## **Consolidated Balance Sheet** 綜合資產負債表

As at 31 December 2010 二零一零年十二月三十一日

		Note	2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
		附註	千美元	千美元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Land use rights	土地使用權	6	654	6,472
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	7	174,013	189,577
Intangible assets	無形資產	8	15,049	16,178
Prepayment for property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備			
equipment	之預付款項		200	1,103
Investment in associate	於聯營公司之投資	10	1,230	-
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		191,146	213,330
Current assets	流動資產			
Held-to-maturity financial assets	<b>加勤員產</b> 持有至到期之財務			
Held-to-maturity imaricial assets	行 任 王 刊 朔 之 別 初 資 產			2,959
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	11	40,328	26,937
Inventories	存貨	12	83,193	65,596
Amount due from a minority	應收附屬公司	12	03,133	03,390
shareholder of a subsidiary	少數股東款項		1,308	1,288
	預付款項及其他		1,500	1,200
Prepayments and other receivables	度的		7.050	7.040
Current income tax recoverable	應收款項 即期所得税資產		7,950	7,849 46
	現金及現金等價物	10	24 526	
Cash and cash equivalents	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	13	34,536	39,614
			167,315	144,289
Non-current assets held for sale	持作出售非流動資產	6	12,415	
Total current assets	流動資產總額		179,730	144,289
Total assets	總資產		370,876	357,619
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔			
the Company	權益			
Share capital	股本	14	15,228	15,228
Reserves	儲備			
<ul> <li>Proposed final dividend</li> </ul>	- 建議末期股息	15, 26	3,670	4,840
– Others	一其他	15	245,647	248,898
			264,545	268,966
Non-controlling interest	非控股權益		1,631	2,685
Total equity	權益總額		266 176	271 651
Total equity	惟無統領		266,176	271,651

## **Consolidated Balance Sheet** 綜合資產負債表

As at 31 December 2010 二零一零年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
LIABILITIES	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Long-term bank borrowings	長期銀行借貸	17	15,259	16,222
Deferred income tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債	18	7,513	8,050
Long-term payable to a related party	應付有關連人士之			
	長期款項	34(d)	2,074	4,031
Provision for long service payment	長期服務金撥備		1,179	1,119
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		26,025	29,422
Current liabilities	流動負債			
	應付貿易賬款	16	26,030	12.042
Trade payables Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他	10	20,030	13,043
Accruais and other payables	應計質用及共他 應付款項		10.047	12 420
Due to related parties	應付有關連人士		19,847	12,428
Due to related parties	應 的 有 關 建 八 工 款 項	34(d)	2,280	2,043
Chart tarm hard, harrandings	短期銀行借貸	34(u) 17	23,596	•
Short-term bank borrowings Current portion of long-term bank	長期銀行借貸之	17	23,390	23,252
borrowings	取期部份	17	4,279	3,123
Current income tax liabilities	即期所得税負債	17	2,643	2,657
			2,045	2,657
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		78,675	56,546
Total liabilities	負債總額		104,700	85,968
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		370,876	357,619
Net current assets	流動資產淨額		101,055	87,743
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		292,201	301,073

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and were signed on its behalf. 財務報表已獲董事會審批並由下列人士代表簽署。

YANG, Tou-Hsiung YANG, Kun-Hsiang 楊坤祥 楊頭雄

Director Director 董事 董事

## **Balance Sheet** 資產負債表

As at 31 December 2010 二零一零年十二月三十一日

	Note 附註	2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$′000 千美元
ASSETS	資產		
Non-current assets Intangible assets Investments in subsidiaries, at cost	<b>非流動資產</b> 無形資產 8 對附屬公司投資	5,037	6,246
	(按成本) 9 給予一間附屬公司	170,390	170,390
Long-term loan to a subsidiary  Investment in associate		10,500 1,230	2,700
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額	187,157	179,336
Current assets			
Due from subsidiaries Prepayments and other receivables	應收附屬公司款項 9 預付款項及其他	52,150	59,885
Cash and cash equivalents	應收款項 現金及現金等價物 13	396 1,151	400 3,866
Total current assets	流動資產總額	53,697	64,151
Total assets	總資產	240,854	243,487
EQUITY Equity attributable to owners of the Company	權益 本公司擁有人應佔 權益		
Share capital Reserves	股本 14 儲備	15,228	15,228
<ul><li>Proposed final dividend</li><li>Others</li></ul>	- 建議末期股息 15, 26 - 其他 15	3,670 207,032	4,840 205,748
Total equity	權益總額	225,930	225,816
LIABILITIES	負債		
Non-current liability Long-term payable to a related party	<b>非流動負債</b> 應付有關連人士之 長期款項 34(d)	2,074	4,031
Current liabilities Accruals and other payables	<b>流動負債</b> 應計費用及其他應付 款項	1,282	3.035
Short-term bank borrowings Due to a related party	短期銀行借貸 17 應付有關連人士款項 34(d)	9,288 2,280	8,734 1,871
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	12,850	13,640
Total liabilities	負債總額	14,924	17,671
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額	240,854	243,487
Net current assets	流動資產淨額	40,847	50,511
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	228,004	229,847

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and were signed on its behalf. 財務報表已獲董事會審批並由下列人士代表簽署。

YANG, Tou-Hsiung 楊頭雄 YANG, Kun-Hsiang 楊坤祥

Director 董事 Director 董事

## **Consolidated Income Statement**

## 綜合收益表

Year ended 31 December 2010 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$′000 千美元
Revenue	收益	19	336,107	289,137
Cost of sales	銷售成本	21	(278,251)	(217,805)
Gross profit	毛利		57,856	71,332
Other losses – net	其他虧損-淨額	20	(2,076)	(2,937)
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支	21	(16,393)	(14,452)
Administrative expenses	行政開支	21	(24,897)	(30,068)
Compensation to farmers	農民賠償	22	(11,807)	_
Operating profit	經營溢利		2,683	23,875
Finance income	財政收入		968	747
Finance costs	財政支出		(1,696)	(1,594)
Finance costs – net	財政支出-淨值	23	(728)	(847)
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利		1,955	23,028
Income tax expense	所得税開支	24	(4,582)	(5,234)
(Loss)/profit for the year	本年度(虧損)/溢利	25	(2,627)	17,794
(Loss)/profit attributable to:	以下各方應佔(虧損) /溢利:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		(1,480)	17,983
Non-controlling interest	非控股權益		(1,147)	(189)
			(2,627)	17,794
(Losses)/earnings per share for (loss)/ profit attributable to the owners of the Company during the year	本公司擁有人應佔 年內(虧損)/ 溢利之每股 (虧損)/盈利			
Basic (losses)/earnings per share (expressed in US cents)	每股基本(虧損)/ 盈利(以美仙計)	27	(0.10)	1.18
Diluted (losses)/earnings per share (expressed in US cents)	每股攤薄(虧損)/ 盈利(以美仙計)	27	(0.10)	1.18
Dividends	股息	26	3,670	8,992

# Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表

Year ended 31 December 2010 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度

		2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$′000 ✓ ★ =
(Loss)/profit for the year	本年度(虧損)/溢利	千美元 (2,627)	千美元 17,794
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收入		
Currency translation differences	匯兑差額	1,992	99
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year	本年度全面(虧損)/收入總額	(635)	17,893
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year attributable to:	以下各方應佔全面(虧損)/收入 總額:		
<ul><li>Owners of the Company</li><li>Non-controlling interest</li></ul>	一本公司擁有人 一非控股權益	419 (1,054)	18,087 (194)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year	本年度全面(虧損)/收入總額	(635)	17,893

## **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

## 綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 December 2010 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度

#### Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔

	_	本公司擁有人應佔						
		Share capital 股本 US\$'000 千美元	Share premium 股份溢價 US\$'000 千美元	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 US\$'000 千美元	Merger reserve 合併儲備 US\$'000 千美元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 US\$'000 千美元	Non- controlling interest 非控股權益 US\$'000 千美元	<b>Total</b> 總計 US\$'000 千美元
Balance at 1 January 2009	於二零零九年一月一日之結餘	15,228	47,358	10,204	79,994	102,247	2,879	257,910
Comprehensive income Profit/(loss) for the year Other comprehensive income: Currency translation differences	全面收入 本年度溢利/(虧損) 其他全面收入: 匯兑差額	-	-	- 104	-	17,983 -	(189)	17,794 99
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	-	-	104	-	17,983	(194)	17,893
Total transactions with owners Dividend paid	與擁有人之總交易額 已付股息	-	-			(4,152)		(4,152)
Balance at 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日之 結餘	15,228	47,358	10,308	79,994	116,078	2,685	271,651
Balance at 1 January 2010	於二零一零年一月一日之結餘	15,228	47,358	10,308	79,994	116,078	2,685	271,651
Comprehensive income Loss for the year Other comprehensive income: Currency translation differences	全面收入 本年度虧損 其他全面收入: 匯兑差額	-	-	- 1,899	-	(1,480)	(1,147) 93	(2,627) 1,992
Total comprehensive loss	全面虧損總額	-		1,899		(1,480)	(1,054)	(635)
Total transactions with owners Dividend paid	與擁有人之總交易額 已付股息	-	<del>-</del>		_	(4,840)	_	(4,840)
Balance at 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日之 結餘	15,228	47,358	12,207	79,994	109,758	1,631	266,176

## **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

## 綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 2010 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
Cash flows from operating activities	經營業務產生之			
Cash generated from operations Interest paid	<b>現金流量</b> 業務產生之現金 已付利息	31	21,960 (447)	61,430 (524)
Income taxes paid	已付所得税		(5,033)	(6,960)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營業務產生之 現金淨額		6,480	53,946
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動產生之 現金流量			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及 設備 空馬及記供	7	(16,802)	(37,478)
Long-term prepayment of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of property,	物業、廠房及設備 之長期預付款項 銷售物業、廠房及		903	3,297
plant and equipment	設備之所得款項	31	166	44
Purchases of intangible assets and land use rights Redemption of held-to-maturity	購買無形資產及 土地使用權 贖回持有至到期之	6, 8	(1,633)	(88)
financial assets Investment in an associate	財務資產於聯營公司之投資	10	2,959 (1,230)	- -
Interest received from held-to-maturity financial assets	已收持有至到期之 財務資產之利息		61	405
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(15,576)	(33,820)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動產生之			
Dividends paid	<b>現金流量</b> 已付股息	26	(4,840)	(4,152)
Net change in short-term bank	短期銀行借貸	20		
borrowings Proceeds from long-term bank	變動淨額 長期銀行借貸		344	(15,408)
borrowings Repayment of long-term bank borrowings	所得款項 償還長期銀行借貸		20,169	8,670
Repayment of long-term payable	償還結欠味丹企業		(19,976)	(3,817)
to Vedan Enterprise Corporation ("Taiwan Vedan")	股份有限公司		<b>6</b>	( )
	長期應付款項 ————		(2,145)	(2,145)
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用之 現金淨額		(6,448)	(16,852)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物 (減少)/增加淨額		(5,544)	3,274
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	於年初之現金及現金 等價物	13	39,614	36,286
Exchange gains on cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物之 匯兑收益		466	54
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	於年末之現金及 現金等價物	13	34,536	39,614

#### 1 **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Vedan International Holdings Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") manufacture and sell fermentation-based food additives, biochemical products and cassava starch-based industrial products including modified starch, glucose syrup, Monosodium Glutamate ("MSG"), soda, acid and beverages. The products are sold to food distributors, international trading companies, and manufacturers of food, paper, textiles, and chemical products in Vietnam, other ASEAN member countries, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), Japan, Taiwan, and several European countries.

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Century Yard, Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, George Town P.O. Box 2681 GT, Grand Cayman, British West Indies.

The Company has its primary listing on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in United States dollar ("US\$"), unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 22 March 2011.

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING** 2 **POLICIES**

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies.

### 一般資料

味丹國際(控股)有限公司(「本公司」)及 其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)生產及銷售 各種發酵食品添加劑、生化產品及木薯澱 粉工業產品(包括化工澱粉、葡萄糖糖漿、 味精、蘇打及鹽酸)以及飲料。產品乃銷售 往越南、其他東協成員國家、中華人民共 和國(「中國」)、日本、台灣及多個歐盟國 家的食品分銷商、國際貿易公司,以及食 品、紙品、紡織及化工產品生產商。

本公司為於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公 司,註冊辦事處地址為: Century Yard, Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, George Town P.O. Box 2681 GT, Grand Cayman, British West Indies °

本公司擁有香港聯合交易所有限公司第一 上市地位。

除另有列明外,此等綜合財務報表以美元 列值。此等綜合財務報表於二零一一年三 月二十二日獲董事會批准發佈。

#### 主要會計政策概要 2

編製此等綜合財務報表採用之主要會計政 策載列如下。除另有列明外,此等政策已 貫徹應用於所有呈報年度。

### 2.1 編製基準

本集團的綜合財務報表乃根據香港 財務報告準則而編製。綜合財務報表 乃根據歷史成本慣例而編製。

編製符合香港財務報告準則的財務 報表需要運用若干重要的會計估計, 亦同時需要管理層在採用本集團的 會計政策過程中作出判斷。

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING** 2 **POLICIES (continued)**

#### Basis of preparation (continued)

The following interpretations and amendments/revisions to standards are mandatory for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 January 2010, but do not have significant financial impact to the Group.

HKAS 17	Leases (and consequential
	amendment to HK(IFRIC)
	– Int 4, "Leases –
	Determination of the length
	of lease term in respect of
	Hong Kong land leases")

HKAS 27 (Revised) Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

HKAS 39 (Amendment) Eligible Hedge Items

HKFRS 1 (Revised) First-Time Adoption of HKFRSs

HKFRS 1 (Amendment) Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters

HKFRS 2 (Amendment) Group Cash-settled Sharebased Payment Transaction

HKFRS 3 (Revised) Business Combinations (and consequential amendments to HKAS 27, "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements", HKAS 28

> "Investments in Associates" and HKAS 31 "Interests in Joint Ventures")

## 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 編製基準(續) 2.1

以下準則之詮釋及修訂本/修訂必 須於二零一零年一月一日開始之財 政年度首次採納,但有關詮釋及修訂 本/修訂對本集團並無任何重大財 務影響。

香港會計準則 租賃(及對香港 第17號 (國際財務報告 詮釋委員會) -詮釋第4號「租 賃-釐定香港土 地租賃之租期」

之其後修訂本) 香港會計準則 綜合及獨立財務

第27號 報表 (經修訂)

合資格對沖項目 香港會計準則

第39號 (修訂本)

香港財務報告 首次採納香港財務 準則第1號 報告準則

(經修訂)

香港財務報告 首次採納者之額外 準則第1號 豁免

(修訂本)

香港財務 報告準則

集團以現金結算以 股份為基礎支付 之交易 第2號

(修訂本)

香港財務報告 準則第3號 (經修訂)

業務合併(及對 香港會計準則 第27號「綜合 及獨立財務報 表」、香港會計 準則第28號「於 聯營公司之 投資」及香港 會計準則第31號

> 「於合營企業之 權益」之其後 修訂)

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING** 2 **POLICIES (continued)**

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations (and Consequential Amendment to HKFRS 1 "First Time Adoption")

HK(IFRIC) - Int 17 Distribution of Non-cash Assets to Owners

Transfer of Assets from HK(IFRIC) - Int 18

Customers

Presentation of financial HK - Int 5

> statements - Classification by the borrower of a term loan that contains a repayment on demand clause

The following new standard and interpretation, amendments/revision to standards and interpretation have been issued, but are not effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2010 and have not been early adopted.

