# **Consolidated Balance Sheet** 綜合資產負債表

### As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

			於十二月	三十一日
			2013	2012
			二零一三年	二零一二年
		Note	US\$'000	US\$'000
		附註	千美元	千美元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Land use rights	土地使用權	6	2,624	2,205
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	7	126,708	140,626
Intangible assets	無形資產	8	11,163	12,226
Long-term loan and receivables	長期貸款及應收款項	13	117	134
Investment in an associate	於一間聯營公司之			
	投資	10(a)	3,490	3,042
Deferred income tax assets	遞延所得税資產	19	-	58
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		144,102	158,291
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	12	115,202	91,096
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	13	30,741	41,703
Amount due from the non-controlling	應收一間附屬公司	15	30,741	41,703
interest of a subsidiary	非控股權益之款項		1,445	1,405
Short-term loan to an associate	給予一間聯營公司之		.,	1,403
Short-term loan to an associate	短期貸款	10(b)	96	
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及	10(b)	30	
repayments and other receivables	其他應收款項	13	14,311	9,339
Current income tax recoverable	即期可收回所得税	15	14,511	41
Restricted cash	受限制現金	14(b)	4,264	-
Short-term bank deposits	短期銀行存款	14(a)	3,013	7,387
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	14(a)	39,496	42,567
		00000	200.550	402.520
Non-current assets held for sale	持作出售非流動資產	7(i)	208,568	193,538 1,900
Non-current assets field for sale	拉下山台升加勤負性	7(1)		1,300
Total current assets	流動資產總值		208,568	195,438
Total assets	資產總值		352,670	353,729
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人			
the Company	應佔權益			
Share capital	股本	15	15,228	15,228
Reserves	儲備			
- Proposed final dividend	一擬派末期股息	16, 26	_	2,205
– Others	一其他	16	256,677	254,977
			271,905	272,410
Non-controlling interest	非控股權益		(1,748)	(1,010)
Total equity	權益總額		270,157	271,400

# **Consolidated Balance Sheet** 綜合資產負債表

### As at 31 December

於十二月三十一日

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			2013	2012
			二零一三年	二零一二年
		Note	US\$'000	US\$'000
		附註	千美元	千美元
LIABILITIES	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	18	2,074	5,267
Deferred income tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債	19	5,357	6,180
Provision for long service payment	長期服務金撥備		1,169	1,262
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		8,600	12,709
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	17	14,590	23,113
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及	24.500		
	其他應付款項	17	14,975	15,732
Amount due to a related party	應付一名			
	有關連人士款項	34(d)	313	323
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	18	43,085	27,952
Current income tax liabilities	即期所得税負債		950	2,500
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		73,913	69,620
Total liabilities	負債總額 		82,513	82,329
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		352,670	353,729
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		134,655	125,818
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		278,757	284,109

The financial statements on pages 55 to 137 were approved by the Board of Directors on 25 March 2014 and were signed

載於第55至137頁之財務報表已獲董事會於二零一四年三月二十五日審批並由下列人士代表簽署。

Yang, Tou-Hsiung Yang, Kun-Hsiang 楊頭雄 楊坤祥

Director Director 董事 董事

# **Balance Sheet** 資產負債表

### As at 31 December

於十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets Intangible assets Investments in subsidiaries Investment in an associate	非流動資產 無形資產 於附屬公司之投資 於一間聯營公司之 投資	8 9(a) 10(a)	1,410 166,030 3,788	2,619 166,030 3,308
Loan to a subsidiary	給予一間附屬公司之 貸款	9(b)	2,218	-
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		173,446	171,957
Current assets Loans to subsidiaries Amounts due from subsidiaries Short-term loan to an associate	流動資產 給予附屬公司之貸款 應收附屬公司款項 給予一間聯盟	9(b) 9(b)	54 41,640	8,453 48,335
Prepayments and other receivables	公司之短期貸款預付款項及	10(b)	96	1 027
Current income tax recoverable Short-term bank deposits Cash and cash equivalents	其他應收款項 即期可收回所得税 短期銀行存款 現金及現金等價物	13 14(a) 14(a)	1,888 - 2,066 1,076	1,827 9 2,005 1,560
Total current assets	流動資產總值		46,820	62,189
Total assets	資產總值		220,266	234,146
EQUITY  Equity attributable to owners of the Company Share capital Reserves - Proposed final dividend	權益 本公司擁有人應佔 權益 股本 儲備 一建議末期股息	15 16, 26	15,228	15,228
– Others	一其他	16	201,037	210,764
Total equity	權益總額		216,265	228,197
LIABILITIES	負債			
Accruals and other payables  Bank borrowings Amount due to a related party	流動負債 應計費用及 其他應付款項 銀行借貸 應付一名關連人士 款項	17 18 34(d)	1,186 2,502 313	1,596 4,030 323
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	989p 11 55.11 00 5488238800 11	4,001	5,949
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		220,266	234,146
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		42,819	56,240
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		216,265	228,197

The financial statements on pages 55 to 137 were approved by the Board of Directors on 25 March 2014 and were signed on its behalf.

載於第55至137頁之財務報表已於二零一四年三月二十五日獲董事會審批並由下列人士代表簽署。

Yang, Tou-Hsiung 楊頭雄 Yang, Kun-Hsiang 楊坤祥

Director Director 董事 董事

# **Consolidated Income Statement**

# 綜合收益表

Year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

### Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		截至十二月三十一日止年度			
		Note 附註	2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元	
Revenue Cost of sales	收益 銷售成本	20 22	342,453 (294,364)	372,922 (311,422)	
Gross profit	毛利		48,089	61,500	
Other gains – net Gain on disposal of non-current assets	其他收益-淨額 出售持作出售	21	1,156	616	
held for sale	非流動資產之收益	7(i), 31	986	_	
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支	22	(23,279)	(23,967)	
Administrative expenses	行政開支	22	(24,637)	(28,387)	
Operating profit	經營溢利		2,315	9,762	
Finance income	財政收入		981	1,457	
Finance costs	財政支出		(742)	(1,211)	
Finance income – net	財政收入一淨額	23	239	246	
Share of post-tax loss of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司 除税後虧損	10(a)	(32)	(44)	
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利		2,522	9,964	
Income tax expense	所得税開支	24	(1,794)	(3,413)	
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	25	728	6,551	
Profit attributable to:	以下各方應佔溢利:				
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		1,488	7,342	
Non-controlling interest	非控股權益		(760)	(791)	
			728	6,551	
Earnings per share for profit attributable to the owners of the Company during the year (expressed in US cents per share)	本公司擁有人應佔 年內溢利之每股盈利 (以每股美仙列示)				
Basic earnings per share	每股基本盈利	27	0.10	0.48	
Diluted earnings per share	每股攤薄盈利	27	0.10	0.48	

# Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表

Year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

### Year ended 31 December **数** ス ナ ー 日 二 ナ ー 口 止 年 度

		截至十二月三十一日止年度		
		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元	
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	728	6,551	
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收入			
Item that may be reclassified to profit or loss	可重新分類至損益之項目			
Currency translation differences	匯兑差額	1,770	168	
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	本年度除税後其他全面收入	1,770	168	
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收入總額	2,498	6,719	
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to:	以下各方應佔本年度 全面收入總額:			
<ul><li>Owners of the Company</li><li>Non-controlling interest</li></ul>	一本公司擁有人 一非控股權益	3,236 (738)	7,512 (793)	
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收入總額	2,498	6,719	

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 December 2013 截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### Attributable to owners of the Company 太公司擁有人概化

		本公司擁有人應佔							
		Share capital 股本 US\$'000 千美元	Share premium 股份溢價 US\$*000 千美元	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 USS'000 千美元	Merger reserve 合併儲備 US\$'000 千美元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 US\$'000 千美元	Total 總計 US\$'000 千美元	Non- controlling interest 非控股權益 US\$*000 千美元	Total equity 權益總額 US\$'000 千美元
Balance at 1 January 2012	於二零一二年一月一日之結餘	15,228	47,358	15,268	79,994	113,990	271,838	(217)	271,621
Comprehensive income Profit/(loss) for the year Other comprehensive income	全面收入 本年度溢利/(虧損) 其他全面收入		-		-	7,342	7,342	(791)	6,551
Currency translation differences	匯兑差額		-	170	-	=	170	(2)	168
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	-	-	170	-	7,342	7,512	(793)	6,719
Total transactions with owners Dividends paid relating to 2011 and 2012 interim period	與擁有人之總交易額 二零一一年及二零一二年 中期相關之已付股息					(6,940)	(6,940)		(6,940)
Balance at 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月三十一日之 結餘	15,228	47,358	15,438	79,994	114,392	272,410	(1,010)	271,400
Balance at 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日之結餘	15,228	47,358	15,438	79,994	114,392	272,410	(1,010)	271,400
Comprehensive income Profit/(loss) for the year Other comprehensive income	全面收入 本年度溢利/(虧損) 其他全面收入		-		-	1,488	1,488	(760)	728
Currency translation differences	匯兑差額	-	-	1,748	-		1,748	22	1,770
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	-	_	1,748	-	1,488	3,236	(738)	2,498
Total transactions with owners Dividends paid relating to 2012 and 2013 interim period	與擁有人之總交易額 二零一二年及二零一三年 中期相關之已付股息	-	-	-		(3,741)	(3,741)	(=	(3,741)
Balance at 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日之 結餘	15,228	47,358	17,186	79,994	112,139	271,905	(1,748)	270,157

# **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows** 綜合現金流量表

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度			
		Note 附註	2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元	
Cash flows from operating activities	經營業務產生之 現金流量				
Cash (used in)/generated from operations Interest received Interest paid Income taxes paid	業務企 (所用) (所用) (所) (所) (所) (所) (所) (形) (形) (形) (形) (形) (形) (形) (形) (形) (形	31	(2,420) 981 (707) (4,068)	34,663 1,457 (1,114) (6,083)	
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	經營業務(所用)/ 產生之現金淨額		(6,214)	28,923	
Cash flows from investing activities Purchases of property, plant and equipment Decrease in long-term prepayment of property, plant and equipment	長期預付款項	7	(7,848)	(9,236)	
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of non-current	減少 銷售物業、廠房及 設備之所得款項 銷售特件出售之	31	10	27 769	
assets held for sale  Purchases of intangible assets  Purchases of land use rights	明 京 京 京 京 所 写 質 項 資 で で で で で で で に も に の の の の の の の の の の の の の	31 8 6	2,886 (25) (406)	(56) (51)	
Decrease/(increase) in short-term bank deposits Increase in restricted cash Increase in short-term loan to an associate	減少/(増加) 受限制現金増加		4,374 (4,264)	(7,387) -	
Increase in investment in an associate	於一間聯營公司之 投資增加	10	(96) (480)	(2,078)	
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用之 現金淨額		(5,849)	(18,012)	
Cash flows from financing activities Dividends paid Proceeds from current bank borrowings	融資活動之現金流量 已付股息 即期銀表	26	(3,741)	(6,940)	
Repayment of current bank borrowings Proceeds from non-current bank borrowings	所得款項 償還期期 行借 非即期款項 行信 貸 選非即期 價 還非即 損 還 質 員 份 員 員 員 員 員 員 員 員 員 員 員 員 員 員 員 員 員		69,987 (54,219) 851	60,177 (59,717) –	
Repayment of non-current bank borrowings Repayment of amount due to Vedan Enterprise Corporation ("Taiwan Vedan")	償還結欠味丹企業 股份有限公司 (「台灣味丹」)之		(4,679)	(5,314)	
	款項		_	(2,166)	
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	融資活動產生/ (所用)之現金淨額		8,199	(13,960)	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物減少淨額		(3,864)	(3,049)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Exchange gains on cash and cash equivalents	(大) (大) (大) (大) (大) (大) (大) (大) (大) (大)	14(a)	42,567 793	45,518 98	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	於年末之現金及 現金等價物	14(a)	39,496	42,567	

### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Vedan International Holdings Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") manufacture and sell fermentation-based food additives, biochemical products and cassava starch-based industrial products including modified starch, glucose syrup, Monosodium Glutamate ("MSG"), soda, acid and beverages. The products are sold to food distributors, international trading companies, and manufacturers of food, paper, textiles, and chemical products in Vietnam, other ASEAN member countries, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), Japan, Taiwan, and several European countries.

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Century Yard, Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681 GT, George Town, Grand Cayman, British West Indies.

The Company is listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

These financial statements are presented in United States dollars ("US\$"), unless otherwise stated. These financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 25 March 2014.

#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basis of principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in Note 4.

### 一般資料

味丹國際(控股)有限公司(「本公司」)及 其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)生產及銷售 各種發酵食品添加劑、生化產品及木薯澱 粉工業產品(包括變性澱粉、葡萄糖漿、味 精、蘇打及鹽酸)以及飲料。產品乃銷售往 越南、其他東盟成員國家、中華人民共和 國(「中國」)、日本、台灣及多個歐盟國家 的食品分銷商、國際貿易公司,以及食品、 紙品、紡織及化工產品生產商。

本公司為於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公 司,註冊辦事處地址為: Century Yard, Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681 GT, George Town, Grand Cayman, British West Indies o

本公司於香港聯合交易所有限公司上市。

除另有列明外,此等財務報表以美元(「美 元」)列值。此等財務報表於二零一四年三 月二十五日獲董事會批准發佈。

### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要

編製此等綜合財務報表採用之基準及主要 會計政策載列如下。除另有列明外·此等 政策已貫徹應用於所有呈報年度。

### 2.1 編製基準

本集團的綜合財務報表乃根據香港 財務報告準則而編製。綜合財務報表 乃根據歷史成本慣例而編製。

編製符合香港財務報告準則的財務 報表需要運用若干重要的會計估計, 而管理層在應用本集團之會計政策 過程中亦需要作出判斷。涉及高度複 雜性或作出高度判斷之範疇或對綜 合財務報表屬重大之假設或估計,均 於附註4中予以披露。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY 2 OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

(a) The following new standards, interpretations and amendments to standards are mandatory for the Company for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 January 2013, but have not had any significant impact on the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

HKAS 1	Presentation of Financial
(Amendment)	Statements
HKAS 19	Employee Benefits
(Amendment)	
HKAS 27 (Revised)	Separate Financial
	Statements
HKAS 28 (Revised)	Associates and Joint Venture
HKFRS 1	First Time Adoption on
(Amendment)	Government Loans
HKFRS 7	Financial Instruments:
(Amendment)	Disclosure - Offsetting
	Financial Assets and
	Financial Liabilities
HKFRS 10	Consolidated Financial
	Statements
HKFRS 11	Joint Arrangements
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in
	Other Entities
HKFRS 13	Fair Value Measurements
HK(IFRIC) – Int 20	Stripping Costs in the
	Production Phase of
	a Surface Mine
Amendments to	Consolidated Financial
HKFRSs 10, 11	Statements, Joint
and 12	Arrangements and
	Disclosure of Interests in
	Other Entities: Transition
	Guidance

### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(績)

### 2.1 編製基準(續)

(a) 本公司被強制於二零一三年一 月一日開始之財政年度首次應 用下列新準則、詮釋及準則之 修訂,但並無對綜合財務報表 之編製產生任何重大影響。

香港會計準則	呈列財務報表
第1號(修訂本)	
香港會計準則	僱員福利
第19號(修訂本)	
香港會計準則第27號	獨立財務報表
(經修訂)	
香港會計準則第28號	聯營公司及
(經修訂)	合營公司
香港財務報告準則	首次採納政府貸款
第1號(修訂本)	
香港財務報告準則	金融工具:披露-
第7號(修訂本)	抵銷財務資產及
	財務負債
香港財務報告準則	綜合財務報表
第10號	
香港財務報告準則	共同安排
第11號	
香港財務報告準則	披露於其他實體之
第12號	權益
香港財務報告準則	公平值計量
第13號	
香港(國際財務報告	露天礦場生產階段
詮釋委員會)	之剝採成本
一詮釋第20號	
香港財務報告準則	综合財務報表、
第10號、香港財務	共同安排及披露
報告準則第11號及	於其他實體之
香港財務報告準則	權益:過渡指引

第12號之修訂

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

(b) The following interpretation and amendments to standards have been issued, but are not effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2013 and have not been early adopted.

### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(績)

### 2.1 編製基準(續)

(b) 以下為已頒佈但並非於二零 一三年一月一日開始之財政年 度生效,且亦無提前採納之詮 釋及準則之修訂。

> Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於下列日期或之後 開始之會計期間起生效

×		两州之目引为问心工从
HKAS 19 (Amendment) 香港會計準則第19號 (修訂本)	Defined benefit plans 定額福利計劃	1 July 2014 二零一四年七月一日
HKAS 32 (Amendment)	Financial Instruments: Presentation on asset and liability offsetting	1 January 2014
香港會計準則第32號 (修訂本)	金融工具:抵銷資產及負債之呈列	二零一四年一月一日
HKAS 36 (Amendment)	Impairment of assets on recoverable amount disclosures	1 January 2014
香港會計準則第36號 (修訂本)	資產可收回金額減值之披露	二零一四年一月一日
HKAS 39 (Amendment)	Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement – Novation of derivatives	1 January 2014
香港會計準則第39號 (修訂本)	金融工具:確認及計量-衍生工具之更替	二零一四年一月一日
HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments	1 January 2015
香港財務報告準則第9號	金融工具	二零一五年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRSs 10, 12 and HKAS 27	Consolidation for Investment Entities	1 January 2014
香港財務報告準則第10號、 香港財務報告準則第12號及 香港會計準則第27號之修訂	綜合計入投資實體	二零一四年一月一日
HK(IFRIC) 21	Levies	1 January 2014
香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會)第21號	徴費	二零一四年一月一日
Annual improvements project	Improvements to HKASs and HKFRSs 2010 – 2013	1 July 2014
年度改進計劃	二零一零年至二零一三年 香港會計準則及 香港財務報告準則之改進	二零一四年七月一日

The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of adopting the above amendments to standards and interpretation. The Group is not yet in a position to state whether substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies and financial statements presentation will result.

本集團已開始評估採納上述準則之 修訂及詮釋之影響。本集團尚未能釐 定其會否令本集團之會計政策及財 務報表之呈列方式出現重大變動。

#### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY 2 OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.2 Subsidiaries

#### 2.2.1 Consolidation

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform with the Group's accounting policies

#### Business combinations (a)

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the aggregate fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, either at fair value or at the noncontrolling interest's proportionate share of the recognised amounts of acquiree's identifiable net assets.

#### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(續) 2

### 2.2 附屬公司

### 2.2.1 綜合

附屬公司為本集團對其存有 控制權的實體(包括結構性實 體)。倘本集團須承擔或享有 參與實體之可變回報風險及權 力,以及可運用其對該實體之 權力以影響有關回報時·則對 實體存有控制權。附屬公司自 其控制權轉移予本集團當日起 綜合入賬,並於控制權終止當 日停止綜合入賬。

集團內公司間交易、結餘及集 團內公司間交易之未變現收益 均予對銷。未變現虧損亦會對 鎖。如有需要·附屬公司呈報 之金額已作出調整,以與本集 團之會計政策一致。

### (a) 業務合併

本集團採用收購法計算 業務合併。收購附屬公 司的轉讓代價為所轉讓 資產、被收購方前擁有 者所產生負債及本集團 所發行股本權益的公平 值總額。所轉讓代價包 括或然代價安排產生的 任何資產或負債的公平 值。於業務合併時所收 購的可識別資產及所承 擔的負債及或然負債, 初步按收購日的公平值 計量。本集團按逐項收 購基準以公平值或非控 股權益按比例應佔被收 購方可識別資產淨值的 確認金額,確認被收購 方非控股權益。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY 2 OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.2 Subsidiaries (continued)

- 2.2.1 Consolidation (continued)
  - Business combinations (continued) Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in accordance with HKAS 39 either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, noncontrolling interest recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement (Note 2.7).

### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(績)

### 2.2 附屬公司(續)

2.2.1 綜合(續)

(a) 業務合併(續) 收購相關成本在產生時 支銷。

> 倘業務合併乃分階段進 行,則收購方過往所持 之被收購方權益於收購 日之賬面值·會重新計 量至其於收購日期之公 平值;任何由重新計量 產生之收益或虧損於損 益確認。

> 本集團所轉讓之任何或 然代價按其於收購當日 之公平值確認。被視為 一項資產或負債之或然 代價於其後出現之公平 值變動·將按照香港會 計準則第39號之規定, 於損益中確認或確認為 其他全面收益之變動。 分類為權益之或然代價 毋須重新計量·而其後 結算會於權益入賬。

> 轉讓代價、被收購方任 何非控股權益金額及過 往所持被收購方權益於 收購日期之公平值超出 所購入可識別淨資產公 平值之部分作為商譽入 賬。倘轉讓代價、已確 認之非控股權益及已計 量之過往所持權益之總 和低於議價收購中所收 購附屬公司資產淨值之 公平值·有關差額直接 在收益表中確認(附註 2.7) 0

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY 2 OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.2 Subsidiaries (continued)

#### 2.2.1 Consolidation (continued)

Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

> Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions - that is, as transactions with the owners in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to noncontrolling interests are also recorded in equity.

### (c) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate (Note 2.3), joint venture or financial asset (Note 2.10). In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

#### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(績) 2

### 2.2 附屬公司(續)

### 2.2.1 綜合(續)

附屬公司擁有人權益變 與非控股權益進行而不 會導致失去控制權之交 易入賬列作權益交易, 即擁有人以擁有人身份 進行之交易。任何已付 代價之公平值與於附屬 公司資產淨值賬面值所 取得之相關份額之差額 於權益入賬。向非控股 權益出售之盈虧亦列於 權益入賬。

(b) 並無導致控制權變動之

### (c) 出售附屬公司

倘本集團不再擁有控制 權,其於該實體之任何 保留權益將於失去控制 權當日按其公平值重新 計量·而賬面值變動則 於損益中確認。就其後 入賬列作聯營公司(附 註2.3)、合營企業或財 務資產(附註2.10)之保 留權益而言,公平值指 初始賬面值。此外,先前 於其他全面收入內確認 與該實體有關之任何金 額按猶如本集團已直接 出售有關資產或負債之 方式入賬。這可能意味 著先前在其他全面收入 內確認之金額重新分類 為溢利或虧損。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.2 Subsidiaries (continued)

### 2.2.2 Separate financial statements of the Company

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost is adjusted to reflect changes in consideration arising from contingent consideration amendments. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

#### 2.3 Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recognised at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee after the date of acquisition. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill identified on acquisition.

### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(績)

### 2.2 附屬公司(續)

### 2.2.2 本公司之獨立財務報表

於附屬公司之投資按成本減減 值列賬。成本會作出調整,以 反映因或然代價修訂而產生之 代價變動。成本亦包括直接應 佔之投資成本。附屬公司之業 績由本公司按股息及應收款項 基準入賬。

倘股息超過附屬公司在盲派股 息期間之全面收入總額,或倘 獨立財務報表內投資之賬面值 超過被投資方之淨資產(包括 商譽)於綜合財務報表之賬面 值,則須於自於附屬公司之投 資收取股息時對有關投資進行 減值測試。

### 2.3 聯營公司

聯營公司指所有本集團對其有重大 影響力但無控制權之實體,所持股權 通常有20%至50%之投票權。於聯 營公司之投資以權益會計法入賬。根 據權益法,投資初步按成本確認,並 透過增加或減少賬面值確認投資方 於收購日期後所分佔之被投資方損 益。本集團於聯營公司之投資包括於 收購時識別之商譽。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY 2 OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.3 Associates (continued)

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

The Group's share of post-acquisition profit or loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the amount adjacent to 'share of post-tax loss of an associate' in the consolidated income statement.

Profits and losses resulting from upstream and downstream transactions between the Group and its associate are recognised in the Group's financial statements only to the extent of unrelated investor's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. The financial information of associate has been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(績)

#### 2.3 聯營公司(續)

倘於聯營公司之所有權權益減少·而 亦具有重大影響力,則只將先前於其 他全面收入內確認之金額之應佔比 例部分重新分類至損益(如適用)。

本集團應佔收購後捐益於綜合收益 表內確認,而其應佔收購後其他全面 收入之變動則於其他全面收入內確 認,並對投資賬面值作出相應調整。 如本集團應佔一家聯營公司之虧損 等於或超過其於該聯營公司之權益, 包括任何其他無抵押應收款項,本集 團不會確認進一步虧損,除非其已代 聯營公司承擔法律或推定責任或作 出付款。

本集團於各報告日期釐定於聯營公 司之投資是否有任何客觀減值證據。 倘存在減值證據·本集團會按聯營公 司可收回金額與其賬面值之差額計 算減值金額·並於綜合收益表「應佔 聯營公司除税後虧損」確認有關金 額。

本集團及其聯營公司間之上游及下 游交易所產生之損益於本集團之財 務報表內確認,惟僅以非關連投資者 於聯營公司之權益為限。除非有關 交易提供已轉讓資產出現減值之證 據,否則未變現虧損予以對鎖。聯營 公司之財務資料已於必要時變更,以 確保符合本集團所採納之政策。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.4 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decisionmaker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors collectively.

### 2.5 Foreign currency translation

### (a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in US\$, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

#### (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement, except when deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges.

All foreign exchange gains and losses including those relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the consolidated income statement within 'other gains/(losses) net'.

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss.

### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(績)

### 2.4 分部報告

營運分部之呈報方式與提供予主要 營運決策者之內部呈報一致。負責分 配資源及評估營運分部業績之主要 營運決策者已獲一併指定為董事會。

#### 2.5 外幣換算

### (a) 功能及呈報貨幣

本集團各實體之財務報表所 包括之項目,乃按該實體經營 所在之主要經濟環境之貨幣 (「功能貨幣」)計量。本綜合財 務報表以本公司之功能貨幣及 本集團之呈報貨幣美元呈列。

### (b) 交易及結餘

外幣交易均按交易或重新計量 項目之估值當日之現行匯率換 算為功能貨幣。因上述交易結 算及按年終匯率兑換以外幣計 值之貨幣資產及負債而產生之 匯兑收益或虧損,均於收益表 內確認,惟於權益內遞延作為 合資格現金流量的對沖及合資 格淨投資的對沖除外。

所有與借貸和現金及現金等價 物有關的匯兑盈虧在綜合收益 表內的「其他收益/(虧損)-淨額」中呈列。

非貨幣財務資產及負債項目之 匯兑差異,均於損益內確認為 公平值收益或虧損的一部分。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY 2 OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.5 Foreign currency translation (continued)

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(績)

### 2.5 外幣換算(續)

(c) 集團公司

本集團所有實體(其中並無任 何公司持有通脹嚴重之經濟體 系之貨幣)如持有與呈報貨幣 不一致之功能貨幣,其業績和 財務狀況均按以下方法兑換為 呈報貨幣:

- 每項資產負債表之資產 及負債均按照該資產負 債表結算日之匯率折 質:
- 一 每項收益表之收入及支 出均按照平均匯率折算 為呈報貨幣,但若此平 均匯率未能合理地反映 各交易日之匯率所帶來 之累積影響,則按照交 易日之匯率折算此等收 入和支出;及
- 所有匯兑差異均在其他 全面收入中確認。

因收購海外公司而產生之商譽 及公平值調整,均視作為該海 外公司之資產及負債處理,並 以結算日之匯率折算。所產生 之匯兑差異在其他全面收入中 確認。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.6 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, except for constructionin-progress, is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged in the consolidated income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

_	Properties	20-50 years
-	Plant and machinery	10-20 years
_	Motor vehicles	5-8 years
-	Office equipment	5-8 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed. and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.8).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within 'other gains/(losses) - net', in the consolidated income statement.

Construction-in-progress, comprising capital expenditure on buildings and plant where the construction work has not been completed, is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. No depreciation is provided for construction-in-progress.

### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(績)

### 2.6 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(在建工程除外) 均按歷史成本減累計折舊及累計減 值虧損列賬。歷史成本包括直接用於 收購項目的開支。

只有在項目有關之未來經濟利益可 能會流入本集團,且能可靠地計量項 目之成本時·方會將其後之成本包括 入資產之賬面值或確認為一項獨立 資產(如適用)。如屬替換資產,則 替換部分的賬面金額取消確認。所有 其他維修及保養費用,均於產生之財 政期間內,於綜合收益表內支銷。

物業、廠房及設備的折舊乃利用直線 法在其估計可使用年期將其成本攤 銷至其餘值如下:

物業 20-50年 廠房及機器 10-20年 汽車 5-8年 辦公室設備 5-8年

資產之餘值及可使用年期均於各報 告期末予以審閱及調整(如適用)。

倘資產賬面值較估計的可收回款額 為大,則資產的賬面值將立刻被撇減 至其可收回款額(附註2.8)。

出售之盈虧均銹過將所得款項與賬 面值作比較而釐定,並列入綜合收益 表內確認為「其他收益/(虧損)-淨額」。

在建工程包括未完成樓宇及廠房的 資本支出,以成本減累計減值虧損入 賬。在建工程不作折舊。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY 2 OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.7 Intangible assets

### (a) Goodwill

Goodwill arises on the acquisition of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures and represents the excess of the consideration transferred over the Group's interest in net fair value of the net identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquiree and the fair value of the non-controlling interest in the acquiree.

Goodwill impairment reviews are undertaken annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The carrying value of goodwill is compared to the recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs to sell. Any impairment is recognised immediately as an expense and is not subsequently reversed.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units ("CGUs"), or groups of CGUs, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

### Trademarks, brand name and licence

Separately acquired trademarks, the brand name and the licence, which have finite useful lives, are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of trademarks, brand name and licence over their estimated useful lives of 6 to 10 years.

### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.7 無形資產

### (a) 商譽

商譽於收購附屬公司、聯營公 司及合營企業時產生,並指已 轉讓代價超出本集團於被收購 方可識別資產淨值、負債及或 然負債公平值之權益及於被收 購方之非控股權益公平值之數 額。

商譽每年進行減值檢討,亦會 於有事件出現或情況改變顯示 可能出現減值時,作出更頻密 檢討。商譽賬面值與可收回金 額相若,即為使用價值與公平 值減銷售成本之較高者。任何 減值即時確認為開支,且其後 不會撥回。

為進行減值測試,於業務合併 中收購之商譽乃分配至預期受 惠於合併協同效益之各賺取現 金單位(「賺取現金單位」)或 一組賺取現金單位。各獲分配 商譽之單位或一組單位為實體 就內部管理監察商譽之最低層 面。商譽於經營分部層面進行 監察。

### 商標·品牌名稱及牌照

獨立收購之商標、品牌名稱及 許可具有限定可使用年期·並 按成本減累計攤銷及減值虧 損入賬。攤銷乃利用直線法計 算,以將商標、品牌名稱及許 可成本於彼等六年至十年估計 可使用年期內進行分配。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.7 Intangible assets (continued)

(c) Computer software

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful lives of 5 years.

### 2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life - for example, goodwill - are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

### 2.9 Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets are classified as assets held for sale when their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and a sale is considered highly probable. They are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(績)

### 2.7 無形資產(續)

(c) 電腦軟件

購入的電腦軟件牌照根據購買 及使用該特定軟件所引起的成 本資本化。有關成本按其估計 可用年期(五年)攤銷。

### 2.8 非財務資產之減值

並無限定可使用年期之資產(如商 譽) 毋須攤銷, 但須每年測試減值。 每當有事件或變動顯示賬面值可能 不能收回時,本公司將會對須攤銷之 資產作出減值評估。減值虧損乃按資 產賬面值超出其可收回款額之金額 確認。可收回款額指資產之公平值減 出售成本或使用價值(以較高者為 準)。就評估有否減值而言,資產將 會按獨立可識別現金流量(賺取現金 單位)之最低水平分類。出現減值之 非財務資產(不包括商譽),於各呈 報日期均就可能撥回減值而予以評

### 2.9 持作出售非流動資產

非流動資產乃在其賬面值將主要通 過出售交易而非通過持續使用予以 收回,且認為極有可能出售時,分類 為持作出售資產,並按賬面值與公平 值減銷售成本兩者之較低者列賬。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY 2 OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.10 Financial assets

### 2.10.1 Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets as loans and receivables, based on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for amounts that are settled or expected to be settled more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprise trade and other receivables (Note 2.12), cash and cash equivalents (Note 2.13), amount due from the non-controlling interest of a subsidiary, loan to a subsidiary and amounts due from subsidiaries in the balance sheet.

### 2.10.2 Recognition and measurement

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date - the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Loans and receivables are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

#### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(績) 2

### 2.10 財務資產

### 2.10.1分類

本集團根據購入有關財務資產 之目的將其財務資產分類為貸 款及應收款項。管理層於初步 確認時決定其財務資產之類 別。

貸款及應收款項為附帶固定或 可釐定付款,在活躍市場並無 報價之非衍生性質財務資產。 彼等均列入流動資產,惟將於 或預期將於報告期結束起計 十二個月後清償之款項除外。 彼等均歸類為非流動資產。本 集團之貸款及應收款項包括資 產負債表內之貿易及其他應收 款項(附註2.12)、現金及現金 等價物(附註2.13)、應收一間 附屬公司非控股權益之款項、 向一間附屬公司貸款及應收附 屬公司款項。

### 2.10.2 確認及計量

財務資產常規買賣於交易日確 認,即本集團承諾購買或出售 該等資產日期。貸款及應收款 項乃按公平值加上交易成本初 步確認,並隨後利用實際利息 法按攤鎖成本列脹。財務資產 於收取投資現金流量的權利屆 滿或已轉讓及本集團已轉移擁 有權的大部分風險及回報時終 止確認。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.10 Financial assets (continued)

### 2.10.3 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### 2.10.4 Impairment

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation, and where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(績)

### 2.10 財務資產(續)

### 2.10.3 抵銷金融工具

財務資產及負債在有合法行使 之權益抵銷已確認金額及於擬 按淨值基準結算或同時變現 資產及結算負債時予以抵銷; 有關淨額則於資產負債表內列 賬。

### 2.10.4 減值

本集團於每個報告期結算日評 估是否有客觀證據證明某項財 務資產或某組財務資產已減 值。只有存在客觀證據證明減 值乃由於首次確認資產後發生 之一宗或多宗事件導致(「虧 損事件1),而該宗(或該等) 虧損事件對該項或該組財務資 產之估計未來現金流量構成之 影響可以合理估計,有關財務 資產或該組財務資產方會作出 減值及產生減值虧損。

減值證據可包括債務人或一組 債務人正出現重大財務困難、 無法或拖欠支付利息或本金、 彼等可能會破產或進行其他財 務重組,而可觀察數據顯示估 計未來現金流量有可計量之減 少(例如違責有關之應計費用 或經濟狀況)。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY 2 OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.10 Financial assets (continued)

2.10.4 Impairment (continued)

For loans and receivables, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement. If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract. As a practical expedient, the Group may measure impairment on the basis of an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement.

