued)**

Policy: Building Corporate Harmony and Enhancing Employees' Benefits (continued)

## (3) Labour communication – Strengthening communication channels and valuing human rights

- The Group provides diversified channels for internal communication and opinion expressing which allows it to persistently understand employees' real opinions and recommendations on each aspect of the Company through diversified means such as the proposal system, suggestion boxes and employee satisfactory survey, and to make improvements based on the problems raised by the employees upon discussion.
- The Group respects the right of employees to form associations and organise unions upon their own free will in accordance with the laws, and regularly convenes labour conferences to share opinions with the labour representatives and directly respond to the queries raised by the employees. Meanwhile, it regularly organises "Employee Forum" with the labour unions which allows the labour unions to promptly reflect each problem raised by the employees and constantly follow up the execution progress of each discussion topic.
- The Group has reported its internal regulations to the competent authorities in the countries where its production bases are located. Furthermore, it has established the "Incentive and Disciplinary Committee" comprising labour unions, legal personnel and relevant competent units to deal with the matters of the reward and punishment on the internal staff of the Company in a transparent and open manner.
- The Group attaches importance to labour interests. The Vietnam plant (primary production base of the Group) has coordinated with international or local review institutions to regularly carry out audits and collect employees' opinions on labour management and relevant issues in order to protect the relevant interests of the employees.

#### 員工常規與福利(續)

政策:建立企業和諧、增進員工福利(續)

#### (3) 勞資溝通一加強溝通管道、重視人權

- 集團提供多元的內部溝通與反映管 道,持續透過提案制度、意見箱、員 工滿意度調查等多元方式,了解員 工對於公司各面向的真實意見與建 議,並針對員工反應的問題進行討 論,做為改善的依據。
- 集團尊重員工依法自由結社及組織工會的權利,每年定期召開勞動大會,與勞動代表進行意見交流,並直接答覆員工之提問。同時定期與工會共同舉辦「職場座談會議」,讓工會代表能夠即時反應員工之各項問題,並持續追蹤各項議題之執行進度。
- 集團對生產基地國家權責機關申報公司內規,同時以工會、法務人員與相關單位主管為基本成員設立「獎懲委員會」,以透明公開方式處理公司內部員工之獎懲事宜。
- 集團重視勞工權益,主要生產基地 越南廠區配合國際或當地之審查單 位,定期實施稽查,訪查員工對勞 動管理相關之意見,保障員工之相 關權益。

環境、社會及管治報告

#### **EMPLOYEE PRACTICE AND BENEFIT (continued)**

Policy: Building Corporate Harmony and Enhancing Employees' Benefits (continued)

- (4) Establishment of safe and healthy working environment

   Ensuring Company's safety to maintain employees'
   healthiness
  - Adhering to the concept of "ensuring Company's safety to maintain employees' healthiness", the Group places significant importance on the promotion of occupational safety and hygiene. All of its policies, which are in compliance with the relevant laws applicable to the local operating area, have formed a safe working environment to its employees, clients, underwriters and relevant personnel.
  - The Group offers labour insurance and health insurance applicable to the local operating area to each employee and arranges regular health check for the employees in an endeavour to look after the physical and mental health of all employees. Moreover, the Group cooperates with professional medical institutions to find out whether an employee suffers from an occupational disease based on the differences of each business division in order to safeguard the healthiness of the employees.
  - In order to carry out the propaganda of the concept of environmental protection, safety and hygiene, in addition to organising environmental safety education programmes for the management level and the employees from time to time, the Group has also merged the concept of environmental safety and hygiene into major corporate events (for example, participation in tree planting activities organised by environmental protection units under local governments, and reception of government agencies or academic groups for visits of the sewage treatment system of the Company, etc.) in order to create an impact by combining environmental safety education with operating activities.

#### 員工常規與福利(續)

- (4) 建構安全與健康的工作環境-公司安全, 全員健康
  - 集團本著「公司安全,全員健康」的 理念,對於職業安全衛生宣導特別 重視,所有政策均符合營運區域當 地適用的相關法令,為員工、客戶、 承包商及相關人員營造安全的工作 環境。
  - 集團為每位員工參保符合營運區域 當地適用的勞工保險或健康保險, 為照顧全體員工身心健康,並定期 辦理員工身體健康檢查。同時,集 團也依各功能事業單位之區別,與 專業衛生機構合作,調查追蹤員工 有無職業病例,為員工健康把關。
  - 為落實環保、安全及衛生觀念之宣導,集團除不時舉辦對管理階層, 員工之環境安全教育課程之外,另外也將企業重大活動結合環安衛理念,例如參加地方政府環保單位主辦之植樹活動,接待政府機關或學術團體參訪公司污水處理系統等等,以收環境安全教育與營運活動結合之效。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告



#### **EMPLOYEE PRACTICE AND BENEFIT (continued)**

Policy: Building Corporate Harmony and Enhancing Employees' Benefits (continued)

- (4) Establishment of safe and healthy working environment

   Ensuring Company's safety to maintain employees'
  healthiness (continued)
  - The Group regularly inspects the progress and outcome of every environmental protection, safety and hygiene plan and continuously improves those plans in accordance with the requirements. The department in charge of environmental management implements and supervises various safety and hygiene drills in the factory areas targeting at the harm of special or major equipment in the factory areas, and performs precaution inspections, such as fire safety equipment, use of chemicals and safety inspections on electrical equipment to avoid risks of potential disaster.
  - In 2023, there were 7 cases of work injury in the Group's primary production bases, which resulted in a total of 1,712 lost working hours due to work injury. Among which, a total of 1,264 hours of traffic accidents happened outside the factory area (accounting for 74%), whereas a total of 448 hours of work-related accidents occurred within the factory area (accounting for 26%). The Group will continuously minimise the occurrence of work safety accident within the factory area every year through rigorous safety education, management system and equipment.
  - The Vietnam plant (primary production base of the Group) has comprehensively acquired various management system certifications including ISO 14001, ISO 45001, ISO 50001, FSSC 22000, HACCP, ISO 9001 and so on. Meanwhile, it adheres to the standards of the management systems and frequently carries out inspections and guidance with continuous improvements.

#### 員工常規與福利(續)

- (4) 建構安全與健康的工作環境-公司安全, 全員健康(續)
  - 集團每年定期檢測環安衛各項計劃 進度及執行成效,持續改善符合規 定;並由環境管理專責單位於廠區 實施與督導各類環安衛演習活動, 尤其針對廠區特殊或重要設備之危 害,也實施預知專項查核,例如消 防設備、化學品使用及電氣安全查 核等,防範風險於未然。
  - 2023年集團主要生產基地因工作關係而受傷的件數有7件,統計因此工傷而損失的工作時數共1,712小時。其中在廠區外發生之交通事故共1264小時,佔74%,在廠區內發生之工傷事故共448小時,佔26%。集團將透過嚴謹的安全教育、管理制度和設備等,每年持續降低廠區內工安事故發生率。
  - 集體主要生產基地越南廠區,已經全面取得各項管理系統認證,包括 ISO 14001, ISO 45001, ISO 50001, FSSC 22000, HACCP, ISO 9001等等。同時依循管理系統準則,經常執行稽查與督導,持續改進。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告

#### **EMPLOYEE PRACTICE AND BENEFIT (continued)**

Policy: Building Corporate Harmony and Enhancing Employees' Benefits (continued)

- (5) Development and training Talent cultivation and establishment of learning and growing environment which employees can follow
  - The Group believes that talents are, above all, the greatest assets of the Company. The nurture and development of talents are valued and each employee is provided with comprehensive educational training and promotion system to satisfy their needs from different countries and regions, which allows all employees to deploy their skills and unearth their potentials.
  - The Group regularly convenes meetings of the education and training committee while proactively organising professional courses and language courses based on the job requirements of each department and regularly conducting language and computer skill assessments to improve occupational skills of the employees.
  - The Group formulates the "Annual Plan for Education and Training" every year. To enhance the diversification of learning, in addition to assigning employees to training institutions to participate in various education and trainings, the Group also engages professional lecturers to hold a variety of seminars in the factories from time to time and nurture its employees based on their aptitudes so as to boost their potentials and enhance their work passions and at the same time raise their sense of belonging to the Company.
  - Based on the global operating strategy of the Group, it continues to cultivate talents for its future senior management and strategically nurtures employees possessing high potentials with emphasis on specific trainings to heighten the professionalism and regularly updates on their promotion and development to ensure the instantaneity and integrity of its talent reserve in a bid to satisfy the needs for the long-term business growth of the Group and enhance the core competitiveness of the organisation.

#### 員工常規與福利(續)

- (5) 發展與培訓一人才培育,建立員工可遵循 的學習成長環境
  - 集團深信人才是公司最大的資產, 重視人才的培育與發展,依年度計 劃提供完整的教育訓練及晉升制度 給每位員工,以滿足不同國家及地 區員工之各種需求,使每位員工得 以充分發揮所長並開發潛力。
  - 集團定期召開教育訓練委員會議, 同時主動依據各單位工作需求,開 辦專業課程及語文課程,並定期舉 辦語文檢定及電腦技能檢定,以提 升員工職場技能。
  - 集團每年設定「教育訓練年度計劃」,為強化多元學習,除員工外派至訓練機構接受各項教育訓練外,集團也定期外聘專業講師不定期進廠舉辦各類專題講座,因材施教培訓員工,激發其潛力,使員工對公司的認同感。
  - 因應集團全球營運策略,持續培育 未來高階管理人才,集團有計劃地 養成高潛力員工,注重其個別學 習培訓、提升其專業素質,並定期 追蹤其晉升與發展,確保人才儲備 即時且完整,以符合集團未來長期 事業成長需要,提升組織核心競爭 力。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告



#### **EMPLOYEE PRACTICE AND BENEFIT (continued)**

Policy: Building Corporate Harmony and Enhancing Employees' Benefits (continued)

- (5) Development and training Talent cultivation and establishment of learning and growing environment which employees can follow (continued)
  - In 2023, there were a total of 86,620 hours of education and training courses organised by the main production bases of the Group with average training hours of approximately 25.2 hours per person every year, representing increase of 12% in training hours per person as compared to 2022. In 2023, total hours of middle and senior management personnel of the Group taking occupational training courses were 14,444 hours (middle management officers) and 11,497 hours (senior management officers), respectively, increased by 17% in training hours taken by middle management officers and increased by 96% in training hours taken by senior management officers as compared to 2022. The enhancement of educational training for middle and senior management, especially in courses related to management and professional skills are the main reason for the increase in training hours.

# (6) Labour standards – Ensuring compliance with labour and safety laws

- The Group strives to comply with all labour laws applicable to the operating areas and achieve the goal of "establishing a safe and healthy working environment" by three aspects, namely "ensuring the compliance with labour laws, constantly reviewing the development plans and prohibiting the violation of human rights".
- The Group adheres to the principle of employment freedom and refuses to hire forced labour and child labour. All employment shall be based on the employees' own free will and imposition of mandatory measures on employees in violation of laws or human rights of employees is prohibited.
- The Group accepts inspections on its labour safety and hygiene system carried out by government authorities or external independent inspection units to ensure all operating activities are in compliance with the local government decree and international standards.

#### 員工常規與福利(續)

政策:建立企業和諧、增進員工福利(續)

- (5) 發展與培訓一人才培育,建立員工可遵循 的學習成長環境(續)
  - 2023年,集團主要越南生產基地舉辦的教育訓練課程人時總數86,620小時,平均每人每年受訓時數約25.2小時,相較於2022年每人受訓時數增加12%。2023年集團中階及高階管理層接受在職培訓課程的人時總數分別為14,444小時及11,497小時,相較於2022年中階主管受訓時數增加17%,高階主管受訓時數增加96%。受訓時數增加的主要原因是加強中高階主管之教育訓練,尤其是在管理、專業技能的相關課程。

#### (6) 勞工準則-確實遵守勞動與安全法令

- 集團致力遵守所有營運區域當地適用的勞動法令,透過「確實遵守勞動法令、持續檢討發展方案、嚴禁管理違反人權」之三個面向來達成「建構安全健康之工作環境」的目標。
- 集團遵守就業自由,拒絕雇用被迫的員工及童工,所有工作應當是出自於員工自願,並禁止對於員工實施不合法令或違反員工人權之強制措施。
- 集團接受政府單位或外部獨立審查 單位,進行勞動安全衛生制度之稽 查,以使各項經營活動均能符合當 地政府法令及國際標準。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告

#### **EMPLOYEE PRACTICE AND BENEFIT (continued)**

Policy: Building Corporate Harmony and Enhancing Employees'
Benefits (continued)

# (6) Labour standards – Ensuring compliance with labour and safety laws (continued)

- The Group has an internal legal affairs department which
  is not only responsible for revising the internal regulations
  and systems of the Company in accordance with the
  decrees issued by the government, but also for educating
  the employees to understand and comply with the labour
  laws through its education and training system.
- Implementation of an annual external audit on human resources recruitment agencies which cooperate with the major production bases of the Group so as to ensure such external agencies do comply with labour and safety laws and regulations.

# (7) Continuous review on development plans in pursuit of a better safety and health management system

The fundamental obligation of the Group is to provide its employees a safe and healthy working environment. A specialised department for the management of environmental safety and hygiene has been established within the Group which is responsible for supervising the management system for environmental protection, safety and hygiene, formulating all safety and hygiene management regulations, and set up the system of safety manager in each plant, regularly reviewing the improvement recommendations put forward by all units, examining the abnormal incidents on environment, safety and hygiene and analysing the causes thereof, and suggesting feasible improvement proposals or refined engineering designs to the Group in an endeavour to assist the Group to continuously heighten the management standards.

#### 員工常規與福利(續)

政策:建立企業和諧、增進員工福利(續)

#### (6) 勞工準則-確實遵守勞動與安全法令 (續)

- 集團內部設立法務專責單位,除依據政府公告之法令修正公司內部規章制度外,更透過教育訓練系統,教育員工了解並遵守勞動法令。
- 針對與集團主要生產基地合作之人 力資源招聘供應商,實施每年一次 之外部稽查工作,確保外部供應商 確實遵守各項勞動與安全法令。

#### (7) 持續檢討發展方案,追求更完善之安全與 健康管理制度

• 集團營運最基本的義務是提供員 工安全健康的工作環境,集團內部 設有環境安全衛生專責管理部門, 負責環安衛管理系統之督導並建立 各項安全衛生管理規範,並於各廠 中設立安全管理師制度,同時定期 審查各單位提出之改善建議,針對 環安衛異常事故進行檢討、分析原 因,並提出集團可行之改善方案或 工程改良設計,協助集團持續提升 管理水平。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告



#### **EMPLOYEE PRACTICE AND BENEFIT (continued)**

Policy: Building Corporate Harmony and Enhancing Employees' Benefits (continued)

- (7) Continuous review on development plans in pursuit of a better safety and health management system (continued)
  - Annual targets of management on environment, safety and hygiene have been set in each factory area of the Group in accordance with local regulations. The occurrences of abnormal incidents on environment, safety and hygiene have been effectively reduced through an implementation of environment, safety and hygiene inspections, education and trainings and regular inspections on working environment in order to maximise the working efficiency of the employees in a safe and healthy environment.
  - In addition to self-initiated inspections on environment, safety and hygiene by each unit of the Group, the internal inspection department also regularly reviews all operating control on environment, safety and hygiene in the factory area and the relevant operating environment to ensure the implementation management systems such as ISO 14001, ISO 45001, ISO 50001, FSSC 22000, HACCP, ISO 9001, etc.
- (8) Winning the recognition of Vietnamese governmental authorities

For six consecutive years (from 2017 to 2022), our Vietnam plant (primary production base of the Group) have been granted the "Exemplary Enterprise Award for Commitment to Workers" by the Vietnam General Confederation of Labour, The Ministry of Labour, Invalids and Social Affairs and the Vietnam Chamber of Commerce and Industry, in recognition of their relentless efforts to improve the material and spiritual life of its employees while actively improving their working environment, giving full play to their talent and skills and striving to achieve the goal of sustainable development together with them.

#### 員工常規與福利(續)

政策:建立企業和諧、增進員工福利(續)

- (7) 持續檢討發展方案,追求更完善之安全與 健康管理制度(續)
  - 集團各廠區依據當地法規訂定環 安衛管理年度目標,各單位透過環 安衛查核、教育訓練及定期作業環 境檢查等實際作為,有效降低環安 衛異常事故發生率,讓員工在安全 健康的環境中,發揮最大的工作效 率。
  - 除集團各單位自主環安衛檢查之外,內部稽核單位也定期對廠區之各項環安衛作業管制及有關作業環境進行稽核,以確保ISO 14001, ISO 45001, ISO 50001, FSSC 22000, HACCP, ISO 9001等等管理系統的落實執行。
- (8) 榮獲越南政府單位肯定

集團主要生產基地越南廠連續6年(2017~2022年)榮獲越南勞動總聯合會、勞動榮軍與社會部及越南工商會共同頒發「致力於勞動者模範企業獎」,此獎項主要表彰為勞動者的物質和精神生活做出不懈努力、積極為勞動者改善工作環境、提升勞動者技能充分發揮,實現企業和勞動者在融入過程中可持續發展目標的績優企業。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告

#### **SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT**

## Policy: Strengthening Green Procurement and Maintaining Mutual Growth with Suppliers

Under the primary condition of stable quality and honesty in the process of determining the suppliers, the Group selects its suppliers across the globe as if deciding a long-term cooperation partner. Under the gradual surge of green energy awareness across the globe, the Group also wishes to promote the relevant environmental protection concepts or practices to the upstream suppliers through its supply chain management strategy of green products and encourage the suppliers to actively cooperate and participate in the environmental protection movement with its influence as a local enterprise in hope to establish a green supply chain in the food industry with its suppliers and improve the performance of the Group and its suppliers in terms of social and environmental responsibility.

The raw material suppliers of the Group include manufacturers and distributors. Engineering constructions are undertaken by engineering contractors of construction and machinery. The Group adopts standardised procurement model which not only includes comparison of quality, cost, service, technology and delivery, but also includes linked management for the information of suppliers to ensure the integrity of the long-term information storage and flexibly updates the changes in procurement demands so as to reduce procurement risks.

The cooperation agreements between the Group and its suppliers or contractors firstly requires the suppliers to faithfully carry out every transaction in accordance with the contracts and not to damage the interests and image of the Group. No suppliers shall engage in transfer of personal benefits or involve in loans, leases and investments for any non-business purposes with employees of the Group or their families, relatives and friends. Meanwhile, the Group also takes into account of appeals lodged by the suppliers against the employees of the Group who may have breached the procurement rules, and carries out investigations to safeguard the interests of the suppliers in a bid to build a harmonious trading relationship between both parties and establish an open, fair and just procurement management mechanism.

#### 供應鏈管理

政策:強化綠色採購,持續與供應商共同成長

本集團以選擇長期合作夥伴的角度檢視全球各地供應商,品質穩定與誠信正直是我們擇定供應商的主要條件。而在全球綠能意識逐漸高漲下,集團也希望透過綠色產品供應鍊的管理策略,將相關的環保觀念或作法推廣至上游供應商,以在地企業影響力,鼓勵供應商主動配合參與環保作為,集團期盼未來與供應商共同建立食品產業綠色供應鍊,提升集團與供應商在社會和環境責任上的表現。

本集團的原物料供應商有生產製造商及代理經銷商等,工程建造則由營建、機械等工程承攬商負責。集團採行標準化之採購交易模式,除針對品質、成本、服務、技術及交貨狀況進行評比之外,也將供應商資訊作串聯管理,確保長期備料完善、採購需求異動靈活更新,以降低採購風險。

本集團與供應商或承攬商的合作協議,首先要求供應商必須依合約忠實地執行各項買賣交易行為,不得損害本集團之利益與形象。供應商不得對本集團員工個人或親友進行私人的利益輸送,或是任何非依公務上指定之借貸、或是任何非依公務上指定之借貸等;同時,本集團也接受供應商申訴違反採購紀律的集團員工,並確實調查案情,以使供應商之權益獲得保障,建構雙方和諧之買賣關係,達成公開、公平、公正之採購管理機制。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告



#### **SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT (continued)**

Policy: Strengthening Green Procurement and Maintaining Mutual Growth with Suppliers (continued)

We undertake to implement the following supply chain management policies with considerable efforts:

## (1) Regular supplier assessment mechanism for purpose of improving management system of both parties

- The Group has established a system for inspection upon delivery, regular inspection and assessment, and explicitly has required the suppliers to cooperate with the Group's investigation in the factories based on the "Suppliers' Annual External Assessment Programme". The top priority is to guide the supplier to improve the deficiencies found in the inspection and assessment. After notifying suppliers the items which require improvement, regular investigation shall be continued and gradings will be given in order to improve the management system of both parties and ensure its business relationships with quality suppliers. In 2022, the Group has completed the annual assessment on suppliers according to the plan.
- The procurements of new raw materials or newly added suppliers of the Group are all subject to the examination and qualification judgement based on the "Assessment Form for New Supplier" in order to ensure the standards of the Group's procurement management.

## (2) Continuous promotion and encouragement to suppliers for implementation of their own management systems

- In order to carry out safety management for contractors and prevent constructional safety incidents, the Group not only continuously reminds and informs the contractors of the relevant safety management requirements, but also conducts on-site supervision over the operation safety of the manufacturers and procures them to implement their own management to prevent safety hazard to workers or damage to the environment arising from improper operation.
- The Group also requires engineering contractors to comply with and undertake to abide by all requirements under the "Management Measures for Safety and Hygiene of Contractors" and the policies and requirements under ISO 14001 and ISO 45001 of the Group and concurrently requires contractors to assign safety management personnel and engineering supervisors to the construction sites to confirm the safety before, during and after the construction in order to ensure the operation safety and environmental hygiene.

#### 供應鏈管理(續)

政策:強化綠色採購,持續與供應商共同成長(續)

我們承諾將力行以下供應鍊管理政策:

#### (1) 定期進行供應商評核機制,以提升雙方管 理制度

- 集團建立交貨驗收、定期稽核及評價制度,依據「年度供應商外部評核計劃」確實要求供應商配合集團的進廠訪查,稽查評核之缺失項目以輔導供應商改善為第一優先,通知供應商改善項目,並持續定期訪查,評列等級,以提升雙方管理制度,並確保與優良供應商往來。
   2022年集團已依計劃確實完成供應商年度評核。
- 集團對於新的原物料採購或新增的 供應商,均需依據「新供應商評估 表」據以審查、判定合格後才得以進 行採購作業,確保符合集團採購管 理規範。

#### (2) 持續宣導及鼓勵供應商落實自主管理制 度

- 為落實承攬商安全管理事宜,防止施工安全事故的發生,集團除持續提醒及告知承攬商相關安全管理規定外,並於現場督導廠商作業安全,促其落實自主管理,避免因作業不當而產生人員安全或環境的危害。
- 集團並規定工程承包廠商必須遵守 及切結「承包商安全衛生管理辦法」 之各項規範,遵守集團ISO 14001及 ISO 45001之政策規定,同時要求於 施工區域派遣安全管理人員及工程 監工人員,進行施工前、中、後之安 全確認,以確保工作安全及環境衛 生。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告

#### **SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT (continued)**

Policy: Strengthening Green Procurement and Maintaining Mutual Growth with Suppliers (continued)

# (3) Continuously maintain the proportion of green procurement

- In principle, if the suppliers in the country of the Group's business footholds or the neighbouring countries share the advantages in delivery time with the same favourable conditions in terms of quality, service and price, priority would be given to the local raw material suppliers and contractors in order to reduce the carbon emission in the process of transportation and jointly achieve green efficiency.
- In addition to continuously facilitating the replacement of old and high-consumption equipment with new models through plans on manufacturing process improvement or special projects, the Group also participates in various exhibitions of innovative technology and new energy conservation equipment from time to time in hope to continue to manufacture with relatively high efficiency equipment, reduce energy consumption per unit, reduce the cost of electricity used for operation, thereby implement energy management and enhance the competitiveness of the Group in the industry.
- The Group advocates green procurement policy and gradually carry out the environmental protection concept of "low pollution, recyclability and resources conservation". We support ecologically friendly products and green energy, and give priority to recyclable, degradable, reusable and recoverable products in response to the international environmental protection standards. In compliance with the local environmental protection regulations, we encourage suppliers to actively develop green products so as to minimise the damage to the environment. All in all, we make a contribution to take the eco-friendly pledge for all mankind.
- In 2023, the Group's primary production bases maintained a green procurement policy to achieve a carbon emission control. Specific accomplishments include: (a) continuous efforts in procurement at local production places; (b) maintain the use of biomass energy and production use unit demand purchase; (c) completion of 100% procurement target for electrical appliances with energy-saving labels.

#### 供應鏈管理(續)

政策:強化綠色採購,持續與供應商共同成長(續)

- (3) 持續維持綠色採購比重
  - 原則上,集團營運據點所在地或鄰國之供應商具有交期優勢,在品質、服務及價格合宜的相同條件下,我們優先選擇當地原物料採購及承包商,以減少貨物運輸過程的碳排量,共同達成綠色效益。
  - 集團除持續透過製程改善或專案計劃,促進老舊之高耗能設備汰舊換新外,不定期參與各項創新技術、節能新設備展覽會,以期持續以相對高效能設備進行生產,降低單位產品能耗,節約營運電力成本落實能源管理,也提升集團產業競爭力。
  - 集團提倡綠色採購政策,逐步落實「低污染、可回收、省資源」之環保理念,我們支持具備親善環境的產品及綠色能源,優先選擇易回收、易拆解、再生使用率及回收利用率高的產品,響應各國環保標章;故對供應商積極開發綠色產品,減輕對地球環境的破壞,為人類環保事業盡一份心力。
  - 2023年集團主要生產基地維持綠色 採購政策,以達成碳排量控制,具 體做為有:(a)持續努力往在地產地 採購執行(b)持續維持使用生質能源 及生產使用單位需求量採購(c)完成 電器節能標章產品100%採購目標。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告



#### **PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY**

## Policy: Comprehensive Quality Management to Live Up to Customers' Satisfaction

High quality is an important core capability which the Group has always maintained. In order to give customers full confidence in the quality of the products, the Group continues to improve quality control and achieve customers' expectations through high standards of quality control to create quality products and live up to customers' satisfaction.

We undertake to implement the following product responsibility policies with considerable efforts:

#### (1) In compliance with national quality and safety regulations

- In order to maintain the core competitiveness of the product quality, the Group continues to maintain various food safety management systems, including GMP+Feed Safety Assurance, ISO 17025, HACCP, ISO 9001 and FSSC 22000, and to enforce them on relevant production aspects so as to enhance its competitiveness and satisfy customers' requirements on quality and the requirements of food safety standards. In addition, the Group decided to implement the new agreements and rules on relevant foods announced by the governments during 2022, and internal education training was implemented to ensure that the new agreements were fully carried out.
- The Group ensures the quality of every product it produced is in compliance with all requirements of relevant local laws applicable to the operating areas.
- In 2023, the Group has fully implemented the monthly review of the validity period of various intellectual property rights in a bid to ensure the due completion of registration procedure for renewal before expiration.
- The shipment of each batch of the products is subject to a random inspection conducted by the Group. The fail rate of the Group's product in the random inspection was approximately 0.16% in 2023, and it was maintained to enhance the system for the traceability of source management.
- The Group performed a product recall drill in July 2023 for every main product (MSG, flavour seasoning, modified starch, maltose syrup, rice protein, animal and plant liquid and solid feed, and Cha Cha Spiced Sunflower Seeds), enabling it to face potential circumstances with ample experience.

#### 產品責任

政策:全員品管,顧客滿意

高品質為本集團始終極力維護的重要核心能力。為了讓客戶對商品品質有十足的信心,集團不斷地增進品質管制,並藉由高標準的品質控管來達成客戶期望,藉此創造高品質的產品及顧客滿意度。

我們承諾將力行以下產品責任政策:

#### (1) 符合國家品質與安全規範

- 為了維持核心競爭力之產品品質, 集團持續維護GMP+Feed Safety Assurance、ISO 17025、HACCP、 ISO 9001、FSSC 22000食品安全管 理系統,並實施於各相關製造的範 圍,以提高競爭能力,達到客戶的 品質及食品安全標準要求。除此之 外,在2022年期間已確實進行發佈 國家所公告的相關食品政府頒佈的 新議定及規範,並且執行內部教育 訓練以確保達到新議定確實執行。
- 集團確認所生產之各項產品品質, 均符合所有營運區域適用的當地相關法令規定。
- 集團於2023年確實達成每月定期檢 討各項智慧財產權效期,以確保於 到期前確實完成更新登記作業。
- 集團針對每批次產品進行抽檢,達標方可出貨,2023年集團產品抽檢不合格率約0.16%,並持續維持強化源頭管理可溯性的制度。
- 集團於2023年對主要產品(味精、風味調味料、變性澱粉、麥芽糖漿、米蛋白),各於7月份進行一次產品回收程序標準演習,集團可有充足的經驗來面對可能發生的狀況。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告

#### **PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY (continued)**

Policy: Comprehensive Quality Management to Live Up to Customers' Satisfaction (continued)

# (2) Preservation of customers' interests and consolidation of customer relations

- As the Group weighs its customer relation management system, it has established feasible and effective customer communication channels to understand the needs and questions of customers. The Group has established the "operating procedures for toll-free customer service hotline". Through the toll-free customer hotline, the Group ascertains the procedures and scope of customer service operation and matters which require customers' cooperation in order to ensure customers' interests as well as to safeguard the interests of the distributors and agents.
- Addressing customers' opinions and feedback and the quality issues, each business unit has formulated standard operating procedures in compliance with the local laws, according to which it promptly provides proper responses, makes reports and puts forward solutions through the communication channels specified in the official website of the Group and sales personnel to achieve the goal of customer satisfaction.
- Addressing customers' data protection and privacy management, the Group carried out 6 internal inspections in 2023 (one inspection in every two months) to ensure that the management measures are duly implemented by every department.
- The distribution partners around the world are important market vanguards of the Group which help the Group to deliver its brand value to the potential customers at every corner of the world. The Group organises distribution partner meetings or product launching events from time to time to share the analysis on the overall market trend and its marketing strategies in order to assure customers' satisfaction and establish a long-term and stable market operating foundation for the Group.

#### 產品責任(續)

政策:全員品管,顧客滿意(續)

#### (2) 保障客戶權益,鞏固客戶關係

- 集團重視客戶關係管理系統,已建立可行、有效的客戶溝通管道,了解客戶的需求及問題。集團設立「客戶免付費專線服務作業流程」,通過客戶免付費專線,確認服務客戶作業流程範圍及相關客戶需配合事項,以確保客戶權益,也包含經銷商及代理商之權益保障。
- 針對客戶的意見回饋或品質問題, 各事業單位也依據當地法令訂定標 準作業流程,透過集團官網指定的 連絡管道以及業務人員,即時給予 妥善的回應並按流程通報與處理, 達到客戶滿意的目標。
- 針對消費者資料保障及隱私管理, 集團於2023年完成6次內部稽查(每 2個月進行1次稽查),確保管理辦法 確實為各部門所執行。
- 遍佈全球的經銷通路夥伴是集團重要的市場先鋒,協助集團將企業品牌價值傳達給世界各角落的潛在客戶。集團不時舉辦經銷通路夥伴會面活動或產品發佈會,分享整體市場趨勢與行銷策略,以確保顧客滿意,建立集團長期穩健的市場經營基礎。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告



#### **ANTI-CORRUPTION AND PREVENTIVE MEASURES**

#### Policy: Upholding Integrity and Formulating Standards

The Group highly values operation in good faith. It has established a designated inspection unit, in addition to the establishment of a transparent and open communication platform. The Group requires its employees to comply with the regulations of integrity and also reinforces the propaganda on a regular basis to prevent corruption and fraud.

The Group requires all employees to abide by the prevailing government regulations in each operating area and the internal regulations of the Company in an endeavour to procure employees to safeguard the Group's reputation with the highest moral standard. For the implementation of the Group's anti-corruption policy, penalty shall be imposed on inappropriate conducts in accordance with the relevant regulations of the Company, while local legal proceedings shall be instituted on a serious breach.

The Group shall implement the following policies with considerable efforts to enforce the regulations of integrity on employees:

#### (1) Continuous propaganda of integrity

The Group requires every employee internally, and reminds all customers, suppliers and all third parties involved in business transactions externally not to obtain commercial benefits directly or indirectly through malfeasance or bribery. It has also established standard operation procedure systems for business, procurement and finance departments to prevent employees from abusing their power for personal gains which would result in conflict of interests.

# (2) Establishment of transparent and open communication platform

Integrity is a major criterion of the Group's assessment on its employees and employees who reported corrupt conducts shall not result in any implication to their salaries and promotion prospects or be subject to other unfavourable penalties. There is a feedback channel which allows all employees to report corrupt conducts to the management directly through diversified means, where the whistle blower shall be protected by the Group's system. No employee in the Group was subject to legal proceedings regarding corrupt conduct in 2023.