#### 主要會計政策概要(續) 2

#### 2.1 編製基準(續)

香港財務報告 持作出售非流動資 準則第5號 產及已終止經營 業務(及對香港

財務報告準則第 1號「首次採納」 之其後修訂本)

香港(國際財務 向擁有人分派 報告詮釋 非現金資產

委員會) 一詮釋 第17號

香港(國際財務 從客戶轉移資產

報告詮釋 委員會) 一詮釋 第18號

香港一詮釋 財務報表之呈列一 第5號 借款人對包含按

要求還款條款之 有期貸款之分類

本集團並無提早採納以下已頒佈但 於二零一零年一月一日開始之財政 年度尚未生效之新準則及詮釋、準則 及詮釋之修訂本/修訂。

> Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於下列日期或之後 開始之會計期間生效

HKAS 24 (Revised) 香港會計準則第24號(經修訂) HKAS 32 (Amendment) 香港會計準則第32號(修訂本) 供股之分類 Amendment to HKFRS 1

香港財務報告準則第1號之 修訂本

Related Party Disclosures

關連方披露 Classification of Rights Issue

Limited Exemption from Comparative HKFRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters

首次採納者就香港財務報告準則第7號之 披露比較資料之有限豁免

1 January 2011 二零一一年一月一日

1 February 2010 二零一零年二月一日

1 July 2010

二零一零年七月一日

## **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

## 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

#### 2.1 編製基準(續)

Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於下列日期或之後 開始之會計期間生效

HKFRS 9 香港財務報告準則第9號	Financial Instruments 金融工具	1 January 2013 二零一三年一月一日
Amendment to HK(IFRIC)	Prepayments of a Minimum Funding	1 January 2011
– Int 14	Requirement	
香港(國際財務報告詮釋 委員會)一詮釋第14號 之修訂本	最低資金要求之預付款項	二零一一年一月一日
HK(IFRIC) – Int 19	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments	1 July 2010
香港(國際財務報告詮釋 委員會)一詮釋第19號	以股本工具抵銷金融負債	二零一零年七月一日

The Group has already commenced an assessment of the related impact of adopting the above new standard, amendments/revision to standards and interpretations to the Group. The Group is not yet in a position to state whether substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies and presentation of the financial statements will result.

本集團已開始評估採納上述新準則、 準則及詮釋之修訂本/修訂對本集 團之相關影響。本集團尚未能釐定是 否會令本集團之會計政策或財務報 表之呈報產生重大變動。

In addition, the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants also published a number of amendments for the existing standards under its annual improvement project published in May 2010. These amendments are not expected to have a significant financial impact on the results and financial position of the Group.

此外,於二零一零年五月,香港會計 師公會於其年度改進項目中頒佈多 項對現行準則之修訂。預期此等修訂 不會對本集團之業績及財務狀況構 成重大財務影響。

#### 2 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

#### 2.2 Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and all of its subsidiaries made up to 31 December.

#### (a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Group uses the acquisition method of accounting to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the aggregate fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the noncontrolling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets.

#### 主要會計政策概要(續) 2

#### 2.2 綜合

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其所有 附屬公司截至十二月三十一日止的 財務報表。

#### (a) 附屬公司

附屬公司指本集團有權監管其 財務及經營政策之一切實體 (包括特殊目的實體),通常擁 有佔過半數投票權之股份。於 評估本集團是否控制另一實體 時,會考慮現時可行使或轉換 之潛在投票權之存在及影響。 附屬公司自其控制權轉移予本 集團當日起全面綜合入賬,並 於控制權終止當日停止綜合入 賬。

本集團採用會計收購法計算業 務合併。收購附屬公司的轉讓 代價為所轉讓資產、所產生負 債及本集團所發行股本權益的 公平值總額。所轉讓代價包括 或然代價安排產生的任何資產 或負債的公平值。收購相關成 本於產生時支銷。於業務合併 時所收購的可識別資產及所承 擔的負債及或然負債,初步按 收購日的公平值計量。按逐項 收購基準,本集團以公平值或 非控股權益按比例應佔被收購 方資產淨值,確認被收購方非 控股權益。

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING** 2 **POLICIES (continued)**

#### 2.2 Consolidation (continued)

Subsidiaries (continued)

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If this is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired (Note 2.6a) in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the statement of comprehensive income (Note 2.6).

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. The financial interests of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes in consideration by the Company arising from contingent consideration amendments. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

#### 主要會計政策概要(續) 2

#### 2.2 綜合(續)

(a) 附屬公司(續)

所轉讓代價、被收購方的任何 非控股權益金額及任何先前於 被收購方的股本權益於收購日 期的公平值超出所收購之可 識別資產淨值之公平值的差 額乃列作商譽。倘在廉價購入 的情況下,該數額低於所收購 附屬公司資產淨值之公平值 (附註2.6a),則有關差額將直 接在全面收益表內確認(附註 2.6) 。

集團內公司間交易、結餘及未 變現收益予以抵銷。未變現虧 損亦予以抵銷。本公司對附屬 公司之財務利益在必要情況下 已予修訂,以確保符合本集團 所採納之政策。

於附屬公司之投資乃按成本 減減值入賬。成本包括本公司 因或然代價修訂產生的代價。 成本亦包括投資的直接應佔成 本。附屬公司之業績由本公司 按已收及應收股息入賬。

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING** 2 **POLICIES (continued)**

#### 2.2 Consolidation (continued)

Transactions with non-controlling interests The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests as transactions with equity owners of the Group. For purchases from non-controlling interests, the difference between any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to noncontrolling interests are also recorded in equity.

When the Group ceases to have control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

#### 主要會計政策概要(續) 2

#### 2.2 綜合(續)

(b) 與非控股權益之交易

本集團將其與非控股權益進行 的交易視為與本集團權益擁有 人之間進行的交易。向非控股 權益採購,所支付的任何代價 與所收購的附屬公司資產淨值 賬面值相關部分的差額,於權 益中入賬。向非控股權益進行 出售所產生的盈虧亦於權益入 賬。

倘本集團不再擁有控制權或重 大影響力,其於該實體之任何 保留權益按其公平值重新計 量,而賬面值變動則於損益中 確認。就其後入賬列作聯營公 司、合營企業或金融資產之保 留權益而言,公平值指初始賬 面值。此外,先前於其他全面 收入內確認與該實體有關之任 何金額按猶如本集團已直接出 售有關資產或負債之方式入 賬。這可能意味著先前在其他 全面收入內確認之金額重新分 類為溢利或虧損。

倘於聯營公司之所有權權益減 少,而重大影響力獲保留,則 先前於其他全面收入內確認之 金額僅有一定比例部分重新分 類為溢利或虧損(如適用)。

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING** 2 **POLICIES (continued)**

#### 2.2 Consolidation (continued)

#### Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill identified on acquisition, net of any accumulated impairment loss.

The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in the consolidated income statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. The financial interests of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

#### 主要會計政策概要(續) 2

#### 2.2 綜合(續)

#### (c) 聯營公司

聯營公司指本集團對其有重大 影響力但不擁有控制權之一 切實體, 通常擁有其佔百分之 二十至五十投票權之股份。於 聯營公司之投資採用權益會計 法列賬,並按成本初次確認。 本集團於聯營公司之投資包括 於收購時識別的商譽減除任何 累計減值虧損。

本集團應佔聯營公司收購後的 盈利或虧損於綜合收益表中確 認,而應佔收購後的其他全面 收入變動在其他全面收入中確 認。收購後的累積變動乃於投 資之賬面值作調整。當本集團 應佔聯營公司虧損等於或大 於其於聯營公司之權益(包括 任何其他無抵押之應收款項) 時,本集團不再確認進一步虧 損,除非本集團因此產生負債 或代聯營公司支付款項。

本集團與聯營公司之間交易而 產生之未變現收益按本集團於 聯營公司之權益所享有之部分 抵銷。除非該交易提供證據證 明所轉移資產出現減值,否則 未變現虧損亦應抵銷。聯營公 司之財務利益已在有需要情況 下作更改,以確保與本集團所 採納之政策一致。

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING** 2 **POLICIES (continued)**

#### 2.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decisionmaker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors collectively.

### 2.4 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in US\$, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

#### (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated income statement, except when deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the consolidated income statement within "finance costs - net". All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated income statement within "other losses – net".

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss.

### 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.3 分部報告

營運分部之呈報方式與提供予主要 營運決策者之內部呈報一致。負責分 配資源及評估營運分部業績之主要 營運決策者已獲一併指定為董事會。

#### 2.4 外幣換算

(a) 功能及呈報貨幣

本集團各實體之財務報表所 包括之項目,乃按該實體經營 所在之主要經濟環境之貨幣 (「功能貨幣」)計量。本綜合財 務報表以本公司之功能貨幣及 本集團之呈報貨幣美元呈列。

#### (b) 交易及結餘

外幣交易均按交易或重新計量 項目之估值當日之現行匯率換 算為功能貨幣。因上述交易結 算及按年終匯率兑換以外幣計 值之貨幣資產及負債而產生之 匯兑收益或虧損,均於綜合收 益表內確認,惟於權益內遞延 作為合資格現金流量的對沖及 合資格淨投資的對沖除外。

與借貸和現金及現金等價物有 關的匯兑盈虧在綜合收益表 內的「財政支出一淨值」中呈 列。所有其他匯兑盈虧在綜合 收益表內的「其他虧損-淨額」 中呈列。

非貨幣財務資產及負債項目之 匯兑差異,均於損益內確認為 公平值收益或虧損的一部分。

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING** 2 **POLICIES (continued)**

### 2.4 Foreign currency translation (continued)

Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- income and expenses for each consolidated income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations are taken to other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is partially disposed of or sold, exchange differences that were recorded in equity are recognised in the consolidated income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

## 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.4 外幣換算(續)

(c) 集團公司

本集團所有實體如持有與呈報 貨幣不一致之功能貨幣(其中 並無任何公司持有通脹嚴重之 經濟體系之貨幣),其業績和 財務狀況均按以下方法兑換為 呈報貨幣:

- 每項資產負債表之資產 及負債均按照該資產負 債表結算日之匯率折算 為呈報貨幣;
- 每項綜合收益表之收入 及支出均按照平均匯率 折算為呈報貨幣,但若 此平均匯率未能合理地 反映各交易日之匯率所 帶來之累積影響,則按 照交易日之匯率折算此 等收入和支出;及
- 所有匯兑差異均在其他 全面收入中確認。

在編製綜合賬目時,折算海外 業務投資淨額之匯兑差異,均 列入其他全面收入內。當出售 部分海外業務時,此等匯兑差 異將計入權益並於綜合收益表 內確認為出售收益或虧損之一 部分。

因收購海外公司而產生之商譽 及公平值調整,均視作為該海 外公司之資產及負債處理,並 以結算日之匯率折算。

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING** 2 **POLICIES (continued)**

### 2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, except for constructionin-progress, is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged in the consolidated income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

-	Properties	20 – 50 years
_	Plant and machinery	10 – 20 years
_	Office equipment and	
	other fixed assets	5 – 8 years
_	Motor vehicles	5 – 8 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed. and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.7).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within "other losses - net", in the consolidated income statement.

Construction-in-progress, comprising capital expenditure on buildings and plant where the construction work has not been completed, is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. No depreciation is provided for construction-in-progress.

#### 主要會計政策概要(續) 2

#### 2.5 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(在建工程除外) 均按歷史成本減累計折舊及累計減 值虧損列賬。歷史成本包括直接用於 收購項目的開支。

只有在項目有關之未來經濟利益可 能會流入本集團,且能可靠地計量項 目之成本時,方會將其後之成本包括 入資產之賬面值或確認為一項獨立 資產(如適用)。如屬替換資產,則 替換部分的賬面金額取消確認。所有 其他維修及保養費用,均於產生之財 政期間內,於綜合收益表內支銷。

物業、廠房及設備的折舊乃利用直線 法在其估計可使用年期將其成本攤 銷至其餘值如下:

_	物業	20 - 50年
_	廠房及機器	10 - 20年
_	辦公室設備及	
	其他固定資產	5 – 8年
_	汽車	5 - 8年

資產之餘值及可使用年期均於各結 算日予以審閱及調整(如適用)。

倘資產賬面值較估計的可收回款額 為大,則資產的賬面值將立刻被撇減 至其可收回款額(附註2.7)。

出售之盈虧均透過將所得款項與賬 面值作比較而釐定,並列入綜合收益 表內確認為「其他虧損一淨額」。

在建工程包括未完成樓宇及廠房的 資本支出,以成本減累計減值虧損入 賬。在建工程不作折舊。

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING** 2 **POLICIES (continued)**

#### 2.6 Intangible assets

#### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is included in "intangible assets". Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. The allocation is made to those cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose identified according to operating segment.

#### Trademarks, brand names and licences

Separately acquired trademarks, brand names and licences are shown at historical cost less accumulated impairment. Trademarks, brand names and licences have a finite useful life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of trademarks, brand names and licences over their estimated useful lives of 6 to 10 years.

### Computer software

Acquired computer software licences are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful lives of 5 years.

#### 主要會計政策概要(續) 2

#### 2.6 無形資產

#### (a) 商譽

商譽乃指收購之成本較本集團 應佔被收購附屬公司於收購當 日之可識別資產淨值之公平值 多出之數額。收購附屬公司所 產生的商譽包括於「無形資產」 內。每年測試商譽是否出現減 值,並按成本減累計減值虧損 列賬。商譽之減值虧損均不會 撥回。出售實體之盈虧包括與 已出售實體相關之商譽之賬面 值。

為進行減值測試, 商譽乃分配 至賺取現金單位。有關商譽乃 分配至預期會因根據營運分部 已識別為產生商譽之業務合併 而受惠之賺取現金單位或賺取 現金單位組別中。

#### (b) 商標、品牌及牌照

分開收購的商標、品牌及牌照 乃按歷史成本減累計減值呈 列。商標、品牌及牌照具有限 定可使用年期,並按成本減累 計攤銷入賬。攤銷乃利用直線 法計算,以將商標、品牌及牌 照成本分配於彼等之六年至十 年估計可使用年期。

#### 電腦軟件 (c)

購入的電腦軟件牌照根據購買 及使用該特定軟件所引起的成 本資本化。有關成本按其估計 可用年期(五年)攤銷。

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING** 2 **POLICIES (continued)**

### 2.7 Impairment of investments in subsidiaries or associate and other non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life – for example, goodwill - are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Nonfinancial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries or associate is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiaries or associate in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

### 2.8 Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets are classified as assets held for sale when their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction and a sale is considered highly probable. They are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell if their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use and a sale is considered highly probably.

#### 主要會計政策概要(續) 2

#### 附屬公司或聯營公司投資及其他非 2.7 財務資產之減值

並無限定可使用年期之資產(如商 譽) 毋須攤銷, 但須每年測試減值。 每當有事件或變動顯示賬面值可能 不能收回時,本公司將會對資產作出 減值評估。減值虧損乃按資產賬面值 超出其可收回款額之金額確認。可收 回款額指資產之公平值減出售成本 或使用價值(以較高者為準)。就評 估有否減值而言,資產將會按獨立可 識別現金流量(賺取現金單位)之最 低水平分類。出現減值之非財務資產 (不包括商譽),於各呈報日期均就 可能撥回減值而予以評估。

倘股息超出附屬公司或聯營公司於 宣派股息期間的全面收入總額,或獨 立財務報表內投資之賬面值超出投 資對象資產淨額(包括商譽)之綜合 財務報表之賬面值, 收取該等投資之 股息時則須對於附屬公司或聯營公 司之投資作出減值測試。

### 2.8 持作出售非流動資產

非流動資產乃在其賬面值將主要通 過出售交易收回且出售被視作有很 大可能進行時分類為持作出售資產。 倘非流動資產之賬面值主要通過出 售交易而非通過持續使用予以收回 且出售被視作有很大可能進行時,則 按賬面值與公平值減銷售成本兩者 之較低者列賬。

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING** 2 **POLICIES (continued)**

#### 2.9 Financial assets

2.9.1 Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: loans and receivables and held-to-maturity. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Loans and receivables (i)

> Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date. These are classified as non-current assets. The Group's loans and receivables comprise trade and other receivables (Note 2.11), amount due from a minority shareholder of a subsidiary, loan to a subsidiary and amounts due from subsidiaries in the balance sheet.