### 2.11 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and workin-progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

Spare parts and consumables are included within inventories and stated at cost, using the weighted average method.

#### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(績) 2

### 2.10 財務資產(續)

2.10.4 減值(續)

就貸款及應收款項而言·虧損 金額乃根據資產賬面值與按財 務資產原實際利率折現之估計 未來現金流(不包括仍未產生 之未來信用損失)現值者之差 異計量。資產之賬面值予以削 減,而虧損金額則在綜合收益 表確認。如貸款有浮動利率・ 計量任何減值虧損之折現率為 按合同釐定之當前實際利率。 作為可行之方法,本集團可根 據採用可觀察市價得出之工具 公平值計算減值。

如在其後期間減值虧損金額有 所減少,而減少可客觀地聯繫 至確認減值後發生之事件(例 如債務人之信用評級有所改 善),則之前已確認之減值虧 損可於綜合收益表內撥回。

### 2.11 存貨

存貨以成本或可變現淨值兩者的較 低者入賬。成本按加權平均法計算。 製成品和在製品成本包括原材料、直 接人工、其他直接成本和相關生產費 用(以正常產能下計算),但不包括 借貸費用。可變現淨值按估計的正常 銷售價格減適用的非固定銷售費用 計算。

零件及消耗品計入存貨中,並按加權 平均法計算以成本列賬。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.12 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less, they are classified as current assets. A provision for impairment of trade and other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the assets is reduced through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of the loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement within administrative expenses. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for trade receivables. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against administrative expenses in the consolidated income statement.

### 2.13 Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

### 2.14 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

### 2.15 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Trade and other payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less.

### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(績)

### 2.12 貿易及其他應收款項

貿易及其他應收款項初步按公平值 確認,其後以實際利息法按攤銷成本 扣除減值撥備計算。倘貿易及其他應 收款項預期可於一年或以內收回·則 分類為流動資產。貿易及其他應收款 項之減值撥備於出現客觀證據表明 本集團無法按應收款項之原有條款 收回所有金額時確定。

撥備之金額為資產賬面值與估計未 來現金流量之現值(按原實際利率折 現計算)間之差額。資產之賬面值透 過減值撥備賬扣除,而虧損於綜合收 益表內確認為行政開支。當應收貿易 脹款無法收回時,該款項會於應收貿 易賬款減值撥備賬中對銷。其後收回 已對銷的款項會用作扣除綜合收益 表內的行政開支。

### 2.13 現金及現金等價物

綜合現金流量表內的現金及現金等 價物包括手頭現金、銀行之通知存 款、原到期日為三個月或以內的其他 短期高度流動性投資。

### 2.14 股本

普通股份分類為權益。

因發行新股份或購股權而產生的直 接相關新增成本,乃以所得款項的扣 減(扣除税項)於權益中列賬。

#### 2.15 貿易及其他應付賬款

貿易及其他應付賬款初步按公平值 確認,而其後則採用實際利率法按攤 銷成本計量。倘貿易及其他應付賬款 於一年或以內到期,則分類為流動負 倩。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY 2 OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.16 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

### 2.17 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

### (a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries and associates operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(績)

#### 2.16 借貸

借貸初步按公平值扣除交易成本後 確認。借貸其後按攤銷成本列賬;所 得款項(扣除交易成本)與贖回價值 間之任何差額則於借貸期內使用實 際利息法於綜合收益表內確認。

除非本集團有無條件權利於報告期 結束後將負債之結算遞延至少十二 個月,否則借貸被分類為流動負債。

### 2.17 當期及遞延所得税

期內税項開支包括當期及遞延税項。 除於其他全面收入或直接於權益內 確認外,税項將於收益表內確認稅 項,亦須分別於其他全面收入或直接 於權益內確認。

### (a) 當期所得税

當期所得税開支乃根據本公司 附屬公司及聯營公司經營及產 生應課税收入之國家於結算日 已頒佈或實質頒佈之税務法例 計算。管理層就適用税務法例 詮釋所規限之情況定期評估報 税表之狀況,並在適用情況下 根據預期須向税務機關支付之 税款設定撥備。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY 2 OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.17 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

- (b) Deferred income tax
  - Inside basis differences

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

### Outside basis differences

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(績)

### 2.17 當期及遞延所得税(續)

- (b) 遞延所得税
  - 基準差異以內

遞延所得税採用負債法 就資產及負債之税基與 其在綜合財務報表之賬 面值兩者之暫時差異確 認。然而,倘憑延税項 負債乃源自商譽初步確 認,則不會確認該遞延 税項負債,而倘遞延所 得税乃源自進行交易時 不影響會計或應課稅盈 利或虧損之資產或負債 之初步確認(為業務合 併以外之交易),則不會 計入遞延所得税。遞延 所得税以於結算日前實 施或大體上已實施之税 率(及税法)釐定,並預 期於相關遞延所得税資 產變現或遞延所得稅負 債清償時應用。

遞延所得税資產僅就有 可能將未來應課税溢利 與可動用之暫時差異抵 銷而確認。

### (ii) 基準差異以外

遞延所得税乃就附屬公 司及聯營公司投資產生 之暫時差異而撥備・惟 倘本集團可以控制暫時 差異之 撥回時間,並有 可能在可預見未來不會 撥回則除外。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY 2 OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.17 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

(c) Offsetting

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

### 2.18 Employee benefits

(a) Pension obligations

The Group participates in a number of defined contribution plans, the assets of which are generally held in independently administered funds. The Group's contributions to the defined contribution retirement schemes are expensed as incurred.

### Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to a termination and when the entity has a detailed formal plan to terminate the employment of current employees without possibility of withdrawal. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period are discounted to their present value.

#### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(績) 2

### 2.17 當期及遞延所得税(續)

(c) 抵銷

遞延所得税資產及負債在有合 法行使之權利將即期税項資產 與即期税項負債互相抵銷,且 遞延所得税資產及負債乃有關 由同一税務機關向同一應課税 實體或不同應課稅實體徵收之 所得税,且擬按淨額基準處理 結餘,方可互相抵銷。

### 2.18 僱員福利

(a) 退休金責任

本集團參與多個定額退休金計 劃·其資產一般由獨立管理基 金持有。本集團向定額供款計 劃作出的供款實報實銷。

### (b) 終止服務權益

當本集團在僱員正常退休日期 前終止其聘用,或每當僱員接 受自願遣散以換取有關福利 時,終止服務權益即須支付。 本集團在可證明承諾終止僱用 及根據一項詳細的正式計劃終 止現有僱員的僱用(沒有撤回 的可能)時·確認終止服務權 益。倘提出一項要約以鼓勵自 願遣散,則終止服務權益按預 期接納有關建議的僱員人數計 量。在報告期後超過十二個月 支付的福利折現為現值。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.18 Employee benefits (continued)

### (c) Bonus plans

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses, based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders after certain adjustments. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

### (d) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

### 2.19 Contingent liabilities and provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability, if any, is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.18 僱員福利(續)

### (c) 花紅計劃

本集團根據一條公式(考慮本 公司股東應佔溢利並經若干調 整後),就花紅確認負債及開 支。本集團於合約規定或過往 慣例產生推定責任時確認撥

### (d) 僱員應享假期

僱員有關年假之權利於僱員享 有時確認。僱員之病假及分娩 假於僱員休假時方會確認。

### 2.19 或然負債及撥備

當本集團因已發生的事件而產生現 有的法律或推定責任,而很可能需要 有資源的流出以履行責任及金額已 被可靠估計時作出撥備。本集團概不 會就未來經營虧損確認撥備。

或然負債指因已發生的事件而可能 引起之責任,此等責任需就某一宗或 多宗事件會否發生才能確認,而本集 團並不能完全控制這些未來事件會 否實現。或然負債亦可能是因已發生 的事件引致之現有責任,但由於可能 不需要消耗經濟資源·或責任金額未 能可靠地衝量而未有確認。

或然負債(倘有)不會被確認,但會 在綜合財務報表附註中披露。當消耗 資源之可能性改變導致可能出現資 源消耗,此等負債將被確認為撥備。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY 2 OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.20 Revenue and other income recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied, stated net of discounts, returns and value added taxes. The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below. The Group bases its estimates of return on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

### (a) Sales of goods

Sales of goods are recognised when a Group entity has delivered products to the customer, the customer has accepted the products and has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products.

# Sales of surplus electricity

Sales of surplus electricity are recognised based on units of electricity sold as recorded by meters during the year.

### Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method. When a loan and receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired loan and receivables is recognised using the original effective interest rate.

### (d) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

#### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(績) 2

### 2.20 確認收益及其他收入

收益按已收或應收代價之公平值計 量·並為提供商品之應收賬款項·於 扣除折扣、退貨及增值税後列值。當 收益金額能可靠地衡量、未來經濟利 益可能流入有關實體,以及符合下文 所述本集團業務之特定條件時,本集 團會確認收益。本集團根據其過往業 績估計其回報,並會考慮客戶類別、 交易類別及各項安排之具體情況。

### (a) 銷售貨物

銷售貨物收入於本集團實體已 付運產品予客戶,客戶已接受 產品及完全具有對銷售產品的 渠道和價格的酌情權,且沒有 未履行責任可影響客戶接納產 品時確認。

### (b) 銷售盈餘電力

銷售盈餘電力所得收益按照年 內儀錶記錄的售電單位確認入 睛。

#### (c) 利息收入

利息收入採用實際利息法按時 間比例基準進行確認。倘貸款 及應收賬款出現減值,本集團 會將賬面值減至其按有關金融 工具原有實際利率之估計折現 現金流量而設定之可收回款 額,並繼續解除折現作為利息 收入。減值貸款及應收賬款之 利息收入乃以原實際利率確 認。

### (d) 股息收入

在確立收取股息款項時·股息 收入予以確認。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.21 Leases (as the lessee for operating leases)

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

#### 2.22 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

Dividend proposed or declared after the reporting period but before the consolidated financial statements are authorised for issue, are disclosed as a non-adjusting event and are not recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

### 2.23 Financial guarantees

Financial guarantee contracts under which the Group accepts significant risk from a third party by agreeing to compensate that party on the occurrence of a specified uncertain future event are accounted for in a manner similar to insurance contracts. Provisions are recognised when it is probable that the Group has obligations under such guarantees and an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligations.

### 編製基準及主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.21 租賃(作為經營租約之承租人)

凡擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報由 出租人保留之租約·均分類為經營租 約。經營租約之付款(扣減出租人給 予之任何優惠後) 乃於有關租約期內 以直線法計入綜合收益表內。

### 2.22 分派股息

分派予本公司股東之股息在本公司 股東或董事(視何者適用)批准股息 之期間內,於本集團及本公司之財務 報表中確認為負債。

於報告期後但於綜合財務報表獲授 權刊發前建議或宣派之股息將作為 非調整事件披露,且不會於報告期末 確認為負債。

### 2.23 財務擔保

本集團透過簽訂財務擔保合同對第 三方承擔重大風險,同意當特定不確 定未來事項發生時以類似保險合同 之方式補償該第三方。當本集團有可 能根據該等保證承擔責任,並就清償 有關責任而導致經濟資源流出時,則 須確認撥備。

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 3

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and cash flow and fair value interest rate risks), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (group treasury) under policies approved by the board of directors. Group treasury identifies and evaluates financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The board provides principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and investment of excess liquidity.

#### (a) Market risk

#### (i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to Vietnam Dong against US\$. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations, which the directors consider the exposures to be insignificant. The Group does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, management of the Group monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

At 31 December 2013, if the Vietnam Dong had weakened/strengthened by 5% against the US\$ with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year would have been US\$610,000 (2012: US\$1,217,000) lower/ higher (2012: lower/higher), mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses/gains on translation of Vietnam Dong-denominated trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and trade and other payables.

#### 財務風險管理 3

#### 3.1 財務風險因素

本集團之業務承受各種財務風險:市 場風險(包括匯兑風險、現金流量及 公平值利率風險)、信貸風險及流動 資金風險。本集團之整體風險管理計 劃集中於財務市場之不可預測性及 尋求將對本集團之財務報表之潛在 不利影響降至最低。

風險管理由中央財政部(集團財務 部)按董事會誦過的政策進行。集團 財務部與本集團營運單位緊密合作 識別及評估財務風險。董事會制定 整體風險管理的原則,以及涵蓋特定 範圍的政策,例如外匯風險、利率風 險、信貸風險及盈餘流動資金的投 資。

#### 市場風險 (a)

#### (i) 外匯風險

本集團於全球經營業 務,因此承受因使用不 同貨幣而產生之外匯風 險,主要為越南盾對美 元之風險。外匯風險來 自境外業務之未來商業 交易、已確認資產及負 倩和投資淨額·董事認 為該等風險並不重大。 本集團並無外幣對沖政 策。然而,本集團管理層 監控外匯風險,並將於 需要時考慮對沖重大外 幣風險。

於二零一三年十二月 三十一日·倘越南盾兑 美元貶值/升值5%而所 有其他變數維持不變, 本年度除税後溢利將減 少/增加(二零一二年; 減少/增加)610,000 美元(二零一二年: 1,217,000美元),主要 來自換算以越南盾計算 之應收貿易賬款及其他 應收款項、現金及現金 等價物及應付貿易賬款 及其他應付款項而產生 之外匯虧損/收益。

### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

- Market risk (continued)
  - (ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risks

As the Group has no significant interestbearing assets apart from bank balances, the Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's interest rate risk arises from borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interestrate risk, which the directors consider the exposures to be insignificant. The Group does not have a cash flow interest rate hedging policy. However, management of the Group monitors cash flow interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant cash flow interest rate exposure should the need arise.

At 31 December 2013, if interest rates on borrowings had been 50 basis points higher/ lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year would have been US\$216,000 (2012: US\$92,000) lower/higher (2012: lower/higher), mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from bank deposits and bank balances, trade receivables, amount due from the non-controlling interest of a subsidiary and other receivables.

The Group has policies in place to ensure that sales of products are made to customers with appropriate credit histories. The Group has policies to assess the credit quality of the customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.

### 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- 市場風險(續) (a)
  - (ii) 現金流量及公平值利率 風險

由於本集團除銀行結餘 外,概無重大計息資產, 因此本集團之收入及營 運 現 金 流 量 大 致 上 獨 立不受市場利率變動影

本集團之利率風險來 自借貸。按浮動利率授 出之借貸令本集團面對 現金流量利率風險,董 事認為該等風險並不重 大。本集團並無現金流 量利率對沖政策。然而, 本集團管理層監控現金 流量利率風險·並將於 需要時考慮對沖重大現 金流量利率風險。

於二零一三年十二月 三十一日,倘借貸之利 率上升/下降50點子 而所有其他變數維持 不變,本年度除稅後溢 利將減少/增加(二零 一二年:減少/增加) 216,000美元(二零一二 年:92.000美元),主要 由於浮息借貸之利率開 支增加/減少。

### (b) 信貸風險

信貸風險來自銀行存款及銀行 結餘、應收貿易賬款、應收一 間附屬公司非控股權益款項及 其他應收款項。

本集團所定之政策是確保僅售 貨予具備合適信貸記錄的客 戶。本集團設有政策, 透過考 慮客戶之財務狀況、過往經驗 以及其他因素,評估客戶信貸 質素。本集團會按內部或外界 評級而設定個別風險上限。本 集團會定期監察所動用之信貸 上限。

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued) 3

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

#### Credit risk (continued)

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, amount due from the noncontrolling interest of a subsidiary and other receivables included in the consolidated balance sheets represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to these financial assets.

For bank deposits and bank balances, the Group only uses banks and financial institutions with good reputations. As at 31 December 2013 and 2012, all the bank balances as detailed in Note 14 are held in major financial institutions, which are either state owned or with high credit quality. Management believes that the credit risk for bank deposits and bank balances is minimal.

As at 31 December 2013 and 2012, the amount due from the non-controlling interest of a subsidiary is neither past due nor impaired. Given that all the balance is within credit period, management are of opinion that the receivable from the non-controlling interest of a subsidiary is of low credit risk.