#### 反貪污防治

政策:落實誠信行為與規範

本集團重視誠信經營,除建立透明公開的溝通 平台外,集團內部並設立專責之稽查單位查 核,平時也加強宣導與要求員工落實誠信之規 範,以防治貪污與舞弊。

集團要求所有員工遵守各營運區域當地現行有效之政府法規和公司內規,期許員工以最高道德標準共同維護集團聲譽,如查有不當行為,除依公司相關規定予以懲處外,重大情節並依當地法律程序處理,以落實集團期望之反貪政策。

集團對員工之誠信規範將力行以下政策:

#### (1) 持續宣導誠信行為

集團對內要求每位員工、對外提示所有客戶、供應商及所有涉及商業行為之第三方,集團禁止以直接或間接之任何貪瀆或賄賂方式獲取商業利益,並且在業務、採購、財務部門內建立標準作業流程系統,以避免員工利用職務之便,導致任何利益衝突之情事。

#### (2) 建立透明公開溝通平台

集團對於員工之誠信列為重要考核項目,且不因員工舉報貪污行為而影響員工之待遇、升遷或受到其他不利之處分。集團設有意見反映管道,所有員工均可直接透過多元的管道,向管理階層舉報貪污案件,檢舉人並受到集團制度之保護。2023年集團並無僱員貪污訴訟案件。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告

#### **COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC WELFARE**

## Policy: Facilitating Social Development and Willing to be Corporate Volunteer

The Group provides special care to the relatively underprivileged minority in society and gives long-term and appropriate support and positive encouragement. With a thankful heart, the Group is willing to be a cheerful corporate volunteer and communicate with the community benevolently so as to requite the public for the support to the Company.

Through internal coordination and planning of the public relations department, the Group has been devoting itself to public welfare activities, such as providing international medical support, taking care of the impoverished families, promoting environmental protection and energy conservation education and sponsoring outstanding poor students for a long period of time in hope for encouraging more enthusiasts to carry out charitable work and radiating warmth to every corner in need through our modest contribution and increased participation. Vietnam Red Cross awarded the "Red Cross Outstanding Contribution of Business Enterprise Award" to a Vietnamese company under the Group for multiple times, indicating that the Company's active participation in the public welfare has obtained recognition by international charity and aid organisation. The followings set forth a summary of the Group's community development and participation in public welfare:

#### (1) Continuous international medical support

Given that international human care has always been the benevolent activity which the Group pays attention to, other than sponsoring the "Agent Orange Victim Fund" and the "Child Protection Fund", the Vietnam plant (primary production base of the Group) has cooperated with the Government of Dong Nai Province, Taichung Veterans General Hospital, Taiwan and Huei-Kong Social Welfare Foundation for nine consecutive years to carry out international medical support activities which benefitted over ten thousand people. In 2022, in response to the "Month of Humanity (人道之月)」 event organized by the Vietnam Red Cross, the Vietnam plant worked together with the University Medical Shing Mark Hospital to provide a caring and free clinic for 200 people in Dong Nai Province.

#### (2) Continuous promotion of study encouragement

In order to incentivise impoverished students, the Group not only entered into the "Industry-University Collaboration Memorandum" with numerous higher education institutions, but also regularly carried out study encouragement in accordance with the local government policies and gave scholarships and donations for construction of schools in a bid to provide better education to outstanding students in order to encourage students to study hard. In 2023, the Group specially sponsored the construction of a computer classroom in a national middle school in Ha Tinh Province, Vietnam, to promote a high-quality and equal digital education environment.

#### 社區經營與慈善公益

政策:促進社會發展、樂為企業志工

本集團對於社會結構中相對弱勢的族群特別關懷,長期給予適當的扶助與正向的鼓勵。集團抱持感恩的心,樂於做一員快樂的企業志工,用愛心與社會各界溝通,回饋大眾對公司的支持。

集團透過內部專責公共關係部門的統籌與規劃,長期以來持續投入國際醫療援助、關懷資戶、推廣環境能源教育及協助清寒優秀學公益活動,我們希望以自己棉薄的奉獻,號召更多愛心人士攜手行善等,將溫情傳送至社會需要的角落。越南紅十字會事業傑出成績貢獻獎」予集團越南公司,顯見公司積極參與慈善活動已變於,以下分享集團於社區經營與慈善公益的概況:

#### (1) 持續進行國際醫療援助活動

國際人道關懷一直是本集團關注的愛心活動,除贊助「橙黃劑受害者基金會」和「兒童保護基金會」之外,主要生產基地越南廠區已有9年與同奈省政府、台門榮民總醫院及惠康基金會合作國際慈善醫療活動,義診服務受惠民眾逾萬人。2022年響應越南紅十字會的「人道之月」,越南廠區與震興醫院攜手為同奈省200人提供愛心義診活動。

#### (2) 持續推展勸學活動

為獎勵清寒學子,集團除與多所高等教育學校簽定「產學合作備忘錄」之外,也定期配合當地政府政策進行勸學教育,頒發獎助學金及捐資興學,以協助優秀學子接受更良好的教育,鼓勵學子持續奮發向學。2023年集團特別贊助越南河靜省國民中學建設電腦教室,以推動優質化均等數位教育環境。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告



## **COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC WELFARE** (continued)

Policy: Facilitating Social Development and Willing to be Corporate Volunteer (continued)

## (3) Encouragement to employees to participate in social welfare activities

The Group always encourages its employees to participate in all kinds of public welfare activities and several directors of the Group and their families have set an example by working as long-term volunteers of medical institutions and hospice centres in an endeavour to motivate more employees to unite their power through personal actions and serve the public with contribution to society.

In 2021, affected by the Covid-19 pandemic, social distancing was implemented nationwide, which reduced the frequency of people's going out and affected their willingness to donate blood, and thus triggered a blood inventory alarm. In view of this and in response to the initiative of "Blood Donation with Love (一滴血、萬分愛)」, the Vietnam plant organised a "Humanity Blood Donation (人道捐血)」 event in 2022 and 2023 in cooperation with the local government. In addition, the Vietnam plant organised a "Weekend Prevention of Dengue Fever Disease (週末預防登革熱疾病)」 activity for 57 schools in 2023 in cooperation with the Red Cross of Long Thanh County.

#### (4) Continuous charity and public welfare activities

To demonstrate the spirit of fraternity and help impoverished families, the Group adheres to the concept of gaining healthy lives through flavourful and delicious food and organises various activities such as "Spreading Warmth at the End of the Year", "Gratitude Fund", "Building Warm-Hearted House" and "Poverty Fund" every year to provide the most appropriate support to the needy.

#### 社區經營與慈善公益(續)

政策:促進社會發展、樂為企業志工(續)

#### (3) 鼓勵員工參與社會公益活動

集團向來鼓勵員工自主參與各類公益活動,集團多位董事及其家人更是躬身力行,長期擔任醫療機構、安寧照護機構的志工,期望由已身做起,帶動更多員工力量集結,服務人群回饋社會。

在2021年,受Covid-19疫情的影響,全國實行社交距離,民眾減少外出,連帶影響捐血意願,血液庫存拉警報。故2022、2023年越南廠區配合當地政府舉辦「人道捐血」活動,響應「一滴血、萬分愛」。此外,2023年越南廠區也與隆城縣紅十字會為57所學校舉辦「週末預防登革熱疾病」活動。

#### (4) 持續進行慈善公益活動

為了發揮相親相愛精神、協助環境困難的家庭,本著濃鬱美味食品帶來健康生活的理念,集團每年舉辦「歲末送溫曖」、「知恩圖報基金」、「建設溫情屋」、「為貧窮基金」等多項活動,為弱勢民眾提供最適當的協助。



International Medical Support & Health Care 國際醫療援助 守護健康



Initiative of "Blood Donation with Love" 響應「一滴血、萬分愛」



Encouraging Outstanding Local Students 捐資興學 鼓勵學子

#### Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

# COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AND PUBLIC WELFARE (continued)

Policy: Facilitating Social Development and Willing to be Corporate Volunteer (continued)

## (5) Facilitation of environmental protection and energy conservation education

In order to enhance the awareness of the importance of energy and climate change issues among all people, the Group cooperated with the local government and international organisations every year to promote the concept of forest conservation by organising different activities such as "Green Sunday", "Tree Planting", "Environmental Protection Drawing Competition" and "Classification of Household Waste", and sponsor a variety of environmental protection funds in an endeavour to facilitate environmental protection, forest conservation, forest expansion and improve the ecological environment.

#### (6) Generation of a centripetal force towards society by culture education

The cultivation strategy of the Group is to rapidly and fully integrate into local culture where it operates. As such, the Group provides various recreational activities and supports the relevant activities of local governments, such as celebrating local festivals, participating in the International Women's Day, tug-of-war competitions for employees, commending senior employees, establishing party organisations and organizing activities in a bid to enhance a sense of belonging of the employees to the local culture and earn recognition of the Company from communities.

Tree Planting & Save the Earth 植樹活動 愛護地球



Community Epidemic Prevention to Improving Environmental Sanitation 社區防疫 加強環衛

#### 社區經營與慈善公益(續)

政策:促進社會發展、樂為企業志工(續)

#### (5) 推動環境能源教育

為提高民眾體認能源及氣候變遷議題的 重要,集團每年配合當地政府單位及國際 組織宣導愛林護林的意識,舉辦各種「綠 色週日」、「植樹」、「環保畫圖比賽」、「生 活垃圾分類」活動,並且贊助各類環保基 金,為綠化促進、愛林護林擴大森林資源 及改善生態環境而努力。

#### (6) 以文化教育凝聚社會向心力

深耕在地是集團的發展策略,為使集團更快速地完全融入營運區域當地文化,集團提供各種文娱活動以及配合當地政府的相關活動,例如:在地文化日慶典、三八婦女節活動、員工拔河比賽、資深員工表揚活動、成立黨組織、黨部活動等,加強全球員工對在地文化的歸屬感,同時也凝聚社區對公司的認同感。



Praising Senior Employees to Build Team Unity 表彰資深員工 凝聚團隊向心力

#### 環境、社會及管治報告



#### **PROSPECTS**

"Care for environment and sustainable operation" is the operational mission of the Group and also a commitment and fundamental responsibility of us as an international corporate citizen to the environment and society. In process of the preparation of the disclosure in this report, we have reviewed the actual actions taken by the Group in a new perspective for implementing the three sustainability measures, namely sustainable environment, public welfare, and sound corporate governance. The Group will continue to improve and formulate the most complete development solutions which integrate operating procedures, and will continuously strive for corporate excellence, facilitating social development and creating a better environment.

With reference to the relevant regulations and international standards, the Group will continue to review the hindrances and risks to be involved in the future corporate governance, social development and environmental protection. It will also formulate mid-to-long-term improvement strategies and action plans as soon as possible with effective communication with the stakeholders of the Group, including employees, customers, suppliers, investors and the community, that enable them to understand and support every practical action taken by the Group for the environmental, social and governance in order to face the trend of the macro-environment and challenges together in a prudent manner and seek the best way for coexistence and mutual prosperity.

The Group believes that the fulfilment of social responsibility is the critical driving force for the sustainable growth of enterprises in the 21st century. In the future, we will continue to integrate the core competence of biotechnology with social responsibility and develop green economy. The Group expects not only to continue to grow and develop in the food industry, but also to have a significant influence – It will also focus on climate change, including issues such as carbon reduction in an endeavour to contribute to the sustainable development of the environment of the earth and create a better home together.

#### 展望

「愛護環境、永續經營」是本集團的經營使命, 也是身為國際企業公民對環境與社會的承諾和 基本責任。我們透過披露本報告書的過程,重 新檢視集團對於實踐永續環境、維護社會公益 及健全企業管治三個永續面的實際作為,並將 持續改善、建立最完備且結合營運流程的發展 方案,努力持續追求企業卓越經營、促進社會 發展並創造環境的共好。

本集團將參考相關法規及國際標準,持續檢討 集團未來在企業治理、社會發展與環境保護所 將面臨的難題與風險,儘早規劃中長期改善策 略及行動方案,並有效溝通於集團之利害關係 人包括員工、客戶、供應商、投資人及社區,使 之了解並支持集團在環境、社會及管治的各項 作為,共同謹慎面對大環境的趨勢與挑戰,尋 求共存共榮的最佳模式。

集團相信善盡社會責任,將是企業在廿一世紀永續成長的關鍵助力。未來,我們將持續運用生物技術核心能力與社會責任結合,發展綠色經濟,集團期望不僅在食品產業得以持續發展壯大,擁有重要的影響力,更將投入氣候變化包括減碳等議題的關注,共同為地球環境永續發展盡力,開創美好家園。

The Group's compliance of General Disclosures and KPIs:

集團遵守一般披露及關鍵續效指標之履行情 形:

# CROSS-REFERENCE SHEET OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE

與《環境、社會及管治報告指引》之對照表

#### Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs

主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標

	"Comply or explain" Provisions 「不遵守就解釋」	Compliance as disclosed in this report 本報告書披露之履行情形
A. Environmental 環境		
A1 Emissions: 排放物:	General Disclosure (effective from 2016.1.1) 一般披露(2016.1.1生效)	
	Information on: 有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、有害及無害廢棄 物的產生等的:	
	(a) the policies; and (a) 政策;及	As stated in the section headed "Environmental Protection (1) Emission
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	management" in this report 如報告書「環境保護(1)排放物管理」章節敘述
	relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.	
	Note: (1) Air emissions include NOx, SOx, and other pollutants regulated under national laws and regulations. 註: (1)廢氣排放包括氮氧化物、硫氧化物及其他受國家法律及規例規管的污染物。	
	Note: (2) Greenhouse gases include carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons and sulphur hexafluoride. 註: (2)溫室氣體包括二氧化碳、甲烷、氧化亞氮、氫氟碳化合物、全氟化碳及六氟化硫。	
	Note: (3) Hazardous wastes are those defined by national regulations. 註: (3)有害廢棄物指國家規例所界定者。	



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與《環境、社會及管治報告指引》之對照表 (續)

"Comply or explain" Provisions 「不遵守就解釋」	Compliance as disclosed in this report 本報告書披露之履行情形
KPI (effective from 2017.1.1) 關鍵績效指標(2017.1.1生效)	
KPI A1.1: The types of emissions and respective emissions data. 關鍵績效指標A1.1:排放物種類及相關排放數據。	As stated in the section headed "Environmental Protection (1) Emission management" in this report 如報告書"環境保護(1)排放物管理"章節敘述
KPI A1.2: Greenhouse gas emissions in total (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 關鍵績效指標A1.2:溫室氣體總排放量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	As stated in the section headed "Environmental Protection (1) Emission management" in this report 如報告書"環境保護(1)排放物管理"章節敘述
KPI A1.3: Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 關鍵績效指標A1.3:所產生有害廢棄物總量 (以噸計算) 及 (如適用) 密度 (如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	As stated in the section headed "Environmental Protection (1) Emission management" in this report 如報告書"環境保護(1)排放物管理"章節敘述
KPI A1.4: Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 關鍵績效指標A1.4:所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	As stated in the section headed "Environmental Protection (1) Emission management" in this report 如報告書"環境保護(1)排放物管理"章節敘述

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	"Comply or explain" Provisions 「不遵守就解釋」	Compliance as disclosed in this report 本報告書披露之履行情形
	KPI A1.5: Description of measures to mitigate emissions and results achieved. 關鍵績效指標A1.5:描述減低排放量的措施及所得成果。	As stated in the section headed "Environmental Protection (1) Emission management" in this report 如報告書"環境保護(1)排放物管理"章節敘述
	KPI A1.6: Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, reduction initiatives and results achieved. 關鍵績效指標A1.6:描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法、減低產生量的措施及所得成果。	As stated in the section headed "Environmental Protection (1) Emission management" in this report 如報告書"環境保護(1)排放物管理"章節敘述
A2 Use of Resources: 資源使用:	General Disclosure (effective from 2016.1.1) 一般披露(2016.1.1生效)	
	Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials. 有效使用資源 (包括能源、水及其他原材料) 的政策。	As stated in the section headed "Environmental Protection (2) Resources usage management" in this report 如報告書"環境保護(2)資源使用管理"章節敘述
	Note: Resources may be used in production, in storage, transportation, in buildings, electronic equipment, etc. 註: 資源可用於生產、儲存、運輸、樓宇、電子設備等。	





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"Comply or explain" Provisions 「不遵守就解釋」	Compliance as disclosed in this report 本報告書披露之履行情形
KPI (effective from 2017.1.1) 關鍵績效指標 (2017.1.1生效)	
KPI A2.1: Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 關鍵績效指標A2.1:按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	As stated in the section headed "Environmental Protection (2) Resources usage management" in this report 如報告書"環境保護(2)資源使用管理"章節敘述
KPI A2.2: Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 關鍵績效指標A2.2:總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	As stated in the section headed "Environmental Protection (2) Resources usage management" in this report 如報告書"環境保護(2)資源使用管理"章節敘述
KPI A2.3: Description of energy use efficiency initiatives and results achieved. 關鍵績效指標A2.3:描述能源使用效益計劃及所得成果。	As stated in the section headed "Environmental Protection (2) Resources usage management" in this report 如報告書"環境保護(2)資源使用管理"章節敘述
KPI A2.4: Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency initiatives and results achieved. 關鍵績效指標A2.4:描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及提升用水效益計劃及所得成果。	As stated in the section headed "Environmental Protection (2) Resources usage management" in this report 如報告書"環境保護(2)資源使用管理"章節敘述
KPI A2.5: Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced. 關鍵績效指標A2.5:製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位佔量。	As stated in the section headed "Environmental Protection (2) Resources usage management" in this report 如報告書"環境保護(2)資源使用管理"章節敘述

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與《環境、社會及管治報告指引》之對照表 (續)

## Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs

主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標

		Compliance as disclosed
	"Comply or explain" Provisions 「不遵守就解釋」	in this report 本報告書披露之履行情形
A3 Environment and Natural Resources: 環境及天然資源:	General Disclosure (effective from 2016.1.1) 一般披露 (2016.1.1生效)	
	Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impact on the environment and natural resources. 減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。	As stated in the section headed "Environmental Protection (3) Environment and natural resources management" in this report 如報告書"環境保護(3)環境及天然資源管理"章節敘述
	KPI (effective from 2017.1.1) 關鍵績效指標(2017.1.1生效)	
	KPI A3.1: Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them. 關鍵績效指標A3.1:描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動。	As stated in the section headed "Environmental Protection (3) Environment and natural resources management" in this report 如報告書"環境保護(3)環境及天然資源管理"章節敘述



# CROSS-REFERENCE SHEET OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE (continued)

與《環境、社會及管治報告指引》之對照表 (續)

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	"Comply or explain" Provisions 「不遵守就解釋」	Recommended Disclosures 建議披露	Compliance as disclosed in this report 本報告書披露之履行情形
B. Social 社會			
I. Employment and Labour Practices 一、僱傭及勞工常規 B1 Employment: 僱傭:	General Disclosure (effective from 2016.1.1) 一般披露 (2016.1.1生效)		
	Information on: 有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的:  (a) the policies; and (a) 政策;及  (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。  relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.		As stated in the section headed "Employee Practice and Benefit (1) Employment principles" in this report 如報告書"員工常規與福利(1)僱傭原則"章節敘述

CROSS-REFERENCE SHEET OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE (continued)

與《環境、社會及管治報告指引》之對照表 (續)

	"Comply or explain" Provisions 「不遵守就解釋」	Recommended Disclosures 建議披露		Compliance as disclosed in this report 本報告書披露之 履行情形
			ded Disclosures – KPI 露-關鍵績效指標	
		KPI B1.1 關鍵績效指標B1.1	Total work force by gender, employment type, age group and geographical region. 按性別、僱傭類型、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數。	As stated in the section headed "Employee Practice and Benefit (1) Employment principles" in this report 如報告書「員工常規與福利(1)僱傭原則」章節 敘述
		KPI B1.2 關鍵績效指標B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region. 按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。	As stated in the section headed "Employee Practice and Benefit (1) Employment principles" in this report 如報告書「員工常規與福利(1)僱傭原則」章節 敘述
B2 Health and Safety: 健康與安全:	General Disclosure (effective from 2016.1.1) 一般披露 (2016.1.1生效)			
	Information on: 有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的:  (a) the policies; and (a) 政策;及  (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。  relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.			As stated in the section headed "Employee Practice and Benefit (4) Establishment of safe and healthy working environment" in this report 如報告書「員工常規與福利(4)建構安全與健康的工作環境」章節敘述



CROSS-REFERENCE SHEET OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL, **SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE** (continued)

與《環境、社會及管治報告指引》之對照表

"Comply or explain" Provisions 「不遵守就解釋」	Recommended Disclosures 建議披露		Compliance as disclosed in this report 本報告書披露之 履行情形
		ded Disclosures – KPI 露-關鍵績效指標	
	KPI B2.1 關鍵績效指標B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities. 因工作關係而死亡的人數及比率。	As stated in the section headed "Employee Practice and Benefit (4) Establishment of safe and healthy working environment" in this report 如報告書「員工常規與福利(4)建構安全與健康的工作環境」章節敘述
	KPI B2.2 關鍵績效指標B2.2	Lost days due to work injury. 因工傷損失工作日數。	As stated in the section headed "Employee Practice and Benefit (4) Establishment of safe and healthy working environment" in this report 如報告書「員工常規與福利(4)建構安全與健康的工作環境」章節敘述
	KPI B2.3 關鍵績效指標B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, how they are implemented and monitored. 描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方法。	As stated in the section headed "Employee Practice and Benefit (4) Establishment of safe and healthy working environment" in this report 如報告書「員工常規與福利(4)建構安全與健康的工作環境」章節敘述

CROSS-REFERENCE SHEET OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE (continued)

與《環境、社會及管治報告指引》之對照表 (續)

B3 Development	"Comply or explain" Provisions 「不遵守就解釋」 General Disclosure	Recommended Disclosures 建議披露		Compliance as disclosed in this report 本報告書披露之 履行情形
and Training: B3發展及培訓:	(effective from 2016.1.1) 一般披露(2016.1.1.生效)			
	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities. 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動。  Note: Training refers to vocational training. It may include internal and external courses paid by the employer. 註:培訓指職業培訓,可包括由僱主付費的內外部課程。			As stated in the section headed "employees Practice and Benefit (5) Development and training" in this report 如報告書「員工常規與福利(5)發展與培訓」章節敘述
			ded Disclosures – KPI 露-關鍵績效指標	
		KPI B3.1 關鍵績效指標B3.1 KPI B3.2 關鍵績效指標B3.2	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management). 按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級管理層等)劃分的受訓僱員百分比。 The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category. 按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數。	As stated in the section headed "employees Practice and Benefit (5) Development and training" in this report 如報告書「員工常規與福利(5)發展與培訓」章節敘述 As stated in the section headed "employees Practice and Benefit (5) Development and training" in this report 如報告書「員工常規與福利(5)發展與培訓」章節敘述



#### CROSS-REFERENCE SHEET OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL, **SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE** (continued)

與《環境、社會及管治報告指引》之對照表

	工女叱恃、眉山、一双双路从懒蜓牌双泪惊				
B4 Labour Standards:	"Comply or explain" Provisions 「不遵守就解釋」 General Disclosure (effective from 2016.1.1)	Recommended Disclosures 建議披露		Compliance as disclosed in this report 本報告書披露之 履行情形	
B4勞工準則:	一般披露(2016.1.1.生效)				
	Information on: 有關防止童工或強制勞工的:  (a) the policies; and (a) 政策;及  (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。  relating to preventing child and forced labour.			As stated in the section headed "Employee Practice and Benefit (6) Labour standards" in this report 如報告書「員工常規與福利(6)勞工準則」章節敘述	
			ded Disclosures – KPI 露一關鍵績效指標		
		KPI B4.1 關鍵績效指標B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour. 描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免 童工及強制勞工。	As stated in the section headed "Employee Practice and Benefit (6) Labour standards" in this report 如報告書「員工常規與福利(6)勞工準則」章節敘述	
		KPI B4.2 關鍵績效指標B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered. 描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。	As stated in the section headed "Employee Practice and Benefit (6) Labour standards" in this report 如報告書「員工常規與福利(6)勞工準則」章節敘述	

CROSS-REFERENCE SHEET OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL, **SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE** (continued)

與《環境、社會及管治報告指引》之對照表 (續)

	"Comply or explain" Provisions 「不遵守就解釋」	Recommended Disclosures 建議披露		Compliance as disclosed in this report 本報告書披露之 履行情形
B5 Supply Chain Management: 供應鏈管理:	General Disclosure (effective from 2016.1.1) 一般披露(2016.1.1生效)			
	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain. 管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。			As stated in the section headed "Supply Chain Management" in this report 如報告書「供應鏈管理」 章節敘述
		Recommended Disclosures – KPI 建議披露-關鍵績效指標		
		KPI B5.1 關鍵績效指標B5.1 KPI B5.2 關鍵績效指標B5.2	Number of suppliers by geographical region. 按地區劃分的供應商數目。 Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, how they are implemented and monitored. 描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目、以及有關慣例的執行及監察方法。	As stated in the section headed "Supply Chain Management (1), (2) and (3)" in this report 如報告書「供應鏈管理 (1)、(2)及(3)」章節敘述



CROSS-REFERENCE SHEET OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL, **SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE** (continued)

與《環境、社會及管治報告指引》之對照表

	"Comply or explain" Provisions 「不遵守就解釋」	Recommended Disclosures 建議披露	Compliance as disclosed in this report 本報告書披露之履行情形
B6 Product Responsibility: 產品責任:	General Disclosure (effective from 2016.1.1) 一般披露 (2016.1.1生效)		
	Information on: 有關所提供產品和服務的健康與 安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以 及補救方法的:		
	<ul><li>(a) the policies; and</li><li>(a) 政策;及</li><li>(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer</li></ul>		As stated in the section headed "Product Responsibility (1)" in this report 如報告書「產品責任(1)」 章節敘述
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。  relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress.		

CROSS-REFERENCE SHEET OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL, **SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE** (continued)

與《環境、社會及管治報告指引》之對照表 (續)

"Comply or explain" Provisions 「不遵守就解釋」	Recomm	iended Disclosures 建議披露	Compliance as disclosed in this report 本報告書披露之 履行情形
	Recommended Disclosures – KPI 建議披露-關鍵績效指標		
	KPI B6.1 關鍵績效指標B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons. 已售或已運送產品總數中因安全 與健康理由而須回收的百分比。	As stated in the section headed "Product Responsibility (1)" in this report 如報告書「產品責任(1)」 章節敘述
	KPI B6.2 關鍵績效指標B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with. 接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	As stated in the section headed "Product Responsibility (2)" in this report 如報告書「產品責任(2)」 章節敘述
	KPI B6.3 關鍵績效指標B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights. 描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	As stated in the section headed "Product Responsibility (1)" in this report 如報告書「產品責任(1)」 章節敘述
	KPI B6.4 關鍵績效指標B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures. 描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	As stated in the section headed "Product Responsibility (1)" in this report 如報告書「產品責任(1)」 章節敘述
	KPI B6.5 關鍵績效指標B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored. 描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察方法。	As stated in the section headed "Product Responsibility (1)" in this report 如報告書「產品責任(1)」 章節敘述



#### CROSS-REFERENCE SHEET OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL, **SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE** (continued)

與《環境、社會及管治報告指引》之對照表

B7 Anti-corruption:	"Comply or explain" Provisions 「不遵守就解釋」 General Disclosure	Recommended Disclosures 建議披露		Compliance as disclosed in this report 本報告書披露之 履行情形
反貪污: -	(effective from 2016.1.1) 一般披露 (2016.1.1生效)			
	Information on: 有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗 黑錢的:  (a) the policies; and (a) 政策;及			As stated in the section headed "Anti-
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。 relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.			corruption and Preventive Measures" in this report 如報告書「反貪污防治」 章節敘述
	nadu and money laundering.		ded Disclosures – KPI 露-關鍵績效指標	
		KPI B7.1 關鍵績效指標B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases. 於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。	As stated in the section headed "Anticorruption and Preventive Measures in (1)" this report 如報告書「反貪污防治(1)」章節敘述
		KPI B7.2 關鍵績效指標B7.2	Description and preventive measures and whistleblowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored. 描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察方法。	As stated in the section headed "Anticorruption and Preventive Measures in (2)" this report 如報告書「反貪污防治(2)」章節敘述

CROSS-REFERENCE SHEET OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL, **SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE** (continued)

與《環境、社會及管治報告指引》之對照表 (續)

	"Comply or explain" Provisions 「不遵守就解釋」	Recommended Disclosures 建議披露		Compliance as disclosed in this report 本報告書披露之 履行情形
III. Community 三、社區				
B8 Community Investment: 社區投資:	General Disclosure (effective from 2016.1.1) 一般披露 (2016.1.1生效)			
	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests.  有關以社區參與來了解營運所在社區需要和確保其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政策。			As stated in the section headed "Community Development and Public Welfare" in this report 如報告書「社區經營與 慈善公益」章節敘述
		Recommended Disclosures – KPI 建議披露-關鍵績效指標		
		KPI B8.1 關鍵績效指標B8.1	Focus are as of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport). 專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體育)。	As stated in the section headed "Community Development and Public Welfare (1)-(6)" in this report 如報告書「社區經營與慈善公益(1)-(6)」章節 敘述
		KPI B8.2 關鍵績效指標B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area. 在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。	As stated in the section headed "Community Development and Public Welfare" in this report 如報告書「社區經營與 慈善公益」章節敘述

### **Report of Directors**

#### 董事會報告



The directors of the Company ("Directors") present their report and the audited accounts for the year ended 31 December 2023.

本公司董事(「董事」) 謹此呈報截至二零二三年 十二月三十一日止年度的董事會報告及經審核 賬目。

本公司為投資控股公司,其附屬公司主要從事 以醱酵技術生產氨基酸產品、食品添加劑及木

薯澱粉工業產品。其附屬公司主要業務的詳情

載列於綜合財務報表附註9。

該等業務於回顧年度並無重大轉變。

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company acts as an investment holding company. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the production of fermentation-based amino acids, food additive products and cassava starch based industrial products. Details of the principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year under review.

## 業務回顧

主要業務

## 緒言

有關本集團業務的審視、面對主要風險和不明 朗因素的描述及業務展望,請參閱本報告之「主 席報告書」及「管理層討論及分析」兩節。

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

#### **Preface**

For review of the Group's business, the description about major risks and uncertainties and business prospects, please refer to "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" in this Report.

#### Subsequent events after year end date

No major event that influences business operation of the Group has occurred since 31 December 2023 (the balance sheet date of the financial year) until the date of this report.

#### Analysis of key financial performance indicators

For detailed key financial performance indicators that reflect business performance of the Group, refer to "Financial Highlights" on page 5 in this Annual Report.

#### Corporate environmental policy and performance

Environmental protection has always been a key target that the Group is concerned and works hard on. The Group has worked out an environmental policy and included environmental protection in daily management in accordance with related environmental protection laws and regulations applicable to the production base. The Group has also helped every employee cultivate their environmental protection awareness, strengthen the environmental protection concept, prevent environmental pollution, and cherish the earth's natural resources, so as to conserve energy, reduce carbon footprint, and jointly build a sustainable green enterprise.

#### 年結日後事項

自二零二三年十二月三十一日(財政年度結算 日) 起至本報告日, 並無影響本集團營運的重大 事件發生。

#### 主要財務表現指標的分析

有關反映本集團業務表現的主要財務表現指標 詳情,請參閱本年報第5頁「財務摘要」。

#### 公司環境政策及表現

環境保護一直是本集團關注及努力的重要目 標,集團已遵守生產基地適用的相關環保法規 訂定環境政策,將環境保護納入常規管理,讓 集團每位員工都有自主環保的認知,時時提高 愛護環境的觀念,防止環境污染,並珍惜地球 天然資源,確實做到節能減碳,共同建構永續 之綠色企業。

#### **Report of Directors**

#### 董事會報告

In line with the national policy for production base, the Group regularly holds all kinds of environmental safety drills and review meetings to enhance the disaster response capability of employees, creates a safe industrial environment for all the employees, and actively strives to become a model enterprise in labour safety and health.

本集團遵守生產基地之國家政策,定期舉辦各類環安演習及檢討會,提升集團員工之災害應變能力,營造全員工業安全環境,積極爭取成為勞動安全衛生的企業典範。

The Group will continuously promote its environmental protection policy to meet the following requirements:

- 1. Comply with or surpass provisions of the related laws and internal standards.
- 2. Carry out corporate activities in light of the principles of paying attention to personal safety, environmental protection and resources conservation.
- 3. Minimize the emission of waste gas, waste water and waste material as far as technically feasible.
- 4. Advocate recycling of resources to achieve the objective of reducing material consumption and waste.
- 5. Include the concept of environmental protection, safety and health in employee training and carry out all kinds of environmental safety and health activities.
- 6. Check the progress and implementation effect of each plan on an annual basis and improve deficiencies to achieve the purpose of continuous improvement.