(ii) Held-to-maturity financial assets Held-to-maturity financial assets are nonderivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Group's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. If the Group were to sell other than an insignificant amount of held-to-maturity financial assets, the whole category would be tainted and reclassified as available-for-sale. Held-to-maturity financial assets are included in non-current assets, except for those with maturities less than 12 months from the balance sheet date, which are classified as current assets.

#### 主要會計政策概要(續) 2

#### 2.9 財務資產

2.9.1 分類

本集團將其財務資產分為以下 類別:貸款及應收款項,以及 持有至到期之財務資產。分類 視乎購入有關財務資產之目的 而定。管理層按初步確認決定 其財務資產之類別。

貸款及應收款項 (i)

> 貸款及應收款項為附帶 固定或可釐定付款,在 活躍市場並無報價之非 衍生性質財務資產。彼 等均列入流動資產,惟 到期日超過由結算日後 起計十二個月者除外。 彼等均歸類為非流動資 產。本集團之貸款及應 收款項包括資產負債表 內之貿易及其他應收款 項於(附註2.11)、應收 一間附屬公司少數股東 款項、向一間附屬公司 貸款及應收附屬公司款 項。

持有至到期之財務資產 (ii) 持有至到期之財務資產 為附帶固定或可釐定付 款及有固定到期日,而 本集團管理層有明確意 圖及能力持有至到期之 非衍生性質財務資產。 倘若本集團出售任何有 關投資(不包括持有至 到期之財務資產之非重 大款額),則整個類別 會被破壞,並重新歸類 為可供出售。持有至到 期之財務資產均列入非 流動資產內,惟到期日 不超過由結算日後起計 十二個月者則除外,彼 等均歸類為流動資產。

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING** 2 **POLICIES (continued)**

#### 2.9 Financial assets

#### 2.9.2 Recognition and measurement

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date – the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Loans and receivables and held-to-maturity financial assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

#### 2.9.3 Impairment

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

#### 2.10 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and workin-progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

Spare parts and consumables are included within inventories and stated at cost, using the weighted average method.

#### 主要會計政策概要(續) 2

#### 2.9 財務資產

#### 2.9.2 確認及計量

財務資產常規買賣於交易日確 認,即本集團承諾購買或出售 該等資產日期。貸款及應收款 項及持有至到期之財務資產, 均利用實際利息法按攤銷成本 列賬。財務資產於收取投資現 金流量的權利屆滿或已轉讓及 本集團已轉移擁有權的大部分 風險及回報時終止確認。

#### 2.9.3 減值

本集團於各結算日評估是否有 客觀證據顯示財務資產或一組 財務資產出現減值。

#### 2.10 存貨

存貨以成本或可變現淨值兩者的較 低者入賬。成本按加權平均法計算。 製成品和在製品成本包括原材料、直 接人工、其他直接成本和相關生產費 用(以正常產能下計算),但不包括 借款費用。可變現淨值按估計的正常 銷售價格減適用的非固定銷售費用 計算。

零件及消耗品計入存貨中,並按加權 平均法計算以成本列賬。

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING** 2 **POLICIES (continued)**

#### 2.11 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade and other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the assets is reduced through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of the loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement within selling and marketing costs. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for trade receivables. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against selling and marketing costs in the consolidated income statement.

#### 2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### 2.13 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

### 2.14 Trade payables

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.11 貿易及其他應收款項

貿易及其他應收款項初期按公平值 確認,其後以實際利息法按攤銷成本 扣除減值撥備計算。貿易及其他應收 款項之減值撥備於出現客觀證據表 明本集團無法按應收款之原有條款 收回所有金額時確定。債務人出現嚴 重財政困難、債務人可能會破產或進 行財務重組,以及拖欠或未能償還借 款,均被視為貿易應收款項出現減值 之跡象。撥備之金額為資產賬面值與 估計未來現金流量之現值(按原實 際利率折現計算)間之差額。資產之 賬面值诱過減值撥備賬扣除,而虧損 於綜合收益表內確認為銷售及市場 推廣成本。當應收貿易賬款無法收回 時,該款項會於應收貿易賬款減值撥 備賬中對銷。其後收回已對銷的款項 會用作扣除綜合收益表內的銷售及 市場推廣成本。

#### 2.12 現金及現金等價物

綜合現金流量表內的現金及現金等 價物包括手頭現金、銀行之通知存 款、原到期日為三個月內的其他短期 高度流動投資。

#### 2.13 股本

已發行股份列示為權益。

因發行新股份或購股權而產生的直 接相關新增成本,乃以所得款項的扣 減(扣除税項)於權益中列賬。

#### 2.14 應付貿易賬款

應付貿易賬款初始按公平值確認,而 其後則採用實際利率法按攤銷成本 計量。

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING** 2 **POLICIES (continued)**

#### 2.15 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

#### 2.16 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the consolidated income statement.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries and associate operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

#### 主要會計政策概要(續) 2

#### 2.15 借款

借款初始按公平值扣除交易成本後 確認。借款其後按攤銷成本列賬;所 得款項(扣除交易成本)與贖回價值 間之任何差額則於借款期內使用實 際利息法於綜合收益表內確認。

除非本集團有無條件權利於結算日 後將負債之結算遞延至少十二個月, 否則借款被分類為流動負債。

#### 2.16 當期及遞延所得税

年內稅項開支包括當期及遞延稅項。 税項在綜合收益表確認。

當期所得稅開支乃根據本公司附屬 公司及聯營公司經營及產生應課稅 收入之國家於結算日已頒佈或實質 頒佈之税務法例計算。管理層就適用 税務法例詮釋所規限之情況定期評 估報税表之狀況,並在適用情況下根 據預期須向税務機關支付之税款設 定撥備。

遞延所得稅採用負債法就資產及負 債之税基與其在綜合財務報表之賬 面值兩者之暫時差異確認。然而,倘 遞延所得税乃源自進行交易時不影 響會計或應課税盈利或虧損之資產 或負債之初始確認(為業務合併以外 之交易),則不會計入遞延所得稅。 遞延所得税以於結算日前實施或大 體上已實施之税率(及税法)釐定, 並預期於相關遞延所得稅資產變現 或遞延所得税負債清償時應用。

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING** 2 **POLICIES (continued)**

#### 2.16 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associate, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis

### 2.17 Employee benefits

#### (a) Pension obligations

The Group participates in a number of defined contribution plans, the assets of which are generally held in independently administered funds. The Group's contributions to the defined contribution retirement schemes are expensed as incurred.

#### (b) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to a termination and when the entity has a detailed formal plan to terminate the employment of current employees without possibility of withdrawal. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period are discounted to their present value.

#### 主要會計政策概要(續) 2

#### 2.16 當期及遞延所得稅(續)

遞延所得税資產僅就有可能將未來 應課税溢利與可動用之暫時差異抵 銷而確認。

遞延所得税乃就附屬公司及聯營公 司投資產生之暫時差異而撥備,惟倘 本集團可以控制暫時差異之撥回時 間,並有可能在可預見未來不會撥回 則除外。

遞延所得税資產及負債在有合法行 使之權利將即期稅項資產與即期稅 項負債互相抵銷,且遞延所得税資產 及負債乃有關由同一税務機關向同 一應課税實體或不同應課税實體徵 收之所得税且擬按淨額基準處理結 餘方可互相抵銷。

#### 2.17 僱員福利

#### (a) 退休金責任

本集團參與多個定額退休金計 劃,其資產一般由獨立管理基 金持有。本集團向定額供款計 劃作出的供款實報實銷。

### (b) 終止服務權益

當本集團在僱員正常退休日期 前終 | 上其聘用,或每當僱員接 受自願遣散以換取有關福利 時,終止服務權益即須支付。 本集團在可證明承諾終止僱用 及根據一項詳細的正式計劃 終止現有僱員的僱用(沒有撤 回的可能)時確認終止服務權 益。倘提出一項要約以鼓勵自 願遣散,則終止服務權益按預 期接納有關建議的僱員人數計 量。在報告期後超過十二個月 支付的福利貼現為現值。

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING** 2 **POLICIES (continued)**

#### 2.17 Employee benefits (continued)

#### Bonus plans

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses, based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders after certain adjustments. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

#### 2.18 Contingent liabilities and provisions

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements, if any. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

Provisions are recognised when: the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

#### 主要會計政策概要(續) 2

#### 2.17 僱員福利(續)

#### (c) 花紅計劃

本集團根據一條公式(考慮本 公司股東應佔溢利並經若干調 整後),就花紅確認負債及開 支。本集團於合約規定或過往 慣例產生推定責任時確認撥 備。

### 2.18 或然負債及撥備

或然負債指因已發生的事件而可能 引起之責任,此等責任需就某一宗或 多宗事件會否發生才能確認,而集團 並不能完全控制這些未來事件會否 實現。或然負債亦可能是因已發生的 事件引致之現有責任,但由於可能不 需要消耗經濟資源,或責任金額未能 可靠地衝量而未有入賬。

或然負債不會被確認,但會在綜合財 務報表附註中披露(倘有)。當消耗 資源之可能性改變導致可能出現資 源消耗,此等負債將被確認為撥備。

當本集團因已發生的事件而產生現 有的法律或推定責任,而很可能需要 有資源的流出以履行責任及金額已 被可靠估計時作出撥備。本集團概不 會就未來經營虧損確認撥備。

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING** 2 **POLICIES (continued)**

#### 2.19 Revenue and other income recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below. The amount of revenue is not considered to be reliably measurable until all contingencies relating to the sale have been resolved. The Group bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

#### Sales of goods

Sales of goods are recognised when a Group entity has delivered products to the customer, the customer has accepted the products and has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products.

### 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.19 收益及其他收入確認

收益包括在本集團日常業務進程中 銷售貨物或服務而收取或應收代價 的公平值。呈列之收益已扣除增值 税、退貨、回贈及折扣及減去本集團 內部之銷售。

當收益金額能可靠地衡量、未來經濟 利益可能流入有關的實體,以及符合 下文所述本集團的有關業務的特定 條件時,本集團將確認收益。除非有 關銷售的所有或然情況已經解決,否 則收益金額不被視為可以可靠地衡 量。本集團以其過往業績作為估計的 依據,並會考慮客戶類別、交易類別 及各項安排的具體情況。

#### (a) 銷售貨物

產品銷售收入於本集團實體已 付運產品予客戶,客戶已接受 產品及完全具有對銷售產品的 渠道和價格的酌情權,且沒有 未履行責任可影響客戶接納產 品時確認。

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING** 2 **POLICIES (continued)**

#### 2.19 Revenue and other income recognition (continued)

Sales of surplus electricity Sales of surplus electricity are recognised based on units of electricity sold as recorded by meters during the vear.

#### Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method. When a loan and receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired loan and receivables is recognised using the original effective interest rate.

### Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

#### 2.20 Leases (as the lessee for operating leases)

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

#### 主要會計政策概要(續) 2

#### 2.19 收益及其他收入確認(續)

(b) 銷售盈餘電力 銷售盈餘電力所得收益按照年 內儀錶記錄的售電單位確認入

#### (c) 利息收入

利息收入採用實際利息法按時 間比例基準進行確認。倘貸款 及應收賬款出現減值,本集團 會將賬面值減至其按有關金融 工具原有實際利率之估計折現 現金流量而設定之可收回款 額,並繼續解除折現作為利息 收入。減值貸款及應收賬款之 利息收入乃以原實際利率確 認。

## (d) 股息收入

在確立收取股息款項時,股息 收入予以確認。

#### 2.20 租賃(作為經營租約之承租人)

凡擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報由 出租人保留之租約,均分類為經營租 約。經營租約之付款(扣減出租人給 予之任何優惠後) 乃於有關租約期內 以直線法計入綜合收益表內。

#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING** 2 **POLICIES (continued)**

#### 2.21 Dividend distribution

A dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors wherever appropriate. Dividend proposed or declared after the balance sheet date are disclosed as a post balance sheet event and are not recognised as a liability at the balance sheet date.

#### 2.22 Financial guarantees

Financial guarantee contracts under which the Group accepts significant risk from a third party by agreeing to compensate that party on the occurrence of a specified uncertain future event are accounted for in a manner similar to insurance contracts. Provisions are recognised when it is probable that the Group has obligations under such guarantees and an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligations.

#### **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk and cash flow and fair value interest-rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (group treasury) under policies approved by the board of directors. Group treasury identifies and evaluates financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and investment of excess liquidity.

#### 主要會計政策概要(續) 2

#### 2.21 分派股息

分派予本公司股東的股息在獲得本 公司股東或董事通過的會計期內,作 為負債於本集團及本公司的財務報 表中確認。在結算日後提議或宣派的 股息將作為結算日後事項,而不會於 結算日確認為負債。

#### 2.22 財務擔保

本集團誘過簽訂財務擔保合同對第 三方承擔重大風險,同意當特定不確 定未來事項發生時以類似保險合同 之方式補償該第三方。當本集團有可 能根據該等保證承擔責任並就清償 有關責任而導致經濟資源流出時,則 須確認撥備。

### 財務風險管理

### 3.1 財務風險因素

本集團之業務承受各種財務風險:市 場風險(包括貨幣風險、現金流量及 公平值利率風險)、信貸風險及流動 資金風險。本集團之整體風險管理計 劃集中於財務市場之不可預測性及 尋求將對本集團之財務報表之潛在 影響降至最低。

風險管理由中央財政部(集團財務 部)按董事會通過的政策進行。集團 財務部與本集團營運單位緊密合作 識別及評估財務風險。董事會制定整 體風險管理的書面原則,以及涵蓋特 定範圍的書面政策,例如外匯風險、 利率風險、信貸風險及流動資金過剩 風險。

#### **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)** 3

### Financial risk factors (continued)

- (a) Market risk
  - (i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to Vietnam Dong against US\$. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations. The Group has not hedged its foreign exchange risk.

At 31 December 2010, if the Vietnam Dong had weakened/strengthened by 5% against the US\$ with all other variables held constant, post-tax loss (2009: profit) for the year would have been US\$937,000 (2009: US\$1,088,000) higher/lower (2009: lower/higher), mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses/gains on translation of Vietnam Dong-denominated trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents and trade payables.

#### Cash flow and fair value interest-rate risk (ii)

As the Group has no significant interestbearing assets apart from bank balances, the Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's interest-rate risk arises from borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interestrate risk. The Group has not hedged its cash flow interest-rate risk.