No impairment has been provided for other receivables as at 31 December 2013 and 2012. Other receivables do not contain impaired assets. Management are of opinion that these balances are of low credit risk.

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Due to the capital intensive nature of the Group's business, the Group ensures that it maintains sufficient cash and credit lines to meet its liquidity requirements.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity reserve which comprises undrawn borrowing facilities and cash and cash equivalents (Note 14) on the basis of expected cash flows. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

#### 財務風險管理(績) 3

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險(續)

綜合資產負債表包括之現金及 現金等價物、應收貿易賬款、 應收一間附屬公司非控股權益 款項以及其他應收款項之賬面 值即本集團就該等財務資產承 受的最高信貸風險。

就銀行存款及銀行結餘而言, 本集團僅利用具良好信譽之銀 行及財務機構。於二零一三年 及二零一二年十二月三十一 日,載列於附註14之全部銀行 結餘乃於國有或擁有良好信貸 質素之主要財務機構持有。管 理層相信銀行存款及銀行結餘 之信貸風險並不重大。

於二零一三年及二零一二年 十二月三十一日,應收一間附 屬公司非控股權益款項並無逾 期或減值。由於全部結餘均在 信貸期內,管理層認為應收一 間附屬公司非控股權益款項之 信貸風險較低。

於二零一三年及二零一二年 十二月三十一日,其他應收款 項並無作出減值撥備。其他應 收款項並不包括減值資產。管 理層認為該等結餘之信貸風險 較低。

### (c) 流動資金風險

由於本集團業務的資本集中性 質,本集團確保其維持充足現 金及信貸額以應付其流動資金 需求。

管理層根據預期現金流量,監 控本集團的流動資金儲備的滾 存預測,有關儲備由未提取的 借貸融資和現金及現金等價物 (附註14)組成。本集團訂有政 策,定期監察目前及預期之流 動資金需求及其遵守借款契據 之情況,以確保其維持充裕現 金儲備以及獲主要財務機構承 諾提供足夠資金,以應付其短 期及較長期之流動資金需求。

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued) 3

### Financial risk factors (continued)

The table below analyses the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

### Group

#### 財務風險管理(續) 3

### 財務風險因素(續)

下列表格按結算日至合約到期日餘 下期間將本集團及本公司之財務負 債分為相關到期組別進行分析。於表 格中披露之金額為合約未折現現金 流量。

### 本集團

		Less than 1 year 一年內 US\$'000 千美元	Between 1 and 2 years 一年至南年 US\$'000 千美元	Between 2 and 5 years 兩年至五年 US\$'000 千美元	Over 5 years 超過五年 US\$'000 千美元	Total 合計 US\$'000 千美元
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日					
Bank borrowings (Note)	銀行借貸(附註)	44,045	1,266	54	887	46,252
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	14,590	1 -	1940	_	14,590
Other payables	其他應付款項	9,189	-	-	-	9,189
Amount due to a related party	應付一名有關連人士款項	313	970	-	-	313
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日					
Bank borrowings (Note)	銀行借貸(附註)	24,157	268	10,489	_	34,914
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	23,113	_	_	72	23,113
Other payables Amount due to a	其他應付款項 應付一名有關連人士款項	15,061	170	178	477	15,061
related party		323	-	-	-	323

#### 本公司 Company Between Between Less than 1 and 2 and Over 1 year 2 years 5 years 5 years Total 一年內 年至兩年 兩年至五年 超過五年 合計 US\$'000 US\$'000 US\$'000 US\$'000 US\$'000 千美元 千美元 千美元 千美元 千美元 At 31 December 2013 於二零一三年 十二月三十一日 Bank borrowings (Note) 銀行借貸(附註) 2,571 2,571 Other payables 其他應付款項 1,073 1,073 Amount due to a 應付一名有關連人士款項 313 313 related party 於二零一二年 At 31 December 2012 十二月三十一日 Bank borrowings (Note) 銀行借貸(附註) 4,127 4,127 Other payables 其他應付款項 1,002 1,002 應付一名有關連人士款項 Amount due to a related party 323 323

Note:

The balance includes interest payable on bank borrowings up to their respective maturities.

附註:

有關結餘包括截至各到期日就銀行借貸 應付之利息。

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued) 3

### 3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total bank borrowings divided by equity holders' equity as shown in the consolidated balance sheet. Total borrowings include non-current borrowings and current borrowings.

During 2013, the Group's strategy, which was unchanged from 2012, was to maintain a minimal gearing ratio. The gearing ratios at 31 December 2013 and 2012 were as follows:

#### 財務風險管理(績) 3

### 3.2 資本風險管理

本集團管理資金之目標為保障本集 團能繼續以持續基準經營之能力,以 為股東帶來回報及為股權持有人帶 來利益,以及維持合適之資本結構以 減少資本成本。

為了維持或調整資本結構,本集團可 能調整派付予股東之股息金額、向股 東歸還資本、發行新股份或出售資產 以減輕債務。

與業內其他公司一樣,本集團以資產 負債比率為基準監察資本。該比率按 綜合資產負債表所示之總銀行借貸 除以股權持有人權益計算。總借貸包 括非流動借貸及流動借貸。

於二零一三年,本集團之策略與二零 一二年所採納者貫徹一致·乃維持資 產負債比率於最低水平。於二零一三 年及二零一二年十二月三十一日之 資產負債比率如下:

### Group 本集團

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Total bank borrowings (Note 18) Owners' equity (including non-controlling interest in equity)	總銀行借貸(附註18) 擁有人之權益 (包括列入權益之	45,159	33,219
	非控股權益)	270,157	271,400
Total capital	資本總額	315,316	304,619
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	14%	11%

Management considers that the current gearing ratio is reasonable.

管理層認為現時資產負債比率屬合

### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation

The carrying values less impairment provisions of trade and other receivables and trade and other payables are assumed to approximate their fair values because of their short maturities. The fair values of financial assets and liabilities for disclosure purposes are estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

### (a) Estimated impairment of goodwill

The Group tests annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in Note 2.8. The recoverable amounts of cashgenerating units have been determined based on valuein-use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates and judgements (Note 8).

### (b) Estimated impairment of property, plant and equipment and non-indefinite life intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment (Note 7) and nonindefinite life intangible assets (Note 8) are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

The recoverable amount of the property, plant and equipment is determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. These calculations and valuations require the use of judgements and estimates.

### 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.3 公平值估計

基於應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項 以及應付貿易賬款及其他應付款項 屬短期性質,本集團假定其賬面值減 減值撥備後與公平值相若。就披露而 言之財務資產及負債之公平值,乃按 本集團同類金融工具現時的市場利 率折現未來合約現金流量而估計。

### 重要會計估計及判斷

估計及判斷會不斷按照歷史經驗及其他因 素進行評估,包括在各情況下相信是合理 之未來事件預測。

本集團會就未來作出估計及假設。根據其 定義,由此得出之會計估計將甚少與相關 實際業績等同。下文討論有極大風險對下 一財政年度內資產及負債之賬面值作出重 大調整之估計及假設。

### (a) 商譽的估計減值

本集團每年均按照附註2.8所述的會 計政策的規定,測試商譽是否出現減 值·而賺取現金單位的可收回金額· 則按照使用價值計算。計算過程中需 要作出估計及判斷(附註8)。

### (b) 物業、廠房及設備和有限定年期無形 資產的估計減值

每當有跡象顯示可能無法收回賬面 值時,本公司將會對物業、廠房及設 備(附註7)和有限定年期無形資產 (附註8)作出減值評估。

物業、廠房及設備之可收回金額按照 使用價值計算方法而釐定。有關之計 算乃使用管理層批核之五年期財務 預算之除税前現金流量預測得出。 該等計算及估值需要作出判斷及估 計。

### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

# Estimated impairment of property, plant and equipment and non-indefinite life intangible assets (continued)

The key assumptions used for value-in-use calculations are as follows.

#### 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

### 物業、廠房及設備和有限定年期無形 資產的估計減值(續)

用以計算使用價值之主要假設如下。

		Viet 越	nam 南	The PRC 中國	
		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
Selling price growth rate Discount rate Long term growth rate	售價增長率 折現率 長期增長率	5% - 10% 10% nil	30% 11.5% nil	2% 12% 3.5%	0% – 17.4% 12.5% 1%

These assumptions have been used for the analysis of each CGU within the operating segment.

分析經營分部內各賺取現金單位時 已採用有關假設。

# (c) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment and intangible assets by reference to the estimated periods that the Group intends to derive future economic benefits from the use of these assets. These estimates are based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets of similar nature and functions. Management will adjust the depreciation and amortisation charges where useful lives vary from previously estimates. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives. Periodic review could result in a change in useful lives and therefore depreciation and amortisation expense in the future periods.

#### (d) Current income taxes and deferred income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in the PRC, Vietnam and Taiwan. Significant judgement is required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

#### (c) 物業、廠房及設備和無形資產的使用 年期

本集團的管理層參考本集團有意使 用該等資產取得未來經濟利益的估 計年期,釐定其物業、廠房及設備和 無形資產的估計可使用年期及相關 折舊及攤銷開支。有關估計乃以相似 性質及功能的物業、廠房及設備和無 形資產的實際使用年期的歷史經驗 為基準。若可使用年期與過往估計不 同,管理層將調整折舊及攤銷開支。 實際經濟年期可能與估計可使用年 期有所不同。定期審閱可能導致可使 用年期及日後期間的折舊及攤銷開 支出現變動。

#### (d) 當期所得税及遞延所得税

本集團須繳納中國、越南及台灣的所 得税。於確定全球所得税税項撥備的 金額時,本集團須作出重大判斷。許 多交易及計算均難以明確釐定最終 的税務結果。本集團須估計未來會否 繳納額外税項,從而確認對預期税務 審核事宜之責任。倘該等事宜之最終 税務結果與起初入賬之金額不同,該 等差額將影響税務釐定期內之當期 及遞延所得税資產及負債。

# CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

### (d) Current income taxes and deferred income taxes (continued)

Deferred income tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised as management considers it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such differences will impact the recognition of deferred tax assets and income tax expense in the periods in which such estimate is changed.

#### (e) Functional currency

The functional currency of each of the Group's entities has been determined based on the primary economic environment in which the entity operates, that is normally the one in which each of the Group's entities primarily generates and expends cash. The determination requires the use of judgment.

#### SEGMENT INFORMATION

The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the Board of Directors collectively. The Directors review the Group's policies and information for the purposes of assessing performance. The Group presents its operating segment results (below), based on the information reviewed by the chief operating decision-makers, which the chief operating decisionmakers used to make strategic decisions. This information includes segment revenue, segment assets and capital expenditures.

The chief operating decision-maker considers the business from a geographical aspect. In presenting information on the basis of operating segments, segment revenue is based on the geographical presence of customers. Segment assets and capital expenditures are based on the geographical location of the assets.

The chief operating decision maker mainly assesses the performance based on revenue derived by each geographical segment. Accordingly, the segment performance is restricted to revenue information.

Revenue of approximately US\$60,034,000 (2012: US\$59,092,000) is derived from a single external customer. This revenue is attributable to the Japan segment.

#### 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

#### 當期所得税及遞延所得税(續)

倘管理層認為未來應課税盈利可用 作對銷暫時性差異或税項虧損可予 動用時,則會確認與若干暫時性差 異有關之遞延所得税資產及税項虧 損。倘預期結果與原先之估計不同, 有關差異會對有關估計出現變動之 期間內遞延税項資產及所得税開支 之確認構成影響。

#### (e) 功能貨幣

本集團各實體之功能貨幣已經根據 該實體經營所在之主要經濟環境釐 定,普遍為本集團各實體主要產生及 耗用現金之環境。釐定時需要採取判

#### 分部資料

主要營運決策者已確定為全體董事會成 員。董事審閱本集團之政策及資料以評核 表現。本集團根據主要營運決策者所審閱 並用於制定策略決定之資料呈列營運分部 業績(見下文)。此等資料包括分部收益、 分部資產及資本支出。

主要營運決策者從地理層面分析其業務。 以營運分部呈報資料時,分部收益以客戶 所在地區劃分。分部資產及資本支出則以 資產所在地劃分。

主要營運決策者主要根據各地理分部所產 生之收益評估業績。因此,分部業績僅限 於收益資料。

收益中約有60,034,000美元(二零一二 年:59,092,000美元)為源自單一外部客 戶。是項收益來自日本分部。

#### SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued) 5

### 分部資料(績)

## (a) Segment revenue

## (a) 分部收益

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Vietnam	越南	168,934	173,347
The PRC	中國	38,433	40,282
Japan	日本	79,967	79,955
Taiwan	台灣	14,908	11,862
ASEAN member countries	東盟成員國		
(other than Vietnam)	(不包括越南)	30,220	50,512
Other regions	其他地區	9,991	16,964
Group:	本集團:	342,453	372,922

### (b) Capital expenditures

### (b) 資本支出

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Vietnam	越南	5,479	6,783
The PRC	中國	2,800	2,560
		8,279	9,343

Capital expenditures are attributed to segments based on where the assets are located.

資本支出乃根據資產所在地而分配 至各分部。

Capital expenditures comprise additions of property, plant and equipment, land use rights and intangible assets.

資本支出包括添置物業、廠房及設 備、土地使用權及無形資產。

#### (c) Total assets

#### (c) 總資產

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Vietnam	越南	285,697	287,876
The PRC	中國	58,993	57,082
Hong Kong	香港	7,527	8,308
Taiwan	台灣	370	401
Singapore	新加坡	83	62
Group:	本集團:	352,670	353,729

# 綜合財務報表附註

### **SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)**

#### (c) Total assets (continued)

Total assets are attributed to segments based on where the assets are located.

Property, plant and equipment are monitored by the management at the operating segment level. The following is a summary of amortisation, depreciation and impairment of non-current assets (Note 6, 7 and 8) for each operating segment.

### 分部資料(績)

#### (c) 總資產(續)

總資產乃根據資產所在地而分配至 各分部。

物業、廠房及設備由管理層於營運分 部層面監察。以下為各營運分部的 非流動資產攤銷、折舊及減值(附註 6、7及8)概要。

		Amortisation and depreciation 攤銷及折舊 US\$'000 千美元	Impairment 減值 US\$'000 千美元
2013	二零一三年		
Vietnam	越南	20,472	_
The PRC	中國	3,067	-
2		23,539	-
2012	二零一二年		
Vietnam	越南	21,815	666
The PRC	中國	2,974	-
		24,789	666

#### LAND USE RIGHTS - GROUP

The Group's interests in land use rights represent prepaid operating lease payments and their net book values are analysed as follows:

#### 土地使用權一本集團 6

本集團於土地使用權之權益指經營租約之 預付款項,其賬面淨值分析如下:

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Outside Hong Kong, held on Leases of between 10 to 50 years	在香港以外持有 十年至五十年之租約	2,624	2,205
		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January Additions Amortisation of land use rights (Notes 5 and 22) Exchange differences	於一月一日 添置 土地使用權攤銷 (附註5及22) 匯兑差額	2,205 406 (55) 68	2,200 51 (51) 5
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	2,624	2,205

In respect of the Group's land use rights, Mao Tai Foods (Xiamen) Co. Ltd ("Xiamen Maotai"), Shandong Vedan Snowflake and Shanghai Vedan Enterprise Co. Ltd ("Shanghai Vedan"), subsidiaries established and operating in the PRC, have been granted rights to use the land by the relevant authority for 50 years, which expire in 2042, 2056 and 2060 respectively.