#### Compliance with laws and regulations

The Group constantly updates related laws and regulations applicable to the production base (in Vietnam and China) and ensures compliance with them. The Group's assets are located in Vietnam and China respectively, while its income mainly comes from operations of the Vietnam plant. During the year under review, the Group observed the applicable laws and regulations of the country where the production base is in all the aspects of significant influences.

#### Major relationships with employees, customers and suppliers

The Group energetically cultivates local talents of the production base to become major officers, and provides outside training or internal training specific to expertise of employees so as to enhance professional functions of all employees. The Group promotes parklike construction of plants, offers an elegant working environment and employee dormitories, sets up books, recreation, balls and other facilities, and organizes comprehensive and attractive welfare and recreational activities for employees. The Group has been implementing its corporate citizenship concept and recruiting outstanding talents to support its sustainable operations. Neither strike nor major occupational hazard cases ever occurred during the year under review.

本集團將會持續推動之環境保護政策:

- 1. 符合或超越相關法令及內部標準之要求。
- 2. 企業活動以注意人員安全,保護環境及保 育資源之原則進行。
- 3. 在技術可行之範圍內,儘可能減少廢氣, 廢水,及廢棄物等污染之排放。
- 4. 提倡資源之回收再利用,以達成減少物質 消耗減廢之目的。
- 將環保、安全及衛生之觀念融入員工之訓練,並推展各項環安衛活動。
- 6. 每年定期稽核各項計劃進度及執行成效,並就缺失進行改善,以達持續改善之目的。

#### 遵守法律及法規

本集團不斷更新生產基地(越南及中國)適用的相關法規,確保已經遵從。本集團資產分別位於越南及中國,而本集團收益主要來自於越南廠區營運。回顧年度,本集團在所有重大影響方面均已遵守生產基地國家適用的相關法規。

#### 與僱員、客戶及供應商的主要關係

本集團積極培養生產基地之本土人才成為主要 幹部,針對僱員之個別專長提供派外受訓或內 部培訓,提升所有僱員之專業職能。本集團推 行廠區公園化,提供優雅的工作環境及員工宿 舍,並設置圖書、育樂、球類等設施,為僱員提 供全面優厚的福利與育樂活動,本集團長期實 踐企業公民理念,以延攬優秀人才為集團永續 經營共同努力。於回顧年內,概無出現罷工或 重大職災個案。

### 董事會報告



The Group has established sound interactive relationships with suppliers to realize efficient cooperation and jointly meet the business requirements of all the customers. The purchase department of the Group regularly reviews the supply quality with suppliers, and examines all the production processes of the supply plant on site to ensure stable and high purchase quality of the Group. Prior to each purchase project, the Group has clarified the Group's regulations and standards to the supplier; all purchase processes comply with the principles of openness, fairness and justice, and agreements are signed to ensure rights and interests of both parties.

The Group highly values the opinions and views of all customers, learns the consumption demand trends of customers by using different methods and pipelines, analyzes customer feedback regularly, and adjusts the production and marketing plan flexibly to meet requirements of all the customers and enhance the Group's performance gradually. The Group carries out strict control and inspection of product quality in accordance with international food regulations so as to provide customers with products and services of the best quality. The Group signs sales agreements with all the major customers and distributors and maintains good cooperation relationships with them by observing the standard sales procedures of the Group.

### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 127.

In 2023, an interim dividend of 0.229 US cents (2022: Nil) per share, totalling US\$3,487,000 (2022: Nil) was paid. The Board recommended the payment of a final dividend of 0.2298 US cents per share, totalling US\$3,499,000 (2022: Nil) for the year ended 31 December 2023. Subject to shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company, the final dividend will be paid in cash on 11 June 2024 to the shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 30 May 2024.

### **DONATIONS**

Donations made by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 amounting to US\$113,000.

### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

As at 31 December 2023, the Company's share premium reserve (subject to the Cayman Companies Act and the articles of association of the Company) and retained earnings available for distribution to the Company's shareholders are set out in Note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES**

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's shares during the year ended 31 December 2023.

本集團與供應商建立良好的互動關係,有效地 合作共同達成所有客戶的業務需求。本集團採 購部門與供應商定期檢討供貨品質,並實地勘 察供貨廠區各生產環節,確保集團採購品質 定良好。本集團於採購各項目展開前均已向供 應商清楚說明本集團的規定及標準,所有採購 過程一律遵從公開、公平及公正之原則,並簽 訂協議確保雙方權益。

本集團對所有客戶的意見及觀點均高度重視,並通過不同方法及管道瞭解客戶消費需求趨勢,定期分析客戶反饋,靈活調整生產與營銷計劃,以滿足所有客戶需要為目標,也創造集,團業績逐步上升。本集團遵守國際食品法規,對產品品質嚴格管控及檢驗,以確保向客戶提供最優質的產品及服務。本集團與主要客戶及經銷商均訂定銷售協議,遵守本集團的標準銷售程序,保持雙方良好的合作關係。

### 業績及分派

本集團截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度 的業績載於第127頁的綜合收益表。

於二零二三年已支付的中期股息為每股0.229 美仙(二零二二年:無),合共3,487,000美元(二 零二二年:無)。董事會建議宣派截至二零二三 年十二月三十一日止年度末期股息每股0.2298 美仙,合共3,499,000美元(二零二二年:無)。 待股東於本公司應屆股東周年大會上批准後, 末期股息將於二零二四年六月十一日以現金方 式支付予於二零二四年五月三十日名列本公司 股東登記冊的股東。

### 捐款

於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團已作出捐款113,000美元。

### 可供分派儲備

本公司於二零二三年十二月三十一日可供分派 予本公司股東的股份溢價儲備(根據開曼群島 公司法及本公司組織章程細則計算)及保留盈 利載於綜合財務報表附註33。

### 購買、出售或贖回股份

本公司或其任何附屬公司概無於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度內購買、贖回或出售本公司的股份。

## 董事會報告

### **MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND MAJOR CUSTOMERS**

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the percentage of revenue from sales of goods or rendering of services attributable to the Group's five largest customers combined was less than 30%. Information in respect of the Group's major suppliers is as follows:

- The percentage of purchases attributable to the largest supplier 9.4%
- The percentage of purchases attributable to the five largest suppliers combined 39%

None of the Directors, their close associates or any shareholder (who to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's issued shares) had an interest in these major suppliers.

### **EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION AND TRAINING**

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had a total of 3,945 employees, 3,740 of whom were employed by subsidiaries in Vietnam, 179 by subsidiaries in the PRC, 17 by the Taiwan Branch and 9 by the Cambodia Branch. The Group's employees are remunerated in accordance with prevailing industry practices, and with reference to the financial performance of the Group and performance of individual employees. Other fringe benefits such as accommodations, meals, insurance, medical coverage and provident fund are provided to employees to ensure staff loyalty and the Group's competitiveness. To enhance the quality of human resources, bolster the professional skills and management abilities of employees and build localised workforces, the Group provides job rotation as well as internal and external training courses and seminars on professional skills, languages, etc.

### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors during the year under review and up to the date of this report are:

### **Executive Directors**

YANG, Tou-Hsiung

YANG, Cheng

YANG, Kun-Hsiang

YANG, Chen-Wen

YANG, Kun-Chou

### **Non-executive Directors**

HUANG, Ching-Jung CHOU, Szu-Cheng

### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

CHAO, Pei-Hong KO, Jim-Chen CHEN, Joen-Ray HUANG, Chung-Fong

### 主要供應商及主要客戶

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團五個最大的客戶合計所佔銷售貨品或提供服 務的收入百分比少於30%。本集團主要供應商 的資料如下:

- 最大的供應商所佔的購貨額百分比9.4%
- 五個最大的供應商合計所佔的購貨額百 分比39%

概無董事、彼等密切聯繫人或任何股東(就董事 所知擁有本公司已發行股份超過5%)於該等主 要供應商中擁有權益。

### 僱員薪酬及培訓資料

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團僱有 員工合共3,945名,包括受僱於味丹越南附屬公 司的3,740名僱員、味丹中國各附屬公司的179 名僱員、台灣分公司的17名僱員及柬埔寨分公 司的9名僱員。本集團根據一般行業慣例,以本 集團財務表現及個別員工表現釐定僱員薪酬。 僱員獲提供其他員工福利,包括住宿、膳食、保 險、醫療及退休金等,以確保員工之忠誠度及 本集團的競爭力。為增進員工專業素質、強化 專業技能及管理能力,落實本地化政策,本集 團亦為員工提供職務輪調,並積極規劃及舉行 有關專業技能及語言等內外部培訓課程及研討

### 董事

於回顧年度及截至本報告日期在任的董事如 下:

### 執行董事

楊頭雄

楊正

楊坤祥

楊辰文

楊坤洲

### 非執行董事

黃景榮

周賜程

### 獨立非執行董事

趙培宏

柯俊禎

陳忠瑞

黃鐘鋒

## 董事會報告



According to Article 87(1) of the Company's articles of association, Mr. Yang, Tou-Hsiung, Mr. Yang, Chen-Wen, Mr. CHOU, Szu-Cheng and Mr. CHAO, Pei-Hong will retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. All such Directors being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

根據本公司之組織章程細則第87(1)條,楊頭雄 先生、楊辰文先生、周賜程先生及趙培宏先生 將於本公司應屆股東周年大會上輪席退任。所 有該等董事符合資格及願意重選連任。

### **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

Brief biographical details of the Directors and senior management are set out on pages 32 to 36.

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS OR SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES**

As at 31 December 2023, the interests of Directors of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO"), were as follows:-

### 董事及高級管理層履歷

董事及高級管理層的簡歷詳載於第32至36頁。

## 董事於股份、相關股份及債權證之權益或

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本公司董事於 本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨 條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債權證中擁 有之權益如下:-

### Interests in shares 於股份中之權益

Name 姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of ordinary shares (Long Position) 普通股數目 (好倉)	Percentage of issued shares of the Company 佔本公司已發行 股份百分比
Mr. YANG, Tou-Hsiung 楊頭雄先生	Interest of company controlled by him 於其控制之企業之權益	169,730,196 (Notes 1 and 3) (附註1及3)	11.15%
Mr. YANG, Cheng 楊正先生	Interest of company controlled by him 於其控制之企業之權益	169,730,196 (Notes 2 and 3) (附註2及3)	11.15%
Mr. HUANG, Ching-Jung 黃景榮先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	200,000	0.01%
Mr. CHAO, Pei-Hong 趙培宏先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	500,000	0.03%

### 董事會報告

#### Notes:

- Mr. YANG, Tou-Hsiung was entitled to exercise or control the exercise of more than one-third of the voting power of King International Limited ("King International"). Mr. YANG, Tou-Hsiung was therefore deemed to have interest in the 169,730,196 shares of the Company as held by King International.
- Mr. YANG, Cheng was entitled to exercise or control the exercise of more than one-third of the voting power of King International. Mr. YANG, Cheng was therefore deemed to have interest in the 169,730,196 shares of the Company as held by King International.
- The interests that Mr. YANG, Tou-Hsiung and Mr. YANG, Cheng had in the 169,730,196 shares were of the same block of shares.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023, none of the Directors or chief executives of the Company had or was deemed to have any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which (a) were required to be notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO; or (b) were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) were required, pursuant to the Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange; nor had they been granted such rights.

### **DISCLOSURE OF CHANGE OF DIRECTORS' INFORMATION**

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, the changes and updates in Directors' information during the year ended 31 December 2023 are as follows:

Mr. HUANG, Ching-Jung was appointed as the chairman of Champion Marketing Co., Ltd. (an affiliated company of Taiwan Vedan) from August 2023.

Saved as disclosed above, the Directors are not aware of any other change in the Directors' information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules since the date of the 2022 annual report of the Company.

### 附註:

- 楊頭雄先生有權行使或控制行使King 1. International Limited (「King International」) 超 過三分之一的表決權。楊頭雄先生因而被視為 於King International持有之169,730,196股本公 司股份中擁有權益。
- 楊正先生有權行使或控制行使King International超過三分之一的表決權。楊正 先生因而被視為於King International持有之 169,730,196股本公司股份中擁有權益。
- 楊頭雄先生及楊正先生所擁有之169,730,196 股股份權益乃關於同一批股份。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二三年十二月 三十一日, 概無本公司董事或最高行政人員於 本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨 條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債權證中,擁 有或被視為擁有(a)根據證券及期貨條例第XV 部第7及第8分部須知會本公司及香港聯交所之 任何權益或淡倉;或(b)根據證券及期貨條例第 352條須列入該條所述之登記冊內之任何權益 或淡倉;或(c)根據上市規則附錄10所載之標準 守則須知會本公司及香港聯交所之任何權益或 淡倉;彼等亦無獲授予上述權利。

### 董事資料變動披露

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條,於截至二零二三 年十二月三十一日止年度董事資料之變動及更 新如下:

**黃景榮先生**自二零二三年八月起擔任品冠行銷 股份有限公司(台灣味丹之關連公司)之董事 長。

除上文所披露者外,董事並不知悉自本公司二 零二二年年報刊發日期以來董事資料之任何其 他變動須根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條予以披 霞。

## 董事會報告



### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

Each of Mr. YANG, Tou-Hsiung, Mr. YANG, Cheng, Mr. YANG, Kun-Hsiang and Mr. YANG, Chen-Wen has entered into a service agreement with the Company for an initial period of three years commencing on 27 June 2003. Such service agreements may continue thereafter from year to year until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party to the other following the expiration of the end of the initial term or at any time thereafter.

Mr. YANG, Kun-Chou has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a fixed period of three years commencing on 8 March 2024.

Mr. HUANG, Ching-Jung has entered into a service agreement with the Company for an initial term of one year commencing on 27 June 2003. Such service agreements may continue thereafter from year to year until terminated by one month's notice in writing served by either party to the other following the expiration of the end of the initial term or at any time thereafter.

Mr. CHOU, Szu-Cheng has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of one year commencing on 1 April 2024. Mr. Chou and the Company may, upon or before the expiration of the original term or any renewed term (as the case may be) thereof, agree in writing to extend the term of the service agreement for another year. If the Company and Mr. Chou do not agree to extend, the service contract shall lapse upon the expiration of the original term or any renewed term (as the case may be) of the service agreement. During the renewed term, Mr. Chou's appointment may be terminated by the giving of one month's notice in writing by either party to the other.

Mr. CHAO, Pei-Hong has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of one year commencing on 1 April 2024. Mr. CHAO and the Company may, upon or before the expiration of the original term or any renewed term (as the case may be) thereof, agree in writing to extend the term of the service agreement for another year. If the Company and Mr. CHAO do not agree to extend, the service contract shall lapse upon the expiration of the original term or any renewed term (as the case may be) of the service agreement. During the renewed term, Mr. CHAO's appointment may be terminated by the giving of one month's notice in writing by either party to the other.

### 董事服務合約

楊頭雄先生、楊正先生、楊坤祥先生及楊辰文 先生已分別與本公司訂立於二零零三年六月 二十七日生效,初步為期三年之服務協議,該 等服務協議可於其後繼續逐年生效,除非其中 一方於初步年期屆滿後或於其後任何時間向另 一方發出不少於三個月書面通知終止服務協 議。

楊坤洲先生已與本公司訂立服務協議,由二零 二四年三月八日起固定年期為三年。

黃景榮先生已與本公司訂立於二零零三年六 月二十七日生效,初步為期一年之服務協議, 該等服務協議可於其後繼續逐年生效,直至其 中一方於初步年期屆滿後或於其後任何時間向 另一方發出不少於一個月書面通知終止服務協 議。

周賜程先生已與本公司訂立服務協議,由二零二四年四月一日起生效,為期一年。周先生與本公司可於原有任期或其任何獲延長任期(視情況而定)屆滿時或以前以書面協定,將服務協議之年期延長一年。倘本公司及周先生並不同意延長任期,則服務協議將於服務協議之原有任期或任何獲延長任期(視情況而定)屆滿後終止。於獲延長任期內,周先生之委任可藉由其中一方向對方發出一個月書面通知予以終止。

趙培宏先生已與本公司訂立服務協議,由二零二四年四月一日起生效,為期一年。趙先生與本公司可於原有任期或其任何獲延長任期(視情況而定)屆滿時或以前以書面協定,將服務協議之年期延長一年。倘本公司及趙先生並不同意延長任期,則服務協議將於服務協議之原有任期或任何獲延長任期(視情況而定)屆滿後終止。於獲延長任期內,趙先生之委任可藉由其中一方向對方發出一個月書面通知予以終止。

## 董事會報告

Mr. KO, Jim-Chen has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of one year commencing on 1 April 2024. Mr. Ko and the Company may, upon or before the expiration of the original term or any renewed term (as the case may be) thereof, agree in writing to extend the term of the service agreement for another year. If the Company and Mr. Ko do not agree to extend, the service contract shall lapse upon the expiration of the original term or any renewed term (as the case may be) of the service agreement. During the renewed term, Mr. Ko's appointment may be terminated by the giving of one month's notice in writing by either party to the other.

柯俊禎先生已與本公司訂立服務協議,由二零 二四年四月一日起生效,為期一年。柯先生與 本公司可於原有任期或其任何獲延長任期(視 情況而定) 屆滿時或以前以書面協定,將服務協 議之年期延長一年。倘本公司及柯先生並不同 意延長任期,則服務協議將於服務協議之原有 任期或任何獲延長任期(視情況而定)屆滿後終 止。於獲延長任期內,柯先生之委任可藉由其 中一方向對方發出一個月書面通知予以終止。

Mr. CHEN, Joen-Ray has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of one year commencing on 1 April 2024. Mr. Chen and the Company may, upon or before the expiration of the original term or any renewed term (as the case may be) thereof, agree in writing to extend the term of the service agreement for another year. If the Company and Mr. Chen do not agree to extend, the service contract shall lapse upon the expiration of the original term or any renewed term (as the case may be) of the service agreement. During the renewed term, Mr. Chen's appointment may be terminated by the giving of one month's notice in writing by either party to the other.

陳忠瑞先生已與本公司訂立服務協議,由二零 二四年四月一日起生效,為期一年。陳先生與 本公司可於原有任期或其任何獲延長任期(視 情況而定) 屆滿時或之前以書面協定,將服務協 議之年期延長一年。倘本公司及陳先生並不同 意延長任期,則服務協議將於服務協議之原有 任期或任何獲延長任期(視情況而定)屆滿後終 止。於獲延長任期內,陳先生之委任可藉由其 中一方向對方發出一個月書面通知予以終止。

Mr. HUANG, Chung-Fong has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of one year commencing on 1 April 2024. Mr. Huang and the Company may, upon or before the expiration of the original term or any renewed term (as the case may be) thereof, agree in writing to extend the term of the service agreement for another year. If the Company and Mr. Huang do not agree to extend, the service contract shall lapse upon the expiration of the original term or any renewed term (as the case may be) of the service agreement. During the renewed term, Mr. Huang's appointment may be terminated by the giving of one month's notice in writing by either party to the other.

黃鐘鋒先生已與本公司訂立服務協議,由二零 二四年四月一日起生效,為期一年。黃先生與 本公司可於原有任期或其任何獲延長任期(視 情況而定) 屆滿時或之前以書面協定,將服務協 議之年期延長一年。倘本公司及黃先生並不同 意延長任期,則服務協議將於服務協議之原有 任期或任何獲延長任期(視情況而定)屆滿後終 止。於獲延長任期內,黃先生之委任可藉由其 中一方向對方發出一個月書面通知予以終止。

No director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment, other than statutory compensation.

在應屆股東周年大會上擬重選之董事並無與本 公司訂立本公司在一年內不作賠償(法定賠償 除外)則不可撤銷之服務合約。

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS**

Except for the service contracts detailed above and continuing connected transactions detailed below, no director had a material interest in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

### 董事所擁有之合約權益

除上文所詳述之服務合約及下文所詳述之持續 關連交易外,並無董事在本公司或其任何附屬 公司於年內所訂立而對本集團業務屬重大之合 約中擁有重大權益。

### 董事會報告



### **PERMITTED INDEMNITY**

The Articles of Association provides that the Directors shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they shall or may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty; provided that this indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud or dishonesty which may attach to any of the Directors.

### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

Other than the service contracts of the Directors, the Company has not entered into any contract with any individual, firm or body corporate to manage or administer the whole or any substantial part of any business of the Company during the year.

### **CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

## Transactions with Vedan Enterprise Corporation ("Taiwan Vedan")

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company entered into the following transactions with its substantial shareholder, Taiwan Vedan, a connected person of the Company, which constituted continuing connected transactions of the Company and were subject to the reporting and announcement requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules:

### 許可彌償保證

組織章程細則規定董事均可從本公司的資產及利潤獲得彌償,該等人士就各自的職務執行其職責時因所作出、發生的作為或不作為而招致或蒙受的所有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、損害及開支,可獲確保免就此受任何損害;惟本彌償保證不延伸至任何與董事欺詐或不誠實有關的事宜。

### 管理合約

除與董事訂立的服務合約外,本公司於年內並 無與任何個別人士、公司或法人團體訂立任何 合約管理或管轄本公司任何業務的整體部分或 任何重要部分。

### 持續關連交易

與味丹企業股份有限公司(「台灣味丹」)之交易

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司與其主要股東及關連人士台灣味丹進行下列交易,而該等交易屬於須遵守上市規則第14A章申報及公告規定之持續關連交易,本公司亦已按上市規則第14A章的要求作出有關披露:

				Note 附註	US\$'000 
Α.	Sale of goods to Taiwan Vedan Group	Α.	向台灣味丹集團銷售貨品	(i)	3,305
В.	Technological support fee paid to	В.	向台灣味丹支付	(ii)	2,184
	Taiwan Vedan		技術支援費		

Notes:

The Group has been selling certain GA (acronym as "glutamic acid"), MSG (acronym as "monosodium glutamate") and cassava starch based industrial products to Taiwan Vedan and its subsidiaries (other than members of the Group) ("Taiwan Vedan Group") for use in Taiwan. On 7 December 2020, the Company and Taiwan Vedan entered into an agreement in respect of the sales of such products by the Group to the Taiwan Vedan Group for a term of three years from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2023 ("Taiwan Sales Agreement"). At the relevant time, the Company estimated that the annual total aggregate amount of sales of the products to the Taiwan Vedan Group will not exceed the maximum cap of US\$7,000,000 for each of the three financial years ended 31 December 2023. The Directors believe that the sale of goods to the Taiwan Vedan Group pursuant to the Taiwan Sales Agreement will generate additional income to the Group.

附註:

(i) 本集團素來向台灣味丹及其附屬公司(本集團成員公司除外)(「台灣味丹集團」)出售若干谷氨酸、味精及木薯澱粉工業產品,以供其於台灣使用。於二零二零年十二月七日,本公司與台灣味丹就本集團向台灣味丹集團銷售該等產品訂立協議,由二零二一年一月一日至二零二三年十二月三十一日止,為期三年(「台灣销售協議」)。於相關時間,本公司估計銷售產品予台灣味丹集團之年度總額將不會超過截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止三個財政年度各年之最高上限7,000,000美元。董事相信根據台灣銷售協議向台灣味丹集團銷售產品,將為本集團帶來額外收入。

### 董事會報告

On 4 May 2021, the Company and Taiwan Vedan entered into the supplemental agreement on substantially the same terms as the Taiwan Sales Agreement, so as to revise the annual cap for the continuing connected transactions under the Taiwan Sales Agreement for each of the three financial years ending 31 December 2023 from US\$7,000,000 to US\$50,000,000.

US\$3,305,000 represents the annual total aggregate amount of sales of the products by the Group to the Taiwan Vedan Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2023, which has not exceeded the relevant maximum cap of US\$50,000,000 as disclosed in the previous announcement dated 4 May 2021.

The Taiwan Vedan Group has been providing certain technological support services to the Group. On 7 December 2020, the Company and Taiwan Vedan entered into an agreement in respect of the provision of such services by the Taiwan Vedan Group to the Group for a term of three years from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2023 ("Technology Support Agreement"). At the relevant time, the Company estimated that the annual total aggregate amount of service fee payable pursuant to the Technology Support Agreement will not exceed the maximum cap of US\$2,500,000 for each of the three financial years ending 31 December 2023. The Directors believe that the technology support from Taiwan Vedan Group will benefit the Group's future business developments.

US\$2,184,000 represents the annual total aggregate amount of service fee payable by the Group to the Taiwan Vedan Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2023, which has not exceeded the relevant maximum cap of US\$2,500,000 as disclosed in the previous announcement dated 7 December 2020.

The prices of goods and services provided to connected persons of the Company are determined within the normal commercial price range and the price quotation of the product is determined after taking into account the production cost and the local market price of the product with an aim to maintain the overall gross profit margin within a reasonable range. The management of the Company has reviewed the prices of transactions with connected persons and those with other independent customers on a quarterly basis to ensure that the pricing and terms with connected persons are fair and reasonable, and has reported the relevant information at least once every six months to the Board for review.

### **Confirmations**

The aforesaid continuing connected transactions for the year ended 31 December 2023 have been reviewed by Independent Nonexecutive Directors of the Company. The Independent Non-executive Directors confirmed that the aforesaid connected transactions were entered into (a) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; (b) on normal commercial terms or better; and (c) according to the agreement governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company's shareholders as a whole.

於二零二一年五月四日,本公司與台灣味丹已 按台灣銷售協議大致相同之條款訂立補充協 議,以將截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止三 個財政年度各年於台灣銷售協議項下之持續 關連交易之年度上限由7,000,000美元修訂為 50,000,000美元。

於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年 度,本集團向台灣味丹集團銷售產品之年度總 額為3,305,000美元,並未超過於日期為二零 二一年五月四日之過往公告所披露之相關最高 上限50,000,000美元。

台灣味丹集團素來向本集團提供若干技術支援 服務。於二零二零年十二月七日,本公司與台 灣味丹就台灣味丹集團向本集團提供該等服務 訂立協議,由二零二一年一月一日至二零二三 年十二月三十一日止,為期三年(「技術支援協 議」)。於相關時間,本公司估計根據技術支援 協議應付之服務費總額將不會超過截至二零 二三年十二月三十一日止三個財政年度各年之 最高上限2,500,000美元。董事相信從台灣味丹 集團獲得技術支援,將對本集團之未來業務發 展有利。

> 於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止財政年 度,本集團應付台灣味丹集團之服務費總額為 2,184,000美元,並未超過於日期為二零二零年 十二月七日之過往公告所披露之相關最高上限 2,500,000美元。

本公司對關連人士之貨品與服務價格均以一般 商業正常價格範圍擬訂,且價格報價均考量該 產品之生產成本及當地市場價格後決定產品售 價,同時以將整體毛利率維持在合理的獲利範 圍為目標。本公司管理層按季就關連人士之交 易價格及其他獨立客戶之交易價格進行檢討, 以確定關連人士之定價及條款公平合理,且最 少每六個月提報相關資訊供董事會審閱。

### 確認

本公司獨立非執行董事已審閱上述截至二零 二三年十二月三十一日止年度的持續關連交 易。獨立非執行董事確認上述關連交易乃(a)在 本集團的日常業務中訂立;(b)按照一般商務條 款或更佳條款進行;及(c)根據有關交易的協議 進行,條款公平合理,並且符合本公司股東的 整體利益。

## 董事會報告



The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 (Revised) "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued his unqualified letter containing his findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group on page 113 of the annual report in accordance with paragraph 14A.56 of the Listing Rules.

本公司核數師已獲聘根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港核證工作準則第3000號 (修訂本)「審核或審閱歷史財務資料以外的核證工作」及參照實務說明第740號 (修訂本)「關於香港上市規則所述持續關連交易的核數師函件」就本集團的持續關連交易作出報告。核數師已根據上市規則第14A.56段發出無保留意見函件,當中載有核數師對本集團於年報第113頁所披露的持續關連交易的發現及結論。

### **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Details of the related party transactions entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in Note 32 to the accounts. Save for the continuing connected transactions disclosed above, none of these related party transactions constitutes a connected transaction as defined under the Listing Rules which requires to be disclosed.

Save for the continuing connected transactions disclosed above and certain other continuing connected transactions/connected transactions which is exempted from reporting, annual review, announcement and independent Shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, during the reporting year, there were no other transactions which constituted connected transaction or continuing connected transactions that were subject to the reporting requirements under the Listing Rules.

The Company has complied with the requirements for connected transactions in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

### **FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the group for the last five financial years is set out on page 214 of the annual report.

### 有關連人士交易

本集團於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的有關連人士交易詳情載於賬目附註32。除上文所披露之持續關連交易外,此等有關連人士交易均不構成上市規則所界定須予披露的關連交易。

除上文所披露之持續關連交易及獲豁免遵守 《上市規則》第14A章項下之報告、年度審閱、 公佈及獨立股東批准規定之若干其他關連交易 及持續關連交易外,於報告年度內,概無須遵守 《上市規則》項下報告規定的構成關連交易或 持續關連交易的其他交易。

本公司已遵守《上市規則》第14A章關於關連交易之要求。

### 優先購買權

本公司組織章程細則或開曼群島法例並無優先 購買權規定,要求本公司按比例向現有股東發 售新股份。

### 五年財務概要

本集團於過往五個財政年度的業績及資產和負債的概要載於本年報第214頁。

### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS OR SHORT **POSITIONS IN SHARES**

So far as known to the Company, as at 31 December 2023, other than the interests of the Directors or chief executives of the Company as disclosed above, the following persons had interests in the shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO:

### 主要股東於股份之權益或淡倉

據本公司所知,於二零二三年十二月三十一 日,除上文所披露本公司董事或最高行政人員 的權益外,以下人士於本公司股份中擁有根據 證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部之條文須 向本公司披露的權益,或列入本公司根據證券 及期貨條例第336條所存置之登記冊的權益:

Name 名稱	Capacity 身份	Number of ordinary shares (Long Position) 普通股數目 (好倉)	Percentage of issued shares of the Company 佔本公司已 發行股份百分比
Billion Power Limited ("Billion Power")	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	512,082,512 (Note 1) (附註1)	33.62%
Vedan Enterprise Corporation ("Taiwan Vedan") 味丹企業股份有限公司(「台灣味丹」)	Interest held by its controlled corporation 於其控制之企業之權益	512,082,512 (Note 1) (附註1)	33.62%
King International	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	169,730,196	11.15%
Concord Worldwide Holdings Limited	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	127,297,646	8.36%
High Capital Investments Limited	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	127,297,646	8.36%
丹澤企業股份有限公司	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	83,348,000	5.47%

### Notes:

Billion Power was a wholly-owned subsidiary of Taiwan Vedan. Taiwan 1. Vedan was therefore deemed to be interested in these 512,082,512 shares held by Billion Power.

Save as disclosed above, so far as is known to the Company, as at 31 December 2023, no other person (not being a Director or chief executives of the Company) had any interests or short positions in shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

### **SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT**

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the date of this Annual Report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float. 附註:

Billion Power為台灣味丹的全資附屬公司,故 台灣味丹被視為擁有該等由Billion Power所持 有之512,082,512股股份之權益。

除上文所披露者外,據本公司所知,於二零 二三年十二月三十一日,概無其他人士(並非本 公司董事或最高行政人員)於本公司之股份或 相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第 2及第3分部之條文須向本公司及香港聯交所披 露之任何權益或淡倉,或須列入本公司根據證 券及期貨條例第336條所存置之登記冊之任何 權益或淡倉。

### 充足的公眾持股量

根據本公司公開可得資料及於本年報日期就董 事所知,本公司一直維持充足的公眾持股量。

## 董事會報告



### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS**

Five Directors of the Company, namely, Messrs. YANG, Tou-Hsiung, YANG, Cheng, YANG, Kun-Hsiang, YANG, Chen-Wen and YANG, Kun-Chou were also directors of the Group's controlling shareholder. Taiwan Vedan. In addition, Messrs. YANG, Tou-Hsiung, YANG, Cheng, YANG, Kun-Hsiang, YANG, Chen-Wen and YANG, Kun-Chou indirectly held approximately 19.77%, 9.89%, 6.18%, 8.24%, and 6.18% interest in Taiwan Vedan, respectively and they were therefore considered as having an interest in Taiwan Vedan under Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules.

The Taiwan Vedan Group is principally engaged in, inter alia, the production of food additive products, including MSG products, and beverages in Taiwan, which may compete with the Group's business operations in respect of the product portfolio of the Group ("Product Portfolio").

Both Mr. Yang, Tou-Hsiung and Mr. Yang, Cheng are responsible only for the overall strategic planning and the business development of the Taiwan Vedan Group and the Group, while the daily business and operational plans of the Group are managed by Mr. Yang, Kun-Hsiang and an independent management team. In Taiwan Vedan, Mr. Yang, Chen-Wen and Mr. Yang, Kun-Chou are mainly responsible for the company's procurement strategies of bulk raw material and the company's marketing and product planning in the Taiwan market. In the Group, both Mr. Yang, Chen-Wen and Mr. Yang, Kun-Chou provide guidance and assistance for selling the Group's products in Vietnam and the PRC markets. Furthermore, Taiwan Vedan and the Group are operated by separate sales teams which are independent of each other, while market segmentation shall comply with the territorial delineation agreement signed by the Group and Taiwan Vedan. The Directors are therefore of the view that the management and the operational functions of the Group are independent of and separate from those of other members of the Taiwan Vedan Group.