#### 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (a) 市場風險
  - (i) 外匯風險

本集團於全球經營業 務,因此承受因使用不 同貨幣而產生之外匯風 險,主要為越南盾對美 元之風險。外匯風險來 自境外業務之未來商業 交易、已確認資產及負 債和投資淨額。本集團 並未為其外匯風險進行 對沖。

於二零一零年十二月 三十一日,倘越南盾兑 美元貶值/升值5%而其 他因素維持不變,本年 度除税後虧損(二零零 九年:溢利)將增加/減 少(二零零九年:減少/ 增加) 937.000美元(二 零零九年:1,088,000美 元),主要來自換算以越 南盾計算之應收貿易賬 款、現金及現金等價物 及應付貿易賬款。

現金流量及公平值利率 (ii)

> 由於本集團除銀行結餘 外,概無重大計息資產, 因此本集團之收入及營 運現金流量實際上獨 立不受市場利率變動影 響。

> 本集團之計息風險來自 借款。以不同利率授出 之借款令本集團面對現 金流量利率風險。本集 團並未對沖其現金流量 利率風險。

#### **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)** 3

### Financial risk factors (continued)

- Market risk (continued) (a)
  - Cash flow and fair value interest-rate risk (continued)

At 31 December 2010, if interest rates on borrowings had been 100 basis points higher/ lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax loss (2009: profit) for the year would have been US\$149,000 (2009: US\$72,000) higher/lower (2009: lower/higher), mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

#### Credit risk (b)

Credit risk arises from bank deposits and bank balances, trade receivables, amount due from a minority shareholder of a subsidiary and other receivables.

The Group has policies in place to ensure that sales of products are made to customers with appropriate credit histories. The Group has policies to assess the credit quality of the customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings. The utilisation of credit limit is regularly monitored.

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, amount due from a minority shareholder of a subsidiary and other receivables included in the consolidated balance sheets represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to these financial assets.

For bank deposits and bank balances, the Group only uses banks and financial institutions with good reputation. As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, all the bank balances as detailed in Note 13 are held in major financial institutions, which are either state owned or with high credit quality. Management believes that the credit risk for bank deposits and bank balances is minimal.

### 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (a) 市場風險(續)
  - (jj) 現金流量及公平值利率 風險(續)

於二零一零年十二月 三十一日,倘借款之利 率上升/下降100點子 而其他因素維持不變, 本年度除税後虧損(二 零零九年:溢利)將增加 /減少(二零零九年: 減少/增加)149,000美 元(二零零九年:72,000 美元),主要由於浮息借 款之利率開支增加/減 小。

#### 信貸風險 (b)

信貸風險來自銀行存款、銀行 結餘、應收貿易賬款、應收一 間附屬公司一名少數股東款項 及其他應收款項。

本集團所定之政策是確保僅售 貨予具備合適信貸記錄的客 戶。本集團設有政策,在考慮 客戶之財務狀況、過往經驗以 及其他因素後,評估客戶信貸 質素。本集團會按內部或外界 評級而設定個別風險上限。本 集團會定期監察所動用之信貸 上限。

綜合資產負債表包括之現金及 現金等價物、應收貿易賬款、 應收一間附屬公司一名少數股 東款項以及其他應收款項之賬 面值即本集團承受有關該等財 務資產的最高信貸風險。

就銀行存款及銀行結餘而言, 本集團僅利用具良好信譽之銀 行及財務機構。於二零一零年 及二零零九年十二月三十一 日,載列於附註13之全部銀行 結餘乃於國有或擁有良好信貸 質素之主要財務機構持有。管 理層相信銀行存款及銀行結餘 之信貸風險並不重大。

#### **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)** 3

## Financial risk factors (continued)

#### Credit risk (continued)

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, the amount due from a minority shareholder of a subsidiary is neither past due nor impaired. Given that all the balance is within credit period, management are of opinion that the receivable from a minority shareholder of a subsidiary is of low credit risk.

No impairment has been provided for other receivables as at 31 December 2010 and 2009. Other receivables do not contain impaired assets. Management are of opinion that these balances are of low credit risk.

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Due to the capital intensive nature of the Group's business, the Group ensures that it maintains sufficient cash and credit lines to meet its liquidity requirements.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity reserve which comprises undrawn borrowing facilities and cash and cash equivalents (Note 13) on the basis of expected cash flows. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

#### 財務風險管理(續) 3

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸風險(續)

於二零一零年及二零零九年 十二月三十一日,應收一間附 屬公司一名少數股東款項並無 逾期或減值。由於全部結餘均 在信貸期內,管理層認為應收 一間附屬公司一名少數股東款 項之信貸風險較低。

於二零一零年及二零零九年 十二月三十一日,其他應收款 項並無作出減值撥備。其他應 收款項並不包括減值資產。管 理層認為該等結餘之信貸風險 較低。

### (c) 流動資金風險

由於本集團業務的資本集中性 質,本集團確保其維持充足現 金及信貸額以應付其流動資金 需求。

管理層根據預期現金流量,監 控本集團的流動資金儲備的滾 存預測,包括未提取的借貸融 資和現金及現金等價物(附註 13)。本集團訂有政策,定期監 察目前及預期之流動資金需求 及其遵守借款契據之情況,以 確保其維持充裕現金儲備以及 獲主要財務機構承諾提供足夠 資金,以應付其短期及較長期 之流動資金需求。

#### **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)** 3

## 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

The table below analyses the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

### 財務風險管理(績)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

下列表格按結算日至合約到期日餘 下期間分析本集團及本公司於相關 到期組別之財務負債。於表格中披露 之金額為合約未折現現金流量。

		Less than 1 year 一年內 US\$'000 千美元	Between 1 and 2 years 一年至兩年 US\$'000 千美元	Between 2 and 5 years 兩年至五年 US\$'000 千美元	Over 5 years 超過五年 US\$'000 千美元	<b>Total</b> 合計 US\$'000 千美元
<b>Group</b> At 31 December 2010	本集團 於二零一零年十二月三十一日					
Bank borrowings (Note)	銀行借貸(附註)	24,852	606	21,412	_	46,870
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	26,030	-		_	26,030
Long-term payable to	應付有關連人士之長期款項					
a related party	+ 4. 库 ( + 4. 吞	2,145	2,166	-	-	4,311
Other payables  Due to related parties	其他應付款項 應付有關連人士款項	19,847 323	-	_	_	19,847 323
— Due to related parties	心门们崩延八工队织 ————————————————————————————————————	323				323
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日					
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	24,538	600	21,200	_	46,338
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	8,012	-	-	-	8,012
Long-term payable to	應付有關連人士之長期款項	2.445	2.445	2.466		6.456
a related party Other payables	其他應付款項	2,145 12,428	2,145	2,166	_	6,456 12,428
Due to related parties	應付有關連人士款項	172,420	_	_	_	172
	#6(1) 1) PBXE / ( = 9/( //					
Company	本公司					
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日					
Bank borrowings (Note)	銀行借貸(附註)	9,495	-	-	-	9,465
Long-term payable to a related party	應付有關連人士之長期款項	2,145	2,166	_	_	4,311
- a related party		2,113				1,511
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日					
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	8,970	-	-	-	8,970
Long-term payable to a related party	應付有關連人士之長期款項	2,145	2,145	2,166	_	6,456

Note:

附註:

The balance includes interest payable on bank borrowings up to their respective maturities.

資產負債表包括有關銀行借貸至其各自 到期的應付利息。

#### 3 **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)**

### 3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total bank borrowings divided by equity holders' equity as shown in the consolidated balance sheet. Total borrowings include non-current borrowings and current borrowings.

During 2010, the Group's strategy, which was unchanged from 2009, was to maintain a minimal gearing ratio. The gearing ratios at 31 December 2010 and 2009 were as follows:

#### 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.2 資本風險管理

本集團管理資金之目標為保障本集 團持續經營,以為股東帶來回報及為 股權持有人帶來利益,以及維持合適 之資本結構以減少資本成本之能力。

為了維持或調整資本結構,本集團可 能調整派付予股東之股息金額、向股 東歸還資本、發行新股份或出售資產 以減輕債務。

與業內其他公司一樣,本集團按資產 負債比率基準監察資本。該比率如綜 合資產負債表所示乃按總銀行借貸 除以股權持有人權益計算。總借款包 括非流動借款及流動借款。

於二零一零年,本集團之策略與二零 零九年所採納者貫徹一致,乃維持資 產負債比率於最低水平。於二零一零 年及二零零九年十二月三十一日之 資產負債比率如下:

		本集團	
		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
Total bank borrowings (Note 17) Owners' equity (including non-controlling interest in equity)	總銀行借貸(附註17) 擁有人之權益 (包括列入權益之	43,134	42,597
	非控股權益)	266,176	271,651
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	16%	16%

Management considers that the current gearing ratio is reasonable.

管理層認為現時資產負債比率合理。

#### **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)** 3

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation

The carrying values less impairment provisions of trade and other receivables and trade and other payables are assumed to approximate their fair values because of their short maturity. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities for disclosure purposes or estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

### 3.4 Financial instruments by category - Group and Company

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, all financial assets are loans and receivables and all financial liabilities are financial liabilities at amortised cost.

### **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS**

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

### **Estimated impairment of goodwill**

The Group tests annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in Note 2.7. The recoverable amounts of cashgenerating units have been determined based on valuein-use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates (Note 8).

## (b) Estimated impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The recoverable amounts of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets have been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations and valuations require the use of judgements and estimates.

### 財務風險管理(續)

## 3.3 公平值估計

基於應收貿易賬款及其他應收賬款 以及應付貿易賬款及其他應付賬款 屬短期性質,本集團假定其賬面值減 減值撥備後與公平值相若。供披露財 務資產及負債之公平值,乃按本集團 同類金融工具現時的市場利率折現 未來合約現金流量而估計。

#### 3.4 財務工具類別-本集團與本公司

於二零一零年及二零零九年十二月 三十一日,全部財務資產乃貸款以及 應收賬款,且全部財務負債乃按攤銷 成本之財務負債。

### 重要會計估計及判斷

估計及判斷會不斷按照歷史經驗及其他因 素進行評估,包括在各情況下相信是合理 之未來事件預測。

本集團會就未來作出估計及假設。根據其 定義,由此得出之會計估計將甚少與相關 實際業績等同。下文討論對下一財政年度 內資產及負債之賬面值造成重大調整之高 風險估計及假設。

#### 商譽的估計減值 (a)

本集團每年均按照附註2.7所述的會 計政策的規定,為商譽進行減值評估 測試,而賺取現金單位的可收回金 額,則按照使用價值計算。計算過程 中需要作出估算(附註8)。

#### (b) 物業、廠房及設備和無形資產的估計 減值

每當有跡象顯示可能無法收回賬面 值時,本公司將會對物業、廠房及設 備和無形資產作出減值評估。物業、 廠房及設備和無形資產之可收回金 額乃根據使用價值計算方法釐定。 該等計算及估值需要作出判斷及估 計。

#### 4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

### Estimated impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets (continued)

During the year, management made a provision on its property, plant and equipment in Shandong based on a five-year cash flow forecast. The recoverable amount of the property, plant and equipment is determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use posttax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. The discount rate used in the cash flow forecast is 10%.

#### Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and (c) intangible assets

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment and intangible assets by reference to the estimated periods that the Group intends to derive future economic benefits from the use of these assets. These estimates are based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets of similar nature and functions. Management will adjust the depreciation and amortisation charges where useful lives vary with previously estimated. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives. Periodic review could result in a change in useful lives and therefore depreciation and amortisation expense in the future periods.

#### Current income taxes and deferred income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in the PRC, Vietnam and Taiwan. Significant judgement is required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

#### 重要會計估計及判斷(續) 4

#### (b) 物業、廠房及設備和無形資產的估計 減值(續)

年內,管理層根據五年現金流量預測 為其位於山東之物業、廠房及設備作 出撥備。物業、廠房及設備之可收回 金額按照使用價值計算方法而釐定。 有關之計算乃使用管理層批核之五 年期財務預算之除税後現金流量預 測。現金流量預測所使用之貼現率為 10%。

#### (c) 物業、廠房及設備和無形資產的使用 年期

本集團的管理層參考本集團有意使 用該等資產產生的未來經濟利益的 估計年期,釐定其物業、廠房及設備 和無形資產的估計可使用年期及相 關折舊及攤銷開支。有關估計乃以相 似性質及功能的物業、廠房及設備和 無形資產的實際使用年期的歷史經 驗為基準。若可使用年期與過往估計 不同,管理層將調整折舊及攤銷開 支。實際經濟年期可能與估計可使用 年期有所不同。定期審閱可能導致可 使用年期及日後折舊及攤銷開支出 現變動。

#### (d) 當期所得税及遞延所得税

本集團須繳納中國、越南及台灣的所 得税。對於確定所得税税項撥備的金 額,本集團須作出重大判斷。許多交 易及計算均難以明確作出最終的税 務釐定。本集團須估計未來會否繳納 額外税項,從而確認對預期税務審核 事宜之責任。倘該等事宜之最終税務 結果與起初入賬之金額不同,該等差 額將影響税務釐定期內之當期及遞 延所得税資產及負債。

#### **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND** 4 JUDGEMENTS (continued)

#### Current income taxes and deferred income taxes (continued)

Deferred income tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised as management considers it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such differences will impact the recognition of deferred tax assets and income tax expense in the periods in which such estimate is changed.

#### **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the Board of Directors collectively. The Directors review the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. Management has determined the operating segments based on these reports.

The Group determines its operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision-makers that are used to make strategic decisions. These reports include segment revenue, segment assets and capital expenditures.

The chief operating decision-makers consider the business from a geographical aspect. In presenting information on the basis of operating segments, segment revenue is based on the geographical presence of customers. Segment assets and capital expenditures are based on the geographical location of the assets.

Since the Group is mainly engaged in the manufacturing and selling of MSG products in which the gross profit would not differentiate much in geographical location, the chief operating decision makers mainly assess the performance based on revenue derived by each geographical segment. Accordingly, the segment performance is restricted to revenue information.

In 2010 and 2009, the revenue from the Group's largest customer amounted to less than 10 per cent of the Group's total revenue.

#### 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

#### (d) 當期所得税及遞延所得税(續)

倘管理層認為未來應課稅盈利可用 作對銷暫時性差異或税項虧損可予 動用時,則會確認與若干暫時性差 異有關之遞延所得稅資產及稅項虧 損。倘預期結果與原先之估計不同, 有關差異會對有關估計出現變動之 期間內遞延税項資產及所得税開支 之確認構成影響。

#### 分部資料

主要營運決策者已一併確定為董事會。董 事審閱本集團之內部報告,以評核表現及 分配資源。管理層根據此等報告釐定營運 分部。

本集團根據主要營運決策者所審閱並用於 制定策略決定之報告釐定其營運分部。此 等報告包括分部收益、分部資產及資本支 出。

主要營運決策者以地理層面分析其業務。 以營運分部呈報資料時,分部收益以客戶 所在地區劃分。分部資產及資本開支則以 資產所在地劃分。

由於本集團主要從事味精產品之製造及銷 售,其毛利不會因地理位置而存在重大差 異,主要營運決策者主要根據各地理分部 所產生之收益評估業績。因此,分部業績 僅限於收益資料。

於二零一零年及二零零九年,來自本集團 最大客戶之收益佔本集團收益總額少於 10%。

#### **SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)** 5

#### 分部資料(績)

#### Segment revenue

### (i) 分部收益

		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
Vietnam The PRC	越南中國	170,003 51,790	150,562 54,697
Japan	日本	66,429	56,370
Taiwan ASEAN member countries	台灣 東協成員國家	5,781	6,363
(other than Vietnam)	(不包括越南)	25,975	14,211
Other regions	其他地區	16,129	6,934
		336,107	289,137

#### (ii) Capital expenditures

#### (ii) 資本支出

		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
Vietnam The PRC	越南 中國	16,794 1,641	37,279 287
		18,435	37,566

Capital expenditures are allocated based on where the assets are located.