就本集團之土地使用權而言,於中國成立 及經營之附屬公司茂泰食品(廈門)有限 公司(「廈門茂泰」)、山東味丹雪花及上海 味丹企業有限公司(「上海味丹」)已獲有 關當局授予為期五十年的土地使用權,分 別於二零四二年、二零五六年及二零六零 年屆滿。

# 7 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - GROUP 7 物業、廠房及設備 - 本集團

		Construction- in-progress 在建工程 USD'000 千美元	Properties 物業 USD'000 千美元	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 USD'000 千美元	Motor vehicles 汽車 USD'000 千美元	Office equipment 辦公室設備 USD'000 千美元	Total 合計 USD'000 千美元
At 4 Inc., 2012	於二零一二年一月一日	1.2470	1 2570	1, 23,00	1.00	1233	1,7474
At 1 January 2012 Cost	成本	5.122	104,144	405.331	8,687	31,378	554.662
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	3,122	(53,976)	(295,807)	(7,086)	(28,349)	(385,218)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值		(2,728)	(9,147)	(7,080)	(22)	(11,897)
Net book amount	販面淨值	5,122	47,440	100,377	1,601	3,007	157,547
Year ended 31 December 2012	截至二零一二年 十二月三十一日止年度						
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	5.122	47,440	100,377	1,601	3,007	157,547
Additions	添置	7.391	140	642	708	355	9.236
Transfer	朝譲	(5,571)	1,495	4,058	-	18	5,250
Disposals (Note 31)	出售(附註31)	(3,371)	(369)	(297)	(33)	(2)	(701)
Depreciation (Notes 5 and 22)	折輔(附註5及22)		(5,121)	(16,827)	(414)	(917)	(23,279)
Transfer to non-current assets	轉撥至持作出售非流動資產		(=, .= .)	11-11	35,536	()	(0-))
held for sale (Note i)	(附註i)		(650)	(1,246)	-	(4)	(1,900)
Impairment loss (Notes 4, 5 and 22)	減值虧損(附註4、5及22)		(260)	(59)	(2)	(1)	(322)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	4	14	26	-	1	45
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	6,946	42,689	86,674	1,860	2,457	140,626
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月三十一日						
Cost	成本	6,946	104,169	405,672	8,601	31,633	557,021
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	-	(58,852)	(309,851)	(6,741)	(29,154)	(404,598)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值		(2,628)	(9,147)	-	(22)	(11,797)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	6,946	42,689	86,674	1,860	2,457	140,626
Year ended 31 December 2013	截至二零一三年						
	十二月三十一日止年度						
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	6,946	42,689	86,674	1,860	2,457	140,626
Additions	添置	6,511	264	250	736	87	7,848
Transfer	轉譲	(9,915)	5,286	4,420	-	209	-
Disposals (Note 31)	出售(附註31)	-	(55)	(197)	(19)	(8)	(279)
Depreciation (Notes 5 and 22)	折舊(附註5及22)	-	(5,102)	(15,744)	(432)	(867)	(22,145)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	100	196	350	5	7	658
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	3,642	43,278	75,753	2,150	1,885	126,708
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日						
Cost	成本	3,642	109,771	407,356	8,851	31,359	560,979
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	-	(63,865)	(322,456)	(6,701)	(29,452)	(422,474)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值		(2,628)	(9,147)	-	(22)	(11,797)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	3,642	43,278	75,753	2,150	1,885	126,708

# PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - GROUP (continued)

Certain property, plant and equipment of the Group are pledged as security for the Group's current and non-current bank borrowings as follows:

#### 物業、廠房及設備-本集團(續) 7

本集團若干物業、廠房及設備已予抵押, 作為本集團的即期及非即期銀行借貸之抵 押品·載列如下:

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Net book amount of pledged property, plant and equipment (Note 35)	已抵押物業、廠房及設備 賬面淨值(附註35)	15,058	19,157

Depreciation expense of US\$18,429,000 (2012: US\$16,392,000) has been charged in cost of sales, US\$380,000 (2012: US\$349,000) in selling and distribution expenses and US\$3,336,000 (2012: US\$6,538,000) in administrative expenses.

Note:

On 19 November 2012, Veyu Enterprise Co. Ltd, a wholly owned subsidiary of Vedan (Vietnam) Enterprise Corporation Limited ("Vietnam Vedan"), entered into an agreement with an independent third party, to dispose of its property, plant and equipment of US\$1,900,000 located in Gia Lai Province in Vietnam for VND 60,000,000,000 (equivalent to US\$2,886,000). The relevant property, plant and equipment were presented as non-current assets held for sale as at 31 December 2012. This transaction was completed in April 2013 and a gain of disposal of US\$986,000 has been recognised in the consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 December 2013.

折舊支出18,429,000美元(二零一二年: 16,392,000美元)、380,000美元(二零 一二年:349,000美元)及3,336,000美元 (二零一二年:6,538,000美元)已分別於銷 售成本、銷售及分銷開支以及行政開支中 扣除。

#### 附註:

於二零一二年十一月十九日,味丹(越 南)股份有限公司(「越南味丹」)之全資 附屬公司Veyu Enterprise Co. Ltd與一名 獨立第三方訂立協議,以出售位於越南嘉 萊省價值1,900,000美元之物業、廠房及 設備,代價為60,000,000,000越盾(相等 於2,886,000美元)。於二零一二年十二月 三十一日,相關物業、廠房及設備已呈列 為持作出售非流動資產。有關交易已於二 零一三年四月完成,並已於截至二零一三 年十二月三十一日止年度綜合收益表內 確認986,000美元之出售收益。

# INTANGIBLE ASSETS - GROUP AND COMPANY

# 8 無形資產-本集團及本公司

		Group 本集團			Company 本公司		
		Goodwill 商譽 US\$'000 千美元	Software and licence 軟件及牌照 US\$'000 千美元	Veyu brand name 味友品牌 US\$'000 千美元	Trademarks 商標 US\$'000 千美元	Total 合計 US\$*000 千美元	Trademarks 商標 US\$'000 千美元
A4.4 January 2012	於二零一二年一月一日	1 × 76	1 × /4	1 × //	1 × 70	1 × //	1 × //
At 1 January 2012	成本	0.030	1.642	1.142	12.000	22.011	12.000
Cost Accumulated amortisation	双平 累計推銷	8,938 (158)	1,642 (755)	1,142	12,089 (8,261)	23,811 (9,858)	12,089
Accumulated amortisation	75 AL 1945 M.	(130)	(733)	(004)	(0,201)	(010,5)	(0,201
Net book amount	賬面淨值	8,780	887	458	3,828	13,953	3,828
Year ended 31 December 2012	截至二零一二年						
	十二月三十一日止年度	727222		10220	107.003	7.5 5.55	20120
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	8,780	887	458	3,828	13,953	3,828
Additions	添置 機能開生(財計5万22)	-	56	- (4.4.4)	(4.200)	56	14 7 7
Amortisation charge (Notes 5 and 22)	攤銷開支(附註5及22)	-	(136)	(114)	(1,209)	(1,459)	(1,209
Impairment loss (Notes 5 and 22)	減值虧損(附註5及22)		-	(344)	-	(344)	
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	20		-	-	20	
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	8,800	807		2,619	12,226	2,619
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月三十一日						
Cost	成本	8,958	1,698	1,142	12,089	23,887	12,089
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	(158)	(891)	(798)	(9,470)	(11,317)	(9,470
Accumulated impairment	累計減值		3000	(344)	-	(344)	
Net book amount	賬面淨值	8,800	807		2,619	12,226	2,619
Year ended 31 December 2013	截至二零一三年						
	十二月三十一日止年度						
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	8,800	807	100	2,619	12,226	2,619
Additions	添置	_	25	12	-	25	
Amortisation charge (Notes 5 and 22)	攤銷開支(附註5及22)	2	(130)	12	(1,209)	(1,339)	(1,209
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	251		12	-	251	
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	9,051	702	-	1,410	11,163	1,410
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日						
Cost	成本	9,209	1,723		12,089	23,021	12,089
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	(158)	(1,021)	-	(10,679)	(11,858)	(10,679
Net book amount	賬面淨值	9,051	702	-	1,410	11,163	1,410

Amortisation charge is included in administrative expenses.

攤銷開支列入行政開支。

# 8 INTANGIBLE ASSETS – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

Impairment tests for goodwill:

Goodwill is attributed to the Group's CGUs according to operating segment.

#### 8 無形資產-本集團及本公司(績)

商譽減值測試:

商礜乃根據本集團營運分部分配至賺取現 金單位。

		The PRC 中國	Vietnam 越南	
	_	MSG packaging 味精包裝 US\$'000 千美元	MSG packaging 味精包裝 US\$'000 千美元	<b>Total</b> 合計 US\$'000 千美元
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日	8,321	730	9,051
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月三十一日	8,070	730	8,800

The recoverable amount of a CGU is determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using the estimated growth rates stated below if applicable. The growth does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the MSG packaging segment in which the CGU operates.

The key assumptions used for value-in-use calculations are as follows.

賺取現金單位之可收回金額乃按使用價值計算。該等計算基於管理層批准之五年財政預算使用除税前現金流量預測進行。超出五年期之現金流量使用以下呈列之估計增長率推算(如適用)。增長不會高於賺取現金單位所營運之味精包裝分部的長期平均增長率。

用以計算使用價值之主要假設如下。

			The PRC 中國		Vietnam 越南	
		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	
Gross margin Long term growth rate Discount rate	毛利率 長期増長率 折現率	24.4% - 26.6% 3.5% 15%	14.4% – 22.4% 1% 12.5%	7.5% – 14.4% nil 10%	11.7% – 14.3% nil 10%	

These assumptions have been used for the analysis of each CGU within the operating segment.

Management determined budgeted gross margin based on past performance and its expectations of market developments. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant operating segments. 該等假設用於分析經營分部內各賺取現金 單位。

管理層乃根據過往業績及其對市場發展 之預期釐定預算毛利率。所用折現率乃稅 前折現率,並反映相關經營分部之特定風 險。

# 8 INTANGIBLE ASSETS – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

Management believes that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amounts of goodwill are based would not cause the recoverable amounts to below the carrying amounts.

# 9 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES, LOANS TO SUBSIDIARIES AND AMOUNTS DUE FROM SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY

#### (a) Investments in subsidiaries

# 8 無形資產-本集團及本公司(績)

管理層相信·商譽的可收回金額所依據的 主要假設的任何合理可能變動不會導致其 可收回金額低於脹面值。

# 9 於附屬公司之投資、給予附屬公司之 貸款及應收附屬公司款項一本公司

### (a) 於附屬公司之投資

	2013	2012
	二零一三年	二零一二年
	US\$'000	US\$'000
	千美元	千美元
非上市股份	166,030	166,030

The following is a list of the principal subsidiaries at 31 December 2013:

下列為於二零一三年十二月三十一 日之主要附屬公司:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and kind of legal entity 註冊成立/成立地點以及法定實體類別	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及營運地點	Particulars of issued/paid up share capital 已發行/繳足	% interest held 持有權益 %
Directly held: 直接持有:				
Winball Investment Limited	British Virgin Islands ("BVI") 英屬處女群島	Investment holding in Hong Kong 在香港投資控股	100 Ordinary shares of US\$1 each 100股每股面值 1美元的普通股	100%
Talent Top Investment Ltd.	BVI 英屬處女群島	Investment holding in Hong Kong 在香港投資控股	100 Ordinary shares of US\$1 each 100股每股面值 1美元的普通股	100%
Indirectly held: 間接持有:				
Burghley Enterprise Pte., Ltd.	Singapore 新加坡	Investment holding in Singapore 在新加坡投資控股	US\$61,109,000 Ordinary shares 61,109,000 美元普通股	100%

- 9 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES, LOANS TO SUBSIDIARIES AND AMOUNTS DUE FROM SUBSIDIARIES - COMPANY (continued)
  - (a) Investments in subsidiaries (continued)
- 9 於附屬公司之投資、給予附屬公司之 貸款及應收附屬公司款項一本公司 (績)
  - (a) 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and kind of legal entity 註冊成立/成立地點以及法定實體類別	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及營運地點	Particulars of issued/paid up share capital 已發行/繳足	% interest held 持有權益 %
Ordino Investments Pte., Ltd.	Singapore 新加坡	Investment holding in Singapore 在新加坡投資控股	US\$20,177,000 Ordinary shares 20,177,000 美元普通股	100%
Vedan (Vietnam) Enterprise Corporation Limited 味丹 (越南 ) 股份有限公司	Vietnam 越南	Manufacturing and sale of fermentation-based food additives and biochemical products and cassava starch-based industrial products including MSG, GA, modified starch, glucose syrup, soda and acid in Vietnam and for export 在越南製造及銷售發酵食品添加劑、生化產品及木薯澱粉工業產品。包括味精、谷氨酸、變性澱粉、葡萄糖漿、梳打及鹽酸並銷售出口	131,970,000 Ordinary shares of US\$1 each 131,970,000股 每股面值1美元 的普通股	100%
Orsan Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Vietnam 越南	Packaging and sales of MSG in Vietnam 在越南包裝及銷售味精	1,838,282 Ordinary shares of US\$1 each 1,838,282股 每股面值1美元 的普通股	100%
Shandong Vedan Snowflake Enterprise Co., Ltd. 山東味丹雪花實業有限公司	PRC, limited liability company 中國·有限責任公司	Manufacture and sale of MSG in the PRC 在中國生產及銷售味精	US\$17,200,000 Registered capital 17,200,000美元 註冊資本	70%

- 9 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES, LOANS TO SUBSIDIARIES AND AMOUNTS DUE FROM SUBSIDIARIES – COMPANY (continued)
  - (a) Investments in subsidiaries (continued)
- 9 於附屬公司之投資、給予附屬公司之 貸款及應收附屬公司款項一本公司 (績)
  - (a) 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and kind of legal entity 註冊成立/成立地點以及法定實體類別	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及營運地點	Particulars of issued/paid up share capital 已發行/繳足	% interest held 持有權益 %
Shanghai Vedan Enterprise Co. Ltd. 上海味丹企業有限公司	PRC, limited liability company 中國·有限責任公司	Packaging and sale of MSG in the PRC 在中國包裝及銷售味精	US\$9,800,000 Registered capital 9,800,000美元 註冊資本	100%
Xiamen Darong Import & Export Trade Co., Ltd. 廈門大容進出口貿易有限公司	PRC, limited liability company 中國·有限責任公司	Trading of cassava starch-based industrial products in the PRC 在中國買賣木薯澱粉工業產品	US\$254,000 Registered capital 254,000美元 註冊資本	100%

### Loans to subsidiaries and amounts due from subsidiaries

- As at 31 December 2013, the non-current loan to a subsidiary of US\$2,218,000 is unsecured, carried an interest at three-month SIBOR plus 1% per annum, denominated in US\$ and repayable on 31 July 2016. (2012: nil).
- (ii) As at 31 December 2013, the current loan to a subsidiary of US\$54,000 is unsecured, carried an interest at three-month SIBOR plus 3.25% per annum, denominated in US\$ and repayable on 31 December 2014. (2012: US\$8,453,000, unsecured, interest at three-month SIBOR plus 1.5% to 3.25% per annum, denominated in US\$ and repayable before 31 December 2013.)
- (iii) Amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free, denominated in US\$ and repayable on demand.

# (b) 給予附屬公司之貸款及應收附屬公司款項

- (i) 於二零一三年十二月三十一 日,給予一間附屬公司之 2,218,000美元非即期貸款為 無抵押、按三個月新加坡銀 行同業拆息加1厘之年利率計 息、以美元計值,並須於二零 一六年七月三十一日償還(二 零一二年:無)。
- (ii) 於二零一三年十二月三十一日,給予一間附屬公司之 54,000美元即期貸款為無其 押、按三個月新加坡銀行同業 拆息加3.25厘之年利率計息、 以美元計值,並須於二零一四 年十二月三十一日償還(二零 一二年:8,453,000美元,為行同 業拆息加介乎1.5厘至3.25厘 之年利率計息以美元計值、並 須於二零一三年十二月三十一 日前償還)。
- (iii) 應收附屬公司款項為無抵押、 免息、以美元計值,並須按要 求償還。

- 10 INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE AND SHORT-TERM LOAN TO AN ASSOCIATE – GROUP AND COMPANY
  - (a) Investment in an associate

- 10 於一間聯營公司之投資及給予一間聯 營公司之短期貸款一本集團及本公司
  - (a) 於一間聯營公司之投資

Company
本公司

		42	<b>2</b> 可
		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		US\$'000 US\$'00	
-		千美元	千美元
Unlisted shares, at cost	非上市股份(按成本)	3,788	3,308

Movement on the investment in an associate is as follows:

於一間聯營公司之投資之變動如下:

			Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元	2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元	
At 1 January Injection of share	於一月一日 注入股本	3,042	1,008	3,308	1,230	
capital Share of post-tax loss of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司 除稅後虧損	480 (32)	2,078 (44)	480	2,078	
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	3,490	3,042	3,788	3,308	

Nature of investment in associate as at 31 December 2013 and 2012:

於二零一三年及二零一二年十二月 三十一日·於一間聯營公司之投資性 質如下:

	Country of	Particulars of	%
Name 名稱	Incorporation 註冊成立國家	issued share capital 已發行股本詳情	interest held 持有權益%
Dacin International Holdings Limited 達欣國際控股有限公司	The Cayman Islands 開曼群島	4,100,000 shares of US\$1 each 4,100,000股	30
達欣國際控股有限公司		4,100,000股 每股面值1美元之股份	

The associate is principally engaged in real estate development in Vietnam. As of 31 December 2013, the associate has not started any development project.

該聯營公司主要於越南從事房地產 發展。截至二零一三年十二月三十一 日,該聯營公司尚未開始任何發展項 目。

# 10 INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE AND SHORT-TERM LOAN TO AN ASSOCIATE – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

#### (a) Investment in an associate (continued)

Dacin International Holdings Limited is a private company and there is no quoted market price available for its shares.

There is capital commitment amounting to US\$2,632,000 (2012: US\$3,112,000) in relation to the Group's investment in the associate.

#### Reconciliation of summarised financial information

# 10 於一間聯營公司之投資及給予一間聯 營公司之短期貸款一本集團及本公司 (績)

#### (a) 於一間聯營公司之投資(續)

達欣國際控股有限公司為私人公司, 且其股份並無市場報價。

本集團就該聯營公司之投資有 2,632,000美元(二零一二年: 3,112,000美元)之資本承擔。

#### 財務資料概要對賬

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Opening net assets as	於一月一日之	40.420	2.250
at 1 January	期初資產淨值	10,139	3,359
Loss for the period	期內虧損	(105)	(147)
Injection of share capital	注入股本	1,600	6,927
Closing net assets	期終資產淨值	11,634	10,139
Interest in an associate (30%)	於一間聯營公司之權益		
	(30%)	3,490	3,042

#### (b) Short-term loan to an associate

As at 31 December 2013, the short-term loan to an associate of US\$96,000 is unsecured, carried an interest of 3.5% per annum, denominated in US\$ and repayable on 16 September 2014 (2012: Nil).