For safeguarding the interests of the Group, the Independent Nonexecutive Directors and the Audit Committee of the Company would on a regular basis review the business and operational results of the Group to ensure, inter alia, that the Group's business operations in respect of the Product Portfolio is and continues to be run on the basis that it is independent of, and at arm's length from, that of Taiwan Vedan.

### **AUDITOR**

The accounts have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

By Order of the Board

YANG, Kun-Hsiang Director and Chief Executive Officer 19 March 2024

### 董事於競爭業務之權益

本公司五名董事楊頭雄先生、楊正先生、楊坤 祥先生、楊辰文先生及楊坤洲先生亦為本集 團控股股東台灣味丹之董事。此外,楊頭雄先 生、楊正先生、楊坤祥先生、楊辰文先生及楊 坤洲先生分別間接持有台灣味丹約19.77%、 9.89%、6.18%、8.24%及6.18%權益,因此, 根據上市規則第8.10條,彼等被視為擁有台灣 味丹之權益。

台灣味丹集團主要在台灣從事(其中包括)食品 添加劑產品(包括味精產品)及飲料生產業務, 可能對本集團之產品系列業務(「產品系列」)構 成競爭。

楊頭雄先生及楊正先生均僅負責台灣味丹集團 及本集團之整體策略規劃及業務發展,而本集 團日常業務及營運計劃則由楊坤祥先生及一個 獨立管理團隊管理。楊辰文先生及楊坤洲先生 於台灣味丹主要負責該公司大宗原物料採購策 略及該公司產品於台灣市場之行銷企劃,於本 集團,楊辰文先生及楊坤洲先生則為輔導協助 本集團產品於越南以及中國市場之銷售工作, 此外,兩邊分別由獨立銷售團隊各自運作,互 不統屬, 市場區隔則遵守本集團與台灣味丹簽 訂之區域劃分協議內容來進行。故董事認為, 本集團之管理及營運功能乃獨立於台灣味丹集 團之其他成員公司。

為保障本集團利益,本公司獨立非執行董事及 審計委員會定期檢討本集團之業務及經營業 績,以確保(其中包括)本集團之產品系列業務 乃獨立於台灣味丹公平營運,並將繼續如此。

### 核數師

本賬目已經由羅兵咸永道會計師事務所審核, 該核數師任滿告退,惟表示願意應聘連任。

承董事會命

楊坤祥 董事兼行政總裁 二零二四年三月十九日

獨立核數師報告



### TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF **VEDAN INTERNATIONAL (HOLDINGS) LIMITED**

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

### Opinion

What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of Vedan International (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which are set out on pages 125 to 213, comprise:

- the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2023;
- the consolidated income statement for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

## 羅兵咸永道

### 致味丹國際(控股)有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

### 意見

我們已審計之內容

味丹國際(控股)有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司)」 及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載於第 125至213頁的綜合財務報表,包括:

- 於二零二三年十二月三十一日的綜合資 產負債表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合收益表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合全面收益表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合權益變動表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合現金流量表;及
- 綜合財務報表附註,包括重大會計政策信 息及其他解釋信息。

### 獨立核數師報告



### Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

### 我們的意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二三年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

### 意見基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計 準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任 已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔 的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適 當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

### 獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中其他職業道德責任。

### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這 些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具 意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供 單獨的意見。

### 獨立核數師報告

The key audit matter identified in our audit is related to revenue recognition.

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項是關於收益 確認。

### **Key Audit Matter** 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

### **Revenue Recognition** 收益確認

Refer to note 5 to the consolidated financial statements. 請參閱綜合財務報表附註5。

The Group recognised revenue from sales of goods amounted to approximately US\$386 million for the year ended 31 December 2023.

於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度, 貴集團確 認銷售貨品之收益約386百萬美元。

Revenue from the sales of goods is recognised at the point in time when or as the control of the products is transferred to the customer. The risk and reward of ownership have been transferred to the customer upon delivery of products or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance has been satisfied.

銷售貨品之收益於產品控制權轉移至客戶的時間點確 認。擁有權的風險及回報已於產品交付或 貴集團有客 觀證據證明所有接納標準已獲達成時轉移至客戶。

Our procedures in relation to the revenue recognition included:

我們有關收益確認的程序包括:

- We understood and evaluated the revenue recognition policy of the Group by reviewing the sales contracts entered with the customers on a sample basis and discussed with management.
  - 我們通過抽樣審閱與客戶訂立的銷售合約及與管理層 討論,了解及評估 貴集團的收益確認政策。
- 2. We understood, evaluated, and tested the relevant management's controls in respect of the Group's revenue recognition process.
  - 我們已了解、評估及測試有關管理層對 貴集團的收 益確認流程採取的控制措施。
- 3. We tested revenue transactions recognised in relation to the sales of goods by examining, on a sample basis, the relevant supporting documents including sales orders, goods delivery notes and invoices.
  - 我們對銷售貨品確認的收益交易進行了抽樣測試, 檢查有關支持文件(包括銷售訂單、貨品發貨單及發 票)。

## 獨立核數師報告



### **Key Audit Matter** 關鍵審計事項

### How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

### **Revenue Recognition** 收益確認

We focused on this area due to its financial significance and high volume of transactions involved. As a result, a significant amount of effort was spent on auditing this

因其財務重要性及涉及大量交易,我們專注於該方面。 因此,我們投入大量工作審計該方面。

- We confirmed the balances of trade receivables with selected customers, considering the significance of the balances and the nature and characteristics of those customers.
  - 我們與經甄選客戶確認應收貿易賬款,當中考慮到該 等客戶結餘的重要性以及其性質和特點。
- We tested sales transactions recorded before and 5. after the balance sheet date, on a sample basis, by reconciling recognised revenue with the goods delivery notes to assess whether revenue was recognised in the correct reporting periods.

我們通過核對確認收益與貨品發貨單,抽樣測試於資 產負債表日前後錄得的銷售交易,以評估收益是否於 正確的報告期間確認。

Based on our audit procedures performed, we found that the Group's revenue recognised was supported by the evidence that we obtained.

根據我們所執行的審計程序,我們發現,我們取得的證據支 持 貴集團確認的收益。

### 獨立核數師報告

### Other Information

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of Directors and the Audit Committee for the **Consolidated Financial Statements**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The audit committee are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

### 其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括 年報內的所有信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及 我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信 息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的 鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任 是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息 是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了 解的情況存在重大抵觸或似乎存在重大錯誤陳 述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信 息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。 在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

## 董事及審計委員會就綜合財務報表須承擔的責

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的 《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的披 露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對 其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺 詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控 制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集 團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持 續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計 基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經 營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審計委員會須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過 程。

### 獨立核數師報告



## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the
  consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to
  those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
  appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
  not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is
  higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
  collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or
  the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述出員包括我們意見的核數師告。我們僅向 閣下(作為整體)報告我們的。我們僅向 閣下(作為整體)報告我們的。我們不結為不報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承能是同人。合理保證是高水平的保證,但不其與陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述有其數報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中,我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計 及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲 取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見 的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、 蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或淩駕於內部控制 之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大 錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而 導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計於有關情況下屬適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們的結論為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數部在中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中的相關披露。假若有關的披露不足,則有必要不長,則有必要不及,則我關於截至核數師報告日期所取得的審計是基於截至核數師報告日期所取得的審計過。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致集團不能持續經營。

### 獨立核數師報告

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Chan Chiu Kong, Edmond.

- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構 和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是 否中肯反映相關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資 料獲取充足適當審計憑證,以對綜合財務 報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審計的 方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔 全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審計委員會溝通了計劃 的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,當中 包括我們在審計中識別出的內部控制的任何重 大缺陷。

我們還向審計委員會提交聲明,說明我們已符 合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們 溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的 所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下, 用以消除對獨立性產生威脅的行動或採取的防 範措施。

從與審計委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些 事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因 而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描 述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這 些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預 期在我們報告中討論某事項造成的負面後果超 過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中討 論該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人為陳 朝光。

**PricewaterhouseCoopers** 

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 19 March 2024

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,二零二四年三月十九日

## **Consolidated Balance Sheet**

## 綜合資產負債表



## As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

			於十二月	三十一日
			2023	2022
			二零二三年	二零二二年
		Note	US\$'000	US\$'000
		附註	千美元	千美元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	6	138,193	152,074
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	7	4,600	5,152
Intangible assets	無形資產	8	1,527	2,080
Long-term prepayments	長期預付款項	13	1,527	1,301
Investment in an associate	於一間聯營公司之投資	10	5,013	4,174
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		150,860	164,781
	チ/川 刧 貝 注 iiii			
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	12	137,680	140,527
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	13	33,755	33,990
Prepayments and other	預付款項及其他			
receivables	應收款項	13	10,084	18,738
Amounts due from	應收有關連人士款項			
related parties		32(d)	772	126
Structured bank deposits	結構性銀行存款	14	990	_
Short-term bank deposits	短期銀行存款	14	19,693	_
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	14	29,676	47,810
Total current assets	流動資產總值		232,650	241,191
Total assets	資產總值		383,510	405,972
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
Share capital	股本	15	15,228	15,228
Reserves	儲備	16	279,330	276,260
11.6261 1.62			2/3,330	270,200
			294,558	291,488
Non-controlling interest	非控股權益		225	230
Total equity	權益總額		294,783	291,718
.o.a. equity			234,703	231,710

## **Consolidated Balance Sheet**

## 綜合資產負債表

### As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

			» I —/J	- ' H
			2023	2022
			二零二三年	二零二二年
		Note	US\$'000	US\$'000
		附註	千美元	千美元
LIABILITIES	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	18	1,992	3,431
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	17	2,744	3,035
Deferred income tax liabilities	遞延所得稅負債	19	150	577
Retirement benefit obligations	退休福利責任	27	1,484	1,526
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額 		6,370 	8,569
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	17	18,391	27,591
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	17	18,265	20,140
Amounts due to related parties	應付有關連人士款項	32(d)	596	149
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	18	41,662	56,190
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	7	319	443
Current income tax liabilities	即期所得稅負債		3,124	1,172
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		82,357	105,685
Total liabilities	負債總額		88,727	114,254
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		383,510	405,972

The above consolidated balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合資產負債表應連同相關附註一併 閱讀。

The consolidated financial statements on pages 125 to 213 were approved by the Board of Directors on 19 March 2024 and were signed on its behalf.

載於第125至213頁之綜合財務報表已於二零 二四年三月十九日獲董事會審批並由下列人士 代表簽署。

Yang, Tou-Hsiung 楊頭雄 Director 董事

Yang, Kun-Hsiang 楊坤祥 Director 董事

## **Consolidated Income Statement**

## 綜合收益表



### Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

			截至十二月三	十一日止年度
		Note 附註	2023 二零二三年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
Revenue Cost of sales	<b>收益</b> 銷售成本	5 21	386,171 (330,741)	451,007 (407,658)
Gross profit	毛利		55,430	43,349
Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Other (losses)/gains- net	銷售及分銷開支 行政開支 其他(虧損)/收益-淨額	21 21 20	(19,826) (22,503) (122)	(24,566) (22,118) 219
Operating profit/(loss)	經營溢利/(虧損)		12,979	(3,116)
Finance income Finance costs	財務收入 財務支出	22 22	1,089 (2,880)	398 (951)
Finance costs – net	財務支出-淨額 	22	(1,791)	(553)
Share of post-tax loss of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司除稅後虧損	10	(841)	(528)
Profit/(loss) before income tax Income tax expense	<b>除所得稅前溢利/(虧損)</b> 所得稅開支	23	10,347 (3,346)	(4,197) (187)
Profit/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)		7,001	(4,384)
Profit/(loss) attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest	以下各方應佔溢利/(虧損): 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		6,986 15	(4,386)
			7,001	(4,384)
Earnings/(loss) per share for profit/(loss) attributable to the owners of the Company during the year (expressed in US cents per share)	本公司擁有人應佔本年度 溢利/(虧損) 之每股 盈利/(虧損) (以每股美仙列示)			
Basic earnings/(loss) per share	每股基本盈利/(虧損)	25	0.46	(0.29)
Diluted earnings/(loss) per share	每股攤薄盈利/(虧損)	25	0.46	(0.29)

The above consolidated income statement should be read in 上述綜合收益表應連同相關附註一併閱讀。 conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## **Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income** 綜合全面收益表

Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		似王十一月二十一日正年度		
		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年	
		US\$′000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	
Profit/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)	7,001	(4,384)	
Other comprehensive loss:  Item that may be reclassified to profit or loss	其他全面虧損: 可重新分類至損益之項目			
Currency translation differences	匯兌差額	(429)	(3,449)	
Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of tax	本年度除稅後其他全面虧損	(429)	(3,449)	
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	本年度全面收入/(虧損) 總額	6,572	(7,833)	
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year attributable to:	以下各方應佔本年度全面 收入/(虧損)總額:			
<ul><li>Owners of the Company</li><li>Non-controlling interest</li></ul>	一本公司擁有人 一非控股權益	6,557 15	(7,835)	
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	本年度全面收入/(虧損)總額		<b>-</b>	
for the year		6,572	(7,833)	

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合全面收益表應連同相關附註一併 閱讀。

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表





### Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔

	_	4公 可擁有 人 應 位								
		Share capital 股本 US\$'000 千美元	Share premium 股份溢價 US\$'000 千美元	Exchange reserve 匯兌儲備 US\$'000 千美元	Merger reserve 合併儲備 US\$'000 千美元	Statutory reserve 法定儲備 US\$'000 千美元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 US\$'000 千美元	<b>Total</b> 總計 US\$'000 千美元	計 非控股權益 0 US\$'000	Total equity 權益總額 US\$'000
Balance at 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日 之結餘	15,228	47,358	10,783	79,994	874	147,552	301,789	228	302,017
Comprehensive loss Loss for the year Other comprehensive loss Currency translation differences	全面虧損 本年度虧損 其他全面虧損 匯兌差額	-	-	- (3,449)	-	-	(4,386)	(4,386)	2	(4,384)
Total comprehensive loss	全面虧損總額		-	(3,449)		-	(4,386)	(7,835)	2	(7,833)
Reallocation of statutory reserve  Total transactions with owners  Dividends	重新分配法定儲備 與擁有人之總交易額 股息	-	-	-	-	27	(27)	(2,466)	-	(2,466)
Balance at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日 之結餘	15,228	47,358	7,334	79,994	901	140,673	291,488	230	291,718
Balance at 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日 之結餘	15,228 	47,358	7,334	79,994 — — — — —	901	140,673	291,488	230	291,718
Comprehensive income Profit for the year Other comprehensive loss	全面收入 本年度溢利 其他全面虧損	-	-	-	-	-	6,986	6,986	15	7,001
Currency translation differences	匯兌差額	-		(429)	-		_	(429)		(429)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	全面收入/(虧損)總額		-	(429)	-	-	6,986	6,557	15	6,572
Total transactions with owners Dividends (Note 24) Dividend payable to non-controlling interest of a subsidiary	與擁有人之總交易額 股息(附註24) 應付附屬公司非控股權益 之股息	-	-	- -	-	-	(3,487)	(3,487)	_ (20)	(3,487)
Balance at 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日 之結餘	15,228	47,358	6,905	79,994	901	144,172	294,558	225	294,783

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合權益變動表應連同相關附註一併 閱讀。

## **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

## 綜合現金流量表

### Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

			截至十二月三	十一日止年度
			2023	2022
			二零二三年	二零二二年
		Note	US\$'000	US\$'000
		附註	千美元	千美元
		LI1 bT	1 天九	1 天九
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動產生之			
	現金流量			
Cash generated from/(used in)	業務產生/(所用)之			
operations	現金	29(a)	36,838	(22,257)
Interest paid	已付利息		(2,831)	(1,122)
Income taxes paid	已付所得稅		(1,828)	(1,335)
Net cash generated from/(used in)	經營活動產生/(所用)之			
operating activities	現金淨額 		32,179	(24,714)
Cook floors from investing a sticking	机多洋针交升分			
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動產生之 現金流量			
Purchases of property, plant and	購買物業、廠房及設備			
equipment			(8,945)	(11,390)
Proceeds from disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及		(0/5 15)	(11,550)
plant and equipment	設備之所得款項	29(a)	192	20
Purchases of intangible assets	購買無形資產	8	-	(20)
Allotment of new shares to an associate	向聯營公司配發新股份	10	(1,680)	_
(Increase)/decrease in short-term	短期銀行存款			
bank deposits	(增加)/減少		(19,693)	1,075
(Increase)/decrease in structured	結構性銀行存款			
bank deposits	(增加)/減少		(988)	2,527
Proceeds from return on structured	來自結構性銀行存款			
bank deposits	回報之所得款項		2	58
Interest received	已收利息		1,083	393
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用之			
	現金淨額 		(30,029)	(7,337)
Cook flours from financian activities	动姿迁乱多生力			
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動產生之			
Dividendencia	現金流量	2.4	(2.407)	(2.466)
Dividends paid	已付股息	24	(3,487)	(2,466)
Proceeds from bank borrowings	銀行借貸所得款項	29(b)	120,931	131,036
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借貸	29(b)	(136,615)	(111,498)
Principal elements of lease payment	租賃付款之本金部分	29(b)	(541)	(644)
Not each (used in)/generated from	融資活動(所用)/產生之			
Net cash (used in)/generated from			(40.742)	1.6.420
financing activities	現金淨額 		(19,712)	16,428 
Net decrease in cash and cash	現金及現金等價物減少			
equivalents	淨額		(17,562)	(15,623)
Cash and cash equivalents	於年初之現金及現金等			
at beginning of year	價物	14	47,810	66,136
Exchange losses on cash	現金及現金等價物之			
and cash equivalents	匯兌虧損		(572)	(2,703)
	***			
Cash and cash equivalents	於年末之現金及現金等	4.4	20.47	47.040
at end of year	價物	14	29,676	47,810

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合現金流量表應連同相關附註一併 閱讀。

### 綜合財務報表附註



### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Vedan International (Holdings) Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of fermentation-based food additives, biochemical products and cassava starch-based industrial products including modified starch, glucose syrup, Monosodium Glutamate ("MSG"), soda, glutamic acid ("GA") and others. The products are sold to food distributors, international trading companies, and manufacturers of food, paper, textiles, and chemical products in Vietnam, other ASEAN member countries, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), Japan, Taiwan, and several European countries.

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is P.O. Box 10008, Willow House, Cricket Square, Grand Cayman KY1-1001, Cayman Islands.

The Company is listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

These financial statements are presented in United States dollars ("US\$'000"), unless otherwise stated.

### **2 BASIS OF PREPARATION**

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS") and disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance Cap.622. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of non-current liabilities and plan assets of defined benefit plan and structured bank deposits, which are measured at fair value.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in Note 4.

### 1 一般資料

味丹國際(控股)有限公司(「本公司」)及 其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要從事生 產及銷售各種發酵食品添加劑、生化產 品及木薯澱粉工業產品,包括變性澱粉、 葡萄糖漿、味精(「味精」)、蘇打、谷氨酸」)及其他。產品乃銷售往越 南、其他東盟成員國家、中華人民共和國 (「中國」)、日本、台灣及多個歐洲國家 的食品分銷商、國際貿易公司,以及 品、紙品、紡織及化工產品生產商。

本公司為於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司。註冊辦事處地址為:P.O. Box 10008, Willow House, Cricket Square, Grand Cayman KY1-1001, Cayman Islands。

本公司於香港聯合交易所有限公司上市。

除另有列明外,此等財務報表以美元(「千 美元」) 列值。

### 2 編製基準

本集團的綜合財務報表乃根據所有適用的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)及香港法例第622章《公司條例》的披露規定而編製。綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本慣例而編製,並以按公平值計量的非流動負債及定額福利計劃的計劃資產以及結構性銀行存款之重新估值作出修訂。

編製符合香港財務報告準則的綜合財務報表需要運用若干重要的會計估計,而管理層在應用本集團之會計政策過程中亦需要作出判斷。涉及較高程度判斷的範圍,或者假設和估計對合併報表具有重大影響的範圍,已在附註4揭露。

## 綜合財務報表附註

### **BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)**

### New and amended standards adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following new and amended standards which are mandatory for the Group for the first time for the financial year beginning on 1 January 2023:

HKFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

HKFRS 17 Amendments to HKFRS17

HKFRS 17 Initial Application of HKFRS 17

and HKFRS 9 - Comparative

information

Amendments to HKAS 8 Definition of Accounting Estimates

Amendments to Disclosure of Accounting Policies

HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2

Amendments to Deferred Tax related to Assets and HKAS 12 Liabilities arising from a Single

Transaction

Amendments to International Tax Reform - Pillar Two

HKAS 12 Model Rules

The adoption of the above new and amended standards did not have any material impact on the current period or any prior periods.

### 編製基準(續)

本集團採納之新準則及準則之修訂 本

> 本集團於二零二三年一月一日開始 之財政年度首次採納以下本集團須 強制採納之新準則及準則之修訂 本:

香港財務報告準則 保險合約

第17號

香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則 第17號(修訂本) 香港財務報告準則 首次採納香港財務報告 第17號 準則第17號及香港財

務報告準則第9號-

比較資料

香港會計準則 會計估計定義

第8號(修訂本)

香港會計準則第1 會計政策披露

號及香港財務報 告準則作業準則 第2號(修訂本)

香港會計準則 源自單一交易的資產及 第12號(修訂本) 負債之相關遞延稅項

香港會計準則 國際稅務改革-支柱二

示範規則 第12號(修訂本)

採納上述新準則及準則之修訂本並 無對本期間或任何先前期間造成任 何重大影響。

## 綜合財務報表附註



### **BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)**

## **(b)** The following amendments to standard and interpretation (together referred as "Amendments") have been issued, but are not effective for the financial year beginning on 1 January 2023 and have not been early adopted.

### 編製基準(續)

(b) 以下為已頒佈但於二零二三年一月 一日開始之財政年度尚未生效,亦 無提前採納之準則及詮釋之修訂本 (統稱為「修訂本」)。

> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 於下列日期或 之後開始之 年度期間生效

Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2024
香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)	將負債分類為流動或非流動	二零二四年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 1	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants	1 January 2024
香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)	附帶契諾的非流動負債	二零二四年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 16	Lease Liability in Sale and Leaseback	1 January 2024
香港財務報告準則第16號 (修訂本)	售後租回的租賃負債	二零二四年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7	Supplier Finance Arrangements	1 January 2024
香港會計準則第7號及香港財務 報告準則第7號(修訂本)	供應商融資安排	二零二四年一月一日
Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (Revised)	Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause (HK Int 5 (Revised))	1 January 2024
香港詮釋第5號(修訂本)	財務報表之呈列-借貸人對包含 按要求償還條文之有期貸款之分類 (香港詮釋第5號(修訂本))	二零二四年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 21	Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025
香港會計準則第21號(修訂本)	缺乏可兌換性	二零二五年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be determined
香港財務報告準則第10號及香港 會計準則第28號(修訂本)	投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間 的資產出售或注資	待釐定

The directors of the Company have assessed the financial impact on the Group of the adoption of the above Amendments. There are no Amendments that are not yet effective and that would be expected to have a material impact on the Group in the future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions. The Group intends to adopt the Amendments when they become effective.

本公司董事已評估採納上述修訂本 對本集團之財務影響。概無尚未生 效及預期將於未來報告期間對本集 團以及可見未來交易造成重大影響 之修訂本。本集團擬於上述修訂本 生效時予以採納。

綜合財務報表附註

#### **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** 3

### 3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risks (including foreign exchange risk and cash flow and fair value interest rate risks), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (group treasury) under policies approved by the board of directors. Group treasury identifies and evaluates financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The board provides principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and investment of excess liquidity.

### Market risk

### Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates internationally with most of the transactions denominated in US\$, Vietnam Dong and Renminbi. The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk primarily through future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the operating subsidiaries of the Group. The Group does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, management of the Group monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

### 財務風險管理

### 3.1 財務風險因素

本集團之業務承受各種財務風險: 市場風險(包括外匯風險以及現金 流量及公平值利率風險)、信貸風險 及流動資金風險。本集團之整體風 險管理計劃集中於財務市場之不可 預測性及尋求最大限度地降低對本 集團之財務報表之潛在不利影響。

風險管理由中央財政部(集團財務 部) 按董事會批准的政策進行。集團 財務部與本集團營運單位緊密合作 識別及評估財務風險。董事會制定 整體風險管理的原則,以及涵蓋特 定範圍的政策,例如外匯風險、利 率風險、信貸風險及盈餘流動資金 的投資。

### 市場風險

#### (i) 外匯風險

本集團於全球經營業 務,大部分交易以美 元、越南盾及人民幣計 值。本集團承受的外匯 風險主要為本集團附屬 公司運營的功能貨幣以 外的貨幣計值的境外運 營之未來商業交易、已 確認資產及負債以及投 資淨額。本集團並無有 關的外幣對沖政策。然 而,本集團管理層監控 外匯風險,並將於需要 時考慮對沖重大外幣風 險。

### 綜合財務報表附註



### **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)**

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

- Market risk (continued)
  - Foreign exchange risk (continued)

At 31 December 2023, for the Group's subsidiaries whose functional currency is US\$, if the Vietnam Dong had weakened/ strengthened by 5% against the US\$ with all other variables held constant, posttax profit (2022: post-tax loss) for the year would have been US\$969,000 lower/higher (2022: US\$750,000 higher/lower), mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses/gains on translation of trade and other receivables, short-term bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents and trade and other payables denominated in Vietnam Dong.

At 31 December 2023, for the Group's subsidiaries whose functional currency is Renminbi, if the US\$ had strengthened/ weakened by 5% against the Renminbi with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit (2022: post-tax loss) for the year would have been US\$1,000 lower/higher (2022: US\$4,000 higher/lower), mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses/gains on translation of trade and other receivables (2022: trade and other payables) denominated in US\$.

### 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- 市場風險(續) (a)
  - (i) 外匯風險(續)

於二零二三年十二月 三十一日,就功能貨幣 為美元的本集團附屬公 司而言,倘越南盾兌美 元貶值/升值5%而所 有其他變數維持不變, 本年度除稅後溢利(二 零二二年:除稅後虧損) 將減少/增加969,000 美元(二零二二年:增加 /減少750,000美元), 主要來自換算以越南盾 計值之應收貿易賬款及 其他應收款項、短期銀 行存款、現金及現金等 價物及應付貿易賬款及 其他應付款項而產生之 外匯虧損/收益。

於二零二三年十二月 三十一日,就功能貨幣 為人民幣的本集團附 屬公司而言,倘美元兌 人民幣升值/貶值5% 而所有其他變數維持 不變,本年度除稅後溢 利(二零二二年:除稅 後虧損)將減少/增加 1,000美元(二零二二 年:增加/減少4,000美 元),主要來自換算以美 元計值的應收貿易賬款 及其他應收款項(二零 二二年:應付貿易賬款 及其他應付款項) 而產 生之外匯虧損/收益。

綜合財務報表附註

### **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)**

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

- Market risk (continued)
  - Cash flow and fair value interest rate risks

As the Group has no significant interestbearing assets apart from bank balances and short-term bank deposits, the Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's exposure to interest rate risk related primarily to variable rate bank borrowings of US\$27,345,000 (2022:US\$59,621,000) and fixed rate bank borrowings of US\$16,309,000 (2022: Nil)

Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest-rate risk, and borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. As the tenure of the fixed-rate bank borrowings range from one to two years, the directors consider the exposures of present value interest rate return to be insignificant. The Group does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, management of the Group monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

At 31 December 2023, if interest rates on variable rate borrowings had been 50 basis points higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit (2022: post-tax loss) for the year would have been US116,000 lower/higher (2022: US\$253,000 lower/ higher), mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on these borrowings.

### 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (a) 市場風險(續)
  - (ii) 現金流量及公平值利率 風險

由於本集團除銀行結餘 及短期銀行存款外,概 無重大計息資產,因此 本集團之收入及營運現 金流量大致上獨立不受 市場利率變動影響。

於二零二三年十二 月三十一日,本集團 承擔之利率風險主要 與浮動利率銀行借款 27,345,000美元(二零 二二年:59,621,000美 元) 及固定利率銀行借 款16,309,000美元(二 零二二年:無)有關。

按浮動利率授出之借貸 令本集團面對現金流量 利率風險,而按固定利 率授出之借貸令本集團 面對公平值利率風險。 由於固定利率銀行借款 之期限介乎一至兩年, 故董事認為現值利率 回報之風險並不重大。 本集團並無利率對沖政 策。然而,本集團管理 層監控利率風險,並將 於需要時考慮對沖重大 利率風險。

於二零二三年十二月 三十一日,倘浮動利率 借貸之利率上升/下降 50個基點而所有其他 變動維持不變,本年度 除稅後溢利(二零二二 年:除稅後虧損)將減少 /增加116,000美元(二 零二二年:減少/增加 253,000美元),主要是 由於該等借貸之利息開 支增加/減少。

### 綜合財務報表附註



### **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)**

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from bank deposits and bank balances, trade receivables, other receivables and amounts due from related parties.

### Risk management

The carrying amount of bank deposits and bank balances, trade receivables, other receivables and amounts due from related parties included in the consolidated balance sheet represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to these financial assets.

The Group has policies in place to ensure that sales of products are made to customers with appropriate credit histories. The Group has policies to assess the credit quality of the customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.

For bank deposits and bank balances, the Group only uses banks and financial institutions with good reputation. As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, all the bank balances as detailed in Note 14 are held in major financial institutions, which are either state owned or with high credit quality. Management believes that the credit risk for bank deposits and bank balances is minimal.

### Impairment of financial assets

While structured bank deposits, shortterm bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents are also subject to the impairment requirements of HKFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial.

### 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險

信貸風險來自銀行存款及銀 行結餘、應收貿易賬款、其他 應收款項及應收有關連人士 款項。

#### (i) 風險管理

綜合資產負債表包括之 銀行存款及銀行結餘、 應收貿易賬款、其他應 收款項及應收有關連人 士款項之賬而值即本集 團就該等財務資產承受 的最高信貸風險。

本集團所定之政策是確 保僅售貨予具備合適信 貸記錄的客戶。本集團 設有政策,透過考慮客 戶之財務狀況、過往經 驗以及其他因素,評估 客戶信貸質素。本集團 會按內部或外界評級而 設定個別風險上限。本 集團會定期監察所動用 之信貸上限。

就銀行存款及銀行結 餘而言,本集團僅利用 具良好信譽之銀行及財 務機構。於二零二三年 及二零二二年十二月 三十一日, 載列於附註 14的全部銀行結餘乃 於國有或擁有良好信貸 質素之主要財務機構持 有。管理層相信銀行存 款及銀行結餘之信貸風 險並不重大。

#### (ii) 財務資產之減值

儘管結構性銀行存款、 短期銀行存款及現金及 現金等價物亦須遵守香 港財務報告準則第9號 之減值規定,惟所識別 的減值虧損並不重大。

綜合財務報表附註

### **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)**

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

- Credit risk (continued)
  - Impairment of financial assets (continued) Trade receivables

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for expected credit losses prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected losses for all trade receivables.

To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group has concentration of credit risk as 47% (2022: 45%) of its trade receivables were the five (2022: five) largest trade receivables, which are mainly reputable corporations. Considering the track record of regular repayment of trade receivables based on the Group's experience with respect to the collection of these receivables, the directors are of the opinion that the risk of default by these customers is not material.

In respect of trade receivables, the Group has policies in place to ensure that the sales of goods are made to customers with appropriate credit history and the Group performs credit evaluations of these counterparties and customers. The credit periods of the majority of these trade receivables are within 60 days and largely comprise amounts receivable from business customers. Given the track record of regular repayment of receivables from customers, the directors are of the opinion that the risk of default by customers is not significant.

### 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- 信貸風險(續)
  - (ii) 財務資產之減值(續) 應收貿易賬款

本集團採用香港財務報 告準則第9號規定之簡 化方法就預期信貸虧損 作出撥備,其允許就所 有應收貿易賬款使用全 期預期虧損。

為計量預期信貸虧損, 應收貿易賬款按共同信 貸風險特徵及逾期日數 進行分組。

於二零二三年十二月 三十一日,由於本集 團的應收貿易賬款47% (二零二二年:45%) 主要為知名公司的五 (二零二二年:五)大應 收貿易賬款,故本集團 面臨信貸集中風險。鑒 於應收貿易賬款定期償 還的往績記錄及根據本 集團收回該等應收款項 的經驗,董事認為該等 客戶違約的風險不大。

就應收貿易賬款而言, 本集團已制訂政策確保 售貨予具備合適信貸記 錄的客戶及本集團對該 等對手方及客戶進行信 貸評估。大部分該等應 收貿易賬款之信貸期為 60日以內,主要包括應 收業務客戶之款項。鑑 於客戶定期償還應收款 項之往績記錄,董事認 為客戶拖欠之風險並不 重大。

### 綜合財務報表附註



### **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)**

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

- Credit risk (continued)
  - Impairment of financial assets (continued) Trade receivables (continued)

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for trade receivables.