資本支出乃根據資產所在地而分配。

Capital expenditures comprise additions of land use rights, property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, including additions resulting from acquisitions through business combinations.

資本支出包括對土地使用權、物業、 廠房及設備及無形資產之添置,包括 通過業務合併進行收購的添置。

#### (iii) Total assets

#### (iii) 總資產

		2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Vietnam	越南	300,089	286,144
The PRC	中國	67,905	67,121
Hong Kong	香港	2,032	3,344
Taiwan	台灣	785	946
Singapore	新加坡	65	64
		370,876	357,619

Total assets are allocated based on where the assets are located.

總資產乃根據資產所在地而分配。

#### 6 **LAND USE RIGHTS**

#### 土地使用權 6

The Group's interests in land use rights represent prepaid operating lease payments and their net book values are analysed as follows:

本集團於土地使用權之權益指營業租約之 預繳費用,其賬面淨值分析如下:

		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
Held outside Hong Kong Leases of between 10 to 50 years	在香港以外持有 十年至五十年之租約	654	6,472
		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January Exchange differences Additions Amortisation of land use rights (Note 21) Transfer to non-current assets held for sale (Note ii)	於一月一日 匯兑差額 添置 土地使用權攤銷(附註21) 轉撥至持作出售非流動 資產(附註ii)	6,472 196 1,502 (86) (7,430)	6,609 7 - (144)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	654	6,472

#### Notes:

- In respect of the Group's land use rights, Mao Tai Foods (Xiamen) Co. Ltd ("Xiamen Maotai"), Shanghai Vedan Enterprise Co. Ltd ("Shanghai Vedan") and Shandong Vedan Snowflake Enterprise Co., Ltd. ("Shandong Snowflake"), subsidiaries established and operating in the PRC, have been granted rights to use the land by the relevant authority for 50 years, which expire in 2042, 2055, 2056 and 2060 respectively.
- In September 2010, Shanghai Vedan signed an agreement with an independent third party for sales of certain land use rights and property, plant and equipment.

As at report date, the transfer procedures have not been completed. Management expects the sales to be completed in 2011. The relevant land use rights and property, plant and equipment amounted to US\$12,415,000, are transferred to non-current assets held for sale.

#### 附註:

- (i) 就本集團的土地使用權而言,三間於中國 成立及經營的附屬公司茂泰食品(廈門) 有限公司(「廈門茂泰」)、上海味丹企業 有限公司(「上海味丹」)及山東味丹雪花 實業有限公司(「山東雪花」),已獲有關 當局授予為期五十年的土地使用權,分別 於二零四二年、二零五五年、二零五六年 以及二零六零年屆滿。
- 於二零一零年九月,上海味丹與獨立第三 方簽訂協議出售若干土地使用權以及物 業、廠房及設備。

截至報告日期,有關轉讓手續尚未完成。 管理層預期有關出售將於二零一一年內完 成。有關價值約12,415,000美元的土地使 用權和物業、廠房及設備已轉撥至持作出 售非流動資產。

#### 7 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

### 7 物業、廠房及設備

		Construction in progress 在建工程 USD'000 千美元	Properties 物業 USD'000 千美元	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 USD'000 千美元	Motor vehicles 汽車 USD'000 千美元	Office equipment and other fixed assets 辦公室設備 及其資 USD'000 千美元	<b>Total</b> 合計 USD'000 千美元
At 1 January 2009	於二零零九年一月一日						
Cost	ルーママルナ カ H 成本	13,067	88,002	354,138	8,543	30,886	494,636
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	-	(40,268)	(235,144)	(6,651)	(26,747)	(308,810)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	_	(141)	(2,009)	-	(4)	(2,154)
Net book amount	<b>賬面淨值</b>	13,067	47,593	116,985	1,892	4,135	183,672
Year ended 31 December 2009	截至二零零九年 十二月三十一日止年度						
Opening net book amount	年初脹面淨值	13,067	47,593	116,985	1,892	4,135	183,672
Exchange differences	正 兄 差額	-	12	19	(1)	4,133	31
Additions	添置	36,614	73	243	230	318	37,478
Transfer	轉讓	(37,548)	13,139	23,507	288	614	_
Disposals	出售	_	_	(42)	(43)	(3)	(88)
Depreciation (Note 21)	折舊(附註21)	_	(4,311)	(22,488)	(450)	(834)	(28,083)
Impairment loss	減值虧損	_	(923)	(2,492)	-	(18)	(3,433)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	12,133	55,583	115,732	1,916	4,213	189,577
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日						
Cost	成本	12,133	101,228	377,713	8,706	31,772	531,552
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	-	(44,581)	(257,480)	(6,790)	(27,537)	(336,388)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值 		(1,064)	(4,501)	-	(22)	(5,587)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	12,133	55,583	115,732	1,916	4,213	189,577
Year ended 31 December 2010	截至二零一零年 十二月三十一日止年度						
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	12,133	55,583	115,732	1,916	4,213	189,577
Exchange differences	匯 兑 差 額	_	352	566	26	14	958
Additions	添置	15,202	_	1,168	243	189	16,802
Transfer	轉讓	(20,637)	5,050	15,446	-	141	-
Disposals	出售	-	(70)	(491)	-	(107)	(668)
Depreciation (Note 21)	折舊(附註21)	-	(5,055)	(19,234)	(449)	(878)	(25,616)
Impairment loss	減值虧損	-	(498)	(1,557)	-	-	(2,055)
Transfer to non-current assets held for sale (Note 6)	轉撥至持作出售非流動資產 (附註6)	-	(4,985)	-	-	-	(4,985)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	6,698	50,377	111,630	1,736	3.572	174,013
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日						
Cost	成本	6,698	102,547	402,442	8,849	31,523	552,059
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	_	(50,608)	(284,754)	(7,113)	(27,929)	(370,404)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	_	(1,562)	(6,058)	-	(22)	(7,642)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	6,698	50,377	111,630	1,736	3,572	174,013

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued) 7

### 物業、廠房及設備(續)

Certain property, plant and equipment of the Group is pledged as security for the Group's short-term and long-term bank borrowings as follows:

本集團以若干物業、廠房及設備作抵押,以 取得本集團的短期及長期銀行借貸如下:

		2010	2009
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Net book amount of pledged property,	已抵押物業、廠房及設備		
plant and equipment (Note 35)	賬面淨值(附註35)	22,715	14,206

Depreciation expense of US\$21,691,000 (2009: US\$23,536,000) has been charged in cost of sales, US\$49,000 (2009: US\$55,000) in selling and distribution expenses and US\$3,876,000 (2009: US\$4,492,000) in administrative expenses.

折舊支出21,691,000美元(二零零九年: 23,536,000美元)、49,000美元(二零零九 年:55,000美元)和3,876,000美元(二零 零九年:4,492,000美元)已於銷售成本、 銷售及分銷開支以及行政開支中扣除。

#### **INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

#### 8 無形資產

		Group 本集團			Company 本公司		
		Goodwill 商譽 千美元	Software and licence 軟件及牌照 千美元	Brand name 品牌 千美元	Trademarks 商標 千美元	Total 合計 千美元	Trademarks 商標 千美元
At 1 January 2009 Cost Accumulated amortisation	<b>於二零零九年一月一日</b> 成本 累計攤銷	8,310 (158)	1,423 (290)	1,142 (342)	12,089 (4,634)	22,964 (5,424)	12,089 (4,634)
Net book amount		8,152	1,133	800	7,455	17,540	7,455
Year ended 31 December 2009	截至二零零九年 十二月三十一日止年度						
Opening net book amount Exchange differences Additions Amortisation charge (Note 21)	一月二  一日 エ + 接 年初腰面浮値 陸兌差額 添置 攤銷開支(附註21)	8,152 7 –	1,133 - 88 (134)	800 - - (114)	7,455 - - (1,209)	17,540 7 88 (1,457)	7,455 - - (1,209)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	8,159	1,087	686	6,246	16,178	6,246
At 31 December 2009 Cost Accumulated amortisation Net book amount	於二零零九年十二月三十一日 成本 累計攤銷 脹面淨值	8,317 (158) 8,159	1,511 (424) 1,087	1,142 (456)	12,089 (5,843)	23,059 (6,881)	12,089 (5,843)
		8,139	1,087	080	6,246	16,178	0,240
Year ended 31 December 2010  Opening net book amount Exchange differences Additions Amortisation charge (Note 21)	截至二零一零年 十二月三十一日止年度 年初脹面淨值 匯兑差額 添置 攤銷開支(附註21)	8,159 230 – –	1,087 - 131 (167)	686 - - (114)	6,246 - - (1,209)	16,178 230 131 (1,490)	6,246 - - (1,209)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	8,389	1,051	572	5,037	15,049	5,037
At 31 December 2010 Cost Accumulated amortisation	於二零一零年十二月三十一日 成本 累計攤銷	8,547 (158)	1,642 (591)	1,142 (570)	12,089 (7,052)	23,420 (8,371)	12,089 (7,052)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	8,389	1,051	572	5,037	15,049	5,037

Amortisation charge is included in administrative expenses.

攤銷開支列入行政開支。

#### **INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)** 8

#### Impairment tests for goodwill

Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units ("CGUs") identified according to operating segment.

### 無形資產(績)

#### 商譽減值測試

本集團因應營運分部,按所識別之賺取現 金單位分配商譽。

		The PRC 中國	Vietnam 越南	
	_	MSG	MSG	
		packaging 味精包裝	packaging 味精包裝	Total 合計
		US\$′000 千美元	US\$′000 千美元	US\$′000 千美元
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	7,659	730	8,389
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日	7,429	730	8,159

The recoverable amount of a CGU is determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using the estimated growth rate. The growth rate does not exceed the long-term average growth rate in which the CGU operates.

賺取現金單位之可收回金額乃按使用價值 計算。該等計算基於管理層批准之五年財 政預算使用除税前現金流量預測進行。超 出五年期之現金流量使用下列估計增長率 推算。所使用的增長率不會高於賺取現金 單位營運年期的長期平均增長率。

#### Key assumptions used for value-in-use calculations

#### 用以計算使用價值之主要假設

		2010	2009
Gross margin	毛利率	16.0% – 22.9%	16.0% – 22.9%
Discount rate	折現率	10%	10%

These assumptions have been used for the analysis of each CGU within the operating segment.

Management determined budgeted gross margin based on past performance and its expectations of market development. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant operating segments.

Management believes that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amounts of goodwill are based would not cause the carrying amounts to exceed its recoverable amounts.

該等假設用於分析經營分部內各賺取現金 單位。

管理層乃根據過往業績及其對市場發展 之預期而釐定預算毛利率。所用折現率乃 税前計算,並反映相關經營分部之特定風 險。

管理層相信, 商譽的可收回金額所根據的 主要假設的任何合理可能變動不會導致賬 面值超過其可收回金額。

### **INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES, LONG-TERM** LOAN TO A SUBSIDIARY AND AMOUNTS DUE FROM SUBSIDIARIES - COMPANY

### 對附屬公司投資、向附屬公司長期貸 款及應收附屬公司款項-本公司

		2010	2009
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Unlisted shares, at cost	非上市股份(按成本)	170,390	170,390

In 2010, the long-term loan granted to a subsidiary is unsecured, denominated in US\$, repayable on 31 July 2013 and carries an interest at three-month SIBOR (2009: unsecured, interest-free, denominated in US\$ and repayable on 14 March 2011). The carrying value of loan to a subsidiary approximates its fair value.

In 2010, except for US\$2,700,000 (2009: US\$10,500,000), which is a short-term loan to a subsidiary and is unsecured, denominated in US\$, repayable on 31 March 2011 and carries an interest at three-month SIBOR (2009: unsecured, interestfree, denominated in US\$ and repayable on 31 July 2010), the amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free, denominated in US\$ and repayable on demand.

The following is a list of the principal subsidiaries at 31 December 2010:

於二零一零年,授予一間附屬公司之長期 貸款乃無抵押、以美元計值及須於二零 一三年七月三十一日償還,並按三個月新 加坡銀行同業拆息計息(二零零九年:於 二零一一年三月十四日無抵押、免息、按 美元計值及償還)。向一間附屬公司貸款 之賬面值接近其公平值。

於二零一零年,除無抵押、以美元計值、須 於二零一一年三月三十一日償還及按三個 月新加坡銀行同業拆息計息之2.700.000 美元(二零零九年:10,500,000美元)(二 零零九年:於二零一零年七月三十一日無 抵押、免息、按美元計值及償還)授予附屬 公司短期貸款外,應收附屬公司款項為無 抵押、免息以及以美元計值,且於催繳時 償還。

下列為於二零一零年十二月三十一日的主 要附屬公司:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/成立地點	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及營運地點	Particulars of issued/paid up share capital 已發行/繳足 股本詳情	Interest held 持有權益
Directly held: 直接持有:				
Winball Investment Limited	British Virgin Islands ("BVI") 英屬處女群島	Investment holding in Hong Kong 在香港投資控股	100 Ordinary shares of US\$1 each 100股每股面值 1美元的普通股	100%
Talent Top Investment Ltd.	BVI 英屬處女群島	Investment holding in Hong Kong 在香港投資控股	100 Ordinary shares of US\$1 each 100股每股面值 1美元的普通股	100%

- INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES, LONG-TERM LOAN TO A SUBSIDIARY AND AMOUNTS DUE FROM SUBSIDIARIES - COMPANY (continued)
- 對附屬公司投資、向附屬公司長期 貸款及應收附屬公司款項-本公司 (續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/成立地點	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及營運地點	Particulars of issued/paid up share capital 已發行/繳足	Interest held 持有權益
Indirectly held: 間接持有				
Burghley Enterprise Pte., Ltd.	Singapore 新加坡	Investment holding in Singapore 在新加坡投資控股	S\$106,067,921 Ordinary shares 106,067,921 新加坡元普通股	100%
Ordino Investments Pte., Ltd.	Singapore 新加坡	Investment holding in Singapore 在新加坡投資控股	S\$34,944,929 Ordinary shares 34,944,929 新加坡元普通股	100%
Vedan (Vietnam) Enterprise Corporation Limited 味丹 (越南)股份有限公司	Vietnam 越南	Manufacture and sale of fermentation-based food additives and biochemical products and cassava starch-based industrial products including MSG, GA, modified starch, glucose syrup, soda and acid in Vietnam and for export 在越南製造及銷售發酵食品添加劑、生化產品及木薯澱粉工業產品,包括味精、谷氨酸、化工澱粉、葡萄糖漿、梳打及鹽酸並銷售出口	131,970,000 Ordinary shares of US\$1 each 131,970,000股 每股面值1美元 的普通股	100%
Mao Tai Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd. 茂泰食品 ( 廈門 ) 有限公司	PRC 中國	Packaging and sale of MSG and beverages in the PRC 在中國包裝及銷售味精及飲料	US\$20,270,000 Registered capital 20,270,000美元 註冊資本	100%
Orsan Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Vietnam 越南	Packaging and sale of MSG in Vietnam 在越南包裝及銷售味精	1,838,282 Ordinary shares of US\$1 each 1,838,282股每股 面值1美元的 普通股	100%

## INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES, LONG-TERM LOAN TO A SUBSIDIARY AND AMOUNTS DUE FROM SUBSIDIARIES - COMPANY (continued)