#### (b) 給予一間聯營公司之短期貸款

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,給 予一間聯營公司之96,000美元短期 貸款為無抵押,按年利率3.5%厘計 息、以美元計值,並須於二零一四 年九月十六日償還(二零一二年: 無)。

# 11 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY – 11 按類別劃分之金融工具 – 本集團及本 **GROUP AND COMPANY**

# 公司

direct this delinities				
		2013	2012	
		二零一三年	二零一二年	
		US\$'000	US\$'000	
9		千美元	千美元	
Group	本集團			
Loans and receivables	貸款及應收款項			
<ul> <li>Long-term loan and receivables</li> </ul>	-長期貸款及應收款項	117	134	
<ul> <li>Trade receivables</li> </ul>	一應收貿易賬款	30,741	41,703	
- Amount due from non-controlling	一應收一間附屬公司			
interest of a subsidiary	非控股權益之款項	1,445	1,405	
- Short-term loan to an associate	- 給予-間聯營公司之	100		
	短期貸款	96	_	
- Other receivables - current portion	一其他應收款項			
	一即期部份	652	4,959	
- Other receivables	一其他應收款項			
- non-current portion	一非即期部份	117	134	
- Short-term bank deposits	一短期銀行存款	3,013	7,387	
- Restricted cash	一受限制現金	4,264	-	
<ul> <li>Cash and cash equivalents</li> </ul>	- 現金及現金等價物	39,496	42,567	
		79,941	98,289	
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計值之財務負債			
- Trade payables	一應付貿易賬款	14,590	23,113	
– Other payables	一其他應付款項	9,189	15,061	
- Amount due to a related party	-應付一名有關連	3,.33	.5,001	
	人士之款項	313	323	
– Bank borrowings	一銀行借貸	45,159	33,219	
		69,251	71,716	

# 11 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

# 11 按類別劃分之金融工具一本集團及本 公司(績)

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Company Loans and receivables  - Amounts due from subsidiaries  - Loans to subsidiaries  - Short-term loan to an associate  - Other receivables  - Short-term bank deposits  - Cash and cash equivalents	本公司 貸款及應收款項 一應收附屬公司之 款項 一給予附屬公司之貸款 一給予一間貸款 一給予一間貸款 一期貸款 一其他應收款項 一短期金及現金等價物	41,640 2,272 96 63 2,066 1,076	48,335 8,453 - 16 2,005 1,560
		47,213	60,369
		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Financial liabilities at amortised cost  – Other payables  – Amount due to a related party	按攤銷成本計值之財務負債 一其他應付款項 一應付一名有關連 人士之款項	1,073	1,002
– Bank borrowings	一銀行借貸	2,502	4,030
		3,888	5,355

#### 12 INVENTORIES - GROUP

#### 12 存貨-本集團

		1202000	12/2/12
		2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Spare parts and consumables	零件及消耗品	4,726	3,742
Raw materials	原材料	46,012	45,192
Work in progress	在製品	26,594	10,953
Finished goods	製成品	37,870	31,209
		115,202	91,096

The cost of inventories of US\$255,791,000 (2012: US\$271,912,000) has been charged in cost of sales.

存貨成本為255,791,000美元(二零一二年:271,912,000美元)已計入銷售成本。

# 13 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES - GROUP AND COMPANY

# 13 應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項-本集 團及本公司

		Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		二零一三年	二零一二年	二零一三年	二零一二年
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
4		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
Trade receivables from	應收第三方貿易賬款				
third parties		32,477	43,207	<u> </u>	_
Trade receivables from a	應收一名有關連人				
related party (Note 34(d))	士貿易賬款(附註		0.00000		
	34(d))	-	105	-	-
Less: provision for	減:應收貿易賬款				
impairment of	減值撥備		727752227		
trade receivables		(1,736)	(1,609)	-	-
Trade receivables – net	應收貿易賬款-淨額	30,741	41,703		
Prepayments	預付款項	13,659	4,380	1,825	1,811
Other receivables	其他應收款項	769	5,093	63	16
			-,		
		45,169	51,176	1,888	1,827
Less: non-current portion of	減:其他應收款項之	V 500 \$ 600 500	50.00		65.500
other receivables	非即期部份	(117)	(134)	_	
Current portion	即期部份	45,052	51,042	1,888	1,827

As at 31 December 2013, all non-current receivables are due within five years from the end of the year (2012: same).

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,全部非即 期應收款項於年結日起計五年內到期(二 零一二年:相同)。

The fair values of trade and other receivables are as follows:

應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項之公平值如 下:

			oup 集團	Company 本公司	
		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000	2013 二零一三年 US\$'000	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000
Trade receivables – net Other receivables	應收貿易賬款-淨額 其他應收款項	千美元 30,741 795	千美元 41,703 5,113	千美元 - 63	千美元 - 16
		31,536	46,816	63	16

# 13 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

The fair values of other receivables are based on cash flows discounted using the effective interest rate of 12.0% (2012: 12.0%). This discount rate reflects the WACC of the Group.

# 13 應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項-本集 團及本公司(績)

其他應收款項之公平值乃採用12.0厘(二零一二年:12.0厘)之實際利率折現之現金流量為基準計算。該折現率反映本集團之加權平均資本成本。

Trade receivables – net	應收貿易賬款-淨額	30,741	41,703
trade receivables	減值撥備	(1,736)	(1,609)
Less: provision for impairment of	貿易賬款 減:應收貿易賬款	-	105
Trade receivables from a related party	應收一名有關連人士		
Trade receivables from third parties	應收第三方貿易賬款	32,477	43,207
		二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
		2013	2012

The credit terms of trade receivables range from cash on delivery to 60 days and the ageing of the trade receivables based on invoice date is as follows:

應收貿易賬款之信貸期由貨到付現至60 天,而應收貿易賬款按發票日期之賬齡分 析如下:

Group

		本集團		
		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元	
0 – 30 days	0至30天	21,004	36,841	
31 – 90 days	31至90天	7,128	2,891	
91 – 180 days	91至180天	1,660	1,808	
181 - 365 days	181至365天	786	36	
Over 365 days	365天以上	1,899	1,736	
		32,477	43,312	

As of 31 December 2013, trade receivables of US\$26,780,000 (2012: US\$30,067,000) were fully performing.

於二零一三年十二月三十一日, 26,780,000美元(二零一二年:30,067,000 美元)應收貿易賬款全數屬良好。

# 13 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

As of 31 December 2013, trade receivables of US\$3,961,000 (2012: US\$11,336,000) were past due but not considered impaired. These relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no significant financial difficulty and, based on past experience, it is considered that the overdue amounts can be recovered. The ageing of those past due but not impaired receivables is as follows:

### 13 應收貿易脹款及其他應收款項-本集 團及本公司(績)

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,3,961,000 美元(二零一二年:11,336,000美元)之應 收貿易賬款已到期但認為尚未減值。有關 款項與若干並無重大財政困難之獨立客戶 有關,且根據過往經驗,逾期款項被視為 可回收。該等到期但並未減值之應收款項 之賬齡分析如下:

		Grou 本集[	*//
		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Overdue by 0 – 90 days 91 – 180 days Over 180 days	逾期 0至90天 91至180天 180天以上	2,708 1,202 51	9,668 1,664 4
		3,961	11,336

As of 31 December 2013, trade receivables of US\$1,736,000 (2012: US\$1,909,000) were considered impaired. The amount of the provision made was US\$1,736,000 as of 31 December 2013 (2012: US\$1,609,000). The ageing of these receivables is as follows:

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,1,736,000 美元(二零一二年:1,909,000美元)之應 收貿易賬款被視為已減值。於二零一三 年十二月三十一日作出的撥備金額為 1,736,000美元(二零一二年:1,609,000 美元)。該等應收款項的賬齡分析如下:

		Group 本集團		
		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元	
Overdue by	逾期			
0 - 90 days	0至90天	<u> </u>	158	
91 - 180 days	91至180天	<del>-</del>	_	
181 - 365 days	181至365天	44	_	
Over 365 days	365天以上	1,692	1,751	
		1,736	1,909	

# 13 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

The carrying amounts of the trade and other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

### 13 應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項-本集 團及本公司(績)

應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項之賬面值按 下列貨幣計值:

			Group 本集團		pany 公司
		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元	2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Vietnam Dong US\$ New Taiwan dollar Renminbi	越南盾 美元 新台幣 人民幣	21,375 17,888 88 5,818	22,453 22,810 83 5,830	- 1,799 88 -	1,744 83
		45,169	51,176	1,887	1,827

Movements on the Group's provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

本集團之應收貿易賬款減值撥備變動載列 如下:

		Grov 本集	- 10
		2013 二零一三年 US\$′000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January Provision for receivables impairment	於一月一日 應收款項減值撥備	1,609	1,383
(Note 22)	(附註22)	160	229
Unused amounts reversed (Note 22)	已撥回未用金額(附註22)	(33)	(3)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	1,736	1,609

The creation and release of provision for impaired receivables have been included in administrative expenses in the consolidated income statement (Note 22). Amounts charged to the allowance account are generally written off when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash.

The other classes within trade and other receivables do not contain impaired assets.

就應收款項作出及解除的減值撥備已計入 綜合收益表的「行政開支」中(附註22)。 於撥備脹扣除的金額一般於預期無法收回 額外現金時撇銷。

應收貿易賬款及其他應收款項內之其他類 別並不包括已減值資產。

# 14 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, SHORT-TERM BANK DEPOSITS AND RESTRICTED CASH – GROUP AND COMPANY

# (a) Cash and cash equivalents and short-term bank deposits

Bank balances totalling US\$10,506,000 (2012: US\$13,086,000) and US\$28,333,000 (2012: US\$32,628,000) as at 31 December 2013 were mainly placed with major state-owned financial institutions in the PRC and Vietnam respectively. The remittance of these funds out of the PRC and Vietnam is subject to exchange restrictions imposed by the PRC and Vietnamese governments.

# 14 現金及現金等價物、短期銀行存款及 受限制現金一本集團及本公司

### (a) 現金及現金等價物及短期銀行存款

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,銀行結餘合共10,506,000美元(二零一二年:13,086,000美元)及28,333,000美元(二零一二年:32,628,000美元)分別存入中國及越南的主要國有財務機構。該等資金匯出中國及越南須遵守中國及越南政府的外匯管制措施。

			oup 東團	Company 本公司	
		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元	2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Short-term bank deposits with original maturity over three months	原到期日為超過 三個月之短期銀 行存款	3,013	7,387	2,066	2,005
Cash at bank and on hand	銀行及庫存現金	39,496	42,567	1,076	1,560
		42,509	49,954	3,142	3,565

The Group's and the Company's cash and cash equivalents and short-term bank deposits are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團及本公司之現金及現金等價 物及短期銀行存款按以下貨幣計值:

			oup 東團	Company 本公司	
		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元	2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Vietnam Dong US dollar Renminbi Hong Kong dollar New Taiwan dollar	越南盾 美元 人民幣 港元 新台幣	9,197 20,458 12,531 64 259	22,531 11,947 15,113 89 274	- 736 2,083 64 259	- 1,175 2,027 89 274
		42,509	49,954	3,142	3,565

# 14 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, SHORT-TERM BANK DEPOSITS AND RESTRICTED CASH – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

# (a) Cash and cash equivalents and short-term bank deposits (continued)

The effective interest rates per annum of the Group at the end of the reporting period were as follows.

# 14 現金及現金等價物、短期銀行存款及 受限制現金一本集團及本公司(績)

# (a) 現金及現金等價物及短期銀行存款 (績)

於報告期末·本集團之實際年利率載 列如下。

		Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元	2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Short-term bank deposits with original maturity over three months	原到期日為超過 三個月之短期 銀行存款	5.7%	7.8%	3.6%	2.8%

#### (b) Restricted cash

As at 31 December 2013, US\$4,264,000 (2012: nil) are restricted deposits denominated in Renminbi held at bank as reserve for serving of a bank borrowing (Note 35).

#### (b) 受限制現金

於二零一三年十二月三十一日, 4,264,000美元(二零一二年:零) 為就作為償還銀行借貸之儲備而存 放於銀行之人民幣計值受限制存款 (附註35)。

#### 15 SHARE CAPITAL - GROUP AND COMPANY

#### 15 股本一本集團及本公司

# Authorised ordinary shares 法定普通股

		Par value US\$ 面值 美元	Number of shares 股份數目	US\$'000 千美元
At 31 December 2013 and 31 December 2012	於二零一三年 十二月三十一日及 二零一二年十二月三十一日	0.01	10,000,000,000	100,000

# Issued and fully paid ordinary shares

已發行及繳足普通股

		US\$ 面值	Number of		
			shares	US\$'000	
41		美元	股份數目	千美元	
At 31 December 2013 and	於二零一三年				
31 December 2012	十二月三十一日及				
	二零一二年十二月三十一日	0.01	1.522.742.000	15.228	

Par value

# 16 RESERVES - GROUP AND COMPANY

# 16 储備-本集團及本公司

(a) Group

(a) 本集團

		Share premium 股份溢價 US\$'000 千美元	Exchange reserve 匯兑储備 US\$'000 千美元	Merger reserve (Note) 合併儲備 (附註) US\$'000 千美元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 US\$'000 千美元	<b>Total</b> 總額 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January 2012	於二零一二年一月一日	47,358	15,268	79,994	113,990	256,610
Comprehensive income						
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	_	323	_	7,342	7,342
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收入					
Exchange translation	匯兑差額					
differences	3,000,000,000,000,000	170	170	173	\$ <del>5</del> 9	170
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	-	170	[2]	7,342	7,512
Total transaction with owners	與擁有人之總交易額					
Dividends paid relating	二零一一年及二零一二年					
to 2011 and 2012	中期相關之已付股息					
interim period					(6,940)	(6,940
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月三十一日	47,358	15,438	79,994	114,392	257,182
Representing:	即:					
Proposed 2012	建議派付之二零一二年					
Final dividend	末期股息				2,205	
Others	其他				112,187	
Retained earnings as at 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月三十一日之 保留盈利				114,392	

#### 16 RESERVES - GROUP AND COMPANY

### 16 储備-本集團及本公司

## (a) Group (continued)

# (a) 本集團(續)

		Share Premium 股份溢價 US\$'000 千美元	Exchange Reserve 匯兑儲備 US\$'000 千美元	Merger reserve (Note) 合併儲備 (附註) US\$'000 千美元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 US\$'000 千美元	Total 總額 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January 2013  Comprehensive income  Profit for the year  Other comprehensive	於二零一三年一月一日 全面收入 本年度溢利 其他全面收入	47,358 -	15,438	79,994	114,392 1,488	257,182 1,488
income Exchange translation differences	<b>正</b> 兑差額	_	1,748	-	-	1,748
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額		1,748		1,488	3,236
Total transaction with owners Dividends paid relating to 2012 and 2013 interim period	與擁有人之總交易額 二零一二年及二零一三年 中期相關之已付股息			<del>-</del>	(3,741)	(3,741)
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日	47,358	17,186	79,994	112,139	256,677
Representing: Proposed 2013 Final dividend Others	即: 建議派付之二零一三年 末期股息 其他				112,139	
Retained earnings as at 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月三十一日之 保留盈利				112,139	

#### Note:

The merger reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the share capital and share premium of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the group reorganisation completed on 26 December 2002 and the nominal value of the share capital of the Company issued in exchange therefor.