To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due.

The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of sales over a period of 36 months before 31 December 2023 and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables. The Group has identified the GDP of China and Vietnam in which it sells its goods and services to be the most relevant factors, and accordingly adjusts the historical loss rates based on expected changes in these factors.

### 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- 信貸風險(續)
  - (ii) 財務資產之減值(續) 應收貿易賬款(續) 本集團應用香港財務報 告準則第9號簡化方法 計量預期信貸虧損,為 應收貿易賬款採用全期 預期虧損撥備。

為計量預期信貸虧損, 應收貿易賬款按共同信 貸風險特徵及逾期日數 進行分組。

預期虧損率乃分別基 於二零二三年十二月 三十一日前36個月期間 之銷售付款組合及於本 期間經歷之相應歷史信 貸虧損。歷史虧損率獲 調整以反映有關影響客 戶結付應收款項能力之 宏觀經濟因素之當前及 前瞻性資料。本集團已 識別出其銷售貨品及服 務所在地中國及越南之 國內生產總值為最相關 因素,並根據該等因素 之預期變動相應調整歷 史虧損率。

## 綜合財務報表附註

### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

- Credit risk (continued)
  - (ii) Impairment of financial assets (continued) Trade receivables (continued) On that basis, the loss allowance as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 was determined as follows for trade receivables:

### 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (b) 信貸風險(續)
  - (ii) 財務資產之減值(續) 應收貿易賬款(續) 在此基準上,於二零 二三年及二零二二年 十二月三十一日之應收 貿易賬款之虧損撥備乃 釐定如下:

31 December 2023	二零二三年 十二月三十一日	Current 即期	1-180 days past due 逾期 1至180日	181-360 days past due 逾期 181至360日	More than 360 days past due 逾期 超過360日	Total 合計
Expected loss rate Gross carrying amount – trade receivables (US\$'000)	預期虧損率 總賬面值 一應收貿易賬款	0%	0.47%	0.95%	100%	
	(千美元)	30,064	3,384	326	331	34,105
Loss allowance (US\$'000)	虧損撥備(千美元)	-	16	3	331	350
				404.050.1	More than	
		6	1-180 days	181-360 days	360 days	Ŧ . I
		Current	past due	past due	past due ₩	Total
21 December 2022	二零二二年	80 #B	逾期	逾期 181至360日	逾期 ₩₩260□	∆≟L
31 December 2022	十二月三十一日	即期	1至180日	181至360日	超過360日	合計
Expected loss rate Gross carrying amount – trade receivables (US\$'000)	預期虧損率 總賬面值 一應收貿易賬款	0 %	0.75%	3.54%	100%	
trade receivables (03\$ 000)	(千美元)	30,872	2,812	339	356	34,379
Loss allowance (US\$'000)	虧損撥備(千美元)	,	21	12	356	389

As at 31 December 2023, the loss allowances for trade receivables were US\$350,000 (2022: US\$389,000). Management are of opinion that that adequate provision for uncollectible receivable has been made.

Impairment losses on trade receivables are presented as net impairment losses within operating profit. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the same line item.

於二零二三年十二 月三十一日,應收貿 易賬款之虧損撥備為 350,000美元(二零二二 年:389,000美元)。管 理層認為已就無法收回 之應收款項作出足夠撥 備。

應收貿易賬款之減值虧 損於經營溢利中以減值 虧損淨值呈列。其後收 回過往撇銷之款項計入 相同項目。

### 綜合財務報表附註



### **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)**

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

- Credit risk (continued)
  - Impairment of financial assets (continued) Other receivables and amounts due from related parties

The management considers that its credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition with reference to the counterparty historical default rate and current financial position. The impairment provision is determined based on the 12-month expected credit losses and is minimal.

### Liquidity risk

Due to the capital intensive nature of the Group's business, the Group ensures that it maintains sufficient cash and credit lines to meet its liquidity requirements.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity reserve which comprises undrawn borrowing facilities and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

### 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(jj)

- (b) 信貸風險(續)
  - 財務資產之減值(續) 其他應收款項及應收有 關連人士款項 根據交易對手的過往違 約率及現時財務狀況, 管理層認為自初步確認 以來的信貸風險並無大 幅增加。減值撥備乃根 據12個月預期信貸虧損 釐定且並不重大。

### 流動資金風險

由於本集團業務的資本集中 性質,本集團確保其維持充足 現金及信貸額以應付其流動 資金需求。

管理層根據預期現金流量,監 控本集團的流動資金儲備的 滾存預測,有關儲備由未提取 的借貸融資和現金及現金等 價物組成。本集團訂有政策, 定期監察目前及預期之流動 資金需求及其遵守借款契據 之情況,以確保其維持充裕現 金儲備以及獲主要財務機構 承諾提供足夠資金,以應付其 短期及較長期之流動資金需 求。

綜合財務報表附註

### **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)**

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

### (c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

### 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

### (c) 流動資金風險(續)

下列表格按結算日至合約到 期日餘下期間將本集團之財 務負債分為相關到期組別進 行分析。於表格中披露之金額 為合約未貼現現金流量。

		Less than 1 year or on demand 一年內或按要求 US\$'000 千美元	Between 1 and 2 years 一年至兩年 US\$'000 千美元	Between 2 and 5 years 兩年至五年 US\$'000 千美元	Over 5 years 超過五年 US\$'000 千美元	<b>Total</b> 合計 US\$'000 千美元
At 31 December 2023  Bank borrowings (Note) Lease liabilities (Note) Trade payables Other payables and accruals Amounts due to related parties	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日 銀行借貸(附註) 租賃負債(附註) 應付貿易賬款 其他應付款項及應計費用 應付有關連人士款項	43,258 544 18,391 7,632 596	1,406 479 - - -	742 1,303 - - -	- 1,735 - - -	45,406 4,061 18,391 7,632 596
At 31 December 2022  Bank borrowings (Note)  Lease liabilities (Note)  Trade payables  Other payables and accruals  Amounts due to related parties	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日 銀行借貸(附註) 租賃負債(附註) 應付貿易賬款 其他應付款項及應計費用 應付有關連人士款項	58,228 554 27,591 8,878 149	1,519 463 - -	2,213 1,303 - - -	- 1,735 - - -	61,960 4,055 27,591 8,878 149

Note:

The balances include interest payable on bank borrowings and lease liabilities up to their respective maturities.

### 3.2 Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

附註:

有關結餘包括截至各到期日就銀 行借貸及租賃負債應付之利息。

### 3.2 資本管理

本集團管理資金之目標為保障本集 團能繼續以持續基準經營之能力, 以為股東帶來回報及為其他持份者 帶來利益,以及維持合適之資本結 構以減少資本成本。

為了維持或調整資本結構,本集團 可能調整派付予股東之股息金額、 向股東歸還資本、發行新股份或出 售資產以減輕債務。

#### 綜合財務報表附註



#### **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)**

#### 3.2 Capital management (continued)

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total borrowings divided by owners' equity as shown in the consolidated balance sheet. Total borrowings include bank borrowings and lease liabilities.

During 2023, the Group's strategy, which was unchanged from 2022, was to maintain a reasonable gearing ratio. The gearing ratios at 31 December 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

#### 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.2 資本管理(續)

與業內其他公司一樣,本集團以資 產負債比率為基準監察資本。該比 率按綜合資產負債表所示之總借貸 除以擁有人權益計算。總借貸包括 銀行借貸及租賃負債。

於二零二三年,本集團之策略與二 零二二年所採納者貫徹一致,乃維 持資產負債比率於合理水平。於 二零二三年及二零二二年十二月 三十一日之資產負債比率如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Total bank borrowings and	銀行借貸總額及租賃負債		
lease liabilities		46,717	63,099
Owners' equity (including non-	擁有人權益(包括列入		
controlling interest in equity)	權益之非控股權益)	294,783	291,718
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	15.8%	21.6%

The gearing ratio decreased from 21.6% to 15.8% as a result of gradual repayment of borrowings.

#### Loan covenants

Under the terms of the major bank loans, which has a carrying amount of US\$41,702,000 (2022: US\$56,578,000), the Group is required to comply with the following financial covenants at the end of each annual and interim reporting period:

- the ratio of equity to total assets shall be higher or equal 65%, and
- the ratio of EBITA to current portion of long term debt and interest expenses shall be higher or equal 2.5

The Group has complied with these covenants throughout the reporting period. As at 31 December 2023, the ratio of equity to total assets was approximately 72.0% (2022: 70.3%) and the ratio of EBITA to current portion of long tem debt and interest expenses was approximately 10 (2022: 3).

因逐步償還借款,資產負債比率由 21.6%下降至15.8%。

#### 貸款契諾

根據賬面值為41,702,000美元 (二零二二年:56,578,000美 元)的主要銀行貸款條款,本 集團須於各年度及中期報告 期末遵守以下財務契諾:

- 權益佔總資產的比例須 高於或等於65%,及
- EBITA佔長期債務及利 息開支的即期部分的比 例須高於或等於2.5

本集團於整個報告期間已遵 守該等契諾。截至二零二三年 十二月三十一日,權益佔總 資產的比例約為72.0%(二零 二年:70.3%),而EBITA佔 長期債務及利息開支的即期 部分的比例約為10(二零二二 年:3)。

#### 綜合財務報表附註

#### **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)**

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation

The carrying values less impairment provisions of trade and other receivables, amounts due from related parties, structured bank deposits, short-term bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents, trade and other payables and amounts due to related parties are assumed to approximate their fair values because of their short maturities.

#### Fair value hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are recognised and measured at fair value in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Group has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standards.

#### 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.3 公平值估計

基於應收貿易賬款及其他應收款 項、應收有關連人士款項、結構性 銀行存款、短期銀行存款及現金及 現金等價物、應付貿易賬款及其他 應付款項以及應付有關連人士款項 屬短期性質,本集團假定其賬面值 減減值撥備後與公平值相若。

#### 公平值層級

本節闡釋釐定於財務報表內 按公平值確認及計量的金融 工具的公平值時作出的判斷 及估計。為得出釐定公平值所 用輸入數據的可靠性指標,本 集團按會計準則規定將其金 融工具分類為三個層級。

> Level 2 第二級 US\$'000 千美元

Recurring fair value measurements

At 31 December 2023

**Financial assets** 

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

經常性公平值計量

於二零二三年十二月三十一日

財務資產

按公平值計入損益的財務資產

990

Recurring fair value measurements

At 31 December 2022

**Financial assets** 

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

經常性公平值計量

於二零二二年十二月三十一日

財務資產

按公平值計入損益的財務資產

#### 綜合財務報表附註



#### **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)**

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

The Group did not change any valuation techniques in determining the level 2 fair values.

There were no transfers among different levels of fair values measurement during the year.

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and equity securities) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The guoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1.

**Level 2**. The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities and for instruments where ESG risk gives rise to a significant unobservable adjustment.

#### **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS**

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.3 公平值估計(續)

公平值層級(續)

於釐定第二級公平值時,本集 團並無改變任何估值技術。

年內公平值計量的不同層級 之間並無轉移。

本集團的政策為於報告期末 確認公平值層級的轉入及轉 出。

第一級:於活躍市場買賣的金 融工具(例如公開買賣的衍生 工具及股本證券)的公平值根 據報告期末的市場報價計算。 本集團持有的財務資產所用 的市場報價為現行買入價。該 等工具計入第一級。

第二級:並非於活躍市場買賣 的金融工具(例如場外衍生工 具)的公平值採用估值方法釐 定,該等估值方法盡量利用可 觀察市場數據而極少依賴實 體的特定估計。如計算一項金 融工具的公平值所需的所有 重大輸入為可觀察數據,則該 金融工具計入第二級。

第三級:倘一項或多項重大輸 入數據並非基於可觀察市場 數據,則該工具計入第三級。 非上市股本證券及ESG風險導 致重大不可觀察調整的工具 亦計入第三級。

#### 重要會計估計及判斷

編製財務報表需要使用會計估計,根據定 義,該等會計估計很少會與實際結果相 同。管理層亦需在應用本集團的會計政策 時作出判斷。

估計及判斷會持續予以評估,其以歷史經 驗及其他因素(包括於各情況下可能對該 實體造成財務影響及相信是合理之未來 事件預測)為依據。

綜合財務報表附註

#### **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS** (continued)

# Recoverable amount of property, plant and

Property, plant and equipment are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. Property, plant and equipment that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period. These calculations require the use of judgments and estimates.

#### (b) Estimated impairment of goodwill

The Group tests annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment. For the purposes of impairment reviews, the recoverable amount of goodwill is determined based on the higher of fair value less costs of disposal or value in use calculations. The recoverable amount calculations primarily use cash flow forecast based on financial budgets and forecasts covering a period of five years approved by management and the estimated terminal value at the end of the forecast period.

There are a number of assumptions and estimates involved in the preparation of cash flow forecast for the period covered by the approved budgets. Key assumptions include the growth rates and discount rates to reflect the risks involved. Management prepares the financial budgets and forecasts reflecting actual and prior year performance and market development expectations. Judgement is required to determine key assumptions adopted in cash flow forecasts and changes to key assumptions could affect these cash flow forecasts and therefore the results of the impairment review. For details, see Note 8.

#### 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

#### 物業、廠房及設備的可回收金額 (a)

物業、廠房及設備於出現事件或情 況變化顯示賬面值或不能收回時, 須作出減值測試。資產的賬面值超 出其可收回金額的部分確認為減值 虧損。可收回金額為資產公平值減 去出售成本及使用價值兩者中較高 者。出現減值的物業、廠房及設備 將於各報告期末評估減值撥回的可 能性。這些計算需要使用判斷和估 計。

#### 商譽的估計減值 (b)

本集團每年均測試商譽是否出現任 何減值。就減值審閱而言,商譽之 可收回金額根據公平值減出售成本 或使用價值之計算(以較高者為準) 釐定。可收回金額計算主要採用以 管理層所批准的涵蓋五年期之財政 預算及預測為依據的現金流量預測 以及預測期末的估計最終價值。

編製經批准預算所涵蓋期間內的現 金流量預測涉及多項假設與估計。 主要假設包括增長率及折現率以反 映所涉及的風險。管理層編製反映 實際及過往年度表現以及市場發展 預期的財政預算及預測。釐定現金 流量預測所採納之主要假設須作出 判斷,而主要假設之變動可能影響 該等現金流量預測,因此影響減值 審閱結果。有關詳情,請參見附註

#### 綜合財務報表附註



#### **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND** JUDGEMENTS (continued)

#### Estimated expected credit loss allowance for financial assets

The loss allowance for financial assets is based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. Details of the key assumptions and inputs used are disclosed in Note 3.

#### (d) Net realisable value of inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. The cost of inventories is written down to net realisable value when there is objective evidence that the cost of inventories may not be recoverable. The amount written off to profit or loss is the difference between the carrying value and net realisable value of the inventories. In determining whether the cost of inventories can be recovered, significant judgements are required. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the duration and extent and the means by which the amount will be recovered. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of selling products of a similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in customer preference and competitor actions in response to market conditions.

#### 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

#### 財務資產之估計預期信貸虧損撥備 (c)

財務資產之虧損撥備乃基於對違約 風險及預期虧損率的假設而作出。 基於本集團於各報告期末之過往 記錄、現有市場狀況以及前瞻性估 計,本集團在作出該等假設及選擇 減值計算之輸入數據時會採用判 斷。有關主要假設及所用之輸入數 據的詳情披露於附註3。

#### (d) 存貨之可變現淨值

存貨以成本與可變現淨值兩者的較 低者入賬。可變現淨值按於日常業 務中的估計售價減完成估計成本及 銷售所需的估計成本計算。當有客 觀證據顯示存貨成本可能不能收回 時,存貨成本將被撇減至可變現淨 值。撇銷至損益之金額為存貨賬面 值與可變現淨值之差額。於釐定存 貨成本能否收回時須作出重大判 斷。於作出該判斷時,本集團會評估 (其中包括) 將收回金額之期限及 範圍及方式等因素。該等估計乃根 據現行市場狀況及過往出售同類產 品之經驗而作出。倘客戶喜好改變 及競爭對手因應對市場狀況而採取 不同行動,則該等估計可能出現重 大變動。

#### 綜合財務報表附註

#### **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the Executive Directors collectively. The Executive Directors review the Group's policies and information for the purposes of assessing performance and allocating resources. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group has been operating in one single business segment, i.e. the manufacture and sale of fermentation-based food additives, biochemical products and cassava starch-based industrial products including modified starch, glucose syrup, MSG, GA and others (2022: same).

#### (a) Revenue

#### 分部資料

主要營運決策者已確定為全體執行董 事。執行董事審閱本集團之政策及資料以 評核表現及分配資源。截至二零二三年 十二月三十一日止年度,本集團經營一個 單一業務分部,即製造及銷售發酵食品添 加劑、生化產品及木薯澱粉工業產品,包 括變性澱粉、葡萄糖漿、味精、谷氨酸及 其他(二零二二年:相同)。

#### (a) 收益

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Sales of goods	銷售貨物	386,171	451,007

Revenue recognised in relation to contract liabilities The Group receives payments from certain customers in advance of the performance under the contracts. The following table shows how much of the revenue recognised in the current reporting period relates to carried-forward contract liabilities.

#### 就合約負債確認之收益

本集團於履行合約前收取若干客戶 之預付款。下表顯示於本報告期間 確認之收益與結轉合約負債之相關 程度。

	2023 二零二三年 US\$′000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
Revenue recognised that was included 計入年初合約負債結餘之 in the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the year	4,339	5,885

During the year ended 31 December 2023, revenue of approximately US\$44,004,000 (2022: US\$53,734,000) is derived from a single external customer located in Japan. The revenue is attributable to MSG and GA products.

All contracts are for periods of one year or less. As permitted under HKFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed.

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止 年度,收益約44,004,000美元(二零 二二年:53,734,000美元)源自日本 之單一外部客戶。是項收益來自味 精及谷氨酸產品。

所有合約之期限均為一年或以下。 根據香港財務報告準則第15號的規 定,並無披露分配予該等未履行合 約之交易價格。

#### 綜合財務報表附註



#### **SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)**

#### (a) Revenue (continued)

The Group's revenue by geographical location, which is determined by the geographical presence of customers, is as follows:

#### 分部資料(續)

#### (a) 收益(續)

本集團按地理位置(由客戶地理位 置決定) 劃分之收益如下:

		2023 二零二三年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
Vietnam	越南	173,560	194,999
Japan	日本	71,045	83,083
The PRC	中國	54,965	62,663
ASEAN member countries	東盟成員國		
(other than Vietnam)	(不包括越南)	31,185	35,991
The US	美國	24,456	36,256
Other regions	其他地區	30,960	38,015
		386,171	451,007

#### Accounting policy of revenue recognition

#### Sales of goods

Sales are recognised when control of the product has been transferred, being when the product are delivered, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the product. The risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer upon delivery or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

Revenue from the sale of goods is based on the price specified in the sales contracts. No element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with a credit term from cash on delivery to 30 days, which is consistent with market practice.

Receivable is recognised when the product is delivered as this is the point in time when the consideration is unconditional, which only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

#### 收益確認之會計政策

#### 銷售貨物

銷售於產品之控制權轉移時 (即產品交付時) 及概無可影 響客戶接納產品之未履行責 任時確認。陳舊及損失風險已 於交付或本集團有客觀證據 證明所有接納標準已獲達成 時轉移至客戶。

來自銷售貨品之收益乃基於 銷售合約指定之價格得出。由 於銷售乃按貨到付款至30日 之信貸期限作出(其與市場慣 例一致),故融資元素被視為 不存在。

應收款項於交付貨品時確認, 原因為此乃代價為無條件之 時間點,僅須待時間過去便可 收取付款。

## 綜合財務報表附註

#### **SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)**

#### (a) Revenue (continued)

Accounting policy of revenue recognition (continued)

- Contract liabilities
  - Contract liabilities primarily relate to the deposits or payments received in advance for sales of goods not yet delivered to customers. Revenue is recognised when goods are delivered to customers.
- **(b)** Non-current assets, other than prepayments, by location, which is determined by the country in which the asset is located, are as follows:

#### 分部資料(續)

(a) 收益(續)

收益確認之會計政策(續)

(ii) 合約負債

合約負債主要與未交付予客 戶之貨品銷售之預收按金或 付款有關。收益於貨品交付予 客戶時確認。

(b) 按位置(由資產所在國家決定)劃分 之非流動資產(預付款項除外)如 下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Vietnam	越南	140,093	153,058
The PRC	中國	9,240	10,422
Total	合計	149,333	163,480

# 綜合財務報表附註



## 6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 6 物業、廠房及設備

		Construction- in-progress 在建工程 US\$'000 千美元	Properties 物業 US\$'000 千美元	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 US\$'000 千美元	Motor vehicles 汽車 US\$'000 千美元	Office equipment 辦公室設備 US\$'000 千美元	<b>Total</b> 合計 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日						
Cost	成本	59,080	110,728	471,743	10,043	20,756	672,350
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	-	(84,406)	(397,629)	(8,103)	(18,880)	(509,018)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值 ————————————————————————————————————		(1,214)	(3,757)	_	(22)	(4,993)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	59,080	25,108	70,357	1,940	1,854	158,339
Year ended 31 December 2022	截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度						
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值 年初賬面淨值	59.080	25.108	70.357	1.940	1.854	158,339
Additions	添置	10,425	39	1,803	646	232	13,145
Transfer	轉讓	(11,065)	3,284	7,378	268	135	
Disposals (Note 29)	出售(附註29)	-	(3)	(34)	(19)	-	(56)
Depreciation (Note 21)	折舊(附註21)	_	(2,887)	(13,849)	(548)	(462)	(17,746)
Written-off	撇銷	(895)	-	-	-	-	(895)
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	-	(487)	(178)	(33)	(15)	(713)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	57,545	25,054	65,477	2,254	1,744	152,074
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日						
Cost	成本	57,545	113,156	477,869	10,420	20,990	679,980
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	_	(86,888)	(408,635)	(8,166)	(19,224)	(522,913)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	_	(1,214)	(3,757)		(22)	(4,993)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	57,545	25,054	65,477	2,254	1,744	152,074
Year ended 31 December 2023	截至二零二三年十二月三十一日 止年度						
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	57,545	25,054	65,477	2,254	1,744	152,074
Additions	添置	5,721	179	1,928	183	269	8,280
Transfer	轉讓	(54,969)	9,663	44,907	131	89	(179)
Disposals (Note 29)	出售(附註29)	_	(48)	(236)	(4)	(2)	(290)
Depreciation (Note 21)	折舊(附註21)	-	(3,276)	(17,006)	(535)	(473)	(21,290)
Written-off	撇銷	(272)	-	(1)	(1)	(3)	(277)
Exchange differences	匯兌差額 	_	(86)	(33)	(5)	(1)	(125)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	8,025	31,486	95,036	2,023	1,623	138,193
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日						
Cost	成本	8,025	122,797	524,282	10,670	21,318	687,092
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	-	(90,097)	(425,489)	(8,647)	(19,673)	(543,906)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	-	(1,214)	(3,757)	_	(22)	(4,993)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	8,025	31,486	95,036	2,023	1,623	138,193

綜合財務報表附註

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

Property, plant and equipment, except for constructionin-progress, is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged in the consolidated income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

– Properties	15-50 years
<ul> <li>Plant and machinery</li> </ul>	10-20 years
<ul><li>Motor vehicles</li></ul>	5-8 years
<ul> <li>Office equipment</li> </ul>	5-8 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within 'other gains – net', in the consolidated income statement.

Construction-in-progress, comprising capital expenditure on buildings and plant where the construction work has not been completed, is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. No depreciation is provided for construction-in-progress.

Depreciation expense of US\$20,507,000 (2022: US\$16,650,000) has been charged in cost of sales, US\$467,000 (2022: US\$624,000) in selling and distribution expenses and US\$316,000 (2022: US\$472,000) in administrative expenses.

During the year, the Group has capitalised borrowing costs amounting to US\$49,000 (2022: US\$275,000) on qualifying assets.

#### 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備(在建工程除外)均按 歷史成本減累計折舊及累計減值虧損列 賬。歷史成本包括直接用於收購項目的開 支。

僅當與項目有關的未來經濟利益可能流 入本集團及項目成本能可靠計量時,其後 成本方會計入資產賬面值或確認為獨立 資產(如適用)。已更換部分的賬面值終止 確認。所有其他維修及保養則在其產生的 財政期間於合併損益表內扣除。

物業、廠房及設備的折舊乃利用直線法在 其估計可使用年期將其成本分配至其剩 餘價值計算,載列如下:

一 物業	15-50年
- 廠房及機器	10-20年
- 汽車	5-8年
- 辦公室設備	5-8年

資產之剩餘價值及可使用年期均於各報 告期末予以審閱及調整(如適用)。

倘資產賬面值較估計的可收回款額為 大,則資產的賬面值將立刻被撇減至其可 收回款額。

出售之盈虧均透過將所得款項與賬面值 作比較而釐定,並列入綜合收益表內確認 為「其他收益一淨額」。

在建工程包括未完成樓宇及廠房的資本 支出,以成本減累計減值虧損入賬。在建 工程不作折舊。

折舊開支20,507,000美元(二零二二年: 16,650,000美元)、467,000美元(二零 二二年:624,000美元)及316,000美元(二 零二二年:472,000美元)已分別計入銷售 成本、銷售及分銷開支以及行政開支。

年內,本集團已就合資格資產資本化借貸 成本49,000美元(二零二二年:275,000美 元)。

## 綜合財務報表附註



#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

As at 31 December 2022, certain buildings with carrying amount of US\$3,224,000, were pledged as collaterals for the Group's bank borrowings of US\$1,005,000. As at 31 December 2023, there is no property, plant and equipment pledged as collaterals.

#### **RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES**

#### Amount recognised in the consolidated balance sheet

The consolidated balance sheet shows the following amounts relating to leases:

#### 物業、廠房及設備(續)

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,賬面值為 3,224,000美元的若干樓宇已抵押為本集 團銀行借款1,005,000美元的抵押品。於 二零二三年十二月三十一日,概無物業、 廠房及設備抵押為抵押品。

#### 使用權資產及租賃負債

#### 於綜合資產負債表確認的金額

綜合資產負債表載列以下與租賃有 關的金額:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Land use rights	土地使用權	3,568	3,784
Building	樓宇	1,023	1,359
Equipment	設備	9	9
Total right-of-use assets	使用權資產總額	4,600	5,152
Current lease liabilities	流動租賃負債	319	443
Non-current lease liabilities	非流動租賃負債	2,744	3,035
Total lease liabilities	租賃負債總額	3,063	3,478

Movement of right-of-use assets for the year:

#### 年內使用權資產的變動:

		2023 二零二三年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January Additions for the year Termination of contract during the year Lease modification Amortisation of right-of-use assets Exchange differences	於一月一日 年內添置 Ir 年內終止合約 租賃修訂 使用權資產攤銷 匯兌差額	5,152 29 - - (553) (28)	4,841 583 (49) 481 (549) (155)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	4,600	5,152

## 綜合財務報表附註

#### **RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES** (continued)

# (ii) Amounts recognised in the consolidated income

The consolidated income statement shows the following amounts relating to leases:

## 使用權資產及租賃負債(續)

#### (ii) 於綜合收益表確認的金額

綜合收益表載列以下與租賃有關的

		2023 二零二三年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
Amortisation charge of right-of-use assets:	使用權資產的已扣除 攤銷:		
Land use rights	土地使用權	410	401
Building	樓宇	143	148
		553	549
Interest expense (included in finance cost) Expense relating to short-term leases	利息開支(計入財務支出) 與短期租賃有關的開支	98	104
(included in cost of goods sold and administrative expenses)	(計入已售貨品成本及 行政開支)	87	75

The total cash outflow for leases, including payment for short-term leases, for the year ended 31 December 2023 was US\$628,000 (2022: US\$719,000).

#### (iii) The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for

The land use rights of the Group are located in the PRC and Vietnam.

Xiamen Vedan Foods Co. Ltd ("Xiamen Vedan") and Shanghai Vedan Enterprise Co. Ltd ("Shanghai Vedan"), subsidiaries established and operating in the PRC, have each been granted rights to use two lands in the PRC by the relevant authority for 50 years, which will expire in 2042 and 2060, respectively.

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止 年度的租賃的現金流出總額(包括 短期租賃付款)為628,000美元(二 零二二年:719,000美元)。

#### (iii) 本集團的租賃活動及入賬租賃活動 之方法

本集團的土地使用權位於中國及越

於中國成立及運營的附屬公司廈門 味丹食品有限公司(「廈門味丹」)及 上海味丹企業有限公司(「上海味 丹」) 各自獲相關部門授予權利使用 中國的兩幅地塊,年期為50年,分 別將於二零四二年及二零六零年到 期。

#### 綜合財務報表附註



#### **RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES** (continued)

#### (iii) The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for (continued)

Vedan (Vietnam) Enterprise Corporation Limited, a subsidiary established and operating in Vietnam, has obtained the rights to use certain lands in Vietnam by the relevant authority for 43 to 50 years, which will expire in

Rental contract for building is made for a fixed period of

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interest in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

Liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the fixed payments.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

#### 使用權資產及租賃負債(續)

#### (iii) 本集團的租賃活動及入賬租賃活動 之方法(續)

味丹(越南)股份有限公司,一間於 越南成立及運營的附屬公司,已自 相關部門取得使用越南若干土地的 權利,年期為43至50年,將於二零 四一年到期。

樓宇的租賃合約訂有十年的固定期 限。

和期乃在個別基礎上協商,並包含 各種不同的條款及條件。租賃協議 並無施加任何契諾(惟出租人所持 有租賃資產的抵押權益除外),惟租 賃資產不得用作借貸的抵押。

租賃於租賃資產可供本集團使用當 日確認為使用權資產及相關負債。

租賃產生的負債初始按現值計量。 租賃負債包括固定付款的淨現值。

根據合理確定延續選擇權支付的租 賃付款亦計入負債計量之內。

租賃付款採用租賃所隱含的利率予 以貼現。倘無法釐定該利率(本集團 的租賃一般屬此類情況),則使用承 租人增量借貸利率,即個別承租人 在類似經濟環境中按類似條款、抵 押及條件借入獲得與使用權資產價 值類似的資產所需資金必須支付的 利率。

綜合財務報表附註

#### **RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES** (continued)

#### (iii) The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for (continued)

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by the Group, which does not have recent third party financing, and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the followina:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability; and
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Land use rights are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost represents consideration paid for the rights to use the land on which various plants and buildings are situated for 43 to 50 years. Amortisation of land use rights is calculated on a straight-line basis over the period of leases.

Payments associated with short-term leases and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise IT equipment and small items of office furniture.

#### 使用權資產及租賃負債(續)

#### (iii) 本集團的租賃活動及入賬租賃活動 之方法(續)

為釐定增量借貸利率,本集團:

- 在可能情況下,使用個別承租 人最近獲得的第三方融資為 出發點作出調整以反映自獲 得第三方融資以來融資條件 的變動
- 使用累加法,首先就本集團所 持有租賃的信貸風險(最近並 無第三方融資) 調整無風險利 率;及
- 進行特定於租賃的調整,例如 期限、國家、貨幣及抵押。

租賃付款於本金及融資成本之間作 出分配。融資成本在租賃期間於損 益扣除,藉以令各期間的負債餘額 的期間利率一致。

使用權資產按成本計量,包括以下 各項:

- 初始計量租賃負債的金額; 及
- 在開始日期或之前作出的任 何租賃付款。

使用權資產一般按直線基礎以資產 可使用年期或租期(以較短者為準) 計算折舊。

土地使用權乃按成本減累計攤銷及 累計減值虧損列賬(如有)。成本指 各個廠房及樓宇於43至50年期間 就所在地之土地使用權所支付之代 價。土地使用權攤銷乃按直線法基 準就租期計算。

與短期租賃以及所有低價值資產租 賃相關的付款按直線法於損益確認 為開支。短期租賃指租賃期為12個 月或以下的租賃。低價值資產包括 資訊科技設備及小型辦公室傢俬。



#### **INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

#### 無形資產

		Goodwill 商譽 US\$'000 千美元	Software and licence 軟件及牌照 US\$'000 千美元	Trademarks 商標 US\$'000 千美元	<b>Total</b> 合計 US\$'000 千美元
	W-X6 B B	T 表 兀	一	丁美兀	丁美兀
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	0.474	2.245	42.400	22.005
Cost	成本	8,471	2,245	12,189	22,905
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	- (6,607)	(1,967)	(12,151)	(14,118)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值 ————————————————————————————————————	(6,687)	_	_	(6,687)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	1,784	278	38	2,100
Year ended 31 December 2022	截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度				
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	1,784	278	38	2,100
Amortisation charge (Note 21)	攤銷開支(附註21)	_	(99)	(38)	(137)
Additions	添置	_	20	_	20
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	97	_	-	97
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	1,881	199	-	2,080
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日				
Cost	ルー令ーーサークニーロ 成本	8,568	2,265	12,189	23,022
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	0,300	(2,066)	(12,189)	(14,255)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	(6,687)	(2,000)	(12,169)	(6,687)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	1,881	199	_	2,080
Year ended 31 December 2023	截至二零二三年十二月三十一日		· ·		
rear ended 51 December 2025	・ 単年度				
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	1,881	199	_	2,080
Amortisation charge (Note 21)	攤銷開支(附註21)	_	(71)	_	(71)
Transfer	轉讓	-	179	-	179
Impairment loss (Note 20)	減值虧損(附註20)	(680)	-	-	(680)
Exchange differences	匯兌差額	19	_	_	19
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	1,220	307		1,527
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日				
Cost	成本	8,587	2,444	12,189	23,220
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	-	(2,137)	(12,189)	(14,326)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	(7,367)	-	-	(7,367)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	1,220	307	_	1,527

Amortisation charge is included in administrative expenses.