## 對附屬公司投資、向附屬公司長期 貸款及應收附屬公司款項-本公司 (續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/成立地點	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及營運地點	Particulars of issued/paid up share capital 已發行/繳足 股本詳情	Interest held 持有權益
Indirectly held: (continued) 間接持有: (續)				
Shandong Vedan Snowflake Enterprise Co., Ltd. 山東味丹雪花實業有限公司	PRC 中國	Manufacture and sale of MSG in the PRC 在中國生產及銷售味精	US\$17,200,000 Registered capital 17,200,000美元 註冊資本	70%
Shanghai Vedan Enterprise Co. Ltd. 上海味丹企業有限公司	PRC 中國	Packaging and sale of MSG in the PRC 在中國包裝及銷售味精	US\$9,800,000 Registered capital 9,800,000美元 註冊資本	100%
Veyu Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Vietnam 越南	Manufacture and sale of cassava starch-based industrial products in Vietnam and for export 在越南製造及銷售木薯澱粉工業 產品並銷售出口	2,300,000 Ordinary shares of US\$1 each 2,300,000股每股 面值1美元的 普通股	100%
Xiamen Darong Import & Export Trade Co., Ltd. 廈門大容進出口貿易有限公司	PRC 中國	Trading of cassava starch-based industrial products in the PRC 在中國買賣木薯澱粉工業產品	US\$254,000 Registered capital 254,000美元 註冊資本	100%
上海星尚實業發展有限公司	PRC 中國	Property holding in the PRC 在中國持有物業	RMB104,600,000 Registered capital 人民幣104,600,000元 註冊資本	98.97%

### 10 INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE - GROUP AND **COMPANY**

# 10 於聯營公司之投資-本集團及本公司

	2010 US\$'000	2009 US\$'000
Unlisted shares, at cost	 千美元 1,230	千美元 -

Movement on the investment in associate is as follows:

於聯營公司之投資變動分析如下:

		2010	2009
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元_
As at 1 January	於一月一日	_	_
Additions	添置	1,230	_
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日	1,230	-

The Group's and Company's share of the results of the associate and its assets and liabilities are as follows:

本集團及本公司應佔聯營公司之業績以及 其資產及負債分析如下:

Name 名稱	Country of incorporation 註冊成立國家	Particulars of issued share capital 已發行股本詳情	% interest held 持有權益%
Dacin International Holdings Limited 達欣國際控股有限公司	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	4,100,000 shares of US\$1 each 4,100,000股股份 <sup>,</sup> 每股1美元	30

#### Summary of financial information on associate - effective interest

聯營公司之財務資料概要-實際權益

		Assets 資產	Liabilities 負債	Revenues 收益	Profits 溢利
		US\$′000 千美元	US\$′000 千美元	US\$′000 千美元	US\$′000 千美元
Effective interest	實際權益	1,230	- 「天儿	- 「天儿	

The associate is principally engaged in real estate development in Vietnam. As of 31 December 2010, the associate is inactive and has not identified any development project yet.

聯營公司於越南主要從事房地產發展。截 至二零一零年十二月三十一日,聯營公司 並不活躍及尚未識別任何發展項目。

#### 11 TRADE RECEIVABLES

#### 11 應收貿易賬款

The fair values of trade receivables are as follows:

應收貿易賬款之公平值如下:

		Group 本集團	
		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$′000 千美元
Trade receivables from third parties Trade receivables from a related party	應收第三方貿易賬款 應收有關連人士貿易賬款	41,600	29,447
(Note 34(d))  Less: provision for impairment of trade receivables	(附註34(d)) <i>減:</i> 應收貿易賬款減值 撥備	250 (1,522)	267 (2,777)
		40,328	26,937

The credit terms of trade receivables range from cash on delivery to 120 days and the ageing analysis of the trade receivables is as follows:

應收貿易賬款之信貸期由貨到付現至120 天,而應收貿易賬款之賬齡分析如下:

			oup 集團
		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
Current	即期	27,666	17,252
31 – 90 days	31至90天	8,906	7,171
91 – 180 days	91至180天	2,959	2,860
181 – 365 days	181至365天	809	752
Over 365 days	365天以上	1,510	1,679
		41,850	29,714

#### 11 TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

As at 31 December 2010, trade receivables of US\$31,337,000 (2009: US\$22,470,000) were fully performing.

As at 31 December 2010, trade receivables of US\$7,372,000 (2009: US\$4,083,000) were past due but not impaired. These relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. The ageing analysis of those past due but not impaired receivables is as follows:

#### 11 應收貿易賬款(續)

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,已悉數收 回31,337,000美元應收貿易賬款(二零零 九年:22,470,000美元)。

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,金額為 7,372,000美元(二零零九年:4,083,000 美元)的應收貿易賬款已到期但並未減 值,其來自若干近期概無拖欠紀錄的獨立 客戶。該等到期但並未減值的應收款項的 賬齡分析如下:

#### Group 本集團

		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
Overdue by			
Current to 90 days	即期至90天	5,722	3,947
91 – 180 days	91至180天	1,636	57
Over 180 days	180天以上	14	79
		7,372	4,083

As of 31 December 2010, trade receivables of US\$3,141,000 (2009: US\$3,161,000) were impaired. The amount of the provision was US\$1,522,000 as of 31 December 2010 (2009: US\$2,777,000). The individually impaired receivables mainly relate to wholesalers, which are in unexpectedly difficult economic situations. It was assessed that a portion of the receivables is expected to be recovered. The ageing of these receivables is as follows:

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,應收貿 易 賬 款 3,141,000 美 元 (二零零九年: 3,161,000美元)已予減值。於二零一零 年十二月三十一日作出的撥備金額為 1,522,000美元(二零零九年:2,777,000 美元)。個別減值的應收款項主要與處於 無法預計經濟困難的批發商有關,而部分 應收款項則評估為預期將予收回。該等應 收款項的賬齡分析如下:

#### Group 本集團

		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$′000 千美元
Overdue by	逾期		
91 days to 180 days	91天至180天	1,626	1,548
181 days to 365 days	181天至365天	_	-
Over 365 days	365天以上	1,515	1,613
		3,141	3,161

### 11 TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

### 11 應收貿易賬款(績)

本集團之應收貿易賬款賬面值按下列貨幣 計值:

		Gro 本复	oup 集團
		<b>2010</b> US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
Vietnam Dong US\$ Renminbi	越南盾 美元 人民幣	24,732 12,735 2,861	16,640 8,836 1,461
		40,328	26,937

Movements on the Group's provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

本集團之應收貿易賬款減值撥備變動分析 如下:

		Group 本集團	
		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January Provision for receivables impairment	於一月一日 應收款項減值撥備	2,777	427
(Note 21) Unused amounts reversed (Note 21)	(附註21) 已撥回未用金額(附註21)	11 (1,266)	2,350 –
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	1,522	2,777

The creation and release of provision for impaired receivables have been included in "administrative expenses" in the consolidated income statement (Note 21). Amounts charged to the allowance account are generally written off when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash.

作出及解除應收款項減值撥備已計入綜合 收益表的「行政開支」中(附註21)。於撥 備賬扣除的金額一般於預期無法收回額外 現金時撇銷。

#### 12 INVENTORIES

#### 12 存貨

		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
Spare parts and consumables Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods	零件及消耗品 原材料 在製品 製成品	4,350 46,914 4,771 27,158	4,338 37,877 2,979 20,402
		83,193	65,596

The cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in cost of sales amounted to US\$241,547,000 (2009: US\$179,486,000).

確認為開支及計入銷售成本之存貨成 本為241,547,000美元(二零零九年: 179,486,000美元)。

#### 13 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Bank balances totaling US\$8,945,000 (2009: US\$11,861,000) and US\$24,421,000 (2009: US\$23,868,000) as at 31 December 2010 were mainly placed with major state-owned financial institutions in PRC and Vietnam, respectively. The remittance of these funds out of the PRC and Vietnam is subject to the exchange restrictions imposed by the PRC and Vietnamese governments.

#### 13 現金及現金等價物

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,銀行結 餘合共8,945,000美元(二零零九年: 11,861,000美元)及24,421,000美元(二 零零九年:23,868,000美元)分別存入中 國及越南的主要國有財務機構。該等資金 匯出中國及越南須遵守中國及越南政府的 外匯管制措施。

		Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		<b>2010</b> 2009		2010	2009
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
	銀行及庫存現金 短期銀行存款	28,046 6,490	27,863 11,751	1,151 -	3,866
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	34,536	39,614	1,151	3,866

### 13 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

The Group's cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

#### 13 現金及現金等價物(績)

本集團現金及現金等價物按以下貨幣計值:

			Group 本集團		pany 公司
		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元	2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
Vietnam Dong US\$ Renminbi Hong Kong dollar New Taiwan dollar	越南盾 美元 人民幣 港元 新台幣	9,890 15,300 8,923 45 378	14,001 13,789 11,416 42 366	- 728 - 45 378	- 3,458 - 42 366
		34,536	39,614	1,151	3,866

The effective interest rate per annum of the Group's short-term bank deposits in 2010 was 12.5% (2009: 8.2%).

二零一零年本集團短期銀行存款之每年實際利率為12.5%(二零零九年:8.2%)。

### **14 SHARE CAPITAL**

#### 14 股本

		Authorised ordinary shares 法定普通股		
		Par value	Number of	
		US\$	shares	US\$'000
		面值美元	股份數目	千美元
At 31 December 2009 and	於二零零九年			
31 December 2010	十二月三十一日及			
	二零一零年十二月三十一日	0.01	10,000,000,000	100,000
			nd fully paid ordin	•

	—令 令十十—月二十 日 ——	0.01	10,000,000,000	100,000
			d fully paid ordina 己發行及繳足普通肦	•
		Par value	Number of	
		US\$	shares	US\$'000
		面值美元	股份數目	千美元
At 31 December 2009 and 31 December 2010	於二零零九年 十二月三十一日及			
	二零一零年十二月三十一日	0.01	1,522,742,000	15,228

#### 15 RESERVES

(a) Group

(a) 本集團

15 儲備

		Share premium 股份溢價 US\$'000 千美元	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 US\$'000 千美元	(Note) Merger reserve (註) 合併儲備 US\$'000 千美元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 US\$'000 千美元	<b>Total</b> 合計 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January 2009 Profit for the year Dividends Exchange translation	於二零零九年一月一日 本年度溢利 股息 匯兑差額	47,358 - -	10,204 - -	79,994 - -	102,247 17,983 (4,152)	239,803 17,983 (4,152)
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日	47,358	104	79,994	116,078	253,738
Representing: 2009 Final dividend proposed Others	即: 建議派付之二零零九年 末期股息 其他				4,840 111,238	
Retained earnings as at 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日 之保留盈利				116,078	
At 1 January 2010 Loss for the year Dividends Exchange translation	於二零一零年一月一日 本年度虧損 股息 匯兑差額	47,358 - -	10,308 - -	79,994 - -	116,078 (1,480) (4,840)	253,738 (1,480) (4,840)
differences		_	1,899		_	1,899
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	47,358	12,207	79,994	109,758	249,317
Representing: 2010 Final dividend proposed Others	即: 建議派付之二零一零年 末期股息 其他				3,670 106,088	
Retained earnings as at 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日 之保留盈利				109,758	

Note:

The merger reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the share capital and share premium of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the group reorganisation completed on 26 December 2002 and the nominal value of the share capital of the Company issued in exchange

thereof.

附註:

本集團的合併儲備即本集團於二零零二 年十二月二十六日完成集團重組時所收 購附屬公司的股本面值及股份溢價與本 公司因交換而發行股本面值的差額。

### **15 RESERVES (continued)**

### 15 儲備(續)

### (b) Company

(b) 本公司

		Share premium 股份溢價 US\$'000 千美元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 US\$'000 千美元	<b>Total</b> 合計 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January 2009 Profit for the year Dividends	於二零零九年一月一日 本年度溢利 股息	194,098 - -	13,733 6,909 (4,152)	207,831 6,909 (4,152)
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日	194,098	16,490	210,588
Representing: 2009 Final dividend proposed Others	即: 建議派付之二零零九年 末期股息 其他		4,840 11,650	
Retained earnings as at 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日 之保留盈利		16,490	
At 1 January 2010 Profit for the year Dividends	於二零一零年一月一日 本年度溢利 股息	194,098 - -	16,490 4,954 (4,840)	210,588 4,954 (4,840)
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日	194,098	16,604	210,702
Representing: 2010 Final dividend proposed Others	即: 建議派付之二零一零年 末期股息 其他		3,670 12,934	
Retained earnings as at 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日 之保留盈利		16,604	

Pursuant to Section 34 of the Cayman Companies Law (2003 Revision) and the Articles of Association of the Company, share premium of the Company is available for distribution to shareholders subject to a solvency test on the Company and the provision of the Articles of Association of the Company.

根據開曼群島公司法(二零零三年修訂版)第34條及本公司組織章程細則,本公司的股份溢價可分派予股東,惟本公司須具備償債能力且符合本公司組織章程細則的規定。

#### **16 TRADE PAYABLES**

# As at 31 December 2010, the ageing analysis of trade payables is as follows:

#### 16 應付貿易賬款

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,應付貿易 賬款之賬齡分析如下:

		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$′000 千美元
Current	即期	22,754	12,448
31 – 90 days 91 – 180 days	31至90天 91至180天	3,224 35	353 60
181 – 365 days	181至365天	17	182
		26,030	13,043

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade payables are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團之應付貿易賬款按以下貨幣 計值:

		<b>2010</b> US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
Vietnam Dong US\$ Renminbi	越南盾 美元 人民幣	11,275 14,130 625	6,121 6,474 448
		26,030	13,043

#### 17 BANK BORROWINGS

#### 17 銀行借貸

	Group 本集團		Com 本名	-
	2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元	<b>2010</b> US\$'000 千美元	2009 US\$′000 千美元
Long-term bank borrowings 長期銀行借貸 — 有抵押 (附註33及35) Current portion of long-term bank borrowings — secured — 有抵押	19,538 (4,279)	19,345 (3,123)	-	-
	15,259	16,222	-	_
Short-term bank borrowings 短期銀行借貸 - secured (Note 33 and 35) - 有抵押 (附註33及35) - unsecured - 無抵押	14,308 9,288	14,518 8,734	- 9,288	- 8,734
	23,596	23,252	9,288	8,734

### 17 BANK BORROWINGS (continued)

# As at 31 December 2010, the Group's long-term bank borrowings were repayable as follows:

#### 17 銀行借貸(績)

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團之長期銀行借貸須於以下期間償還:

	Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
	<b>2010</b>	2009	<b>2010</b>	2009
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
Within 1 year — 年內	4,279	3,123	-	-
Between 1 and 2 years — 中至兩年	5,314	–	-	-
Between 2 and 5 years 兩年至五年	9,945	16,222	-	-
	19,538	19,345	-	_

The exposure of the Group's borrowings to interest-rate changes and the contractual repricing dates are as follows:

受利率變化影響的本集團借貸及約定重新 訂價日期如下:

		Within 1 month 一個月內 US\$'000 千美元	1-3 months 一至三個月 US\$'000 千美元	<b>3 − 6</b> <b>months</b> 三至六個月 US\$'000 千美元	<b>Total</b> 合計 US\$'000 千美元
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年 十二月三十一日				
Total borrowings	借貸總額	26,768	8,734	7,095	42,597
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日				
Total borrowings	借貸總額	10,873	12,723	19,538	43,134

The exposure of the Company's borrowings to interest-rate changes and the contractual repricing dates are as follows:

受利率變化影響的本公司借貸及約定重新 訂價日期如下:

		Within 1 month 一個月內 US\$'000 千美元	<b>1 - 3</b> <b>months</b> 一至三個月 US\$'000 千美元	<b>3 - 6</b> <b>months</b> 三至六個月 US\$'000 千美元	<b>Total</b> 合計 US\$'000 千美元
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年 十二月三十一日				
Total borrowings	借貸總額		8,734	_	8,734
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日				
Total borrowings	借貸總額	329	8,959	_	9,288

### 17 BANK BORROWINGS (continued)

#### 17 銀行借貸(績)

The effective interest rates per annum of the Group at the balance sheet date were as follows:

於結算日,本集團實際年利率如下:

		201	2010		9
			New		New
			Taiwan		Taiwan
		US\$	dollar	US\$	dollar
		美元	新台幣	美元	新台幣
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	3.1%	2.4%	3.1%	2.1%

The effective interest rates per annum of the Company at the balance sheet date were as follows:

於結算日,本公司實際年利率如下:

		201	2010		9
			New		New
			Taiwan		Taiwan
		US\$	dollar	US\$	dollar
		美元	新台幣	美元	新台幣
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	2.2%	2.4%	1.9%	2.1%

The carrying amounts of bank borrowings approximate their fair value.