#### 附註:

本集團的合併儲備即根據於二零零二年 十二月二十六日完成的集團重組所收購 附屬公司的股本面值及股份溢價與本公 司就進行交換而發行之股本面值的差額。

# 16 RESERVES - GROUP AND COMPANY (continued) 16 储備-本集團及本公司(績)

(b) Company (b) 本公司

At 1 January 2012 Comprehensive income	於二零一二年一月一日 <b>全面收入</b>	Share premium 股份溢價 US\$'000 千美元	Exchange reserve 匯兌儲備 US\$'000 千美元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 US\$'000 千美元	Total 總額 US\$'000 千美元 211,237
Profit for the year  Other comprehensive income  Exchange translation	本年度溢利 <b>其他全面收入</b> 匯兑差額	-	-	8,634	8,634
difference		=	38	-	38
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	-	38	8,634	8,672
Total transaction with owners Dividends paid relating	與擁有人之總交易額 二零一一年及二零一二年				
to 2011 and 2012 interim period	中期相關之已付股息			(6,940)	(6,940)
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日	194,098	88	18,783	212,969
Representing:	即:				
Proposed 2012 Final dividend	建議派付之二零一二年 末期股息			2,205	
Others	其他		200	16,578	
Retained earnings as at 31 December 201.	於二零一二年十二月 2 三十一日之保留盈利			18,783	

### 16 RESERVES - GROUP AND COMPANY (continued) 16 储備-本集團及本公司(績)

### (b) Company (continued)

(b) 本公司(續)

		Share	Exchange	Retained	
		premium	reserve	earnings	Total
		股份溢價	匯兑儲備	保留盈利	總額
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
At 1 January 2013	於二零一三年一月一日	194,098	88	18,783	212,969
Comprehensive loss	全面虧損	154,030	00	10,703	212,303
Loss for the year	本年度虧損			(8,177)	(9 177)
Other comprehensive	其他全面虧損	-	_	(0,177)	(8,177)
loss	<b>共心王山</b> 劇俱				
Exchange translation	匯兑差額				
difference	進九左帜	200.00	(14)		(11)
difference		-	(14)		(14)
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	_	(14)	(8,177)	(8,191)
Total transaction	與擁有人之總交易額				
Dividends paid relating	二零一二年及二零一三年				
to 2012 and 2013	中期相關之已付股息				
interim period	T ANTHONE COTTON	20	_	(3,741)	(3,741)
41.34 B   2043	₩- <b>=</b> - <b>4</b> 1- <b>9</b>				
At 31 December 2013	於二零一三年十二月 三十一日	104.000	74	6.065	204 027
	=T-n	194,098	74	6,865	201,037
Representing:	即:				
Proposed 2013 Final	建議派付之二零一三年				
dividend	末期股息				
Others	其他			6,865	
Others	共世		2±	0,003	
Retained earnings	於二零一三年十二月				
_				6,865	
as at 31 December 20	13 一1 日本休田監刊			0,005	

Pursuant to Section 34 of the Cayman Companies Law (2003 Revision) and the Articles of Association of the Company, the share premium of the Company is available for distribution to shareholders subject to a solvency test on the Company and the provision of the Articles of Association of the Company.

根據開曼群島公司法(二零零三年修訂版)第34條及本公司組織章程細則,本公司的股份溢價可分派予股東,惟本公司須通過價債能力測試且符合本公司組織章程細則的規定。

# 17 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES – GROUP AND COMPANY

# 17 應付貿易脹款及其他應付款項-本集 團及本公司

			oup 美團	Company 本公司	
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元	二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Trade payables Accruals Other payables	應付貿易賬款 應計費用 其他應付款項	14,590 5,786 9,189	23,113 671 15,061	- 113 1,073	- 594 1,002
		29,565	38,845	1,186	1,596

At 31 December 2013, the ageing of trade payables based on invoice date is as follows:

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,應付貿易 賬款按發票日期之賬齡分析如下:

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
0 – 30 days	0至30天	13,354	18,978
31 – 90 days	31至90天	1,191	3,921
91 - 180 days	91至180天	_	170
181 - 365 days	181至365天	17	3
Over 365 days	365天以上	28	41
		14,590	23,113

The carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's trade and other payables are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團及本公司之應付貿易賬款及其他應 付款項賬面值按下列貨幣計值:

			Group 本集團		pany 公司
		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元	2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Vietnam Dong US\$ New Taiwan Dollar Renminbi	越南盾 美元 新台幣 人民幣	13,978 9,546 871 5,170	17,485 16,265 737 4,358	- 315 871 -	- 859 737 -
		29,565	38,845	1,186	1,596

# 18 BANK BORROWINGS - GROUP AND COMPANY

# 18 銀行借貸一本集團及本公司

		Group 本集團			pany 公司
		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元	2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Non-current Bank borrowings - secured (Notes 33 and 35) - unsecured	非即期 銀行借貸 一有抵押 (附註33及35) 一無抵押	1,223 851	5,267 -	-	-
		2,074	5,267	-	-
Current Bank borrowings - secured (Notes 33 and 35) - unsecured	<b>即期</b> 銀行借貸 一有抵押 (附註33及35) 一無抵押	34,843 8,242	23,922 4,030	- 2,502	- 4,030
		43,085	27,952	2,502	4,030
Total bank borrowings	銀行借貸總額	45,159	33,219	2,502	4,030

At 31 December 2013, the Group's and the Company's bank borrowings were repayable as follows:

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集團及 本公司之銀行借貸須於以下期間償還:

			Group 本集團		pany 公司
		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元	2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Within 1 year Between 1 and 2 years Between 2 and 5 years Over 5 years	一年內 一年至兩年 兩年至五年 五年以上	43,085 1,223 - 851	27,952 4,045 1,222	2,502 - - -	4,030 - - -
		45,159	33,219	2,502	4,030

# 18 BANK BORROWINGS - GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

The exposure of the Group's borrowings to interest rate changes and the contractual repricing dates at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

#### 18 銀行借貸-本集團及本公司(績)

於報告期末,本集團所承擔的借貸利率變動及約定重新訂價日期如下:

			oup 東團	Company 本公司	
		2013 二零一三年			2012 二零一二年
		US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元
Within 6 months Between 7 and 12 months Between 1 and 5 years	6個月內 7至12個月 1至5年	38,715 5,222 1,222	33,219 - -	2,502 - -	4,030 - -
		45,159	33,219	2,502	4,030

The carrying amounts and fair value of the non-current borrowings are as follows:

非流動負債之賬面值及公平值如下:

			oup 集團		pany 公司
		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年	2013	2012 二零一二年
		US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元
Carrying amount Fair value	賬面值 公平值	6,118 6,116	9,946 9,948	-	-

The fair value of current borrowings equals their carrying amount, as the impact of discounting is not significant. The fair values are based on cash flows discounted using a rate based on the borrowing rate of 3.5% (2012: 3.6%) and are within level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The carrying amounts of short-term borrowings approximate their fair values.

由於折現影響不大,即期借貸之公平值與 其賬面值相同。公平值乃以借貸利率3.5厘 (二零一二年:3.6厘)得出的比率折現之 現金流得出,並屬於公平值層級之第2級。

短期借貸之賬面值與其公平值相若。

# 18 BANK BORROWINGS – GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

18 銀行借貸一本集團及本公司(績)

The effective interest rates per annum of the Group's borrowings at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

於報告期末,本集團借貸之實際年利率如下:

			2013 二零一三年		2 二年	
			New		New	
			Taiwan		Taiwan	
		US\$	Dollar	US\$	Dollar	
		美元	新台幣	美元	新台幣	
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	2.1%	2.3%	2.7%	2.4%	

The effective interest rates per annum of the Company's borrowings at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

於報告期末,本公司借貸之實際年利率如下:

			2013 二零一三年 New		2 二年
					— + New
			Taiwan		Taiwan
		US\$	Dollar	US\$	Dollar
_		美元	新台幣	美元	新台幣
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	3.1%	2.3%	2.4%	2.4%

The carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團及本公司借貸之賬面值按以下貨幣 計值:

			Group 本集團		pany 公司
		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元	2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
US\$ New Taiwan dollar	美元 新台幣	44,157 1,002	32,189 1,030	1,500 1,002	3,000 1,030
		45,159	33,219	2,502	4,030

# 18 BANK BORROWINGS - GROUP AND COMPANY (continued)

18 銀行借貸一本集團及本公司(績)

The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

本集團有以下未提用借貸融資:

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Floating rate:	浮息:		
- Expiring within one year	一於一年內到期	60,552	51,150
– Expiring beyond one year	一於一年後到期	_	_
Fixed rate:	定息:		
- Expiring within one year	一於一年內到期	32,256	27,598
– Expiring beyond one year	一於一年後到期	7,333	7,333
		100,141	86,081

#### 19 DEFERRED INCOME TAX - GROUP

19 遞延所得稅-本集團

Deferred income tax is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method using the principal tax rates prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

遞延所得税乃根據負債法以本集團營運所 在國家當時的主要税率就所有暫時差額計 算。

The analysis of deferred income tax assets and liabilities is as follows:

遞延所得税資產及負債之分析如下:

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Deferred income tax assets:	遞延所得税資產:		
- Deferred income tax assets to be	- 將於12個月後收回之		
recovered after more than 12 months	遞延所得税資產	-	(58)
Deferred income tax liabilities:	遞延所得税負債:		
- Deferred income tax liabilities to be	一將於12個月後收回之		
recovered after more than 12 months	遞延所得稅負債	5,357	6,180
Deferred income tax liabilities, net	遞延所得税負債淨額	5,357	6,122

The gross movement on the deferred income tax account is as follows:

遞延所得税賬變動毛額如下:

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January Income statement credit (Note 24)	於一月一日 計入收益表(附註24)	6,122 (765)	6,496 (374)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	5,357	6,122

#### 19 DEFERRED INCOME TAX - GROUP (continued)

The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

#### Deferred income tax liabilities

#### 19 遞延所得稅-本集團(續)

本年度遞延所得税資產及負債(未計及抵 銷相同徵税司法權區的結餘前)的變動如 下:

#### 遞延所得税負債

# Accelerated tax depreciation 加速税項折舊

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January Credited to income statement	於一月一日 計入收益表	7,142 (998)	7,519 (377)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	6,144	7,142

#### Deferred income tax assets

# 遞延所得税資產

# Other temporary differences 其他暫時差額

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January Charged to income statement	於一月一日 扣除自收益表	(1,020) 233	(1,023) 3
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	(787)	(1,020)

According to the New PRC Enterprise Income Tax Law, the profits of the PRC subsidiary of the Group derived since 1 January 2008 will be subject to withholding tax at a rate of 10% upon the distribution of such profits to foreign investors. Deferred income tax liabilities of US\$858,000 (2012: US\$787,000) have not been recognised in respect of temporary differences attributable to accumulated profits of the Group's PRC subsidiaries as the Group controls the dividend policy of these PRC subsidiaries it is probable that these temporary differences will not be reversed in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised in respect of tax losses carried forward to the extent that realisation of the related tax benefit through the future taxable profits is probable. The Group has unrecognised tax losses of US\$26,795,000 (2012: US\$23,468,000) to carry forward against future taxable income. These tax losses will expire in one to five years.

根據新中國企業所得稅法,本集團旗下中國附屬公司自二零零八年一月一日起產生的溢利,須就分派予外國投資者的溢利按10%的稅率繳納預扣稅。由於本集團控制該等中國附屬公司之股息政策,且本集團中國附屬公司累計溢利應佔之暫時性差異中國附屬公司影來撥回,故並無就該等暫時性差異確認遞延稅項負債858,000美元(二零一二年:787,000美元)。

遞延所得稅資產乃於相關稅務利益可透 過未來應課稅溢利變現時就所結轉的 稅務虧損作出確認。本集團有未確認稅 務虧損26,795,000美元(二零一二年: 23,468,000美元)可結轉以抵銷未來應課 稅收入。該等稅務虧損將於一年至五年間 到期。

#### 20 REVENUE

The Group manufactures and sells fermentation-based food additives, biochemical products and cassava starch-based industrial products including modified starch, glucose syrup, MSG, soda, acid and beverages. Revenues recognised for the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012 were US\$342,453,000 and US\$372,922,000 respectively.

# 20 收益

本集團製造及銷售發酵食品添加劑、生化產品及木薯澱粉工業產品,包括變性澱粉、葡萄糖漿、味精、蘇打、鹽酸及飲料。截至二零一三年及二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度確認之收益分別為342,453,000美元及372,922,000美元。

#### 21 OTHER GAINS - NET

### 21 其他收益/(虧損)-淨額

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Net exchange (loss)/gain	匯兑(虧損)/收益淨額	(77)	137
(Loss)/gain on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備		
plant and equipment	(虧損)/收益	(269)	68
Sale of scrap materials	廢料銷售	887	345
Others	其他	615	66
		1,156	616

# 22 EXPENSES BY NATURE

# 22 按性質分類之開支

Expenses included in cost of sales, selling and distribution expenses and administrative expenses are analysed as follows:

銷售成本、銷售及分銷開支及行政開支所 包括之開支分析如下:

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Changes in inventories and	存貨及已用消耗品變動		
consumables used (Notes 12)	(附註12)	255,791	271,912
Amortisation of intangible assets (Notes 8)	無形資產攤銷(附註8)	1,339	1,459
Amortisation of land use rights (Notes 6)	土地使用權攤銷(附註6)	55	51
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	340	350
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (Notes 7)	物業、廠房及設備折舊 (附註7)	22,145	23,279
Impairment charge on property, plant and equipment (Notes 7)	物業、廠房及設備減值開支 (附註7)	_	322
Impairment charge on intangible assets (Notes 8)	無形資產減值開支 (附註8)	_	344
Operating leases expenses in respect of	有關租賃土地經營租約之 開支	161	171
Employee benefit expenses (Notes 28)	僱員福利開支(附註28)	29,986	28,174
Net provision for impairment of trade	應收貿易賬款減值撥備淨額	29,900	20,174
receivables (Notes 13)	(附註13)	127	226
Other expenses	其他開支	32,336	37,488
Total cost of sales, selling and distribution expenses and	銷售成本、銷售及分銷開支 及行政開支總額		
administrative expenses		342,280	363,776

#### 23 FINANCE INCOME - NET

### 23 財政收入 - 淨額

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Finance income – interest income on short-term bank deposits	財政收入-短期銀行 存款利息收入	981	1,457
Interest expense on bank borrowings Amortisation of discount on long-term	銀行借貸利息開支應付一間有關連人士之	(742)	(1,121)
payable to a related party	長期款項折讓攤銷	-	(90)
Finance costs	財政支出	(742)	(1,211)
Finance income – net	財政收入一淨額	239	246

No interest expenses on bank borrowings have been capitalised under property, plant and equipment for current year (2012: Nil).

概無銀行借貸之利息開支於本年度被撥充 為物業、廠房及設備之資本(二零一二年: 無)。

### 24 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Taxation on profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

#### 24 所得稅開支

溢利的税項就年內估計應課税溢利按本集 團營運所在國家之適用税率計算。

# 24 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

#### 24 所得稅開支(績)

The amount of income tax charged to the consolidated income statement represents:

於綜合收益表內扣除之所得稅包括:

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Enterprise income tax ("EIT")  Over-provision of income tax in previous years	企業所得税 過往年度所得税超額撥備	3,036 (477)	3,787
Total current tax Deferred income tax (Notes 19)	即期税項總額 遞延所得税(附註19)	2,559 (765)	3,787 (374)
		1,794	3,413

The income tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the applicable tax rate for Vietnam Vedan, which is a major subsidiary of the Group, as follows:

本集團未計所得税前溢利的所得税與倘若 採用本集團主要附屬公司一越南味丹的適 用税率而計算的理論税款的差額如下:

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	2,522	9,964
Tax calculated at domestic tax rate of 15% (2012: 15%)	按本地税率15%計算之 税項(二零一二年: 15%)	378	1,495
Tax effects of different tax rates	不同税率之税務影響	(97)	(186)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	不可扣税之開支	1,191	1,504
Income not subject to tax	毋須課税收入	(36)	-
Utilisation of previously unrecognised	動用之前未確認税務虧損		
tax losses		-	(71)
Over-provision in prior years	在過往年度超額撥備	(477)	-
Tax losses arising for which no deferred	所產生但並無確認遞延所		
income tax asset was recognised	得税資產之税務虧損	835	671
Tax charge	税項支出	1,794	3,413

EIT is provided on the basis of the statutory profit for financial reporting purposes, adjusted for income and expenses items which are not assessable or deductible for income tax purposes.

企業所得税按財務申報的法定溢利計算, 且就所得税的毋須課税或不可扣減的收支 項目作出調整。

#### 24 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

#### (i) Vietnam

The applicable EIT rates for the Group's operations in Vietnam range from 15% to 25%, as stipulated in the respective subsidiaries' investment licenses.

#### (ii) The PRC

The applicable EIT rate for the Group's operation in the PRC is 25%.

#### (iii) Singapore/Hong Kong

No Singapore/Hong Kong profits tax has been provided as the Group had no estimated assessable profit arising in or derived from Singapore and Hong Kong during the year.

#### (iv) Taiwan

The applicable EIT rate for the Group's operations in Taiwan is 17%.

# 25 PROFIT OR LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

The loss attributable to owners of the Company is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of US\$8,177,000 (2012: profit of US\$8,634,000).

#### 24 所得稅開支(績)

#### (i) 越南

按附屬公司各自的投資許可證所訂 明,本集團在越南的業務的適用企業 所得税率介乎15%至25%。

#### (ii) 中國

本集團在中國的業務的適用企業所 得税率為25%。

#### (iii) 新加坡/香港

由於本集團於本年度並無在新加坡 及香港賺取或獲得估計應課税溢利, 因此並無作出新加坡/香港利得税 撥備。

#### (iv) 台灣

本集團在台灣的業務的適用企業所 得税率為17%。

#### 25 本公司擁有人應佔溢利

計入本公司財務報表的本公司擁有人應佔 虧損為8,177,000美元(二零一二年:溢利 8,634,000美元)。

# 26 DIVIDENDS

The dividends paid in 2013 and 2012 were US\$3,741,000 (0.246 US cents per ordinary share) and US\$6,940,000 (0.455 US cents per ordinary share) respectively. The Board has resolved not to recommend for shareholders' approval at its forthcoming annual general meeting the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2013 (2012: 0.145 US cents per ordinary share).