攤銷開支計入行政開支。

## 綜合財務報表附註

#### **INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)**

Impairment tests for goodwill:

Goodwill is attributed to the Group's CGUs according to operating segment.

#### 無形資產(續)

商譽減值測試:

商譽乃根據營運分部分配至本集團賺取 現金單位。

		The PRC MSG related	Vietnam MSG related	
		business 中國味精	business 越南味精	Total
		相關業務	相關業務	總計
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元	千美元_
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年			
	十二月三十一日	490	730	1,220
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日	1,151	730	1,881

Management determined the recoverable amount based on the higher of value-in-use ("VIU") and the fair value less cost of disposal ("FVLCD") calculations of the cash-generating unit ("CGU"). The recoverable amount of a CGU is determined based on VIU calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets prepared by management and approved by the Board of Directors covering a five years period. Cash flows beyond the five years period are extrapolated using the estimated growth rates stated below if applicable. The growth rates do not exceed the long-term average growth rates for the MSG related business in which the CGU operates.

The key assumptions used for the value-in-use calculation of the goodwill in the PRC MSG related CGU are as follows.

管理層根據計算賺取現金單位(「賺取現 金單位」)的使用價值(「使用價值」)與公 平值減出售成本(「公平值減出售成本」) 兩者中的較高者釐定可收回金額。賺取現 金單位的可收回金額按照使用價值計算 釐定。該等計算使用基於管理層編製及經 董事會批准之五年期財政預算得出之除 稅前現金流量預測進行。超出五年期之現 金流量使用以下所呈列之估計增長率推算 (如適用)。增長率不會高於賺取現金單 位所營運之味精相關業務的長期平均增

用以計算中國味精相關賺取現金單位商 譽之使用價值之主要假設如下。

The PRC 中國

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
Sales per annum (US\$'000)	每年銷售額(千美元)	15,393 – 19,067	14,465-16,780
Growth rate in sales	銷售增長率	5% - 18%	3% - 8%
Gross margin	毛利率	14.6% - 16.3%	16.5% - 17.1%
Other operating costs per annum	每年其他營運成本		
(US\$'000)	(千美元)	1,883 - 2,206	1,627 – 1,887
Long term growth rate	長期增長率	2%	3%
Discount rate (pre-tax)	折現率(稅前)	15.3%	16.2%

#### 綜合財務報表附註



#### 8 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

Impairment tests for goodwill: (continued)

Sales per annum and growth rate in sales are estimated with reference to the past performance of the CGU, management's expectations of market development, current industry trends and long term inflation forecasts.

Management determined budgeted gross margin based on past performance and its expectations of market developments. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant operating segments.

Other operating costs are the fixed costs of the CGUs, which do not vary significantly with sales volumes or prices. Management forecasts these costs based on the current structure of the business, adjusting for inflationary increases and these do not reflect any future restructurings or cost saving measures. The amounts disclosed above are the average operating costs for the five-year forecast period.

For the goodwill of the PRC MSG related business, the recoverable amount calculated based on value-in-use calculation is lower than its carrying value and therefore a further provision for impairment of goodwill of US\$680,000 was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2023.

The management has performed sensitivity analysis over the PRC MSG related business. A decrease in annual sales volume growth rate by 5.3%, a decrease in annual sales price growth rate by 0.3%, a decrease in gross margin by 0.5%, an increase in annual operating costs by 2.7%, a decrease in long term growth rate by 2.1% or an increase in discount rate by 1.3%, all changes taken in isolation, full impairment of the remaining balance of goodwill would be required.

#### 8 無形資產(續)

商譽減值測試:(續)

每年銷售額及銷售增長率乃經參考賺取 現金單位之過往表現、管理層對市場發展 的預期、現時行業趨勢及長期通脹預測後 估計得出。

管理層乃根據過往表現及其對市場發展 之預期釐定預算毛利率。所用折現率乃除 稅前並反映相關經營分部之特定風險。

其他營運成本乃賺取現金單位的固定成本,並不隨銷售量或銷售價大幅變動。管理層基於現時業務架構預測該等成本,並就通脹上升作出調整,但當中並無反映任何未來重組或節省成本措施。上述披露的金額乃五年預測期的平均營運成本。

就中國味精相關業務的商譽而言,按使用價值計算方式計算的可收回金額超出其 賬面值,故截至二零二三年十二月三十一 日止年度進一步就商譽減值確認撥備 680,000美元。

管理層已對中國味精相關業務進行敏 感度分析。年銷售量增長率降低5.3%、 年銷售價增長率下跌0.3%、毛利率下降 0.5%、年營運成本增長2.7%、長期增長 率下跌2.1%或折現率增長1.3%,所有變 更之發生均屬獨立,因此須對商譽的餘額 作出悉數減值。

綜合財務報表附註

#### 8 **INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)**

Impairment tests for goodwill: (continued)

#### Accounting policy regarding intangible assets

#### (a) Goodwill

Goodwill arises on the acquisition of subsidiaries represents the excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identified net assets acquired.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units ("CGUs"), or groups of CGUs, expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

Goodwill impairment reviews are undertaken annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The carrying value of goodwill is compared to the recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs to sell. Any impairment is recognised immediately as an expense and is not subsequently reversed.

#### Trademarks and license

Separately acquired trademarks and the license, which have finite useful lives, are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of trademarks and license over their estimated useful lives of 6 to 10 years.

#### Computer software

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful lives of 5 years.

#### 無形資產(續)

商譽減值測試:(續)

#### 關於無形資產的會計政策

#### (a) 商譽

商譽於收購附屬公司時產生,並指 所轉讓代價、於被收購方之任何非 控股權益以及先前於被收購方之股 本權益於收購日期之公平值超出所 收購的已識別資產淨值公平值之數 額。

為進行減值測試,於業務合併中收 購之商譽乃分配至預期受惠於合併 協同效益之各賺取現金單位(「賺取 現金單位」) 或賺取現金單位組別。 各獲分配商譽之單位或一組單位 為實體就內部管理監察商譽之最低 層面。商譽於經營分部層面進行監 察。

商譽每年進行減值檢討,亦會於有 事件出現或情況改變顯示可能出現 減值時,作出更頻密檢討。商譽賬 面值與可收回金額(即使用價值與 公平值減銷售成本之較高者) 作比 較。任何減值即時確認為開支,且 其後不會撥回。

#### 商標及牌照 (b)

具有限定可使用年期之獨立收購之 商標及牌照按成本減累計攤銷及減 值虧損入賬。攤銷乃利用直線法計 算,以將商標及牌照成本於彼等六 年至十年估計可使用年期內進行分 配。

#### (c) 雷腦軟件

購入的電腦軟件牌照根據購買及使 用該特定軟件所引起的成本資本 化。有關成本按其估計可使用年期 五年攤銷。

# 綜合財務報表附註



#### 9 **SUBSIDIARIES**

The following is a list of the principal subsidiaries at 31 December 2023:

#### 9 附屬公司

下列為於二零二三年十二月三十一日之 主要附屬公司清單:

Name	Place of incorporatio establishment and kind of legal entity	n/ Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued/paid up share capital	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the Group	Proportion of ordinary shares held by non-controlling interest 非控股權益
名稱	註冊成立/成立地點 以及法定實體類別	主要業務及營運地點	已發行/繳足股本詳情	本集團持有之 普通股比例	持有之 普通股比例
Directly held: 直接持有:					
Winball Investment Limited	British Virgin Islands ("BVI") 英屬處女群島 (「英屬處女群島」)	Investment holding in Hong Kong 在香港投資控股	100 Ordinary shares of US\$1 each 100股每股面值1美元的 普通股	100%	-
Talent Top Investment Ltd.	BVI 英屬處女群島	Investment holding in Hong Kong 在香港投資控股	100 Ordinary shares of US\$1 each 100股每股面值1美元的 普通股	100%	-
Indirectly held: 間接持有:					
Burghley Enterprise Pte., Ltd.	Singapore	Investment holding in Singapore 在新加坡投資控股	US\$61,109,000 Ordinary shares 61,109,000美元普通股	100%	-
Ordino Investments Pte., Ltd.	Singapore 新加坡	Investment holding in Singapore 在新加坡投資控股	US\$20,177,000 Ordinary shares 20,177,000美元普通股	100%	-
Vedan (Vietnam) Enterprise Corporation Limited	Vietnam	Manufacturing and sale of fermentation-based food additives and biochemical products and cassava starch-based industrial products including MSG, GA, modified starch, glucose syrup, soda and acid in Vietnam and for	171,574,967 Ordinary shares of US\$1 each	99.9%	0.1%
	越南	export 在越南製造及銷售發酵食品添加 劑、生化產品及木薯澱粉工業產 品,包括味精、谷氨酸、變性澱 粉、葡萄糖漿、蘇打及鹽酸並出口	171,574,967股每股面值 1美元的普通股		

# 綜合財務報表附註

#### 9 SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

The following is a list of the principal subsidiaries at 31 December 2023: (continued)

#### 附屬公司(續)

下列為於二零二三年十二月三十一日之 主要附屬公司清單:(續)

Name	Place of incorporatior establishment and kind of legal entity	n/ Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued/paid up share capital	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the Group	Proportion of ordinary shares held by non-controlling interest 非控股權益
名稱	註冊成立/成立地點 以及法定實體類別	主要業務及營運地點	已發行/繳足股本詳情	本集團持有之 普通股比例	持有之 普通股比例
Shanghai Vedan Enterprise Co. Ltd.	PRC, limited liability company	Packaging and sale of MSG, starch, seasoning and other products in the PRC	US\$9,800,000 Registered capital	100%	-
上海味丹企業有限公司	中國,有限責任公司	在中國包裝及銷售味精、澱粉、風味調味料及其他產品	9,800,000美元註冊 資本		
Xiamen Vedan Foods Co. Ltd.	PRC, limited liability company	Packaging and sale of MSG, starch, seasoning and other products in the PRC	US\$20,270,000 Registered capital	100%	-
廈門味丹食品有限公司	中國,有限責任公司	在中國包裝及銷售味精、澱粉、風味 調味料及其他產品	20,270,000美元註冊 資本		
Xiamen Darong Import & Export Trade Co., Ltd. 廈門大容進出口貿易有限公司	PRC, limited liability company 中國,有限責任公司	Sale of starch and other products in the PRC 在中國銷售澱粉及其他產品	US\$254,000 Registered capital 254,000美元註冊資本	100%	-
Vedan International (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	Cambodia	Sale of fermentation-based food additives and biochemical products and cassava starch-based industrial products in Cambodia and for export	Registered capital of Riels 2,640,000,000	100%	-
	柬埔寨	於柬埔寨從事發酵食品添加劑、生 化產品及木薯澱粉工業產品銷售 及出口	註冊資本2,640,000,000 瑞爾		

## 綜合財務報表附註



#### 10 INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

#### 10 於一間聯營公司之投資

Movement of the investment in an associate is as follows:

於一間聯營公司之投資之變動如下:

		2023 二零二三年 US\$′000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
As at 1 January Allotment of new shares Share of post-tax loss of an associate	於一月一日 配發新股 應佔一間聯營公司除稅後	4,174 1,680	4,702
	虧損	(841)	(528)
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日	5,013	4,174

Nature of the investment in an associate as at 31 December 2023 and 2022:

於二零二三年及二零二二年十二月 三十一日,於一間聯營公司之投資性質如 下:

Name 名稱	Country of Incorporation 註冊成立國家	Particulars of issued share capital 已發行股本詳情	% interest held 持有權益%	Measurement method 計量方法
Dacin International Holdings Limited	The Cayman Islands	26,627,559 shares (2022: 21,027,559 shares) of US\$1 each	30	Equity
達欣國際控股有限公司	開曼群島	26,627,559股 (二零二二年: 21,027,559股) 每股 面值1美元之股份		權益法

The associate is principally engaged in real estate development in Vietnam.

該聯營公司主要於越南從事房地產發展。

Dacin International Holdings Limited is a private company and there is no quoted market price available for its shares.

達欣國際控股有限公司為私人公司,且其 股份並無市場報價。

No capital commitment in relation to the Group's investment in the associate (2022: US\$112,000).

本集團就於該聯營公司之投資未涉及有 關任何資本承擔。(二零二二年:112,000 美元)。

綜合財務報表附註

#### 10 INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

#### 10 於一間聯營公司之投資(續)

Reconciliation of summarised financial information

財務資料概要對賬

		2023 二零二三年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
Net assets as at 1 January Allotment of new shares during the year Loss for the year	於一月一日之資產淨值 本年度配發新股 本年度虧損	13,913 5,600 (2,802)	15,674 - (1,761)
Net assets as at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之 資產淨值	16,711	13,913
Interest in an associate (30%)	於聯營公司之權益(30%)	5,013	4,174

#### 11 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

#### 11 按類別劃分之金融工具

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之		
	財務資產		
– Trade receivables	一應收貿易賬款	33,755	33,990
– Other receivables	一其他應收款項	503	1,039
<ul> <li>Amounts due from related parties</li> </ul>	-應收有關連人士款項	772	126
<ul> <li>Short-term bank deposit</li> </ul>	一短期銀行存款	19,693	_
– Cash and cash equivalents	-現金及現金等價物	29,676	47,810
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入損益的		
profit or loss	財務資產		
– Structured bank deposits	一結構性銀行存款	990	_
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之		
	財務負債		
– Trade payables	一應付貿易賬款	18,391	27,591
<ul> <li>Other payables and accruals</li> </ul>	一其他應付款項及		
	應計費用	7,632	8,878
<ul> <li>Amounts due to related parties</li> </ul>	一應付有關連人士款項	596	149
– Bank borrowings	一銀行借貸	43,654	59,621

#### 綜合財務報表附註



#### 12 INVENTORIES

#### 12 存貨

		2023 二零二三年 US\$′000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
Consumables	消耗品	7,520	7,571
Raw materials	原材料	72,543	73,762
Work in progress	在製品	4,980	6,181
Finished goods	製成品	53,330	53,065
Less: Provision for impairment losses on	減:存貨減值虧損撥備	138,373	140,579
inventories		(693)	(52)
		137,680	140,527

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work-in-progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Consumables are included within inventories and stated at cost, using the weighted average method.

#### Notes:

- The cost of inventories of US\$278,617,000 (2022: US\$355,425,000) has been charged in cost of sales.
- The provision for impairment of inventories included in cost of sales amounted to US\$641,000 (2022: reversal of impairment of US\$12,000).

存貨以成本與可變現淨值兩者的較低者 入賬。成本按加權平均法計算。製成品和 在製品成本包括原材料、直接人工、其他 直接成本和相關生產費用(以正常產能下 計算),但不包括借貸成本。可變現淨值 按於日常業務中估計的售價減完成估計 成本及銷售所需的估計成本計算。

消耗品計入存貨中,並使用加權平均法按 成本列賬。

#### 附註:

- 存貨成本278,617,000美元(二零二二 (i) 年:355,425,000美元)已計入銷售成本。
- 包含於銷售成本之存貨減值撥備為 641,000美元(二零二二年:存貨減值撥 回為12,000美元)。

## 綜合財務報表附註

#### 13 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

#### 13 應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項

	2023 二零二三年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
應收第三方貿易賬款 減:虧損撥備	34,105 (350)	34,379 (389)
應收貿易賬款一淨額 預付款項 可收回增值稅 其他應收款項 應收一間聯營公司款項 給予一間聯營公司之貸款 (附註(c))	33,755 10,857 251 369 14	33,990 18,662 338 911 8
減:非即期部分 一廠房及設備預付款項	45,366 (1,527)	54,029 (1,301) 52,728
	減:虧損撥備  應收貿易賬款一淨額 預付款項 可收回增值稅 其他應收款項 應收一間聯營公司款項 給予一間聯營公司之貸款 (附註(c))	ニ零二三年

The credit terms of trade receivables range from cash on delivery to 30 days. The Group may grant a longer credit period to certain customers, subject to the satisfactory results of credit assessment. The ageing of the trade receivables based on invoice date is as follows:

應收貿易賬款之信貸期介乎貨到付現至 30天。本集團可向若干客戶授出較長信 貸期,而其受限於信貸評估之滿意結果。 應收貿易賬款按發票日期之賬齡如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
0 – 30 days	0至30天	31,949	24,014
31 – 90 days	31至90天	793	9,069
91 – 180 days	91至180天	706	604
181 – 365 days	181至365天	326	172
Over 365 days	365天以上	331	520
		34,105	34,379

#### 綜合財務報表附註



#### 13 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

The carrying amounts of the trade and other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

#### 13 應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項(續)

應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項之賬面值 按下列貨幣計值:

		2023 二零二三年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
Vietnam Dong US\$ Renminbi Others	越南盾 美元 人民幣 其他	17,960 20,228 7,116 62	26,737 18,992 8,220 80
		45,366	54,029

#### (a) Classification as trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. They are generally due for settlement within 30 days and therefore all classified as current. Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional, unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Details about the Group's impairment policies and the calculation of the loss allowance are provided in note 3.1(b)(ii).

#### 分類為應收貿易賬款 (a)

應收貿易賬款為在日常業務中就已 售貨品或所提供的服務而應收客戶 的款項。應收貿易賬款通常於30天 內結算,因此全部分類為流動。應 收貿易賬款按無條件代價金額進行 初始確認,除非其包含重大融資成 分,則按公平值確認。本集團持有 應收貿易賬款旨在收取合約現金流 量,因此後續使用實際利率法按攤 銷成本計量應收貿易賬款。有關本 集團減值政策及虧損撥備的計算方 法的詳情載於附註3.1(b)(ii)。

#### 綜合財務報表附註

#### 13 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

#### (b) Impairment and risk exposure

The maximum exposure to credit risk at 31 December 2022 and 2023 are the carrying amounts of trade and other receivables mentioned above. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables.

The closing loss allowance for trade receivables as at 31 December 2023 reconciles to the opening loss allowance as follows:

#### 13 應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項(續)

#### (b) 減值及風險敞口

於二零二二年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日面臨之最大信貸風險為上 述應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項之 賬面值。本集團並無持有任何抵押 品作抵押。

本集團應用香港財務報告準則第9 號簡化方法計量預期信貸虧損,為 所有應收貿易賬款採用全期預期虧 損撥備。

於二零二三年十二月三十一日之應 收貿易賬款之年末虧損撥備與年初 虧損撥備之對賬如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Opening loss allowance as at 1 January (Decrease)/increase in loss allowance recognised in consolidated income	於一月一日之年初虧損 撥備 於年內綜合收益表中 確認之虧損撥備(減少)	389	323
statement during the year	/增加	(39)	66
Closing loss allowance as at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之 年末虧損撥備	350	389

The provision for credit loss of receivables has been included in administrative expenses in the consolidated income statement. Amounts charged to the allowance account are generally written off when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash.

The other classes within trade and other receivables do not contain impaired assets.

#### Loan to an associate

As at 31 December 2023, the loan to an associate of US\$120,000 (2022: US\$120,000) which is unsecured, bears interest at 4.5% (2022: 4.5%), per annum, denominated in US\$ and repayable on 31 May 2024.

就應收款項信貸虧損作出的撥備已 計入綜合收益表的行政開支中。於 撥備賬扣除的金額一般於預期無法 收回更多現金時撇銷。

應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項內之 其他類別並不包括已減值資產。

#### (c) 給予一間聯營公司之貸款

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,給 予一間聯營公司之貸款為120,000 美元(二零二二年:120,000美元), 該款項為無抵押,按年利率4.5% (二零二二年:4.5%)計息、以美 元計值,並須於二零二四年五月 三十一日償還。

## 綜合財務報表附註



#### 14 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, STRUCTURED **BANK DEPOSITS AND SHORT-TERM BANK DEPOSITS**

#### 14 現金及現金等價物、結構性銀行存款 及短期銀行存款

		2023 二零二三年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
Structured bank deposits (note (a)) Short-term bank deposits (note (b)) Cash at bank and on hand	結構性銀行存款 (附註(a)) 短期銀行存款 (附註(b)) 銀行及手頭現金	990 19,693 29,676	- - 47,810
		50,359	47,810

As at 31 December 2023, cash at bank of US\$29,560,000 (2022: US\$47,676,000) and bank deposits of US\$20,683,000 (2022: US\$Nil) were exposed to credit risk.

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,銀行 現金29,560,000美元(二零二二年: 47,676,000美元) 及銀行存款20,683,000 美元(二零二二年:零美元)面臨信貸風 險。

The remittance of the funds out of the PRC bank accounts of US\$4,426,000 (2022: US\$2,413,000) and Vietnam bank accounts of US\$43,455,000 (2022: US\$41,063,000) is subject to exchange restrictions imposed by the PRC and Vietnamese governments, respectively.

匯出中國銀行賬戶之資金4,426,000美元 (二零二二年:2,413,000美元) 及匯出越 南銀行賬戶之資金43,455,000美元(二零 二二年:41,063,000美元) 須分別遵守中 國及越南政府的外匯管制措施。

The Group's cash and cash equivalents, structured bank deposits and short-term bank deposits are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團之現金及現金等價物、結構性銀行 存款及短期銀行存款按以下貨幣計值:

		2023 二零二三年 US\$'000	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Vietnam Dong	越南盾	27,860	15,500
US\$	美元	16,857	27,523
Renminbi	人民幣	4,438	2,414
Hong Kong dollar	港元	78	100
New Taiwan dollar	新台幣	412	1,847
Others	其他	714	426
		50,359	47,810

## 綜合財務報表附註

#### 14 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, STRUCTURED **BANK DEPOSITS AND SHORT-TERM BANK DEPOSITS** (continued)

Notes:

#### Structured bank deposits (a)

As at 31 December 2023, the structured bank deposits amounting to US\$990,000 represented wealth management products issued by a reputable bank in PRC with variable interest and repayable on demand. Changes in fair value of these investments were recognised in "other (losses)/gains - net" in the consolidated income statement. The effective interest rate of structured bank deposit was 2.00% as at 31 December 2023.

The effective interest rate of short-term bank deposit was 6.77% as at 31 December 2023.

#### 14 現金及現金等價物、結構性銀行存款 及短期銀行存款(續)

附註:

#### (a) 結構性銀行存款

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,結構性 銀行存款990,000美元為中國一家知名 銀行發行的理財產品,有關產品具有浮 動利息且須按要求償還。該等投資的公 平值變動於綜合收益表確認為「其他(虧 損) / 收益-淨額」。結構性銀行存款於 二零二三年十二月三十一日的實際利率 為2.00%。

(b) 短期銀行存款於二零二三年十二月 三十一日的實際利率為6.77%。

#### 15 SHARE CAPITAL

#### 15 股本

		Aut Par value US\$ 面值美元	horised ordinary share 法定普通股 Number of shares 股份數目	s US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January 2022, 31 December 2022, 1 January 2023 and 31 December 2023	於二零二二年一月一日及 二零二二年十二月三十一日、 二零二三年一月一日及 二零二三年十二月三十一日	0.01	10,000,000,000	100,000
			nd fully paid ordinary s 已發行及繳足普通股 Number	shares
		US\$ 面值美元	of shares 股份數目	US\$′000 千美元

# 綜合財務報表附註



#### 16 RESERVES 16 儲備

		Share premium	Exchange reserve	Merger reserve (Note (a))	Statutory reserve (Note (b))	Retained earnings	Total
		股份溢價	匯兌儲備	合併儲備 (附註(a))	<b>法定儲備</b> (附註(b))	保留盈利	合計
		US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	47,358	10,783	79,994	874	147,552	286,561
Comprehensive loss Loss for the year Other comprehensive loss	全面虧損本年度虧損	-	-	-	-	(4,386)	(4,386)
Currency translation differences	<b>其他全面虧損</b> 匯兌差額	_	(3,449)	-	_	-	(3,449)
Total comprehensive loss	全面虧損總額 	-	(3,449)		_	(4,386)	(7,835)
Total transactions with owners	與擁有人之總交易額						
Dividends paid (Note 24) Reallocation of statutory reserve	已付股息 (附註24) 重新分配法定儲備 	- - 	- -	- -	27	(2,466) (27)	(2,466)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日	47,358	7,334	79,994	901	140,673	276,260
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日 	47,358 	7,334	79,994	901	140,673	276,260
Comprehensive income Profit for the year	全面收入本年度溢利	-	-	-	-	6,986	6,986
Other comprehensive loss Currency translation differences	<b>其他全面虧損</b> 匯兌差額	_	(429)	-	_	-	(429)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	全面收入/(虧損) 總額	_	(429)		_	6,986	6,557
Total transactions with owners	與擁有人之總交易額						
Dividends paid (Note 24)	已付股息(附註24) 	_				(3,487)	(3,487)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日	47,358	6,905	79,994	901	144,172	279,330

## 綜合財務報表附註

#### 16 RESERVES (continued)

Notes:

#### Merger reserve (a)

The merger reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the share capital and share premium of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the group reorganisation completed on 26 December 2002 and the nominal value of the share capital of the Company issued in exchange therefor.

#### Statutory reserve

The PRC companies are required to allocate 10% of the companies' net profits to the statutory reserves fund until such fund reaches 50% of the companies' registered capitals. The statutory reserves fund can be utilised, upon approval by the relevant authorities, to offset accumulated losses or to increase registered capital of the companies, provided that such fund is maintained at a minimum of 25% of the companies' registered capitals.

#### 17 TRADE PAYABLES, ACCRUALS AND OTHER **PAYABLES**

#### 16 儲備(續)

附註:

#### (a) 合併儲備

本集團的合併儲備指根據於二零零二年 十二月二十六日完成的集團重組所收購 附屬公司的股本面值及股份溢價與本公 司就進行交換而發行之股本面值的差

#### (b) 法定儲備

中國公司須提取公司淨利之10%至法定 公積金,直至公積金達致公司註冊資本 之50%。經相關機關批准,法定公積金 可予動用以抵銷累計虧損或增加公司註 冊資本,前提為有關公積金須維持於公 司註冊資本最少25%。

#### 17 應付貿易賬款、應計費用及其他應付 款項

		2023 二零二三年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
Current	即期		
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	18,391	27,591
Accruals	應計費用	8,077	7,781
Payable of purchase of property, plant and	應付購置物業、廠房及		
equipment and construction costs	設備以及建築成本款項	326	814
Contract liabilities (Note (a))	合約負債(附註(a))	4,579	4,339
Other payables	其他應付款項	5,283	7,206
Total trade payables, accruals and other payables	應付貿易賬款、應計費用 及其他應付款項總額	36,656	47,731

## 綜合財務報表附註



## 17 TRADE PAYABLES, ACCRUALS AND OTHER **PAYABLES** (continued)

Trade payables are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

At 31 December 2023, the ageing of trade payables based on invoice date is as follows:

#### 17 應付貿易賬款、應計費用及其他應付 款項(續)

應付貿易賬款為無抵押,通常於確認後 30日內支付。

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,應付貿易 賬款按發票日期之賬齡如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
0 – 30 days	0至30天	17,734	25,334
31 – 90 days	31至90天	657	2,257
		18,391	27,591

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade payables, accruals and other payables are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團之應付貿易賬款、應計費用及其他 應付款項之賬面值按下列貨幣計值:

		2023 二零二三年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
Vietnam Dong	越南盾	23,026	23,195
US\$		5,379	16,031
Renminbi	人民幣	6,793	8,500
Others	其他		5
Others		1,458 36,656	47,731

Notes:

#### (a) Contract liabilities

The contract liabilities primarily relate to the deposits or payments received in advance for sales of goods not yet delivered to customers. Revenue is recognised when goods are delivered to customers.

附註:

#### (a) 合約負債

合約負債主要與未交付予客戶之貨品銷 售之預收按金或付款有關。收益於貨品 交付予客戶時確認。

# 綜合財務報表附註

#### **18 BANK BORROWINGS**

## 18 銀行借貸

		2023 二零二三年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
Non-current  - Long-term bank borrowings  - secured  - Long-term bank borrowings  - unsecured  Less: current portion of long-term bank  borrowings	非即期  -長期銀行借貸  -有抵押  -長期銀行借貸  -無抵押  減:長期銀行借貸之  即期部分	3,431 - (1,439)	8,081 566 (5,216)
		1,992	3,431 
Current  - Short-term bank borrowings  - secured  - Short-term bank borrowings  - unsecured  - Current portion of long-term bank  borrowings – secured  - Current portion of long-term bank  borrowings – unsecured	即期 -短期銀行借貸 -有抵押 -短期銀行借貸 -無抵押 -長期銀行借貸之 即期部分一有抵押 -長期銀行借貸之	38,271 1,952 1,439 - 41,662	40,254 10,720 3,321 1,895 56,190
Total bank borrowings	銀行借貸總額	43,654	59,621

## 綜合財務報表附註



#### 18 BANK BORROWINGS (continued)

At 31 December 2023, the Group's bank borrowings were repayable as follows:

#### 18 銀行借貸(續)

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團之 銀行借貸須於以下期間償還:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Within 1 year	一年內	41,662	56,190
Between 1 and 2 years	一年至兩年	1,328	1,440
Between 2 and 5 years	兩年至五年	664	1,991
		43,654	59,621

The exposure of the Group's borrowings to interest rate changes and the contractual repricing dates at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

於報告期末,本集團借貸所面對的利率變 動及合約重新訂價日期如下:

		2023 二零二三年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
Within 6 months Between 7 and 12 months Between 1 and 5 years	6個月內 7至12個月 1至5年	40,998 664 1,992	50,992 5,199 3,430
		43,654	59,621

The effective interest rates per annum of the Group's borrowings at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

於報告期末,本集團借貸之實際年利率如 下:

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
US\$	美元	5.2%	3.7%
New Taiwan dollar	新台幣	2.4%	1.8%
Renminbi	人民幣	Not applicable	3.6%
		不適用	
Vietnamese dong	越南盾	3.3%	Not applicable
			不適用

綜合財務報表附註

#### 18 BANK BORROWINGS (continued)

#### The carrying amounts of the Group's borrowings approximate their fair values and are denominated in the following currencies:

#### 18 銀行借貸(續)

本集團借貸之賬面值與其公平值相若,並 按以下貨幣計值:

		2023 二零二三年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
US\$ New Taiwan dollar Renminbi Vietnamese Dong	美元 新台幣 人民幣 越南盾	9,997 1,952 – 31,705	56,578 1,303 1,740
		43,654	59,621

The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

本集團有以下未提用借貸融資:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Floating rate:	浮息:		
– Expiring within one year	一於一年內到期	104,472	101,342
– Expiring beyond one year	一於一年後到期	5,568	43,950
Fixed rate:	定息:		
– Expiring within one year	一於一年內到期	30,596	574
– Expiring beyond one year	一於一年後到期	-	_
		140,636	145,866

As at 31 December 2023, the Group has aggregate bank facilities of approximately US\$184,290,000 (2022: US\$205,487,000) for bank borrowings, trade finance and other general banking facilities. Unutilised amount as at 31 December 2023 amounted to US\$140,636,000 (2022: US\$145,866,000), among them, US\$94,620,000 (2022: US\$97,147,000) of the unutilised bank facilities were secured by corporate guarantees issued by the Company.

The Group was complied with the financial covenants of its bank loans during both period presented, see note 3.2 for details.