銀行借貸的賬面金額約為其公平值。

The carrying amounts of the borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

銀行借貸的賬面金額按以下貨幣計值:

	Group 本集團		·		
	2010	2009	2010	2009	
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	
	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	
US\$ 美元	42,146	39,163	8,300	5,300	
New Taiwan dollar 新台幣	988	3,434	988	3,434	
	43,134	42,597	9,288	8,734	

#### **18 DEFERRED INCOME TAX**

Deferred income tax is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method using the principal tax rates prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

The movement on the deferred income tax liabilities account is as follows:

#### 18 遞延所得稅

遞延所得稅乃根據負債法以本集團營運所 在國家當時的主要稅率就所有暫時差額計 算。

遞延所得税負債變動如下:

	2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January 於一月一日 Credited to income statement (Note 24) 計入收益表 (附註24)	8,050 (537)	9,497 (1,447)
At 31 December 於十二月三十一日	7,513	8,050

Provided for in respect of:

就下列各項作出撥備:

		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$′000 千美元
Accelerated tax depreciation Dividend withholding tax on undistributed profit in the PRC subsidiary Other temporary differences	加速税項折舊 中國附屬公司未分派溢利 的股息預扣税 其他暫時差額	8,249 127 (863)	8,939 - (889)
		7,513	8,050

#### 18 DEFERRED INCOME TAX (continued)

The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

#### Deferred income tax liabilities

#### Dividend withholding tax on undistributed Accelerated tax profits in the depreciation PRC subsidiary Total 中國附屬公司未分派 加速税項折舊 溢利的股息預扣税 合計 2010 2009 2010 2009 2010 2009 US\$'000 US\$'000 US\$'000 US\$'000 US\$'000 US\$'000 美元 美元 美元 美元 美元 美元 At 1 January 於一月一日 8,939 10,179 8,939 10,179 (Credited)/charged to (計入)/扣除自收益表 income statement (690)(1,240)127 (563)\_ (1,240)At 31 December 於十二月三十一日 8,249 8,939 127 8,939 8.376

According to the New PRC Enterprise Income Tax Law, the profits of the PRC subsidiary of the Group derived since 1st January 2008 will be subject to withholding tax at a rate of 10% upon the distribution of such profits to foreign investors.

Deferred income tax assets

根據新中國企業所得税法,本集團旗下中 國附屬公司自二零零八年一月一日起產生 的溢利,須就分派予外國投資者的該等溢 利按10%的税率繳納預扣税。

本年度遞延所得税資產及負債(未計及抵

銷相同徵税司法權區的結餘前)的變動如

#### 遞延所得税資產

18 遞延所得稅(續)

遞延所得税負債

下:

#### Other temporary differences 其他暫時差額

	2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January	(889) 26	(682) (207)
At 31 December 於十二月三十一日	(863)	(889)

#### 19 REVENUE

The Group manufactures and sells fermentation-based food additives, biochemical products and cassava starchbased industrial products including modified starch, glucose syrup, MSG, soda, acid and beverages. Turnover recognised for the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009 was US\$336,107,000 and US\$289,137,000 respectively.

#### 收益 19

本集團製造及銷售發酵食品添加劑、生 化產品及木薯澱粉工業產品,包括化工 澱粉,葡萄糖漿、味精、梳打、酸及飲料。 截至二零一零年及二零零九年十二月 三十一日止年度的經確認營業額分別為 336,107,000美元及289,137,000美元。

#### **20 OTHER LOSSES - NET**

#### 20 其他虧損-淨額

		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$′000 千美元
Net exchange loss	匯 兑 虧 損 淨 額	(1,740)	(3,825)
Net loss from sale of electricity	出售電力淨虧損	(28)	(278)
Loss on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備		
plant and equipment	虧損	(502)	(44)
Sale of scrap materials	廢料銷售	318	231
Interest income from held-to-maturity	持有至到期之財務資產		
financial assets	利息收入	61	234
Others	其他	(185)	745
		(2,076)	(2,937)

#### **21 EXPENSES BY NATURE**

### 21 按性質分類之開支

Expenses included in cost of sales, selling and distribution expenses and administrative expenses are analysed as follows:

銷售成本、銷售及分銷開支及行政開支所包括的開支分析如下:

		2010	2009
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Changes in inventories of finished goods	製成品和在製品存貨變動		
and work-in-progress	农/水品中产农品 门 负交易	(8,548)	4,230
Raw materials and consumables used	已用原料和消耗品	250,095	175,256
Amortisation of intangible assets (Note 8)	無形資產攤銷(附註8)	1,490	1,457
Amortisation of land use rights (Note 6)	土地使用權攤銷(附註6)	86	144
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	329	295
Depreciation on property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
plant and equipment (Note 7)	(附註7)	25,616	28,083
Provision for impairment of property,	物業、廠房及設備減值		·
plant and equipment (Note 7)	撥備(附註7)	2,055	3,433
Operating leases expenses in respect of	有關租賃土地經營租約之		
leasehold land	開支	159	180
Employee benefit expenses (Note 28)	僱員福利開支(附註28)	20,759	21,271
(Write back of)/provision for impairment of	應收貿易賬款減值		
trade receivables (Note 11)	(撥回)/撥備		
	(附註11)	(1,255)	2,350
Other expenses	其他開支	28,755	25,626
Total cost of sales, selling and	銷售成本、銷售及分銷		
distribution expenses and	開支及行政開支總額		
administrative expenses		319,541	262,325

#### **22 COMPENSATION TO FARMERS**

On 8 October 2008, the Group received a decision from the relevant government authority that the Group had been in violation of certain environmental laws in Vietnam. The Group was required to pay approximately US\$16,000 and US\$7,713,000 as penalty and environmental fees respectively. All these penalty and environmental fees were recorded in the consolidated income statement in 2008. Due to this environmental matter, farmer associations in Ho Chi Minh City, Bà Ria-Vung Tàu Province and Dong Nai Province in Vietnam intended to file a court claim against the Group. On 13 August 2010, the Group agreed to provide approximately US\$11,807,000 (equivalent to VND218,949,000,000) to farmer associations in Ho Chi Minh City, Bà Ria-Vung Tàu Province and Dong Nai Province in Vietnam to settle the claim. This has been recorded in the consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 December 2010. The Group paid the amount in two instalments with 50% each in August 2010 and January 2011. The Directors obtained a legal opinion and considered that there is no further significant liability to any parties in relation to this environmental matter.

#### 22 農民賠償

於二零零八年十月八日,本集團獲悉相關 政府機構有關本集團違反越南若干環境 法例之決議。本集團須分別支付約16,000 美元及7,713,000美元作為罰款及環境費 用。全部該等罰款及環境費用已於二零零 八年之綜合收益表中記錄。由於此環境事 項,越南胡志明市、巴地頭頓省及同奈省 之農民協擬入稟法院向本集團索取賠償。 於二零一零年八月十三日,本集團同意向 越南胡志明市、巴地頭頓省及同奈省之 農民協會賠償約11,807,000美元(相等於 218,949,000,000越南盾)。全部該等賠償 已於截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年 度之綜合收益表中記錄。本集團同意分兩 期分別於二零一零年八月及二零一一年一 月支付賠償,每次支付50%。董事獲得法 律意見並認為並無就此環境事項對任何人 士負有其他重大負債。

#### 23 FINANCE COSTS - NET

#### 23 財政支出-淨值

		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
Finance income – interest income on short-term bank deposits	財政收入-短期銀行存款 利息收入	(968)	(747)
Interest expense on bank borrowings Amortisation of discount on long-term payable to a related party (Note 34(d))	銀行借貸利息開支 應付有關連人士之 長期款項折讓攤銷 (附註34(d))	1,420	1,235
Finance costs	財政支出	1,696	1,594
Finance costs – net	財政支出-淨值	728	847

There is no interest expense on bank borrowings capitalised under property, plant and equipment for current year. Interest expense on bank borrowings for last year was stated after deducting interest of US\$472,000 capitalised under property, plant and equipment.

並無關於銀行借貸利息開支於現年物業、 廠房及設備項下撥充資本。去年銀行借貸 利息開支於扣除利息472,000美元)後列 賬,並於物業、廠房及設備項下撥充資本。

#### **24 INCOME TAX EXPENSE**

Taxation on profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

The amount of income tax charged to the consolidated income statement represents:

#### 24 所得稅開支

溢利的税項按年內估計應課稅溢利乘以本 集團營運所在國家的適用稅率計算。

於綜合收益表內扣除之所得稅開支包括:

		2010	2009
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元_
Enterprise income tax ("EIT")	企業所得税	5,119	6,681
Deferred income tax (Note 18)	遞延所得税(附註18)	(537)	(1,447)
		4,582	5,234

The income tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the applicable tax rate for Vedan (Vietnam) Enterprise Corporation Limited ("Vietnam Vedan"), which is a major subsidiary of the Group, as follows:

本集團未計所得税前溢利的所得税與倘若採用本集團主要附屬公司一味丹(越南)股份有限公司(「越南味丹」)的適用税率而計算的理論税款的差額如下:

		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	1,955	23,028
Tax calculated at domestic tax rate of 15% (2009: 15%)  Tax effects of different tax rates Income not subject to tax  Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	按本地税率15%計算之税項 (二零零九年:15%) 不同税率之税務影響 毋需繳税收入 不可扣減之評税開支 動用之前未確認税務虧損	293 129 (1) 3,542	3,454 25 (2) 1,659
Tax losses for which no deferred income tax asset was recognised	無確認遞延所得税資產之 税損	753	98
Tax charge	税項支出	4,582	5,234

Deferred income tax assets are recognised in respect of tax losses carried forward to the extent that realisation of the related tax benefit through the future taxable profits is probable. The Group has unrecognised tax losses of US\$13,845,000 (2009: US\$9,547,000) to carry forward against future taxable income. These tax losses will expire in one to five years.

遞延所得稅資產乃因應相關稅務利益可透過未來應課稅溢利變現而就所結轉的稅損作確認。本集團有未確認稅損13,845,000美元(二零零九年:9,547,000美元)可結轉以抵銷未來應課稅收入。該等稅損將於一年至五年間到期。

#### 24 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

#### Enterprise income tax ("EIT")

EIT is provided on the basis of the statutory profit for financial reporting purposes, adjusted for income and expenses items which are not assessable or deductible for income tax purposes.

#### (i) Vietnam

The applicable EIT rates for the Group's operations in Vietnam range from 15% to 25%, as stipulated in the respective subsidiaries' investment licenses.

#### (ii) The PRC

The applicable EIT rate for the Group's operation in the PRC range from 12.5% to 25%.

Shanghai Vedan, Shandong Snowflake and Xiamen Maotai are entitled to full exemption from EIT for the first two years and 50% reduction in EIT for the next three years, commencing from the first profitable year after offsetting all unexpired tax losses brought forward from the previous years. Shanghai Vedan, Shandong Snowflake and Xiamen Maotai have already triggered their first year of tax exemption entitlement in 2005, 2006 and 2008 respectively.

#### Singapore/Hong Kong

No Singapore/Hong Kong profits tax has been provided as the Group had no estimated assessable profit arising in or derived from Singapore and Hong Kong during the year.

#### (iv) Taiwan

The applicable EIT rate for the Group's operations in Taiwan is 25%.

# 25 PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE **COMPANY**

The profit attributable to owners of the Company is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of US\$4,954,000 (2009: US\$6,909,000).

#### 24 所得稅開支(績)

#### 企業所得税

企業所得税按財務申報的法定溢利計算, 且就所得税的毋須課税或不可扣減的收支 項目作出調整。

#### (i) 越南

本集團在越南的業務適用企業所得 税率介乎15%至25%,按附屬公司各 自的投資許可證所規定。

#### (ii) 中國

本集團在中國的業務適用企業所得 税率介乎12.5%至25%。

上海味丹, 山東雪花及廈門茂泰在抵 銷所有過往年度結轉的未過期税項 虧損後,由首個盈利年度開始可享首 兩年全數豁免企業所得稅及緊接其 後三個年度可享50%企業所得稅寬 減。上海味丹、山東雪花及廈門茂泰 分別已於二零零五年、二零零六年及 二零零八年踏入首年免税期。

#### (iii) 新加坡/香港

由於本集團於本年度並無在新加坡 及香港賺取或獲得估計應課稅溢利, 因此並無作出新加坡/香港利得税 撥備。

#### (iv) 台灣

本集團在台灣的業務適用企業所得 税率為25%。

#### 25 本公司擁有人應佔溢利

計入本公司財務報表的公司擁有人應 佔溢利為4,954,000美元(二零零九年: 6,909,000美元)。

#### **26 DIVIDENDS**

The dividends paid in 2010 and 2009 were U\$\$4,840,000 (0.317 US cents per ordinary share) and U\$\$4,152,000 (0.273 US cents per ordinary share), respectively. The directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of 0.240 US cents per ordinary share, totalling U\$\$3,670,000 (2009: U\$\$4,840,000). Such dividend is to be approved by the shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. These financial statements do not reflect this dividend payable.

#### 26 股息

二零一零年及二零零九年之已付股息分別為4,840,000美元(每股普通股0.317美仙)及4,152,000美元(每股普通股0.273美仙)。董事建議派付末期股息每股普通股0.240美仙·合共3,670,000美元(二零零九年:4,840,000美元)。有關股息尚待股東於應屆股東週年大會上批准。有關財務報表並不反映此應付股息。

	<b>2010</b> US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$′000 千美元
2010 interim dividend, paid of nil (2009: 已付二零一零年中期股息 0.273 US cents) per ordinary share, paid 每股普通股零元 (二零零九年: 0.273美仙)	-	4,152
2010 final dividend, proposed of W派二零一零年末期 0.240 US cents (2009: 0.317 US cents) 股息每股普通股 per ordinary share 0.240美仙 (二零零九年: 0.317美仙)	2.670	4 940
0.31/美仙)	3,670	8,992

The aggregate amounts of the dividends paid and proposed during 2010 and 2009 have been disclosed in the consolidated income statement in accordance with the disclosure requirements of Hong Kong Companies Ordinance

二零一零年及二零零九年已付及擬派股息 總額已根據香港公司條例披露要求於綜合 收益表披露。

#### 27 (LOSSES)/EARNINGS PER SHARE

#### (a) Basic

Basic (losses)/earnings per share is calculated by dividing the (loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

### 27 每股(虧損)/盈利

#### (a) 基本

每股基本(虧損)/盈利按本公司擁有人應佔(虧損)/溢利除以年內已發行普通股的加權平均數計算。

	2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$′000 千美元
(Loss)/profit attributable to owners 本公司擁有人應佔 of the Company (虧損)/溢利	(1,480)	17,983
Weighted average number of 已發行普通股加權平均 ordinary shares in issue (thousands) (以千計)	數 1,522,742	1,522,742
Basic (losses)/earnings per share 每股基本(虧損)/盈利 (US cents per share) (每股美仙)	(0.10)	1.18

### 27 (LOSSES)/EARNINGS PER SHARE (continued)

#### **Diluted**

Diluted (losses)/earnings per share is same as basic (losses)/earnings per share as there is no dilutive instruments for the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009.