#### 26 股息

二零一三年及二零一二年之已付股息分別為3,741,000美元(每股普通股0.246美仙)及6,940,000美元(每股普通股0.455美仙)。董事會已決議不建議派發截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度的末期股息(二零一二年:每股普通股0.145美仙)以供股東在稍後召開的股東周年大會上審批。

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
2013 interim dividend, paid of 0.101 US cents (2012 interim: 0.144 US cents) per ordinary share	已付二零一三年中期股息 每股普通股0.101美仙 (二零一二年中期: 0.144美仙)	1,536	2,200
Proposed 2013 final dividend of – US cents (2012: 0.145 US cents) per ordinary share	擬派二零一三年末期股息 每股普通股0美仙 (二零一二年: 0.145美仙)	-	2,205
		1,536	4,405

The aggregate amounts of the dividends paid and proposed during 2013 and 2012 have been disclosed in the consolidated income statement in accordance with the disclosure requirements of Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

於二零一三年及二零一二年間已付及擬派 股息總額已根據香港公司條例於綜合收益 表中披露。

#### **27 EARNINGS PER SHARE**

#### (a) Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

# 27 每股盈利

### (a) 基本

每股基本盈利按本公司擁有人應佔 溢利除以年內已發行普通股的加權 平均數計算。

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Profit attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔溢利	1,488	7,342
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (thousands)	已發行普通股加權平均數 (以千計)	1,522,742	1,522,742
Basic earnings per share (US cents per share)	每股基本盈利 (每股美仙)	0.10	0.48

### (b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is same as basic earnings per share as there are no dilutive instruments for the years ended 31 December 2013 and 2012.

# (b) 攤薄

截至二零一三年及二零一二年十二 月三十一日止年度,由於並無攤薄工 具,每股攤薄盈利與每股基本盈利相 同。

# 28 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION)

#### 28 僱員福利開支(包括董事薪酬)

		2013 二零一三年 千美元	2012 二零一二年 千美元
Wages, basic salaries and allowances	工資、底薪及津貼	24,469	23,127
Bonuses	花紅	_	594
Pension costs - defined contribution plans	退休金成本一定額供款計劃	2,435	2,326
Other employee benefits	其他僱員福利	3,082	2,127
		29,986	28,174

#### 29 POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

As stipulated by rules and regulations in the PRC, the Group contributes to state-sponsored defined contribution retirement plans for its employees in Xiamen, Shandong and Shanghai, the PRC. The Group contributes to the plans at rates ranging from 12% to 25% (2012: 12% to 26%) of the basic salaries predetermined by local governments. The state-sponsored retirement plans are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to retired employees. For the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group contributed approximately US\$649,000 (2012: US\$613,000) to the aforesaid state-sponsored retirement plans.

As stipulated by rules and regulations in Vietnam, the Group contributes to stated-sponsored employees' social insurance scheme for its employees in Vietnam. The Group contributes to the scheme at a rate of 17% (2012: 17%) of the employee's salary. The state-sponsored social insurance scheme is responsible for the entire obligations payable to retired employees. For the year ended 31 December 2013, the Group contributed approximately US\$1,615,000 (2012: US\$1,426,000) to the aforesaid state-sponsored social insurance scheme.

#### 29 退休福利

根據中國的規則及規例,本集團為中國廈門、山東及上海僱員向國家營辦的定額供款退休計劃作出供款。本集團對該等計劃的供款率由當地政府預先設定,介乎底薪的12%至25%(二零一二年:12%至26%)。國家營辦的退休計劃負責向退休僱員支付所有退休福利。截至二零一三年付上年度,本集團向上述國家營辦的退休計劃供款約649,000美元(二零一二年:613,000美元)。

根據越南的規則及規例,本集團為越南僱員向國家營辦的僱員社會保險計劃作出供款。本集團按僱員薪金的17%(二零一二年:17%)向計劃作出供款。國家營辦的社會保險計劃負責為退休僱員提供所有保障。截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團向上述國家營辦的社會保險計劃供款約1,615,000美元(二零一二年:1,426,000美元)。

# 30 EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

# 30 董事及高級管理層的薪酬

- (a) The aggregate amounts of emoluments paid and payable to the directors of the Company by the Group during the year are as follows:
- (a) 本年度本集團向本公司董事已付及 應付的薪酬總額如下:

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Fees	袍金	6	8
Basic salaries and allowances	底薪及津貼	1,222	1,240
Discretionary bonuses	酌情發放花紅	-	594
		1,228	1,842

None of the directors of the Company waived any emoluments during the year (2012: Nil).

本年度本公司董事並無放棄任何薪 酬(二零一二年:無)。

The remuneration of every director of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2013 is set out below:

截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止 年度本公司各董事的薪酬載列如下:

		Fees	Salary	Discretionary bonuses	Other benefits (Note) 其他福利	Total
Name of Director	董事姓名 袍金	薪金	薪金 酌情發放花紅	(附註)	合計	
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
Executive Director	執行董事					
Mr. Yang, Tou-Hsiung	楊頭雄先生		280		13	293
Mr. Yang, Cheng	楊正先生	92	200	027	13	213
Mr. Yang, Kun-Hsiang	楊坤祥先生	-	305	15	13	318
Mr. Yang, Chen-Wen	楊辰文先生	(-)	150	12	13	163
Mr. Yang, Kun-Chou	楊坤洲先生	(2)	150	_	13	163
Non-executive Director	非執行董事					
Mr. Chou, Szu-Cheng	周賜程先生	-	-	_	12	12
Mr. Huang, Ching-Jung	黃景榮先生	2	121	(2)	12	12
Independent non-executive Director	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Chao, Pei-Hong	趙培宏先生	2	-	1.5	12	14
Mr. Chen, Joen-Ray	陳忠瑞先生	1	-	(-)	12	13
Mr. Hsieh, Lung-Fa	謝龍發先生	1	-	-	12	13
Mr. Ko, Jim-Chen	柯俊禎先生	2	- 7	(55)	12	14
Total	合計	6	1,085	10	137	1,228

# 30 EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### (a) (continued)

The remuneration of every director and senior management of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2012 is set out below:

### 30 董事及高級管理層的薪酬(績)

#### (a) (續)

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止 年度本公司各董事及高級管理層的 薪酬載列如下:

Name of Director	董事姓名	Fees 拖金	Salary 薪金	Discretionary bonuses 酌情發放花紅	Other benefits (Note) 其他福利 (附註)	Total 合計
		US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元
Executive Director	執行董事					
Mr. Yang, Tou-Hsiung	楊頭雄先生	1	338	178	13	530
Mr. Yang, Cheng	楊正先生	-	200	12	13	225
Mr. Yang, Kun-Hsiang	楊坤祥先生	_	302	154	13	469
Mr. Yang, Chen-Wen	楊辰文先生	2	150	125	13	288
Mr. Yang, Kun-Chou	楊坤洲先生	1.70	125	125	13	263
Non-executive Director	非執行董事					
Mr. Chou, Szu-Cheng	周賜程先生	-	0.70	1.70	12	12
Mr. Huang, Ching-Jung	黄景榮先生	1	-	10.70	12	13
Independent non-executive Director	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Chao, Pei-Hong	趙培宏先生	2	_	-	12	14
Mr. Chen, Joen-Ray	陳忠瑞先生	2	12	_	12	14
Mr. Hsieh, Lung-Fa	謝龍發先生	-	(5)		17	-
Mr. Ko, Jim-Chen	柯俊禎先生	2	(=)	. –	12	14
Total	合計	8	1,115	594	125	1,842

Note:

Other benefits include travelling allowance.

- (b) The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year included five (2012: five) executive directors; their emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above.
- (c) During the year, no emoluments have been paid to the directors of the Company (includes the five highest paid individuals of the Group) as an inducement to join or as compensation for loss of office.

There are no outstanding share options as at 31 December 2013 and 2012.

附註:

其他福利包括差旅津貼。

- (b) 本集團本年度內五名最高薪酬人士 包括五名(二零一二年:五名)執行 董事,彼等的酬金已於上文呈列之分 析中反映。
- (c) 本年度並無向本公司董事(包括本集 團五名最高薪酬人士)支付酬金,作 為招攬加入本集團的獎勵或離職補 償。

於二零一三年及二零一二年十二月 三十一日概無購股權尚未行使。

# 30 EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (continued)

# 30 董事及高級管理層的薪酬(績)

# (d) Senior management remuneration by band The emoluments fell within the following bands:

# (d) 高級管理層酬金範圍 酬金介乎於以下範圍:

# Number of individuals

人數

		2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
Emolument bands (in US\$)	酬金範圍(美元)		
US\$80,001 - US\$105,000	80,001美元 - 105,000美元	10	6
US\$105,001 - US\$130,000	105,001美元 - 130,000美元	3	1

#### 31 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

#### 31 業務產生之現金

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利	2,522	9,964
Adjustments for:	就以下項目調整:	100	
- Finance income - net (Note 23)	一財政收入		
	一淨額(附註23)	(239)	(246)
<ul> <li>Share of post tax loss of an associate</li> </ul>	一應佔一間聯營公司除税		
(Note 10)	後虧損(附註10)	32	44
<ul> <li>Depreciation of property, plant and</li> </ul>	-物業、廠房及設備折舊	1000000	
equipment (Note 7)	(附註7)	22,145	23,279
<ul> <li>Provision for impairment of property,</li> </ul>	-物業、廠房及設備減值		
plant and equipment (Note 7)	撥備(附註7)	-	322
<ul> <li>Provision for impairment of intangible</li> </ul>	一無形資產減值撥備		
assets (Note 8)	(附註8)	-	344
<ul> <li>Provision for impairment of trade</li> </ul>	一應收貿易賬款減值撥備		
receivables (Note 13)	(附註13)	127	226
<ul> <li>Amortisation of intangible assets</li> </ul>	-無形資產攤銷(附註8)		
(Note 8)		1,339	1,459
– Amortisation of land use rights (Note 6)	一土地使用權攤銷	and the	
	(附註6)	55	51
<ul> <li>Loss/(gain) on disposal of property,</li> </ul>	一出售物業、廠房及設備		
plant and equipment (see below)	虧損/(收益)		
	(見下文)	269	(68)
<ul> <li>Gain on disposal of non-current assets</li> </ul>	一出售持作出售非流動		
held for sale (see below)	資產收益(見下文)	(986)	-

# 31 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS (continued)

# 31 業務產生之現金(績)

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Change in working capital (excluding	營運資金變動 (未計綜合賬目	25,264	35,375
the effects of exchange differences on consolidation)	產生之匯兑差額影響)		
- Inventories	一存貨	(24,106)	4,242
Trade receivables, prepayments and other receivables	一應收貿易賬款、 預付款項及	,,,,	
	其他應收款項	5,880	(7,140)
<ul> <li>Trade payables, accruals and other payables</li> </ul>	一應付貿易賬款、 應計費用及		
***************************************	其他應付款項	(9,408)	2,160
- Net changes in balances with	一與有關連公司賬項之		
related companies	變動淨值	(50)	26
Cash (used in)/generated from operations	業務(所用)產生之現金	(2,420)	34,663

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and non-current assets held for sales comprise:

在綜合現金流量表內,出售物業、廠房及 設備及持作出售非流動資產之所得款項如 下:

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Net book amount (Note 7) (Loss)/gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment (Note 21)	賬面淨值(附註7) 出售物業、廠房及設備 (虧損)/收益 (附註21)	279 (269)	701 68
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備所得 款項	10	769
		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Net book amount Gain on disposal of non-current assets held for sale (Note 7(i))	賬面淨值 出售持作出售非流動資產之 收益(附註7(i))	二零一三年 US\$'000	二零一二年 US\$'000

### 32 COMMITMENTS

# (a) Capital commitments

The Group's capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the reporting period but not yet incurred is as follows:

#### 32 承擔

#### (a) 資本承擔

本集團於報告期末已訂約但未產生 之資本支出如下:

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Contracted but not provided for Property, plant and equipment Investment in an associate (Note)	已訂約但未撥備 物業、廠房及設備 於一間聯營公司之投資	39,345	868
	(附註)	2,632	3,112
		41,977	3,980

Note:

附註:

Details of investment are disclosed in Note 10.

投資詳情於附註10披露。

# (b) Operating lease commitments

The Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments in respect of land and buildings under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

### (b) 經營租約承擔

本集團根據不可撤銷經營租約就土 地及樓宇須於未來支付的最低租賃 款項總額如下:

		2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
No later than one year	一年內	491	121
Later than one year and no later	一年後但五年內	10000	
than five years		1,953	456
Later than five years	五年後	2,632	2,797
		5,076	3,374

#### 33 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At 31 December 2013, the Company has given guarantees for bank facilities of subsidiaries amounting to US\$92,300,000 (2012: US\$99,300,000) of which US\$60,244,000 (2012: US\$70,111,000) has not been utilised.

#### 33 或然負債

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本公司為附屬公司之銀行借貸提供擔保達92,300,000美元(二零一二年:99,300,000美元),其中60,244,000美元(二零一二年:70,111,000美元)尚未動田。

#### 34 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) The table below summarises the related parties and nature of their relationship with the Company as at 31 December 2013:

# 34 有關連人士交易

(a) 下表概述於二零一三年十二月 三十一日之有關連人士及其與本公 司的關係性質:

# Related party

有關連人士

Taiwan Vedan 台灣味丹 Dacin Holdings (Pte) Ltd. 達欣控股有限公司 Relationship with the Company 與本公司的關係

A substantial shareholder of the Company 本公司的主要股東 A subsidiary of an associate of the Company 本公司一間聯營公司的附屬公司

- (b) Significant related party transactions, which were carried out in the normal course of the Group's business are as follows:
- (b) 在本集團日常業務中進行的重大有關連人士如下:

		Note 附註	2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Sale of goods to Taiwan Vedan	向台灣味丹銷售貨品	(i)	2,865	2,875
Technological support fee paid to Taiwan Vedan	向台灣味丹支付技術 支援費	(ii)	2,268	2,234
Agency commission income	向台灣味丹收取的	(11)	2,200	2,234
received from Taiwan Vedan	代理佣金收入	(ii)	25	18

Notes:

- In the opinion of the directors of the Company, sales to the related parties were conducted in the normal course of business.
- (ii) In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the transactions were carried out in the normal course of business and the fees are charged in accordance with the terms of underlying agreements.

附註:

- (i) 本公司董事認為向有關連人士作 出之銷售是在日常業務中進行。
- (ii) 本公司董事認為該等交易在日常 業務中進行,並且根據相關協議的 條款收費。

# 34 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS(continued)

#### (c) Key management compensation

The compensation paid or payable to key management, including all executive directors and senior management, for employee services is shown below.

#### 34 有關連人士交易(績)

#### (c) 主要管理人員酬金

已付或應付主要管理人員(包括所有 執行董事及高級管理層)之僱員服務 薪酬載列如下。

	2013 二零一三年 US\$'000 千美元	2012 二零一二年 US\$'000 千美元
Salaries and other short-term 薪酬及其他短期僱員福利 employee benefits	2,417	2,578

#### (d) Year-end balances with the related parties

As at 31 December 2013, the Group had the following significant balances with the related parties:

#### (d) 與有關連人士之年末結餘

於二零一三年十二月三十一日,本集 團與有關連人士之主要結餘如下:

			2013 二零一三年	2012 二零一二年
		Note 附註	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元
Current:	即期:			
Trade receivable from Taiwan	應收台灣味丹貿易			
Vedan (Note 13)	賬款(附註13)	(i)	-	105
Other receivable from Taiwan	其他應收台灣			
Vedan	味丹款項	(i)	-	9
Amount due to Taiwan Vedan	應付台灣味丹款項	(i)	(313)	(323)
Short-term loan to Dacin Holdings	給予達欣控股有限公司		2000,0000	
(Pte) Ltd.	之短期貸款	(ii)	96	_

#### Notes:

- All these balances with Taiwan Vedan are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of payment.
- (ii) The balance with Dacin Holdings (Pte) Ltd. is unsecured, carries an interest of 3.5% per annum and is repayable on 16 September 2014.

#### 附註:

- 台灣味丹的所有結餘均為無抵押、 免息及無固定還款期。
- (ii) 與達欣控股有限公司之結餘為無 抵押、按年利率3.5厘計息,並須於 二零一四年九月十六日償還。

#### 35 BANKING FACILITIES

Save as disclosed in Notes 18 and 33 to the financial statements, the Group's bank borrowings of US\$36,066,000 as at 31 December 2013 (2012: US\$29,189,000) were secured by legal charges over certain of the Group's property, plant and equipment (Note 7) with net book amount of approximately US\$15,058,000 (2012: US\$19,157,000) and the Group's restricted cash (Note 14) of approximately US\$4,264,000 (2012: nil).

#### 35 銀行信貸

除財務報表附註18及33所披露者外,本集團於二零一三年十二月三十一日之銀行借貸36,066,000美元(二零一二年:29,189,000美元)由賬面淨值約15,058,000美元(二零一二年:19,157,000美元)之若干本集團物業、廠房及設備(附註7)之法定押記作出抵押。