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團 合共擁有銀行融資為數約184,290,000美 元 (二零二二年:205,487,000美元)作 為銀行借貸、貿易融資及其他一般銀行 融資。於二零二三年十二月三十一日,未 動用金額為140,636,000美元(二零二二 年:145,866,000美元),其中,未動用銀 行融資94,620,000美元(二零二二年: 97,147,000美元) 乃以由本公司發出之公 司擔保作抵押。

本集團於所呈列兩個期間均遵守其銀行 貸款的財務契諾,詳見附註3.2。

#### 綜合財務報表附註



#### 19 DEFERRED INCOME TAX

Deferred income tax is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method using the principal tax rates prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The offset amounts are as follows:

#### 19 遞延所得稅

遞延所得稅乃根據負債法以本集團營運 所在國家當時的主要稅率就所有暫時差 額計算。

當有法定可執行權力將即期稅項資產與 負債抵銷,且遞延稅項結餘涉及同一稅務 機關時,則可將遞延稅項資產與負債互相 抵銷。當實體有法定可執行權利抵銷及擬 按淨額基準結算或同時變現資產及結算 負債時,即期稅項資產與稅項負債互相抵 銷。抵銷金額如下:

	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元
Deferred income tax liabilities	2,803	3,215
to set off provisions 延稅項負債	(2,653)	(2,638)
	150	577

The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

本年度遞延所得稅資產及負債(未計及抵 銷相同徵稅司法權區的結餘)的變動如 下:

#### Deferred income tax liabilities

#### 遞延所得稅負債

#### Accelerated tax depreciation 加速稅項折舊

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
At 1 January	於一月一日	3,215	3,398
Credited to consolidated income statement	計入綜合收益表	(412)	(183)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	2,803	3,215

綜合財務報表附註

#### 19 DEFERRED INCOME TAX (continued)

#### 19 遞延所得稅(續)

#### Deferred income tax assets

#### 遞延所得稅資產

#### Other temporary differences 其他暫時差額

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元_
At 1 January	於一月一日	(2,638)	(1,733)
Credited to consolidated income statement	計入綜合收益表	(15)	(905)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	(2,653)	(2,638)

#### Notes:

- According to the PRC Enterprise Income Tax Law, the profits of PRC subsidiaries of the Group derived since 1 January 2008 will be subject to withholding tax at a rate of 10% upon the distribution of such profits to foreign investors. Deferred income tax liabilities of US\$862,000 (2022: US\$940,000) have not been recognised in respect of temporary differences attributable to accumulated profits of the Group's PRC subsidiaries as the Group controls the dividend policy of these PRC subsidiaries and it is probable that these temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future. The unremitted earnings of PRC subsidiaries are intended to reinvest to expand PRC markets.
- There is no unrecognised deferred income tax assets for tax loss for the Group as at 31 December 2023 and 2022.

#### 附註:

- 根據中國企業所得稅法,本集團旗下中 國附屬公司自二零零八年一月一日起產 生的溢利,須就分派予外國投資者的溢 利按10%的稅率繳納預扣稅。由於本集 團控制該等中國附屬公司之股息政策, 且本集團之中國附屬公司累計溢利應佔 之暫時差額不大可能於可見將來撥回, 故並無就該等暫時差額確認遞延所得稅 負債862,000美元(二零二二年:940,000 美元)。中國附屬公司未匯出的盈利計劃 作再次投資以拓展中國市場。
- 於二零二三年及二零二二年十二月 三十一日,本集團概無有關稅務虧損之 未確認遲延所得稅資產。

#### 20 OTHER (LOSSES)/GAINS - NET

#### 20 其他(虧損)/收益-淨額

		2023 二零二三年 US\$'000	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 エギニ
		千美元	千美元
Net exchange loss	匯兌虧損淨額	(263)	(489)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備之		
equipment	虧損	(98)	(36)
Sales of scrap materials	廢料銷售	389	330
Government grant	政府補助	9	114
Fair value gains on structural bank deposits	結構性銀行存款之公平值		
,	收益	4	52
Impairment of goodwill	商譽減值	(680)	_
Others	其他	517	248
		(122)	219

## 綜合財務報表附註



### **21 EXPENSES BY NATURE**

Expenses included in cost of sales, selling and distribution expenses and administrative expenses are analysed as follows:

### 21 按性質分類之開支

銷售成本、銷售及分銷開支及行政開支所 包括之開支分析如下:

		2023 二零二三年 US\$′000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
Changes in inventories and consumables	存貨及已用消耗品變動		
used (Note 12)	(附註12)	278,617	355,425
Amortisation of intangible assets (Note 8)	無形資產攤銷(附註8)	71	137
Amortisation of right-of-use assets (Note 7)	使用權資產攤銷(附註7)	553	549
Auditor's remuneration	核數師薪酬		
– Audit services	一核數服務	345	345
<ul> <li>Non-audit services</li> </ul>	一非核數服務	5	4
Depreciation on property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment (Note 6)	(附註6)	21,290	17,746
Written off of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備撇銷		
equipment (Note 6)	(附註6)	277	895
Provision for/(reversal of) impairment of	存貨減值之撥備/(撥回)		
inventories (Note 12)	(附註12)	641	(12)
Expense relating to short-term lease	與短期租賃有關的開支		
(Note 7)	(附註7)	87	75
Employee benefit expenses (Note 26)	僱員福利開支(附註26)	40,844	39,236
(Reversal of)/provision for loss allowance of	應收貿易賬款虧損撥備之		
trade receivables (Note 13)	(撥回)/撥備(附註13)	(39)	66
Loss on lease modification (Note 32(b))	租賃修訂之損失(附註32(b))	-	1
Technical support fee	技術支援費	2,184	2,139
Travelling expenses	差旅開支	1,629	1,562
Transportation expenses	交通開支	6,645	12,345
Advertising expenses	廣告開支	1,718	2,071
Repair and maintenance expenses	維修和保養開支	10,751	13,059
Other expenses	其他開支	7,452	8,699
Total cost of sales, selling and distribution	銷售成本、銷售及分銷		
expenses and administrative expenses	開支及行政開支總額	373,070	454,342

### 綜合財務報表附註

### 22 FINANCE COSTS - NET

### 22 財務成本-淨額

		2023 二零二三年 US\$′000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
Bank interest income Interest income from an associate	銀行利息收入 來自一間聯營公司之 利息收入	1,084 5	393 5
Finance income	財務收入	1,089	398
Interest expense on bank borrowings Interest expense on lease liabilities Less: amounts capitalised on qualifying assets	銀行借貸利息開支 租賃負債利息開支 減:合資格資產資本化 款項	(2,831) (98) 49	(1,122) (104) 275
Finance costs	財務支出	(2,880)	(951)
Finance costs – net	財務支出一淨額	(1,791)	(553)

### 23 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Taxation on profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

The amount of income tax charged to the consolidated income statement represents:

### 23 所得稅開支

溢利之稅項就年內估計應課稅溢利按本 集團營運所在國家之現行稅率計算。

於綜合收益表內扣除之所得稅金額指:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Enterprise income tax ("EIT")	企業所得稅	3,782	1,271
(Over)/under provision of income tax in	過往年度所得稅(超額		
previous years	撥備) / 撥備不足	(9)	4
Total current tax	即期稅項總額	3,773	1,275
Deferred income tax	遞延所得稅	(427)	(1,088)
		3,346	187

### 綜合財務報表附註



#### 23 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

The income tax on the Group's profit/(loss) before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the applicable tax rate for Vietnam Vedan, which is a major subsidiary of the Group, as follows:

#### 23 所得稅開支(續)

本集團除所得稅前溢利/(虧損)的所 得稅與倘若採用本集團主要附屬公司越 南味丹的適用稅率而計算的理論稅款不 同,載列如下:

		2023 二零二三年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
Profit/(loss) before income tax	除所得稅前溢利/(虧損)	10,347	(4,197)
Tax calculated at tax rate of 15% (2022: 15%) Tax effects of different tax rates Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not subject to tax Under provision in prior years Unrecognised tax losses	按15%之稅率計算之稅項 (二零二二年:15%) 不同稅率之稅務影響 不可扣稅之開支 毋須課稅收入 過往年度撥備不足 未確認稅務虧損	1,552 195 1,454 (19) 15 149	(630) 114 1,158 (459) 4
Income tax expenses	所得稅開支	3,346	187

Pillar Two legislation was enacted in Vietnam, the jurisdiction in which one of the Group's subsidiaries incorporated, and will come into effect from 1 January 2024. As the Group's total revenue is less than EUR 750million for the year ended 31 December 2023 and all entities within the Group have an effective tax rate that exceeds 15%, the Group has no related current or deferred tax exposure under OECD Pillar Two model rules.

EIT is provided on the basis of the statutory profit for financial reporting purposes, adjusted for income and expenses items which are not assessable or deductible for income tax purposes.

#### (i) **Vietnam**

The applicable EIT rate for the Group's principal operations in Vietnam is 15%, which is an incentive tax rate offered by the Vietnam Government and is stipulated in the subsidiary's investment license. For non-principal operation in Vietnam, the applicable EIT rate for the Group is 20%.

支柱二立法已於越南(本集團附屬公司之 一註冊成立所在司法權區) 頒佈,並將於 二零二四年一月一日起生效。由於本集團 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度 的收益總額低於750百萬歐元,且本集團 內所有實體的實際稅率均超過15%,因 此,根據OECD支柱二示範規則,本集團 並無相關即期或遞延稅項風險。

企業所得稅按財務申報的法定溢利計 算,且就所得稅的毋須課稅或不可扣稅的 收支項目作出調整。

#### (i) 越南

按附屬公司的投資許可證所訂明, 本集團在越南的主要業務的適用企 業所得稅率為15%,有關稅率為越 南政府所給予的優惠稅率。就越南 的非主要業務而言,本集團的適用 企業所得稅率為20%。

### 綜合財務報表附註

#### 23 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

#### (ii) The PRC

The applicable EIT rate for the Group's operation in the PRC is 25%.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, as the PRC subsidiaries had adjusted losses for the year, no income tax expenses was provided.

### (iii) Singapore/Hong Kong/Cambodia

No Singapore/Hong Kong/ Cambodia profits tax has been provided as the Group had no estimated assessable profit arising in or derived from Singapore, Hong Kong and Cambodia during the year.

#### (iv) Taiwan

The applicable EIT rate for the Group's operations in Taiwan is 20%.

#### **24 DIVIDENDS**

An interim dividend of US\$0.229 US cents per share amounting to US\$3,487,000 that relates to the year ended 31 December 2023 was declared on 22 August 2023 and was paid on 5 October 2023.

A final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2023 of 0.2298 US cents per share, amounting to a final dividend of US\$3,499,000, is to be proposed for approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting. These consolidated financial statements do not reflect this dividend payable.

### 23 所得稅開支(續)

#### (ii) 中國

本集團在中國的業務的適用企業所 得稅率為25%。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日 止年度,由於中國附屬公司於年內 調整虧損,因此並無計提所得稅開

#### (iii) 新加坡/香港/柬埔寨

由於本集團於本年度並無在新加 坡、香港及柬埔寨賺取或獲得估計 應課稅溢利,因此並無作出新加坡 /香港/柬埔寨利得稅撥備。

#### (iv) 台灣

本集團在台灣的業務的適用企業所 得稅率為20%。

### 24 股息

有關截至二零二三年十二月三十一日 止年度每股0.229美仙金額為3,487,000 美元之中期股息已於二零二三年八月 二十二日宣派及於二零二三年十月五日 派付。

將於應屆股東周年大會上提呈以供批准 的截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年 度的末期股息為每股0.2298美仙,末期股 息金額達3,499,000美元。該等綜合財務 報表並無反映該應付股息。

### 綜合財務報表附註



### 25 EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

#### (a) Basic

Basic earnings/(loss) per share is calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

### 25 每股盈利/(虧損)

### (a) 基本

每股基本盈利/(虧損)按本公司擁 有人應佔溢利/(虧損)除以年內已 發行普通股的加權平均數計算。

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
Profit/(loss) attributable to owners of the Company (US\$'000) Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	本公司擁有人應佔溢利/ (虧損)(千美元) 已發行普通股的加權 平均數(千股)	6,986	(4,386)
(thousands)		1,522,742	1,522,742
Basic earnings/(loss) per share (US cents per share)	每股基本盈利/(虧損) (每股美仙)	0.46	(0.29)

#### (b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is same as basic earnings/(loss) per share as there are no dilutive instruments for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

### (b) 攤薄

截至二零二三年及二零二二年十二 月三十一日止年度,由於並無攤薄 工具,故每股攤薄盈利與每股基本 盈利/(虧損)相同。

### **26 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS)**

#### 26 僱員福利開支(包括董事薪酬)

		2023	2022 二零二二年
		二零二三年 US\$'000	ー令――午 US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Wages, basic salaries and allowances	工資、底薪及津貼	30,726	30,195
Bonus	花紅	3,421	2,807
Pension costs – defined contribution plans	退休金成本		
	一定額供款計劃	3,981	3,732
Other employee benefits	其他僱員福利	2,716	2,502
		40,844	39,236

During the year ended 31 December 2023, no forfeited contributions were utilised by the Group to reduce its contributions for the current year (2022: Nil).

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團概無動用被沒收的供款以減少 本年度的供款(二零二二年:無)。

綜合財務報表附註

#### **27 RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS**

As stipulated by the labour laws in Vietnam, the Group operates defined benefit pension plans for its employees in Vietnam employed on or before 31 December 2008. The provision is determined based on the employees' years of services as at 31 December 2008 and their average monthly salary for the six-month period prior to the last service day.

### 27 退休福利責任

根據越南勞動法律規定,本集團為其於二 零零八年十二月三十一日或以前僱用的 越南僱員提供定額福利退休金計劃。該等 撥備以僱員於二零零八年十二月三十一 日之服務年期及最後服務日期前六個月 期間的平均月薪作出。

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
As at 1 January	於一月一日	1,526	1,505
Current service cost	即期服務開支	67	193
Payments	付款	(109)	(172)
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日	1,484	1,526

The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

所使用的主要精算假設如下:

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
Discount rate	折現率 薪金增長率	9%	9%
Salary growth rate Expected years of service remaining	新並增長 <del>率</del> 預期剩餘服務年限	4.5% – 6.9% 12 – 14 years年	6.0% – 7.0% 13 – 15 years年

Pursuant to the Law on Social Insurance in Vietnam effective from 1 January 2009, the Group is required to contribute to a state-sponsored employees' social insurance scheme for its employees in Vietnam. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.

根據由二零零九年一月一日起生效之越 南社會保險法,本集團須為其越南僱員 向國家管理之僱員社會保險計劃作出供 款。於支付供款後,本集團再無其他付款 責任。供款於到期支付時確認為僱員福利 開支。

綜合財務報表附註



- 28 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY SECTION 383 OF THE HONG KONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CAP. 622), COMPANIES (DISCLOSURE OF **INFORMATION ABOUT BENEFITS OF DIRECTORS) REGULATION (CAP. 622G) AND HK LISTING RULES)** 
  - (A) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

The remuneration of every director and the chief executive is set out below:

For the year ended 31 December 2023:

28 董事福利及權益(香港公司條例(第 622章) 第383條、公司(披露董事利 益資料) 規例 (第622G章) 及香港上 市規則規定之披露)

(A) 董事及高級行政人員之酬金

各董事及高級行政人員之薪酬載列 如下:

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止 年度:

		Fees	<b>Salary</b> (Note a)	Discretionary bonuses	Allowances and benefits in kind (Note b)	Employer's contribution to a retirement benefit scheme	Other emoluments paid or receivable in respect of director's other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertakings 有關董事就 其附屬公司或	Total
Name of Director	董事姓名	袍金 US\$'000 千美元	薪金 (附註a) US\$'000 千美元	酌情花紅 US\$'000 千美元	津貼及實物福利 (附註b) <b>US\$'000</b> 千美元	僱主向 退休福利計劃 所作供款 US\$'000 千美元	所提供的其他服務 已獲支付或應收之 其他酬金 US\$'000 千美元	合計 US\$'000 千美元
Executive Director	—————————————————————————————————————							
Mr. Yang, Tou-Hsiung	楊頭雄先生	1	343	135	17	_	_	496
Mr. Yang, Cheng	楊正先生		-	-	16	_	_	16
Mr. Yang, Kun-Hsiang (Note c)	楊坤祥先生(附註c)	_	381	144	17	_	_	542
Mr. Yang, Chen-Wen	楊辰文先生	-	218	95	17	_	_	330
Mr. Yang, Kun-Chou	楊坤洲先生	-	181	95	17	-	-	293
Non-executive Director	非執行董事							
Mr. Chou, Szu-Cheng	周賜程先生	-	-	-	16	-	-	16
Mr. Huang, Ching-Jung	黄景榮先生	1	-	-	16	-	-	17
Independent non-executive Director	獨立非執行董事							
Mr. Chao, Pei-Hong	趙培宏先生	3	-	-	16	-	-	19
Mr. Chen, Joen-Ray	陳忠瑞先生	2	-	-	16	-	-	18
Mr. Ko, Jim-Chen	柯俊禎先生	2	-	-	16	-	-	18
Mr. Huang Chung Fong	黃鐘鋒先生	1	-	-	16	-		17
Total	總計	10	1,123	469	180	-	-	1,782

綜合財務報表附註

- 28 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY SECTION 383 OF THE HONG KONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CAP. 622), COMPANIES (DISCLOSURE OF **INFORMATION ABOUT BENEFITS OF DIRECTORS) REGULATION (CAP. 622G) AND HK LISTING RULES)** (continued)
  - (A) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022:

- 28 董事福利及權益(香港公司條例(第 622章) 第383條、公司(披露董事利 益資料) 規例 (第622G章) 及香港上 市規則規定之披露)(續)
  - (A) 董事及高級行政人員之酬金(續)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度:

							Other emoluments	
							paid or receivable	
							in respect of	
							director's other	
							services in	
							connection with	
							the management	
					Allowances	Employer's	of the affairs of	
					and benefits	contribution	the Company	
			Salary	Discretionary	in kind	to a retirement	or its subsidiary	
		Fees	(Note a)	bonuses	(Note b)	benefit scheme	undertakings	Total
							有關董事就	
							管理本公司或	
							其附屬公司事務	
						僱主向	所提供的其他服務	
			薪金		津貼及實物福利	退休福利計劃	已獲支付或應收之	
Name of Director	董事姓名	袍金	(附註a)	酌情花紅	(附註b)	所作供款	其他酬金	合計
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
Executive Director	執行董事							
Mr. Yang, Tou-Hsiung	楊頭雄先生	1	343	_	17	_	_	361
Mr. Yang, Cheng	楊正先生	_	_	_	16	_	_	16
Mr. Yang, Kun-Hsiang (Note c)	楊坤祥先生(附註c)	1	425	18	17	-	-	461
Mr. Yang, Chen-Wen	楊辰文先生	_	219	_	17	-	_	236
Mr. Yang, Kun-Chou	楊坤洲先生	-	181	-	17	-	-	198
Non-executive Director	非執行董事							
Mr. Chou, Szu-Cheng	周賜程先生	_	_	_	16	_	_	16
Mr. Huang, Ching-Jung	黄景榮先生	1	_	-	16	-	_	17
	VIII							
Independent non-executive Director	獨立非執行董事							
Mr. Chao, Pei-Hong	趙培宏先生	2			16			18
Mr. Chen, Joen-Ray	陳忠瑞先生	2	_	_	16	_	_	18
Mr. Ko, Jim-Chen	柯俊禎先生	3	_	_	16	_	_	19
Mr. Huang Chung Fong	黃鐘鋒先生	1	_	_	16	_	_	17
wii. Huang Chung rong	典理拜兀工	I			10			
Total								

### 綜合財務報表附註



- 28 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY SECTION 383 OF THE HONG KONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CAP. 622), COMPANIES (DISCLOSURE OF **INFORMATION ABOUT BENEFITS OF DIRECTORS) REGULATION (CAP. 622G) AND HK LISTING RULES) (continued)**
- 28 董事福利及權益(香港公司條例(第 622章) 第383條、公司(披露董事利 益資料) 規例 (第622G章) 及香港上 市規則規定之披露)(續)
- (A) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (continued)
- (A) 董事及高級行政人員之酬金(續)

receivable by dire their services as di the Company or its su 董事就作為 (不論為本公司或:	uments paid to or sectors in respect of rectors, whether of ubsidiary undertakings 董事之服務 其附屬公司之董事) 應收之總酬金	or receivable by di their other services the managemen the Company or its su 有關董事就行 其附屬公司部	moluments paid to rectors in respect of in connection with t of the affairs of ubsidiary undertakings 曾理本公司或 事務所提供的 應收之其他酬金總額	Total	Total 總計
2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二三年	二零二二年
US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
190	191	1,592	1,186	1,782	1,377

Notes:

- Salary paid to a director is generally an emolument paid or receivable in respect of that person's other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertakings.
- Allowances and benefits in kind represents the directors' meeting attendance allowance.
- Mr. Yang, Kun-Hsiang is also the CEO of the Company and no separate disclosure in respect of the remuneration of the CEO has been made.

#### 附註:

- (a) 支付予一名董事的薪金通常為就 該人士提供與管理本公司或其附 屬公司事務有關的其他服務而獲 支付或應收的酬金。
- 津貼及實物福利指董事的會議津
- 楊坤祥先生兼任本公司行政總 裁,並無就行政總裁的薪酬進行 分開披露。

綜合財務報表附註

28 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY SECTION 383 OF THE HONG KONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CAP. 622), COMPANIES (DISCLOSURE OF **INFORMATION ABOUT BENEFITS OF DIRECTORS) REGULATION (CAP. 622G) AND HK LISTING RULES) (continued)** 

#### (B) Directors' retirement benefits

During the year ended 31 December 2023, no other retirement benefits were paid to directors in respect of their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiaries undertaking (2022: same).

#### (C) Directors' termination benefits

During the year ended 31 December 2023, no termination benefits were paid to directors (2022: same).

### (D) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the year ended 31 December 2023, no consideration was provided to third parties for making available directors' services (2022: same).

### (E) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

During the year ended 31 December 2023, no loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favor of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with directors (2022: same).

### (F) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Save as disclosed in Note 32, no significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2022: same).

28 董事福利及權益(香港公司條例(第 622章) 第383條、公司(披露董事利 益資料)規例(第622G章)及香港上 市規則規定之披露)(續)

#### (B) 董事退休福利

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止 年度,並無向董事就彼等管理本公 司或其附屬公司的事務所提供的服 務支付其他退休福利(二零二二年: 相同)。

#### (C) 董事之終止福利

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止 年度,並無向董事支付終止褔利(二 零二二年:相同)。

# (D) 就提供董事服務而向第三方提供的

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止 年度,並無就提供董事服務而向第 三方提供代價(二零二二年:相同)。

### (E) 有關以董事、受該等董事控制的法 人團體及該等董事的有關連實體為 受益人的貸款、準貸款及其他交易 的資料

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止 年度,並無以董事、受該等董事控 制的法人團體及該等董事的有關連 實體為受益人作出的貸款、準貸款 及其他交易(二零二二年:相同)。

# (F) 董事於交易、安排或合約中的重大

除附註32所披露者外,於本年度末 或本年度內任何時間,本公司並無 訂立與本集團業務有關而本公司董 事直接或間接擁有重大權益的任何 重大交易、安排或合約(二零二二 年:相同)。

### 綜合財務報表附註



- **28 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS** (DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY SECTION 383 OF THE HONG KONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CAP. 622), COMPANIES (DISCLOSURE OF **INFORMATION ABOUT BENEFITS OF DIRECTORS) REGULATION (CAP. 622G) AND HK LISTING RULES) (continued)** 
  - (G) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year included four (2022: four) executive directors; their emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining one (2022: one) individual during the year is as follows:

28 董事福利及權益(香港公司條例(第 622章) 第383條、公司(披露董事利 益資料) 規例 (第622G章) 及香港上 市規則規定之披露)(續)

#### (G) 五名最高酬金人士

本集團本年度內五名最高酬金人士 包括四名(二零二二年:四名)執行 董事,彼等的酬金已於上文之分析 中反映。本年度內應付餘下一名(二 零二二年:一名)人士之薪酬如下:

		2023 二零二三年 US\$′000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
Wages, basic salaries and allowances Bonus	工資 \ 底薪及津貼 花紅	189 55	154 46
		244	200

The emoluments of the remaining individual fell within the following band:

餘下人士之酬金處於以下範圍:

# Number of individuals

人數

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
US\$191,000 to US\$255,000	191,000美元至 255,000美元	1	1

綜合財務報表附註

### 29 NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF 29 綜合現金流量表附註 **CASH FLOWS**

### (a) Cash generated from operations

### (a) 業務產生之現金

		Note 附註	2023 二零二三年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
Profit/(loss) before income tax  Adjustments for:  - Finance income  - Finance costs  - Share of post-tax loss of an associate	除所得稅前溢利/ (虧損) 就以下項目調整: 一財務收入 一財務支出 一應佔一間聯營公 司除稅後虧損		10,347 (1,089) 2,880 841	(4,197) (398) 951 528
<ul> <li>Provision for/(reversal of) impairment of inventories</li> <li>Provision of impairment of goodwill</li> <li>Depreciation of</li> </ul>	一存貨減值之撥備/ (撥回) 一商譽減值撥備 一物業、廠房及		641 680	(12) -
property, plant and equipment – Write-off of property, plant and equipment – (Reversal of)/provision for impairment loss of	設備折舊 一物業、廠房及 設備搬銷 一應收貿易賬款減 值虧損之(撥回)	6 6	21,290 277	17,746 895
trade receivables  - Amortisation of     intangible assets  - Amortisation of right-     of-use assets  - Loss on disposal of	一般備 一無形資產攤銷 一使用權資產攤銷 一出售物業、廠房及	13 8 7	(39) 71 553	66 137 549
property, plant and equipment – Realised fair value gain on structured bank deposits – Unrealised fair value	設備之虧損 一結構性銀行存款 之已變現公平 值收益 一結構性銀行存款	20	98	36 (52)
gain on structured bank deposits – Loss on lease modification	之未變現公平 值收益 一租賃修訂之損失 —————		(2)	- 1
Change in working capital (excluding the effects of exchange differences on consolidation) – Inventories – Trade receivables,	營運資金變動(未計綜合 賬目產生之匯兌差額 影響) 一存貨 一應收貿易賬款、		36,546 2,206	16,250 (38,867)
prepayments and other receivables  - Trade payables, accruals and other payables  - Net changes in balances with related	預付款項及 其他應收款 一應付貿易費用及 應計費用及 其他應付款項 一與有關變動淨額		8,934 (10,649)	(9,176) 8,588
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	業務產生/(所用)之現金		(199) 36,838	(22,257)

### 綜合財務報表附註



### 29 NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF **CASH FLOWS (continued)**

### (a) Cash generated from operations (continued)

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment comprise:

### 29 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

### (a) 業務產生之現金(續)

在綜合現金流量表內,銷售物業、 廠房及設備之所得款項包括:

		2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		US\$′000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元
Net book amount (Note 6) Loss on disposal of property,	賬面淨值 (附註6) 出售物業、廠房及設備之	290	56
plant and equipment (Note 20)	虧損(附註20)	(98)	(36)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之 所得款項	192	20

#### (b) Net debt reconciliation

This section sets out an analysis of net debt and the movements in net debt for each of the years presented.

### (b) 債務淨額之對賬

本節載列於各呈列年度之債務淨額 分析及債務淨額變動。

### Net debt

#### 債務淨額

		2023 二零二三年 US\$'000	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000
		千美元	千美元_
Cash and cash equivalents Bank borrowings – repayable within	現金及現金等價物 銀行借貸-於一年內償還	29,676	47,810
one year		(41,662)	(56,190)
Bank borrowings – repayable after	銀行借貸一於一年後償還		` , ,
one year		(1,992)	(3,431)
Lease liabilities – current portion	租賃負債-即期部分	(319)	(443)
Lease liabilities – non-current portion	租賃負債一非即期部分	(2,744)	(3,035)
Net debt	債務淨額	(17,041)	(15,289)
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	29,676	47,810
Gross debt – fixed interest rates	債務總額一固定利率	(17,467)	(3,478)
Gross debt – variable interest rates	債務總額-浮動利率	(29,250)	(59,621)
Net debt	債務淨額	(17,041)	(15,289)

綜合財務報表附註

### 29 NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF **CASH FLOWS (continued)**

### 29 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(b) Net debt reconciliation (continued)

(b) 債務淨額之對賬(續)

Liabilities from financing activities 來自融資活動之負債

			<b>州日融資店</b>	<b>動乙貝頂</b>	
		Bank borrowings due within 1 year 於一年內到期 之銀行借貸 US\$'000 千美元	Bank borrowings due after 1 year 於一年後到期 之銀行借貸 US\$'000 千美元	Lease liabilities - current portion 租賃負債 -即期部分 US\$'000 千美元	Lease liabilities - non-current portion 租賃負債 -非即期部分 US\$'000 千美元
Net debt as at 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日 之債務淨額	(31,661)	(8,647)	(369)	(2,650)
Cash outflows/(inflows) Non-cash flow movements:	現金流出/(流入) 非現金流量變動:	(19,538)	-	644	-
Foreign exchange adjustments Interest expense on lease	外匯調整 租賃負債利息開支	225	-	17	-
liabilities Other non-cash movement	其他非現金變動	(5,216)	5,216	(104) (631)	(385)
Net debt as at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日之	(55.400)	(2.424)	(442)	(2.025)
	債務淨額 —————————	(56,190)	(3,431)	(443)	(3,035)
Cash outflows Non-cash flow movements:	現金流出 非現金流量變動:	15,684	-	541	-
Foreign exchange adjustments Interest expense on lease	外匯調整 租賃負債利息開支	283	-	1	-
liabilities Other non-cash movement	其他非現金變動	(1,439)	1,439	(98) (320)	- 291
Net debt as at	於二零二三年				
31 December 2023	十二月三十一日之 債務淨額	(41,662)	(1,992)	(319)	(2,744)

### 綜合財務報表附註



#### **30 COMMITMENTS**

The Group's capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the reporting period but not yet incurred is as follows:

#### 30 承擔

本集團於報告期末已訂約但未產生之資 本支出如下:

		2023 二零二三年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元
Contracted but not provided for Property, plant and equipment Investment in an associate (Note 10)	已訂約但未撥備物業、廠房及設備於一間聯營公司之投資 (附註10)	<b>760</b>	788 112
		760	900

#### 31 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At 31 December 2023, the Company has given guarantees for bank facilities of subsidiaries amounting to US\$130,499,000 (2022: US\$142,075,000), of which US\$94,620,000 (2022: US\$95,481,000) has not been utilised.

#### 32 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The ultimate controlling party of the Group is the Yang Family, whose members are Messrs. Yang, Tou-Hsiung, Yang, Cheng, Yang, Yung-Huang, Yang, Kun-Hsiang, Yang, Kun-Chou, Yang, Yung-Jen, Yang, Chen-Wen, Yang, Wen-Hu, Yang, Tung, Ms. Yang, Wen-Yin, Ms. Yang, Shu-Hui and Ms. Yang, Shu-Mei.

The table below summarises the related parties and nature of their relationship with the Group as at 31 December 2023:

### 31 或然負債

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本公司 為附屬公司為數130,499,000美元(二零 二二年:142,075,000美元) 之銀行融資提 供擔保,其中94,620,000美元(二零二二 年:95,481,000美元)尚未動用。

#### 32 有關連人士交易

本集團最終控股方為楊氏家族,其成員包 括楊頭雄先生、楊正先生、楊永煌先生、 楊坤祥先生、楊坤洲先生、楊永任先生、 楊辰文先生、楊文湖先生、楊統先生、楊 文吟女士、楊淑惠女士及楊淑媚女士。

下表概述於二零二三年十二月 三十一日之有關連人士及其與本集 團的關係性質:

### Related party 有關連人士

Vedan Enterprise Corporation ("Taiwan Vedan") 味丹企業股份有限公司(「台灣味丹」) Vedan Biotechnology Corporation ("Vedan Bio") 味丹生物科技股份有限公司(「味丹生物科技」) Dacin International Holdings Ltd.

達欣國際控股有限公司 Capron Group Limited

### Relationship with the Group 與本集團之關係

A substantial shareholder of the Company

本公司的主要股東

A company commonly controlled by the Yang Family

一間由楊氏家族共同控制之公司

An associate of the Group

本集團的聯營公司

A company commonly controlled by the Yang Family

一間由楊氏家族共同控制之公司

### 綜合財務報表附註

### **32 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)**

### **(b)** Significant related party transactions, which were carried out in the normal course of the Group's business, are as follows:

### 32 有關連人士交易(續)

(b) 在本集團日常業務過程中進行的重 大有關連人士交易如下:

			2023	2022
			二零二三年	二零二二年
		Note	US\$'000	US\$'000
		附註	千美元	千美元
Sale of goods to Taiwan Vedan Sale of goods to Vedan Bio	向台灣味丹銷售貨品 向味丹生物科技銷售	(i)	2,697	9,847
J	貨品	(i)	608	568
Technical support fee paid to Taiwan Vedan	向台灣味丹支付技術 支援費	(ii)	2,184	2,139
Agency commission income received from Taiwan Vedan	向台灣味丹收取的代理 佣金收入	(ii)	2	2

#### Notes:

- In the opinion of the directors of the Company, sales to the related parties were conducted in the normal course of business in accordance with the underlying terms.
- In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the transactions were carried out in the normal course of business and the fees are charged in accordance with the terms of underlying agreements.

### (c) Key management compensation

The compensation paid or payable to key management, including all executive directors and senior management, for employee services is shown below.