# 28 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING

**DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION)** 

#### 27 每股(虧損)/盈利(績)

#### (b) 攤薄

截至二零一零年及二零零九年十二 月三十一日止年度,由於無攤薄工 具,每股攤薄(虧損)/盈利與每股 基本(虧損)/盈利相同。

#### 28 僱員福利開支(包括董事薪酬)

		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
Wages, basic salaries and allowances Bonuses Pension costs – defined contribution plans Other employee benefits	工資、底薪及津貼 花紅 退休金成本一定額供款計劃 其他僱員福利	17,780 - 1,462 1,517	17,173 1,822 1,436 840
		20,759	21,271

#### 29 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS

As stipulated by rules and regulations in the PRC, the Group contributes to state-sponsored defined contribution retirement plans for its employees in Xiamen, Shandong and Shanghai, the PRC. The Group contributes to the plans at rates ranging from 8% to 22% of the basic salaries predetermined by local governments. The state-sponsored retirement plans are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to retired employees. For the year ended 31 December 2010, the Group has contributed approximately US\$415,000 (2009: US\$570,000) to the aforesaid state-sponsored retirement plans.

As stipulated by rules and regulations in Vietnam, the Group contributes to stated-sponsored employees' social insurance scheme for its employees in Vietnam. The Group contributes to the scheme at a rate of 15% of the employee's salary. The state-sponsored social insurance scheme is responsible for the entire obligations payable to retired employees. For the year ended 31 December 2010, the Group has contributed approximately US\$920,000 (2009: US\$753,000) to the aforesaid state-sponsored social insurance scheme.

#### 29 僱員退休福利

根據中國的規則及法例,本集團為中國廈 門、山東及上海僱員向國家營辦的定額 供款退休計劃作出供款。本集團對該等計 劃的供款率為當地政府指定底薪的8%至 22%。國家營辦的退休計劃負責向退休 僱員支付所有退休福利。截至二零一零年 十二月三十一日止年度,本集團向上述國 家營辦的退休計劃供款約415,000美元(二 零零九年:570,000美元)。

根據越南的規則及法例,本集團為越南僱 員向國家營辦的僱員社會保險計劃作出 供款。本集團按僱員薪金的15%向計劃作 出供款。國家營辦的社會保險計劃負責為 退休僱員提供所有保障。截至二零一零年 十二月三十一日止年度,本集團向上述國 家營辦的社會保險計劃供款約920,000美 元(二零零九年:753,000美元)。

# 30 EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

(a) The aggregate amounts of emoluments paid and payable to the directors of the Company by the Group during the year are as follows:

#### 30 董事及高級管理層的薪酬

(a) 本年度本集團向本公司董事已付及 應付的薪酬總額如下:

		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
Fees Basic salaries and allowances Discretionary bonuses	袍金 底薪及津貼 酌情發放的花紅	- 1,109 -	- 1,188 1,798
		1,109	2,986

None of the directors of the Company waived any emoluments during the year (2009: Nil).

The remuneration of every director of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2010 is set out below: 本年度本公司董事並無放棄任何薪酬(二零零九年:無)。

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度本公司各董事的薪酬載列如下:

				Discretionary	Other	
		Fees	Salary	bonuses	benefits (i)	Total
Name of Director	董事姓名	袍金	薪金	酌情發放花紅	其他福利(i)	合計
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
Executive Director	執行董事					
Mr. Yang, Tou-Hsiung	楊頭雄先生	-	341	-	13	354
Mr. Yang, Cheng	楊正先生	-	200	-	13	213
Mr. Yang, Kun-Hsiang	楊坤祥先生	-	305	-	13	318
Mr. Yang, Chen-Wen	楊辰文先生	-	150	-	13	163
Non-executive Director	非執行董事					
Mr. Chou, Sze-Cheng	周賜程先生	_	-	_	12	12
Mr. Huang, Ching-Jung	黃景榮先生	-	-	-	13	13
Independent non-executive	獨立非執行董事					
Director						
Mr. Chao, Pei-Hong	趙培宏先生	-	-	-	12	12
Mr. Chen, Joen-Ray	陳忠瑞先生	-	-	-	12	12
Mr. Ko, Jim-Chen	柯俊禎先生	-	-	_	12	12
Total	合計	_	996	_	113	1,109

### **30 EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT** (continued)

The remuneration of every director of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2009 is set out below:

#### 30 董事及高級管理層的薪酬(續)

截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止 年度本公司各董事的薪酬載列如下:

				Discretionary	Other	
		Fees	Salary	bonuses	benefits (i)	Total
Name of Director	董事姓名	袍金	薪金	酌情發放花紅	其他福利(i)	合計
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
Executive Director	執行董事					
Mr. Yang, Tou-Hsiung	楊頭雄先生	_	354	1,204	13	1,571
Mr. Yang, Cheng	楊正先生	_	200	548	13	761
Mr. Yang, Kun-Hsiang	楊坤祥先生	_	317	23	13	353
Mr. Yang, Chen-Wen	楊辰文先生	_	150	23	13	186
Mr. Wang, Joel J.	王肇樹先生	-	50	-	4	54
Non-executive Director	非執行董事					
Mr. Chou, Sze-Cheng	周賜程先生	_	-	_	12	12
Mr. Huang, Ching-Jung	黄景榮先生	-	-	-	13	13
Independent non-executive	獨立非執行董事					
Director						
Mr. Chao, Pei-Hong	趙培宏先生	-	-	-	12	12
Mr. Chen, Joen-Ray	陳忠瑞先生	-	-	-	12	12
Mr. Ko, Jim-Chen	柯俊禎先生	-	_	_	12	12
Total	合計	-	1,071	1,798	117	2,986

#### Notes:

- Other benefits include travelling allowance.
- The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for both years were also directors and their emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above.
- During the year, no emoluments have been paid to (c) the directors of the Company or the five highest paid individuals of the Group as an inducement to join or as compensation for loss of office.

There are no outstanding share options as at 31 December 2010 and 2009.

#### 附註:

- 其他福利包括差旅津貼。
- (b) 本集團兩個年度內最高薪酬的五位 人士均為董事,彼等的酬金已載於上 文分析內。
- (c) 本年度並無向本公司董事或本集團 五位最高薪酬人士支付酬金,作為招 攬加入本集團的獎勵或離職補償。

於二零一零年及二零零九年十二月 三十一日概無購股權尚未行使。

### 31 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

### 31 業務產生之現金

		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$′000 千美元
Profit before income tax Adjustments for:	除所得税前溢利 就以下項目調整:	1,955	23,028
– Finance costs – net (Note 23)	一財政支出一淨值 (附註23)	728	847
– Interest received from held-to-maturity	一已收持有至到期之財務		0.7
financial assets (Note 20)	資產之利息(附註20)	(61)	(234)
<ul> <li>Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 7)</li> </ul>	-物業、廠房及設備折舊 (附註7)	25,616	28,083
– Provision for impairment of property,	-物業、廠房及設備減值		·
plant and equipment (Note 7)	撥備(附註7)	2,055	3,433
<ul> <li>– (Write back of)/provision for impairment of trade receivables</li> </ul>	一應收貿易賬款減值 (撥回)/撥備		
(Note 11)	(附註11)	(1,255)	2,350
– Amortisation of intangible assets	-無形資產攤銷(附註8)		
(Note 8)  – Amortisation of land use rights	-土地使用權攤銷(附註6)	1,490	1,457
(Note 6)		86	144
– Loss on disposal of property, plant and	一出售物業、廠房及設備		
equipment (see below)	虧損(見下文)	502	44
		31,116	59,152
Change in working capital (excluding	營運資金變動(未計收購		,
the effects of exchange differences on	影響及綜合產生之		
consolidation)  – Inventories	匯兑差額) 一存貨	(17,597)	6,900
– Trade receivables, prepayments and	一應收貿易賬款、預付	(11,001)	3,200
other receivables	款項及其他應收款項	(12,237)	(2,160)
<ul> <li>Trade payables, accruals and other payables</li> </ul>	-應付貿易賬款、應計 費用及其他應付款項	20,461	(2,502)
– Amount due from minority	- 應收附屬公司少數股東	20,401	(2,302)
shareholder of a subsidiary	款項	(20)	82
– Amount due to a related party	-應付有關連人士款項 	237	(42)
Cash generated from operations	業務產生之現金	21,960	61,430

## 31 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS (continued)

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment comprise:

#### 31 業務產生之現金(績)

在綜合現金流量表內,銷售物業、廠房及 設備之所得款項如下:

		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
Net book amount (Note 7) Loss on disposal of property,	賬面淨值(附註7) 出售物業、廠房及	668	88
Proceeds from sale of property,	設備虧損(附註20)	(502)	(44)
plant and equipment	款項	166	44

#### **32 COMMITMENTS**

#### (a) Capital commitments

The Group's capital expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred is as follows:

#### 32 承擔

(a) 資本承擔 本集團於結算日已訂約但未產生之 資本支出如下:

		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$′000 千美元
Contracted but not provided for Property, plant and equipment Land use rights Investment in associate (Note)	已訂約但未撥備 物業、廠房及設備 土地使用權 於聯營公司之投資(附註)	825 - 5,190	1,593 1,273 –
		6,015	2,866

Note: Details of investment are disclosed in Note 10.

The Company had capital commitment of US\$5,190,000 (2009: Nil) in respect of its investment in associate at 31 December 2010.

附註:投資詳情於附註10披露。

本公司於二零一零年十二月三十一 日有關其於聯營公司的投資的資本 承擔為5,190,000美元(二零零九 年:無)。

#### 32 **COMMITMENTS** (continued)

#### (b) Operating lease commitments

The Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments in respect of land and building under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

#### 32 承擔(績)

#### (b) 經營租約承擔

本集團根據土地及樓宇的不可撤銷 經營租約而須於未來支付的最低租 賃款項總額如下:

		2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$′000 千美元
Not later than one year Later than one year and not later	一年內 二至五年內	120	126
than five years		474	475
Later than five years	五年後	3,104	3,223
		3,698	3,824

The Company did not have any significant commitment under operating lease at 31 December 2010 (2009: Nil).

本公司於二零一零年十二月三十一日在經營租約下並無任何重大承擔 (二零零九年:無)。

#### **33 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

Save as disclosed in Note 22 to the financial statements, as at 31 December 2010, the Company has given guarantees for bank borrowings of subsidiaries amounting to US\$102,300,000 (2009: US\$138,654,000) of which US\$59,165,000 (2009: US\$101,357,000) has not been utilised.

# 34 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) The table below summarises the related party and nature of its relationships with the Company as at 31 December 2010:

#### 33 或然負債

除財務報表附註22所披露者外,於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本公司為附屬公司提供銀行借貸之擔保達102,300,000美元(二零零九年:138,654,000美元),其中59,165,000美元(二零零九年:101,357,000美元)尚未動用。

#### 34 有關連人士交易

(a) 下表概述於二零一零年十二月 三十一日有關連人士名稱及其與本 公司的關係性質:

Related party	Relationship with the Company
有關連人士	與本公司的關係

Taiwan Vedan 台灣味丹

A substantial shareholder of the Company 本公司的主要股東

### 34 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

### (b) Significant related party transactions, which were carried out in the normal course of the Group's business are as follows:

#### 34 有關連人士交易(續)

(b) 在本集團日常業務中與有關連人士 進行的重大交易如下:

			2010	2009
		Note	US\$'000	US\$'000
		附註	千美元	千美元
Sale of goods to Taiwan Vedan	向台灣味丹銷售貨品	(i)	4,137	3,590
Technological support fee paid to	向台灣味丹支付技術			
Taiwan Vedan	支援費	(ii)	2,441	1,641
Agency commission income	收取台灣味丹的代理			
received from Taiwan Vedan	佣金收入	(ii)	149	103

Notes:

- In the opinion of the directors of the Company, sales to the related party were conducted in the normal course of business at prices and terms no less favourable than those charged to and contracted with other third party customers of the Group.
- In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the transactions were carried out in the normal course of business and the fees are charged in accordance with the terms of underlying agreements.

#### (c) Key management compensation

Key management includes all executive directors. The compensation paid or payable to key management for employee services is shown below.

#### 附註:

- (i) 本公司董事認為向有關連人士銷售 是在日常業務中進行,且價格及條 款不遜於本集團與其他第三者客戶 交易所支付及訂立的價格及條款。
- (ii) 本公司董事認為該等交易在日常 業務中進行,並且根據相關協議的 條款收費。

#### (c) 主要管理人員酬金

主要管理人員包括所有執行董事。已 付及應付主要管理人員之員工服務 薪酬載列如下:

		2010	2009
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Salaries and other short-term	薪酬及其他短期僱員福利		
employee benefits		1,048	2,925

#### 34 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

#### (d) Year-end balances with the related party

As at 31 December 2010, the Group had the following significant balances with the related party:

#### 34 有關連人士交易(績)

#### (d) 與有關連人士之年末結欠

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團與有關連人士之主要結欠如下:

		Note 附註	2010 US\$′000 千美元	2009 US\$'000 千美元
Current: Trade receivable from Taiwan Vedan (Note 11) Due to Taiwan Vedan Current portion of the amount due to Taiwan Vedan in connection with assignment of	即期: 應收台灣味丹貿易 賬款(附註11) 應付台灣味丹款項 有關轉讓商標應付台灣 味丹款項即期部份	(i) (i)	250 323	267 172
trademarks		(ii)	1,957	1,871
Non-current:  Non-current portion of the amount due to Taiwan Vedan in connection with assignment of trademarks	非即期: 有關轉讓商標應付台灣 味丹款項非即期部份	(ii)	2,074	4,031

#### Notes:

- All these balances with related parties are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of payment.
- (ii) The amount represents the fair value payable to Taiwan Vedan for the assignment of certain trademarks. It is payable by seven equal annual instalment commencing on 1 January 2007. The original face amount was US\$15,014,000 and was discounted to fair value using a rate based on the borrowing rate of 4.7% at the date of assignment of the trademarks (Note 23).

#### **35 BANKING FACILITIES**

Save as disclosed in Note 33 to the financial statements, the Group's bank borrowings of US\$33,846,000 as at 31 December 2010 (2009: US\$33,863,000) were secured by legal charges over certain of the Group's property, plant and equipment (Note 7) with net book amount of approximately US\$22,715,000 (2009: US\$14,206,000).

#### 附註:

- (i) 有關連人士的所有結餘均無抵押、 免息及無固定還款期。
- (ii) 該款項相當於就轉讓若干商標而應付台灣味丹之公平值。其須由二零零七年一月一日起,分七期每年支付相同款額。原本面值為15,014,000美元,並按根據轉讓商標當日之借貸利率4.7厘計算之利率折現至公平值(附註23)。

#### 35 銀行信貸

除財務報表附註33所披露者外,本集團於二零一零年十二月三十一日之銀行借貸33,846,000美元(二零零九年:33,863,000美元)由賬面淨值約22,715,000美元(二零零九年:14,206,000美元)之若干本集團物業、廠房及設備(附註7)之法定抵押作出抵押。