#### 附註:

- 本公司董事認為,根據相關條款 向有關連人士作出之銷售乃在日 常業務過程中進行。
- 本公司董事認為,該等交易在日 常業務過程中進行,並且根據相 關協議的條款收費。

### (c) 主要管理人員酬金

就僱員服務已付或應付主要管理人 員(包括所有執行董事及高級管理 層) 之薪酬載列如下。

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Salaries and other short-term	薪金及其他短期僱員福利		
employee benefits		2,862	2,502

### 綜合財務報表附註



### 32 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

#### (d) Year-end balances with the related parties

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had the following significant balances with the related parties:

### 32 有關連人士交易(續)

### (d) 與有關連人士之年末結餘

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本 集團與有關連人士之主要結餘如 下:

			2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年
		Note 附註	US\$′000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元
Current: Amount due from Taiwan	即期: 應收台灣味丹款項			
Vedan Amount due from Vedan Bio	應收味丹生物科技	(i)	772	33
Amount due to Taiwan Vedan	款項 應付台灣味丹款項	(ii) (i)	– (582)	93 (146)
Loan to an associate	給予一間聯營公司之 貸款	(iii)	120	120
Amount due from an associate	應收一間聯營公司 款項	(iv)	14	8
Amount due to Capron Group Limited	應付Capron Group Limited款項	(v)	(14)	(3)

#### Notes:

- (i) All balances with Taiwan Vedan are unsecured, interestfree and have no fixed terms of payment.
- The balance with Vedan Bio was unsecured, interest-free and had no fixed terms of payment.
- The loan to an associate is unsecured, bears interest at 4.5% (2022: 4.5%) per annum, denominated in US\$ and repayable on 31 May 2024.
- The balance represents interest receivable from an associate.
- The balance with Capron Group Limited is unsecured, interest-free, denominated in US\$ and repayable within one year.

#### 附註:

- 與台灣味丹之所有結餘均為無抵 押、免息及無固定還款期。
- 與味丹生物科技之結餘為無抵 押、免息及無固定還款期。
- (iii) 給予一間聯營公司之貸款為無抵 押、按年利率4.5%(二零二二年: 4.5%) 計息、以美元計值,並須於 二零二四年五月三十一日償還。
- 結餘指應收一間聯營公司之利
- 與Capron Group Limited之結餘為 無抵押、免息、以美元計值並須於 一年內償還。

綜合財務報表附註

### 33 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF 33 本公司資產負債表及儲備變動 **THE COMPANY**

**Balance sheet of the Company** 

本公司資產負債表

As at 31 December 於十二日二十一日

			於十二月	三十一日
			2023	2022
			二零二三年	二零二二年
		Note	US\$'000	US\$'000
		附註	千美元	千美元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資		166,030	166,030
Investment in an associate	於一間聯營公司之		100,030	100,030
mvestment in an associate	投資		5,013	4,174
Loan to a subsidiary	給予附屬公司之貸款		610	293
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值 		171,653 	170,497 
Current assets	流動資產			
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項		53,509	42,138
Amount due from a related party	應收有關連人士款項		5	33
Amount due from an associate	應收一間聯營公司			
	款項		14	8
Loan to an associate	給予一間聯營公司之			
	貸款		120	120
Loan to a subsidiary	給予附屬公司之貸款		153	185
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收			
	款項		392	391
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		2,039	4,072
Total current assets	流動資產總值		56,232	46,947
	/// 知只在// (1)			
Total assets	資產總值		227,885	217,444
		,		
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人			
the Company	應佔權益			
Share capital	股本		15,228	15,228
Reserves	儲備	(Note(a))		
		(附註(a))	208,187	198,974
Total equity	權益總額		222 445	214,202
Total equity	作品 常命		223,415	214,202

### 綜合財務報表附註



### 33 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF 33 本公司資產負債表及儲備變動(續) **THE COMPANY (continued)**

**Balance sheet of the Company (continued)** 

本公司資產負債表(續)

As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

		24.1 —73	— ·
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
LIABILITIES	負債		
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付		
	款項	1,934	1,633
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	1,952	1,303
Current income tax liabilities	即期所得稅負債	2	_
Amount due to a subsidiary	應付附屬公司款項	_	160
Amount due to a related party	應付有關連人士款項	582	146
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額 	4,470	3,242
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額	227,885	217,444

The balance sheet of the Company was approved by the Board of Directors on 19 March 2024 and were signed on its behalf.

本公司資產負債表已獲董事會於二零 二四年三月十九日審批並由下列人士代 表簽署。

Yang, Tou-Hsiung 楊頭雄 Director 董事

Yang, Kun-Hsiang 楊坤祥 Director 董事

綜合財務報表附註

### 33 BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF 33 本公司資產負債表及儲備變動(續) **THE COMPANY (continued)**

### **Balance sheet of the Company (continued)**

本公司資產負債表(續) 附註(a)本公司儲備變動

Note (a) Reserve movement of the Company

		Share premium 股份溢價 US\$'000 千美元	Exchange reserve 匯兌儲備 US\$'000 千美元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 US\$'000 千美元	Total 總額 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日 	194,098	224 	13,254	207,576
Comprehensive loss Loss for the year Other comprehensive loss Currency translation difference	全面虧損 本年度虧損 其他全面虧損 匯兌差額	-	- (178)	(5,958) -	(5,958) (178)
Total comprehensive loss	全面虧損總額 	-	(178)	(5,958)	(6,136)
Dividends paid	已付股息 			(2,466)	(2,466)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日	194,098	46	4,830	198,974
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	194,098	46	4,830	198,974
Comprehensive income Profit for the year Other comprehensive income Currency translation difference	全面收入 本年度溢利 其他全面收入 匯兌差額	-	- 5	12,695 -	12,695 5
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	_	5	12,695	12,700
Dividends paid	已付股息 	-	-	(3,487)	(3,487)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日	194,098	51	14,038	208,187

### 綜合財務報表附註



#### 34 SUMMARY OF OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This note provides a list of other accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. The financial statements are for the Group.

### 34.1 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting

34.1.1 Business combinations

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the:

- fair values of the assets transferred:
- liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business;
- equity interests issued by the Group;
- fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement; and
- fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity on an acquisition-byacquisition basis either at fair value or at the noncontrolling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

### 34 其他會計政策概要

本附註載列編製該等綜合財務報表時採 用的其他會計政策。除另有列明外,此等 政策已貫徹應用於所有呈報年度。財務報 表乃為本集團而編製。

#### 34.1 合併原則和權益會計

34.1.1 業務合併

本集團採用收購會計法將所 有業務合併入賬,而不論收購 股本工具或其他資產。就收購 一間附屬公司所轉移的代價 包括:

- 所轉讓資產的公平值;
- 被收購業務前擁有人所 產生的負債;
- 本集團已發行股權;
- 或然代價安排產生的任 何資產或負債的公平 值;及
- 附屬公司任何先前存在 的股權的公平值。

於業務合併時所收購的可識 別資產及所承擔的負債及或 然負債,初步按收購日期的公 平值計量,惟少數例外情況除 外。本集團根據個別收購基準 按公平值或非控股權益應佔 被收購實體可識別資產淨值 的比例確認於被收購實體的 任何非控股權益。

收購相關成本在產生時支銷。

綜合財務報表附註

### 34 SUMMARY OF OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 34.1 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting (continued)

34.1.1 Business combinations (continued) The excess of the:

- consideration transferred;
- amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity; and
- acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the business acquired, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss as a bargain purchase.

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions. Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

### 34 其他會計政策概要(續)

#### 34.1 合併原則和權益會計(續)

34.1.1 業務合併 (續) 超出下列各項:

- 所轉讓代價;
- 於被收購實體的任何非 控股權益金額;及
- 過往所持被收購實體的 任何股權於收購日期的 公平值超出所收購可識 別資產淨值公平值之部 分作為商譽入賬。倘該 等金額低於所收購業務 的可識別資產淨值的公 平值,則有關差額將直 接於損益內確認為議價 購買。

倘任何部分現金代價遞延結 算,日後應付金額貼現至兌換 日期的現值。所用貼現率是該 實體的增量借款利率,即根據 相若的條款及條件可從獨立 資金提供方獲得同類借款的 利率。或然代價分類為權益或 金融負債。分類為金融負債的 金額隨後重新計量至公平值, 而公平值變動則於損益內確 認。

### 綜合財務報表附註



### 34 SUMMARY OF OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 34.1 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting (continued)

#### 34.1.2 Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity where the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and balance sheet respectively.

### 34.1.3 Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control. This is generally the case where the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting, after initially being recognised at cost.

### 34 其他會計政策概要(續)

#### 34.1 合併原則和權益會計(續)

#### 34.1.2 附屬公司

附屬公司為本集團對其存有 控制權的全部實體(包括結構 性實體)。倘本集團須承擔或 享有參與實體之可變回報風 險及權利,以及可運用其權力 主導該實體的活動以影響有 關回報時,則對實體存有控制 權。附屬公司自其控制權轉讓 予本集團當日起全面綜合入 賬,並於控制權終止當日停止 綜合入賬。

本集團採用收購會計法將業 務合併入賬。

公司間交易、結餘及集團內公 司間交易之未變現收益均予 對銷。除非有關交易提供已轉 讓資產出現減值之證據,否則 未變現虧損亦會對銷。附屬公 司之會計政策已於必要時變 更,以確保符合本集團所採納 之政策。

附屬公司業績及權益中的非 控股權益分別於綜合損益表、 全面收益表、權益變動表及資 產負債表中單獨呈列。

### 34.1.3 聯營公司

聯營公司指所有本集團對其 有重大影響力但無控制權或 共同控制權之實體。通常當本 集團持有20%至50%投票權 時會出現上述情況。於初步按 成本確認後,於聯營公司之投 資以權益會計法入賬。

綜合財務報表附註

### 34 SUMMARY OF OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 34.1 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting (continued)

34.1.4 Equity method

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit or loss, and the Group's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from associates are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

Where the Group's share of losses in an equityaccounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured longterm receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in these entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of equityaccounted investees have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the amount adjacent to 'share of post-tax loss of an associate' in the consolidated income statement.

### 34 其他會計政策概要(續)

#### 34.1 合併原則和權益會計(續)

#### 34.1.4 權益法

根據權益會計法,投資初步以 成本確認,其後經調整以於損 益內確認本集團分佔被投資 方的收購後利潤或虧損,並於 其他全面收入內確認本集團 分佔被投資方其他全面收入 的變動。已收或應收聯營公司 的股息確認為投資賬面值的 減少。

如本集團應佔權益入賬投資 之虧損等於或超過其於該實 體之權益,包括任何其他無抵 押長期應收款項,本集團不會 確認進一步虧損,除非其已代 其他實體承擔責任或作出付 款。

本集團與其聯營公司之間的 未變現交易收益按本集團在 該等實體的權益予以對消。除 非有關交易提供已轉讓資產 出現減值之證據,否則未變現 虧損亦予以對銷。權益入賬被 投資方之會計政策已於必要 時變更,以確保符合本集團所 採納之政策。

本集團於各報告日期釐定於 聯營公司之投資是否有任何 客觀減值證據。倘存在減值證 據,本集團會按聯營公司可收 回金額與其賬面值之差額計 算減值金額,並於綜合收益表 「應佔一間聯營公司除稅後 虧損」確認有關金額。

### 綜合財務報表附註



### 34 SUMMARY OF OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 34.2 Separate financial statements of the Company

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost is adjusted to reflect changes in consideration arising from contingent consideration amendments. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

#### 34.3 Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decisionmaker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Executive Directors of the Group.

#### 34.4 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in US\$, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

### 34 其他會計政策概要(續)

#### 34.2 本公司之獨立財務報表

於附屬公司之投資按成本減減值列 賬。成本會作出調整,以反映因或 然代價修訂而產生之代價變動。成 本亦包括直接應佔之投資成本。附 屬公司之業績由本公司按已收及應 收股息基準入賬。

自附屬公司之投資收取股息時,倘 股息超過附屬公司在宣派股息期間 之全面收入總額,或倘獨立財務報 表內投資之賬面值超過被投資方之 淨資產(包括商譽)於綜合財務報表 之賬面值,則須對有關投資進行減 值測試。

#### 34.3 分部報告

營運分部之呈報方式與提供予主要 營運決策者之內部呈報一致。負責 分配資源及評估營運分部業績之主 要營運決策者已獲識別為本集團執 行董事。

### 34.4 外幣換算

(a) 功能及呈報貨幣

本集團各實體之財務報表所 包括之項目,乃按該實體經 營所在之主要經濟環境之貨幣 (「功能貨幣」)計量。綜合財 務報表以本公司之功能貨幣 及本集團之呈報貨幣美元呈 列。

### 綜合財務報表附註

### 34 SUMMARY OF OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 34.4 Foreign currency translation (continued)

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated income statement, except when deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges.

All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated income statement within 'other (losses)/gains - net'.

#### Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

### 34 其他會計政策概要(續)

#### 34.4 外幣換算(續)

#### (b) 交易及結餘

外幣交易均按交易或重新計 量項目之估值當日之現行匯 率換算為功能貨幣。因上述交 易結算及按年終匯率兌換以 外幣計值之貨幣資產及負債 而產生之外匯收益或虧損,均 於綜合收益表內確認,惟於權 益內遞延作為合資格現金流 量的對沖及合資格淨投資的 對沖除外。

所有外匯盈虧在綜合收益表 內的「其他(虧損)/收益一淨 額」中呈列。

#### (c) 集團公司

本集團所有實體(其中並無任 何實體持有通脹嚴重之經濟 體系之貨幣) 如持有與呈報貨 幣不一致之功能貨幣,其業績 和財務狀況均按以下方法換 算為呈報貨幣:

- 每項資產負債表之資產 及負債均按照該資產負 債表結算日之收市匯率 折算;
- 每項收益表之收入及支 出均按照平均匯率折 算,除非此平均匯率未 能合理地反映各交易日 之現行匯率所帶來之累 積影響,則按照交易日 之匯率折算此等收入和 支出;及
- 所產生之所有匯兌差額 均在其他全面收入中確 認。

因收購海外實體而產生之商 譽及公平值調整,均視作為該 海外實體之資產及負債處理, 並以結算日之匯率折算。所產 生之匯兌差額在其他全面收 入中確認。

### 綜合財務報表附註



### 34 SUMMARY OF OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 34.5 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life - for example, goodwill - are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

#### 34.6 Financial assets

34.6.1 Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss, and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

They are included in current assets, except for amounts that are settled or expected to be settled more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets. The Group's financial assets at amortised cost comprise trade and other receivables (Note 34.7), amounts due from related parties, short-term bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents (Note 34.8) in the consolidated balance sheet. The Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss comprise structured bank deposits.

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

#### 34 其他會計政策概要(續)

#### 34.5 非財務資產之減值

並無限定可使用年期之資產(如商 譽) 毋須攤銷, 但須每年測試減值。 每當有事件出現或情況變動顯示賬 面值可能不能收回時,本公司將會 對須攤銷之資產作出減值評估。減 值虧損乃按資產賬面值超出其可收 回款額之金額確認。可收回款額指 資產之公平值減出售成本與使用價 值中的較高者。就評估有否減值而 言,資產將會按獨立可識別現金流 量(賺取現金單位)之最低水平分 類。出現減值之非財務資產(不包括 商譽),於各報告日期均就可能撥回 減值而予以評估。

#### 34.6 財務資產

34.6.1 分類

本集團將其財務資產分為以 下計量類別:

- 其後按公平值計入損益 之財務資產,及
- 按攤銷成本計量之財務 資產。

分類視乎本集團管理財務資 產之業務模式及現金流量之 合約條款而定。

此等款項均計入流動資產,惟 於或預期將於報告期結束後 超過十二個月結算之款項除 外,此等款項分類為非流動資 產。本集團按攤銷成本計量之 財務資產包括綜合資產負債 表內之應收貿易賬款及其他 應收款項(附註34.7)、應收 有關連人士款項、短期銀行存 款及現金及現金等價物(附註 34.8)。本集團之按公平值計 入損益之財務資產包括結構 性銀行存款。

本集團僅於其管理該等資產 之業務模式出現變動時重新 分類債務投資。

### 綜合財務報表附註

### 34 SUMMARY OF OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 34.6 Financial assets (continued)

#### 34.6.2 Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

#### 34.6.3 Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset

- Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.
- FVPL: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") are measured at FVPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises.

#### 34 其他會計政策概要(續)

#### 34.6 財務資產(續)

#### 34.6.2 確認及終止確認

財務資產常規買賣於交易日 (即本集團承諾購買或出售 該資產日期)確認。財務資產 於收取財務資產現金流量的 權利屆滿或已轉讓及本集團 已轉讓擁有權的大部分風險 及回報時終止確認。

#### 34.6.3 計量

於初步確認時,本集團按財 務資產之公平值另加(倘財務 資產並非按公平值計入損益 (「按公平值計入損益」)) 收 購財務資產直接產生之交易 成本計量財務資產。

債務工具之後續計量視平本 集團管理資產之業務模式及 資產之現金流量特徵而定。

- 攤銷成本: 持有以收取 合約現金流量(該等現 金流量僅為支付本金額 及利息)之資產按攤銷 成本計量。後續按攤銷 成本計量及並非對沖關 係一部分之債務投資之 收益或虧損於該資產終 止確認或減值時於綜合 全面收益表內確認。該 等財務資產之利息收入 使用實際利率法計入財 務收入。
- 按公平值計入損益:不 符合攤銷成本或按公 平值計入其他全面收入 (「按公平值計入其他 全面收入」)標準之資 產乃按公平值計入損益 計量。其後按公平值計 入損益計量之債務投資 之收益或虧損於損益確 認,並在產生期間於其 他收益/(虧損)內以淨 額呈列。

### 綜合財務報表附註



### 34 SUMMARY OF OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 34.6 Financial assets (continued)

34.6.4 Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instrument carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Note 3.1(b) details how the Group determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

For other receivables and deposits carried at amortised cost, the Group adopt three-stages approach to assess the impairment. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

When measuring expected credit loss, the Group considers historical default rate, current market condition and forward-looking information.

### 34.7 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less, they are classified as current assets.

### 34.8 Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### 34 其他會計政策概要(續)

#### 34.6 財務資產(續)

34.6.4 減值

本集團按預期基準評估與其 按攤銷成本列賬之債務工具 相關之預期信貸虧損。所應 用之減值方法視乎信貸風險 是否有大幅增加而定。附註 3.1(b)詳述本集團釐定信貸風 險是否有大幅增加之方法。

就應收貿易賬款而言,本集團 應用香港財務報告準則第9號 允許之簡化方法,其規定於初 步確認應收款項時確認預期 全期虧損。

就按攤銷成本列賬的其他應 收款項及按金而言,本集團採 用三階段法評估減值。所應用 之減值方法視乎信貸風險是 否有大幅增加而定。

於計量預期信貸虧損時,本集 團考慮歷史違約率、目前市場 條件及前瞻性資料。

### 34.7 應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項

應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項初步 按公平值確認,其後以實際利息法 按攤銷成本扣除減值撥備計量。倘 應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項預期 可於一年或以內收回,則分類為流 動資產。

#### 34.8 現金及現金等價物

綜合現金流量表內的現金及現金等 價物包括手頭現金、銀行之通知存 款及原到期日為三個月或以內的其 他短期高度流動性投資。

### 綜合財務報表附註

### 34 SUMMARY OF OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 34.9 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### 34.10 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Trade and other payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less.

#### 34.11 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

General and specific borrowings costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

### 34 其他會計政策概要(續)

#### 34.9 股本

普通股分類為權益。

因發行新股份或購股權而產生的直 接相關新增成本,乃以所得款項的 扣減(扣除稅項)於權益中列賬。

#### 34.10 應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項

應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項初步 按公平值確認,而其後則採用實際 利率法按攤銷成本計量。倘應付貿 易賬款及其他應付款項於一年或以 內到期,則分類為流動負債。

#### 34.11 借貸

借貸初步按公平值(扣除所產生之 交易成本) 確認。借貸其後按攤銷成 本列賬;所得款項(扣除交易成本) 與贖回價值間之任何差額則於借貸 期內使用實際利息法於綜合收益表 內確認。

除非本集團有無條件權利於報告期 結束後將負債之結算遞延至少十二 個月,否則借貸被分類為流動負 債。

收購、建造或生產合資格資產(需要 頗長時間方可作擬定用途或出售的 資產)直接產生的一般及特定借貸 成本會計入該等資產的成本,直至 資產大致上可作擬定用途或出售為 ı⊦∘

合資格資產未付支出的專項借款臨 時投資賺取的投資收益會從合資格 撥充資本的借貸成本中扣除。

所有其他借貸成本均在其產生期間 於損益確認。

### 綜合財務報表附註



### 34 SUMMARY OF OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 34.12 Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense for the year is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

#### (a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company, its subsidiaries and associate operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

#### Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

### 34 其他會計政策概要(續)

#### 34.12 當期及遞延所得稅

本年度所得稅開支指根據各司法權 區的適用所得稅率按即期應課稅收 入應付的稅項,而有關所得稅率經 暫時差異及未使用稅務虧損所致的 遞延稅項資產及負債變動調整。

#### (a) 當期所得稅

當期所得稅開支乃根據本公 司、其附屬公司及聯營公司經 營及產生應課稅收入之國家 於結算日已頒佈或實質頒佈 之稅務法例計算。管理層就適 用稅務法例詮釋所規限之情 況定期評估報稅表之狀況,並 在適用情況下根據預期須向 稅務機關支付之稅款設定撥 借。

#### 遞延所得稅

遞延所得稅採用負債法就資 產及負債之稅基與其在綜合 財務報表之賬面值兩者之暫 時差異作出全面撥備。然而, 倘遞延稅項負債乃源自商譽 初步確認,則不會確認該遞延 稅項負債。倘遞延所得稅乃源 自進行交易(為業務合併以外 之交易) 時不影響會計或應課 稅溢利或虧損之資產或負債 之初步確認,則亦不會計入號 延所得稅。遞延所得稅以於報 告期末前實施或大體上已實 施之稅率(及稅法)釐定,並預 期於相關遞延所得稅資產變 現或遞延所得稅負債清償時 應用。

遞延稅項資產僅於未來應課 稅金額將可用於利用該等暫 時差異及虧損時予以確認。

綜合財務報表附註

### 34 SUMMARY OF OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 34.12 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

Deferred income tax (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in the consolidated income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

#### 34.13 Employee benefits

Pension obligations

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. A defined benefit plan is a pension plan that is not a defined contribution plan.

Typically defined benefit plans define an amount of pension benefit that an employee will receive on retirement, usually dependent on one or more factors such as age, years of service and compensation.

#### 34 其他會計政策概要(續)

#### 34.12 當期及遞延所得稅(續)

(b) 遞延所得稅(續)

倘本公司可以控制於境外業 務之投資之賬面值及稅基之 間之暫時差異的撥回時間,及 該等差異可能不會在可預見 將來撥回,則不會就該等暫時 差異確認遞延稅項負債及資 產。

即期及遞延稅項於綜合收益 表內確認,惟有關稅項與於其 他全面收入或直接於權益內 確認的項目相關者則除外,在 此情況下,有關稅項亦分別於 其他全面收入或直接於權益 內確認。

#### 34.13 僱員福利

(a) 退休金責任

界定供款計劃為本集團向獨 立實體支付定額供款之退休 金計劃。倘該基金所持資產不 足以向所有僱員支付當前及 過往期間與僱員服務相關之 福利,本集團並無作進一步供 款之法定或推定責任。界定福 利計劃為一項不屬於界定供 款計劃之退休金計劃。

一般而言,界定福利計劃會釐 定僱員退休時將收取之退休 福利金額,有關金額一般取決 於一個或多個因素,如年齡、 服務年資及酬金。

### 綜合財務報表附註



### 34 SUMMARY OF OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 34.13 Employee benefits (continued)

#### Pension obligations (continued)

The liability recognised in the consolidated balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of high quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension obligation. In countries where there is no deep market in such bonds, the market rates on government bonds are used.

The current service cost of a defined benefit plan, recognised in the consolidated income statement in employee benefit expense, except where included in the cost of an asset, reflects the increase in the defined benefit obligation resulting from employee service in the current year, benefit changes, curtailments and settlements

Past-service costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

For defined contribution plans, the Group pays contributions to publicly or privately administered pension insurance plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.

### Bonus plans

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses, based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders after certain adjustments. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

### 34 其他會計政策概要(續)

#### 34.13 僱員福利(續)

#### (a) 退休金責任(續)

於綜合資產負債表內就界定 福利退休金計劃確認之負債 為界定福利責任於報告期末 時之現值。界定福利責任之現 值按優質公司債券(以未付利 益所用貨幣計值,且年期與相 關退休金責任年期相若) 之利 率折現估計未來現金流出釐 定。在該等債券並無成熟市場 之國家,則使用政府債券之市 場利率。

於綜合收益表內之僱員福利 開支確認之界定福利計劃即 期服務成本(計入資產成本者 除外) 反映本年度僱員服務所 產生之界定福利責任增加、福 利變動、削減及結算。

過往服務成本即時在損益確

就界定供款計劃而言,本集 團向由公營或私人機構管理 之退休保險計劃作出強制、 合約或自願性供款。於支付供 款後,本集團再無其他付款責 任。供款於到期支付時確認為 僱員福利開支。

#### (b) 花紅計劃

本集團根據一條公式(經若干 調整後考慮本公司股東應佔 溢利),就花紅確認負債及開 支。本集團於合約規定或過往 慣例產生推定責任時確認撥 備。

### 綜合財務報表附註

### 34 SUMMARY OF OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 34.13 Employee benefits (continued)

Employee leave entitlements Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

#### 34.14 Provisions

Provisions for environmental restoration, restructuring costs, and legal claims are recognised when: the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Restructuring provisions comprise lease termination penalties and employee termination payments. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

### 34.15 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

Dividends proposed or declared after the reporting period but before the consolidated financial statements are authorised for issue, are disclosed as a non-adjusting event and are not recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

### 34 其他會計政策概要(續)

#### 34.13 僱員福利(續)

(c) 僱員應享假期 僱員有關年假之權利於僱員 享有時確認。僱員之病假及產

假於僱員休假時方會確認。

#### 34.14 撥備

環境恢復、重組成本以及法律索賠 之撥備於以下情況確認:本集團因 過往事件而現時須負有法定或推定 青仟;履行該青仟可能會導致資源 流出;及金額已獲可靠估計。重組 撥備包括租賃終止罰款及終止僱用 付款。不會就未來營運虧損確認撥 備。

倘有多項類似責任,其需要在履行 責任時流出資源之可能性,乃根據 責任之類別整體考慮釐定。即使同 類責任包含之任何一個項目相關資 源流出之可能性極低,仍須確認撥

撥備採用稅前利率按履行責任預期 所需開支之現值計量,該利率反映 當時市場對貨幣時間價值和有關責 任特定風險之評估。隨時間流逝而 增加之撥備確認為利息開支。

### 34.15 分派股息

分派予本公司股東之股息在本公司 股東或董事(如適用)批准股息之期 間內,於本集團及本公司之財務報 表中確認為負債。

於報告期後但於綜合財務報表獲授 權刊發前建議或宣派之股息將作為 非調整事件披露,且不會於報告期 末確認為負債。

### 綜合財務報表附註



### 34 SUMMARY OF OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 34.16 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate. If the grants do not relate to any specific expenditure incurred and all attached condition were complied by the Group, they are recognised under "other (losses)/gains - net" in consolidated income statement upon receipt of the grants.

### 34 其他會計政策概要(續)

#### 34.16 政府補助金

當能合理確定將收到政府的補助 金,而本集團將遵守所有附帶條件 時,政府補助金按其公平值確認。

有關成本的政府補助金將被遞延, 於與其擬定補償的成本配對在所需 期間內於綜合收益表內確認。倘補 助金與產生的任何特定支出無關, 且本集團已遵守所有附帶條件,收 取補助金後,有關款項將於綜合收 益表內於「其他(虧損)/收益-淨 額」項下確認。

# Five-Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要

### CONSOLIDATED RESULTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED 31 截至十二月三十一日止年度綜合業績 **DECEMBER**

		2023 二零二三年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元	2021 二零二一年 US\$'000 千美元	2020 二零二零年 US\$'000 千美元	2019 二零一九年 US\$'000 千美元
Revenue	收益	386,171	451,007	382,361	360,741	357,857
Profit/(loss) before income tax Income tax expense	除所得稅前 溢利/(虧損) 所得稅開支	10,347 (3,346)	(4,197) (187)	15,014 (3,982)	22,017 (5,340)	19,813 (4,228)
Profit/(loss) attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人 應佔溢利/ (虧損)	6,986	(4,386)	11,014	16,650	15,563

### CONSOLIDATED ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT 31 於十二月三十一日綜合資產及負債 **DECEMBER**

		2023 二零二三年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 二零二二年 US\$'000 千美元	2021 二零二一年 US\$'000 千美元	2020 二零二零年 US\$'000 千美元	2019 二零一九年 US\$'000 千美元
Assets and liabilities Total assets Total liabilities	資產及負債 資產總值 負債總額	383,510 (88,727)	405,972 (114,254)	389,147 (87,130)	386,539 (85,269)	369,476 (81,749)
Total equity	權益總額	294,783	291,718	302,017	301,270	287,727

### **Reference for Shareholders**

### 股東參考資料



香港聯交所主板 Place of Listing Main Board of 上市地

Hong Kong Stock Exchange ("HKEx")

Stock Code

**HKEx** 02317 聯交所 02317

Access to Bloomberg: 2317 HK Equity 彭博版面 2317 HK Equity

路透社版面 : 2317.HK Access to Reuters 2317.HK Board Lot 4.000 買賣單位 4.000 Par Value US\$0.01 面值 0.01美元 Trading Currency 交易貨幣 港元 HKD

**FINANCIAL CALENDAR** 

Financial year ended 31 December 2023 全年業績結算 二零二三年十二月三十一日 全年業績公佈 二零二四年三月十九日 Full year results announced 19 March 2024 Annual general meeting 21 May 2024 股東周年大會 二零二四年五月二十一日 二零二四年八月 Interim results to be announced In the last week of 中期業績公佈 最後一個星期\*

August 2024\*

subject to change 有待確定

**SHAREHOLDER SERVICES** 

For enquiries about share transfer and registration, please contact the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar:

Tricor Tengis Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre

16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

Telephone: (852) 2980 1768 Facsimile: (852) 2528 3158

Holders of the Company's shares should notify the Hong Kong branch share registrars promptly of any change of addresses.

股東服務

財務行事曆

股份代號

任何有關股份過戶及登記之查詢,請聯絡本公 司之香港股份過戶登記分處:

卓佳登捷時有限公司

香港

夏慤道16號

遠東金融中心17樓 電話:(852) 2980 1768 傳真:(852) 2528 3158

持有本公司股份之人士,若更改地址,請盡快 通知香港股份過戶登記分處。

### **Investor Relations**

### 投資者關係

#### **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

Over the years, the Group has been committed to maintaining close contact and good communication with investors in a professional and open manner to collect more information and valuable opinions, as well as providing timely disclosure of its business strategies and directions of the Group, so as to enhance corporate governance while strengthening investor confidence.

During the year under review, the management team had regular conference calls with investors in Hong Kong and was proactive in dispatching the latest information of its business to investors. Information about an environmental issue related to its Vietnam operation was relayed to investors. This is in line with the Group's commitment to keep up open and transparent communication as well as ensuring that investors fully understand its operations in order for them to make sound investment decisions.

In addition, the Group constantly interacts with investors via its corporate website. During the year, the Group has posted its announcements, annual and interim reports, and all relevant disclosures and circulars on its website promptly for the convenient access and reference by investors. The Company website address is: http://www.vedaninternational.com.

Vedan welcomes all opinions and suggestions from investors. The e-mail address of its investor relations department is vdi@vedaninternational.com.

### 投資者關係

一直以來,集團致力以專業及坦誠的態度與投 資者維持緊密及良好的溝通,收集更多訊息及 寶貴意見,並及時披露有關集團的業務策略及 發展方向,以鞏固企業管治和投資者信心。

於回顧年度內,集團管理層均定期與本港投資 者進行電話會議,積極及主動向投資者發佈最 新資訊及業務消息,更就越南廠房的環保事宜 對投資者講解說明,力求保持信息的公開與透 明,讓投資者充分了解公司營運情況,作出最 佳的投資決定。

另一方面,集團通過網站與投資者保持溝通。 年內集團及時更新公告、年報及中期業績報告 及通告均上載至集團網站,讓投資者充分掌握 集團的最新資訊,切合投資者的需要。公司網 址為:http://www.vedaninternational.com。

味丹國際期待投資者繼續對集團提出寶貴 意見,歡迎隨時與集團的投資者關係部聯絡 vdi@vedaninternational.com.



# **Vedan International (Holdings) Limited**

味丹國際(控股)有限公司

www.vedaninternational.com